

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Frank A. Moran

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act establishing a transportation network driver bill of rights.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Frank A. Moran	17th Essex	1/19/2023
Carlos González	10th Hampden	1/25/2023
James K. Hawkins	2nd Bristol	1/27/2023
Pavel M. Payano	First Essex	2/2/2023
David Allen Robertson	19th Middlesex	2/8/2023
Estela A. Reyes	4th Essex	2/8/2023
Christine P. Barber	34th Middlesex	2/8/2023
James C. Arena-DeRosa	8th Middlesex	2/8/2023
Rodney M. Elliott	16th Middlesex	2/10/2023
Tricia Farley-Bouvier	2nd Berkshire	2/17/2023
Jason M. Lewis	Fifth Middlesex	2/22/2023
Patricia A. Duffy	5th Hampden	2/22/2023
Samantha Montaño	15th Suffolk	2/24/2023
Marc R. Pacheco	Third Bristol and Plymouth	3/2/2023
John J. Cronin	Worcester and Middlesex	3/7/2023
Christopher J. Worrell	5th Suffolk	3/7/2023
John F. Keenan	Norfolk and Plymouth	3/8/2023
Lindsay N. Sabadosa	1st Hampshire	3/8/2023

James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester	3/13/2023
Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Worcester and Middlesex	3/17/2023
Rita A. Mendes	11th Plymouth	3/17/2023
Daniel M. Donahue	16th Worcester	4/5/2023
Antonio F. D. Cabral	13th Bristol	5/17/2023
Judith A. Garcia	11th Suffolk	5/23/2023
Orlando Ramos	9th Hampden	7/5/2023
Tommy Vitolo	15th Norfolk	9/11/2023
Paul J. Donato	35th Middlesex	9/21/2023
Shirley B. Arriaga	8th Hampden	9/27/2023
Francisco E. Paulino	16th Essex	11/15/2023
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth	12/6/2023
Peter Capano	11th Essex	12/12/2023
Jay D. Livingstone	8th Suffolk	12/28/2023
Jack Patrick Lewis	7th Middlesex	12/28/2023
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester	1/3/2024
Christopher Hendricks	11th Bristol	1/5/2024
Carmine Lawrence Gentile	13th Middlesex	1/12/2024
Danillo A. Sena	37th Middlesex	1/16/2024
Michael P. Kushmerek	3rd Worcester	1/18/2024
Russell E. Holmes	6th Suffolk	4/2/2024

By Representative Moran of Lawrence, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1099) of Frank A. Moran and others relative to establishing a transportation network driver bill of rights. Financial Services.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Third General Court (2023-2024)

An Act establishing a transportation network driver bill of rights.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Transportation Network Driver Representation and Negotiations of
- 2 Recommended Standards.
- 3 This section shall establish Chapter 150F of the General Laws to create the opportunity
- 4 for workers in the digital transportation marketplace to combine into transportation network
- 5 driver organizations and to negotiate on an industry-wide basis with companies in this industry
- 6 on recommendations to the commonwealth that raise standards for the terms and conditions of
- 7 work in this industry:-
- 8

Section 1. Findings and policy.

9 (A) The commonwealth of Massachusetts recognizes that the growing rate of

10 technological advancement has fundamentally altered the way that many people are hired and

- 11 employed, and work within the commonwealth. This technological advancement has generated
- 12 new "digital marketplaces" in the transportation sector, in which companies connect, through

13 electronic media, customers seeking passenger transportation services to persons willing to 14 supply that transportation service. These persons often suffer poor pay, inadequate health 15 coverage, and irregular or inadequate working hours. In fact, these deleterious conditions have 16 harmed other companies and workers providing passenger transportation services by more 17 traditional means. It is hereby declared that the best interests of the people of this 18 commonwealth are served by stabilizing the workplace conditions and ameliorating the 19 compensation and benefits of persons who supply their labor in the digital transportation 20 marketplaces. This chapter shall be deemed an exercise of the police power of the 21 commonwealth for the protection of the public welfare, prosperity, health and peace of the 22 people of the commonwealth, and shall be liberally construed for the accomplishment of its 23 purposes. It is further declared that the best interests of the people of this commonwealth are 24 served by the prevention or prompt resolution of disputes between rideshare network companies 25 and the persons who supply the labor to effectuate those services through collective bargaining, 26 subject to approval and ongoing supervision by the commonwealth.

27 (B) For the reasons set forth in subdivision A, it is the public policy of the 28 commonwealth to displace competition with regulation of the terms and conditions of work for 29 transportation network drivers set forth herein; and, consistent with this policy, to exempt from 30 federal and commonwealth antitrust laws, the formation of industry councils and negotiation 31 between transportation network companies and transportation network drivers to negotiate with 32 one another on an industry-wide basis, and to supervise, evaluate and if approved, implement the 33 resulting negotiated recommendations concerning the terms and conditions of work for all 34 transportation network drivers in an industry when those recommendations are found by the

35 Secretary of Labor to advance the public purposes stated in this section and are then made36 binding, regardless of the competitive consequences thereof.

(1) The commonwealth intends that transportation network drivers have the right to form,
join, or assist labor organizations, to be represented through representatives of their own
choosing, and to engage in other concerted activities for the purpose of working with an industry
council to create negotiated recommendations, which shall form the basis for industry
regulations;

42 (2) The commonwealth intends transportation network companies have the right to form
43 multi-company associations to represent them while working with an industry council;

44 (3) The intent and policy of the commonwealth is for the statutory and non-statutory
45 labor exemptions from the federal antitrust laws and analogous commonwealth laws, to apply to
46 transportation network drivers who choose to form, join or assist labor organizations in qualified
47 labor activity in Massachusetts.

(4) The commonwealth intends in authorizing and regulating transportation network
companies and transportation network drivers engaging in qualified labor activity that state
action immunity apply to this statute, and that such companies and drivers be immune from the
federal and commonwealth antitrust laws to the fullest extent possible in their conduct pursuant
to this statute;

53 (5) The commonwealth will actively supervise the qualified labor activity conducted by 54 transportation network companies and transportation network drivers pursuant to this statute to 55 ensure that the conduct permitted by the statute protects the rights of workers, consumers, and 56 companies, encourages collective negotiation and labor peace, and curtails any practices that

57	may negatively impact the general welfare of workers, consumers, businesses, and the
58	commonwealth economy and otherwise advances the purposes of this Act.

59

Section 2. Definitions.

60 "Active transportation network driver" or "active TND" means a transportation network 61 driver so designated pursuant to the following process: Upon request by the board, each 62 transportation network company ("TNC") shall provide the board with information that 63 identifies all transportation network drivers ("TND") who completed five or more rides that 64 originate in the commonwealth of Massachusetts on the TNC's platform in the previous six 65 months. Such information shall include only the name of the TND, the TND driver's license number, and the number of rides the TND completed through the TNC's platform in the previous 66 67 six months. The board shall combine the data provided by all TNCs to determine the distribution 68 of the number of rides completed by all TNDs for which data has been submitted, and then shall 69 determine the median number of rides across TNDs for whom data has been submitted in the 70 previous six months. Any TND who completed more than at least the median number of rides 71 shall be considered an active transportation network driver in the rideshare industry.

"Board" means the commonwealth employment relations board created by section 9R of
Chapter 23 of the General Laws.

"Company union" means any committee, employee representation plan, or association of workers or others which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with TNCs concerning grievances or terms and conditions of work for TNDs, which a TNC has initiated or created or whose initiation or creation it has suggested, participated in or in the formulation of whose governing rules or policies or the conducting of whose management, operations or

79	elections the TNC participates in or supervises or which, on or after the effective date of this act,
80	the TNC maintains, finances, controls, dominates, or assists in maintaining or financing unless
81	required to do so by this chapter or any regulations implementing this chapter, whether by
82	compensating anyone for services performed in its behalf or by donating free services,
83	equipment, materials, office or meeting space or anything else of value, or by any other means.
84	A TND organization shall not be deemed a company union only because it has negotiated or
85	been granted the right to designate workers to be released with pay for the purpose of providing
86	representational services in labor-management affairs on behalf of workers or represented by the
87	TND organization, or where, in the course of providing representational services to workers for
88	whom it is the exclusive bargaining representative, a TNC allows agents of the TND
89	organization to meet with workers at the TNC's premises.
90	"Exclusive bargaining representative" means a TND organization certified by the board,
90 91	"Exclusive bargaining representative" means a TND organization certified by the board, in accordance with this chapter, as the representative of TNDs in a bargaining unit.
91	in accordance with this chapter, as the representative of TNDs in a bargaining unit.
91 92	in accordance with this chapter, as the representative of TNDs in a bargaining unit. "Network company" means a TNC, except that a business entity that maintains an online-
91 92 93	in accordance with this chapter, as the representative of TNDs in a bargaining unit. "Network company" means a TNC, except that a business entity that maintains an online- enabled application or platform that meets all three of the following tests is not a network
91 92 93 94	in accordance with this chapter, as the representative of TNDs in a bargaining unit. "Network company" means a TNC, except that a business entity that maintains an online- enabled application or platform that meets all three of the following tests is not a network company: (a) it is used to facilitate primarily non-rideshare services within the commonwealth of
91 92 93 94 95	in accordance with this chapter, as the representative of TNDs in a bargaining unit. "Network company" means a TNC, except that a business entity that maintains an online- enabled application or platform that meets all three of the following tests is not a network company: (a) it is used to facilitate primarily non-rideshare services within the commonwealth of Massachusetts, (b) less than seven and one-half percent of service requests fulfilled through the
 91 92 93 94 95 96 	in accordance with this chapter, as the representative of TNDs in a bargaining unit. "Network company" means a TNC, except that a business entity that maintains an online- enabled application or platform that meets all three of the following tests is not a network company: (a) it is used to facilitate primarily non-rideshare services within the commonwealth of Massachusetts, (b) less than seven and one-half percent of service requests fulfilled through the platform on an annual basis are for rideshare services, and (c) fewer than ten thousand service

"Transportation network driver" or "TND" means a transportation network driver as 100 101 described by § 1 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws. TND shall not include any individual 102 who, with respect to the provision of services through a TNC's online enabled-application or 103 platform, is an employee within the meaning of section 29 U.S.C. § 152(3). 104 "Transportation network driver organization" or "TND organization" means any 105 organization in which network drivers participate, and which exists and is constituted for the 106 purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining, or of dealing with network companies 107 concerning grievances, terms or conditions of work, or of other mutual aid or protection and 108 which is not a company union as defined herein. "Transportation network company" or "TNC" means a transportation network company 109 110 as described by § 1 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws. 111 "Unfair work practices" means only those unfair work practices listed in section 4, 112 below. 113 section 3. Rights of TNDs. TNDs shall have the right of self-organization, to form, 114 join, or assist TND organizations, to bargain collectively through representatives of their own 115 choosing, and to engage in concerted activities, for the purpose of collective bargaining or other 116 mutual aid or protection, free from interference, restraint, or coercion by TNCs, but nothing 117 contained in this chapter shall be interpreted to prohibit TNDs from exercising the right to confer 118 with TNCs at any time, provided that during such conference there is no attempt by such 119 company, directly or indirectly, to interfere with, restrain or coerce such workers in the exercise 120 of the rights guaranteed by this section.

- 121
- Section 4. Unfair work practices.

122 (A) It shall be an unfair work practice for a TNC to

fail or refuse to provide the board with an accurate list of the names, trips or
 deliveries made, and contact information of TNDs, as required by this chapter;

2. refuse to negotiate in good faith with a certified or recognized TND organization representing TNDs engaged with such TNC concerning wages, hours, or terms and conditions of work. Since the obligation to negotiate in good faith includes an obligation to provide requested information that has a bearing on the bargaining process, it is also an unfair work practice for a TNC to refuse to provide a certified or recognized TND organization with relevant information requested by the TND organization for the performance of its duties as the TND's bargaining representative;

132 3. refuse to provide a TND organization with a list of the names, addresses and
133 telephone numbers of TNDs where the provision of such list is required by this chapter;

4. refuse to continue all the terms of a determination of terms and conditions of work
prescribed by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to this chapter until a new determination is
prescribed;

5. lockout TNDs. The term "lockout" shall mean, for the purposes of this section, a refusal by a TNC to permit a TND normal access to the TNC's means of connecting TNDs to individuals seeking transportation service as a result of a dispute with such workers or a TND organization representing such workers that affects wages, hours and other terms and conditions of work of such workers, provided, however, that a lockout shall not include a termination of engagement of a worker for good cause that does not involve such worker exercising any rights guaranteed by this chapter. 144 6. To spy upon or keep under surveillance, whether directly or through agents or any
145 other person, any activities of TNDs or those workers' representatives or any other person, any
146 activities of such workers or those workers' representatives in the exercise of the rights
147 guaranteed by this chapter.

To dominate or interfere with the formation, existence, or administration of any
TND organization, or to contribute financial or other support to any such organization, by any
means unless required to by this chapter or by any regulations implementing this chapter,
including but not limited to the following:

(i) by participating or assisting in, supervising, controlling or dominating (1) the
initiation or creation of any such organization or (2) the meetings, management, operation,
elections, formulation or amendment of constitution, rules or policies, of any such organization

155 (ii) by offering incentives to TNDs to join any such organization;

(iii) by donating free services, equipment, materials, office or meeting space or anything else of value for the use of any such organization; provided that a TNC shall not be prohibited from permitting workers to perform representational work protected under this chapter during working hours without loss of time or pay or from allowing agents of a TND organization that is the exclusive representative of its network workers from meeting with workers on its premises.

161 8. To require a TND to join any company union or TND organization or to refrain
162 from forming, or joining or assisting a TND organization of their own choosing.

9. To encourage membership in any company union or discourage membership in
any TND organization, by discrimination in regard to hire or tenure or in any term or condition
of employment or engagement.

166 10. To discharge or otherwise discriminate against a TND because they have signed
167 or filed any affidavit, petition or complaint or given any information or testimony under this
168 chapter.

169 11. To distribute or circulate any blacklist of individuals exercising any right created 170 or confirmed by this chapter or of members of a TND organization, or to inform any person of 171 the exercise by any individual of such right, or of the membership of any individual in a TND 172 organization for the purpose of preventing individuals so blacklisted or so named from obtaining 173 or retaining opportunities for remuneration.

174 12. To do any acts, other than those already enumerated in this section, which
175 interfere with, restrain or coerce TNDs in the exercise of the rights guaranteed by this chapter.

176 (B) It shall be an unfair work practice for a TND organization to

Refuse to collectively bargain in good faith with a TNC, provided it is the
 certified or recognized representative of the company's workers. Since the obligation to
 negotiate in good faith includes an obligation to provide requested information that has a bearing
 on the bargaining process, it is also an unfair work practice for a certified or recognized TND to
 refuse to provide information requested by aTNC organization that is relevant to the bargaining
 process;

183 2. restrain or coerce TNDs in the exercise of the rights guaranteed by this chapter,
184 provided that this paragraph shall not impair the right of a TND organization to prescribe its own
185 rules with respect to the acquisition or retention of membership in the organization;

186 3. fail to fulfill its duty of fair representation toward TNDs where it is the exclusive
187 bargaining representative by acts or omissions that are arbitrary, discriminatory, or in bad faith.

188 (C). Prevention of unfair work practices.

189 1. The board is empowered and directed, as hereinafter provided, to prevent any 190 TNC, and any TND organization from engaging in any unfair work practice described in this 191 chapter. This power shall not be affected or impaired by any means of adjustment, mediation or 192 conciliation in labor disputes that have been or may hereafter be established by law or by the 193 determination provided for in section 7(F), below. In order to prevent unfair work practices, 194 each TNC shall, at least once each year, send a text message and an e-mail to each of its active 195 TNDs in a form determined by the board notifying the TNDs of their rights under this chapter, 196 and the procedure for filing an unfair work practice charge. The board shall also post a copy of 197 this notice on its website.

2. Whenever it is charged that any TNC or TND organization has engaged in or is engaging in any such unfair labor practice, the board, or any agent or agency designated by the board for such purposes, shall have power to issue and cause to be served upon such TNC or TND organization a complaint stating the charges in that respect, and containing a notice of hearing before the board or a member thereof, or before a designated agent or agency, at a place therein fixed, not less than five days after the serving of said complaint. Any such complaint may be amended by the member, agent or agency conducting the hearing or the board in its discretion at any time prior to the issuance of an order based thereon. The TNC or TND organization so
complained of shall have the right to file an answer to the original or amended complaint and to
appear in person or otherwise and give testimony at the place and time fixed in the complaint. In
the discretion of the member, agent or agency conducting the hearing or the board, any other
person may be allowed to intervene in the said proceeding and to present testimony. In any such
proceeding the rules of evidence prevailing in courts of law or equity shall not be controlling.

211 3. If upon the record before them such member or agent shall determine that an 212 unfair labor practice has been committed by a TNC or TND organization named in the 213 complaint, they shall issue and cause to be served upon such person an order requiring such 214 person to cease and desist from such unfair labor practice, and to take such further affirmative 215 action as will effectuate the provisions of this chapter including, but not limited to (i) 216 withdrawal of recognition from and refraining from bargaining collectively with any 217 organization or association, agency or plan defined in this chapter as a company union or 218 established, maintained or assisted by any action defined in this chapter as an unfair labor 219 practice; (ii) awarding of back pay or other restoration of compensation without any reduction 220 based on the TND's interim earnings or failure to earn interim earnings, consequential damages, 221 and an additional amount as liquidated damages equal to two times the amount of damages 222 awarded; (iii) requiring reengagement or reestablishment of the TNC's preexisting relationship 223 with an improperly, adversely affected TNDs with or without compensation, or maintenance of a 224 preferential list from which such worker shall be re-engaged or the relationship reestablished, 225 and such order may further require such respondent to make reports from time to time showing 226 the extent to which the order has been complied with; (iv) requiring respondent to provide the 227 complainant with a list of all TNDs, together with those workers' physical and e-mail addresses

228 and known telephone numbers; and (v) requiring the TNC to recognize and bargain with a TND 229 organization if the board determines that the unfair work practice interfered with the TND's right 230 to form or join a TND organization. If the member or agent determines that an unfair labor 231 practice has not been committed, they shall issue an order dismissing the complaint. An order 232 issued pursuant to this subsection shall become final and binding unless, within ten days after 233 notice thereof, any party requests review by the full board. A review may be made upon a written 234 statement of the case by the member or agent agreed to by the parties, or upon written statements 235 furnished by the parties, or, if any party or the board requests, upon a transcript of the testimony 236 taken at the preliminary hearing, if any, together with such other testimony as the board may 237 require.

If upon the record before it the board determines that an unfair practice has been committed it shall state its findings of fact and issue and cause to be served on the TNC or TND organization an order requiring such company or organization to cease and desist from such unfair labor practice, and to take such further affirmative action as will effectuate the provisions of this chapter. If upon the record before it the board determines that an unfair labor practice has not been committed, it shall state its findings of fact and shall issue an order dismissing this complaint.

4. Until the record in a case shall have been filed in a court, as hereinafter provided,
the board may at any time, upon reasonable notice and in such manner as it shall deem proper,
modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any finding or order made or issued by it.

5. The board may institute appropriate proceedings in the appeals court forenforcement of its final orders.

6. Any party aggrieved by a final order of the board may institute proceedings for judicial review in the appeals court within thirty days after receipt of said order. The proceedings in the appeals court shall, insofar as applicable, be governed by the provisions of section fourteen of chapter thirty A.

254 7. Injunctive relief.

(i) A party filing an unfair work practice charge under this section may petition the board to obtain injunctive relief, pending a decision on the merits of said charge by an administrative law judge, upon a showing that: (i) there is reasonable cause to believe an unfair work practice has occurred, and (ii) it appears that immediate and irreparable injury, loss or damage will result thereby rendering a resulting judgment on the merits ineffectual necessitating the maintenance of, or return to, the status quo to provide meaningful relief. Such immediate and irreparable harm may include the chilling of workers in the exercise of rights provided by this chapter.

262 (ii) Within ten days of the receipt by the board of such petition, if the board determines 263 that a charging party has made a sufficient showing both that there is reasonable cause to believe 264 an unfair work practice has occurred and it appears that immediate and irreparable injury, loss or 265 damage will result thereby rendering a resulting judgment on the merits ineffectual necessitating 266 maintenance of, or return to, the status quo to provide meaningful relief, the board shall petition 267 the supreme court, upon notice to all parties for the necessary injunctive relief or, if the board 268 determines not to seek injunctive relief, the charging party may seek injunctive relief by petition 269 to the supreme court, in which case the board must be joined as a necessary party. The board or, 270 where applicable, the charging party, shall not be required to give any undertakings or bond and 271 shall not be liable for any damages or costs which may have been sustained by reason of any

injunctive relief ordered. If the board fails to act within ten days as provided herein, the board,
for purposes of review, shall be deemed to have made a final order determining not to seek
injunctive relief. In the case of a TNC's failure to provide an accurate list of names and
addresses of TNDs, immediate and irreparable injury, loss, or damage shall be presumed.

276 (iii) Injunctive relief may be granted by the court, after hearing all parties, if it determines 277 that there is reasonable cause to believe an unfair work practice has occurred and that it appears 278 that immediate and irreparable injury, loss or damage will result thereby rendering a resulting 279 judgment on the merits ineffectual necessitating maintenance of, or return to, the status quo to 280 provide meaningful relief. Such relief shall expire on decision by an administrative law judge 281 finding no unfair work practice to have occurred, successful appeal of the grant of injunction 282 relief, or motion by respondent to vacate or modify pursuant to the provisions of the rules of civil 283 procedure, or subsequent finding by the board that no unfair work practice has occurred. The 284 administrative law judge shall conclude the hearing process and issue a decision on the merits 285 within sixty days after the imposition of such injunctive relief unless mutually agreed by the 286 respondent and charging party.

(iv) A decision on the merits of the unfair work practice charge by an administrative law
judge finding an unfair work practice to have occurred shall continue the injunctive relief until
either: (i) the respondent fails to file exceptions to the decision and implements the remedy, or
(ii) the respondent successfully moves in court, upon notice, to vacate or modify the injunctive
relief pursuant to provisions of Chapter 30A of the General Laws.

(v) Any injunctive relief in effect pending a decision by the board on exceptions to
administrative law judge's decision: (i) shall expire upon a decision by the board finding no

294 unfair work practice to have occurred, of which the board shall notify the court immediately, or
295 (ii) shall remain in effect only to the extent it implements any remedial order issued by the board
296 in its decision, of which the board shall notify the court immediately.

(vi) The appeal of any order granting, denying, modifying or vacating injunctive relief
ordered by the court pursuant to this subdivision shall be made in accordance with the rules of
appellate procedure.

300 (vii) Except as provided in this section, judicial review of the orders of the board shall be301 as provided for section 9, below.

302 Section 5. Representatives.

(A) At the conclusion of each calendar quarter (March 31, June 30, September 30,
December 31), each TNC shall have 30 days to submit to the board in an electronic format to be
determined by the board, the names, phone numbers, mailing addresses, and email addresses for
each active TND. These records shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to Chapter 66 of the
General Laws.

308 (B) Bargaining units. For purposes of this chapter, each TND shall be included in an309 industry-wide bargaining unit of all TNDs.

310 (C) Showing of designation of representative. A TND organization may demonstrate 311 that it has been designated as a bargaining representative by presenting to the board cards, or 312 petitions, or other evidence, which may be in electronic form, sufficient to show the TND has 313 authorized the TND organization to act as the worker's exclusive bargaining representative. In 314 order to be valid, such card, petition, or other evidence must have been executed by the worker within one year of the date the TND organization submits the evidence to the board. Executionmay be electronic.

317 (D) Representative status.

318 Upon the request of a TND organization, the board shall make a determination that such 319 organization has been designated as bargaining representative by at least five percent of active 320 TNDs in an appropriate bargaining unit.

321 Once the board determines that the TND organization has been designated as the 322 bargaining representative of at least five percent of active TNDs in an appropriate bargaining 323 unit, the board shall (1) require each TNC to send a notice, in a form determined by the board, 324 that the TND organization is seeking to represent TNDs for the purpose of initiating a bargaining 325 process in order to establish terms and conditions for the industry; and (2) provide the TND 326 organization with a complete list of names, phone numbers, mailing address, and electronic mail 327 address for all active TNDs in the bargaining unit. The board will provide the TND organization 328 with an updated list each quarter for the next year. For six months from the date of the board's 329 determination that a TND organization has met the five percent threshold in a bargaining unit, no 330 other TND organization may be certified as the exclusive bargaining representative of those 331 workers without an election.

Exclusive representative status. A TND organization that provides evidence to the board that it has been designated as bargaining representative by twenty-five percent of active TNDs in the bargaining unit shall be certified as the exclusive bargaining representative of all TNDs in the bargaining unit. In the alternative, a TND organization that has been designated as the bargaining representative of at least five percent of active TNDs in the bargaining unit may petition the board to conduct an election. The election shall be conducted as expeditiously as
possible, and if the TND organization receives a majority of valid votes cast it shall be certified
as the exclusive bargaining representative.

340 Determination of Exclusive Representative Status in the Event of a Dispute among TND341 organizations.

342 (i) If a TND organization seeking certification as the exclusive bargaining representative 343 provides evidence that shows that less than a majority of active TNDs have designated the TND 344 organization as their bargaining representative, the board shall wait seven days before certifying 345 the TND organization as exclusive bargaining representative, and if, during those seven days, 346 another TND organization provides evidence that at least 25 percent of active TNDs in the 347 bargaining unit have designated it as their bargaining representative, or a TND provides evidence 348 that at least 25 percent of active TNDs in the bargaining unit do not wish to be represented by 349 any TND organization, then the board shall hold an election among all active TNDs in the 350 bargaining unit. Such election shall be conducted as expeditiously as possible. A TND 351 organization receiving a majority of the valid votes cast shall be certified as the exclusive 352 bargaining representative of all TNDs in the bargaining unit. When two or more TND 353 organizations are on the ballot and none of the choices (the TND organizations or "no worker 354 organization") receives a majority of the valid votes cast, there shall be a run-off election 355 between the two choices receiving the largest and second largest number of votes. A TND 356 organization receiving a majority of the valid votes cast in the run-off shall be certified as the 357 exclusive bargaining representative of all TNDs in the bargaining unit, and it shall owe a duty to 358 fairly represent all such workers. For purposes of this provision, the operative list of active

TNDs shall be based on the most recent quarterly list provided by the TNCs in accordance withsection 5(1).

361 (ii) A TND organization certified as the exclusive bargaining representative shall have 362 the exclusive authority to represent the TNDs in the bargaining unit, without challenge by 363 another TND organization, for the greater of (i) one year following certification; or (ii) the length 364 of time that a final determination rendered by the Secretary of Labor under section 7(F) is in 365 effect, provided that such period shall not be longer than three years following the date of 366 issuance of such final determination. During the times when an exclusive bargaining 367 representative is subject to challenge, TNDs may file for a decertification election upon a 368 showing that at least twenty-five percent of the active TNDs in the bargaining unit have 369 demonstrated support for the decertification. The board will then schedule an election to 370 determine whether the TND organization has retained its status as exclusive bargaining 371 representative. The TND organization shall retain its status as exclusive bargaining 372 representative if it receives a majority of valid votes cast by active TNDs in the bargaining unit. 373 (iii) In the event that a TND organization has been designated the exclusive bargaining 374 representative with respect to a bargaining unit, only that TND organization shall be entitled to

(i) receive from the TNCs with workers covered by the bargaining unit a list of all of their TNDs,
together with phone numbers, mailing addresses, and electronic mail addresses; and (ii) shall be
entitled to engage in bargaining with such TNCs for recommendations to the Secretary of Labor
concerning wages, benefits and terms and conditions of work of such workers.

(iv) Dues Deduction. A TND organization that has been designated as the exclusivebargaining representative with respect to a bargaining unit shall have a right to membership dues

381 deduction upon presentation of dues deduction authorization cards signed by individual TNDs, 382 which may be in electronic form. A TNC shall commence making such deductions as soon as 383 practicable, but in no case later than thirty days after receiving proof of a signed dues deduction 384 authorization card, and such dues shall be submitted to the TND organization within thirty days 385 of the deduction. A TNC shall accept a signed authorization to deduct dues in any format 386 permitted by Title XV, Chapter 110G. The right to such membership dues deduction shall 387 remain in full force and effect until an individual revokes membership in the TND organization 388 in writing in accordance with the terms of the signed authorization.

389 Section 6. Employment Relations Board Administrative Fees. Beginning on the date that 390 a TND organization is certified as the exclusive bargaining representative, each TNC shall 391 impose a fee of ten cents per trip, which the board shall collect. The board shall use such fees to 392 issue grants to the exclusive bargaining representative to educate TNDs regarding the TND bill 393 of rights, to provide assistance in enforcing those rights, and to enforce the terms of an 394 agreement or determination approved by the Secretary of Labor under this Chapter.

(A) The fee shall be ten cents per ride on each trip originating in the State performed by a
TND. Beginning in 2024, the fee shall be adjusted annually to reflect any increase in inflation as
measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) published by the
United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. The board shall calculate and publish the adjustments
required by this subparagraph.

400 (B) The fee shall be displayed to customers as a "Employment Relations Board401 Administrative Fee."

402 (C) The board shall by regulation adopt an exclusive bargaining representative grant 403 application and criteria for evaluating such grant applications, including criteria to ensure that the 404 exclusive bargaining representative has the capacity and expertise to provide education and 405 enforcement support to TNDs. If the exclusive bargaining representative meets the criteria 406 established by the board, the board shall approve the grant application and remit the fees to the 407 exclusive collective bargaining representative on a monthly basis, with each payment occurring 408 no more than thirty days following the end of the month. The fees shall be used by the TND 409 organization solely to educate TNDs regarding this bill of rights, to provide assistance in 410 enforcing those rights, and to enforce the terms of any agreement or determination approved by 411 the Secretary of Labor under this Chapter. No portion of such fees shall be used for political 412 contributions or lobbying. In the event no such grant is awarded or if the fees collected exceed 413 the grant awarded, the board shall use such fees for educational activities regarding the 414 provisions of this Chapter.

415 (D) Each exclusive bargaining representative shall submit an annual report to the board in 416 a form to be determined by the board setting forth how the fees have been utilized. The board 417 shall review each annual report and certify whether the exclusive bargaining representative is 418 utilizing the fees for appropriate activities and continues to meet the grant application criteria. 419 The board shall by regulation adopt a process by which it may suspend or revoke grants based on 420 the failure to utilize the fees for educational or enforcement activities or the failure to meet the 421 grant application criteria. If the board finds that the exclusive bargaining representative does not 422 meet the grant application criteria, the board may utilize the fees for its own educational and 423 enforcement activities, and the exclusive bargaining representative may reapply for a grant in the 424 following year.

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Section 7. Bargaining, Impasse resolution procedures, and final determination by the Secretary of Labor

427 Once the board determines that a TND organization is the exclusive bargaining 428 representative for a bargaining unit, the board shall notify all TNCs in that industry, and all such 429 TNCs shall be required to bargain with the exclusive bargaining representative concerning 430 wages, benefits, and terms and conditions of work. The terms and conditions to be bargained 431 include, but are not limited to, the criteria for deactivating a TND and a dispute resolution 432 procedure for resolving claims alleging unjust deactivation. To facilitate negotiations, the TNCs 433 may form an industry association to negotiate on their behalf. If the TNCs choose not to form an 434 association, any recommended agreement must be approved by (i) at least two industry member 435 TNCs and (ii) member TNCs representing at least eighty percent of the market share of that 436 industry in Massachusetts, with votes determined in proportion to the number of rides completed 437 by TNDs contracting directly with the TNC in the two quarters preceding the recognition of the 438 certified representative.

Once the TND organization and the TNCs have reached a set of negotiated
recommendations for the industry, the negotiated recommendations shall be submitted by the
TND organization to a vote by all TNDs in the industry who have completed at least one
hundred trips in the previous quarter. If approved by a majority of TNDs who vote, the
negotiated recommendations shall be submitted to the Secretary of Labor for approval. If a
majority of valid votes cast by the TNDs are not in favor of the negotiated recommendations, the
transportation network worker organization and the TNCs will resume bargaining.

446	For purposes of this section, an impasse may be deemed to exist if the TNCs and
447	exclusive bargaining representative have failed to achieve agreement by the end of a one hundred
448	eighty-day period from the date a TND organization has been designated as the exclusive
449	bargaining representative or from the expiration date of a prior determination by the Secretary of
450	Labor as provided for in paragraph F, below.
451	Upon impasse, any of the affected TNCs or the exclusive bargaining representative may
452	request the board to render assistance as provided in this section.
453	Upon receiving a timely request from an exclusive bargaining representative for
454	commencement of an impasse proceeding, the board shall aid the parties as follows:
455	To assist the parties to effect a voluntary resolution of the dispute, the board shall appoint
456	a mediator from a list of qualified persons maintained by the board; the parties shall be free to
457	select a mediator satisfactory to them or to decline such selection.
458	If the mediator is unable to achieve agreement between the parties concerning an
459	appropriate resolution within thirty days after the board has provided the parties the list of
460	mediators, any party may petition the board to refer the dispute to an arbitrator.
461	Upon timely petition of either party, the board shall refer the dispute to an arbitrator as
462	hereinafter provided.
463	(i) Prior to submitting the dispute to an arbitrator, the board shall conduct an election
464	among all TNDs in the industry who have completed at least one hundred trips in the previous
465	quarter. The TNDs will choose between submitting the dispute to the arbitrator or decertifying
466	the exclusive bargaining representative. If the majority of eligible votes cast are for

467 decertification the exclusive bargaining representative shall be decertified and any existing468 regulations shall remain in place until they expire as provided in paragraph F below.

469 (ii). If a majority of TNDs who vote choose to have an arbitrator appointed, the exclusive 470 bargaining representative shall notify the board of the need to appoint an arbitrator, and the board 471 shall notify the TNCs of this request. Each of the two groups of affected parties (affected TNCs 472 being one group, and the exclusive bargaining representative being the other group) shall have an 473 equal say in the selection of the arbitrator and each of the two groups shall share equally the cost 474 of the arbitrator. If the parties are unable to agree upon the arbitrator within seven days after the 475 board notifies the TNCs of the need to appoint an arbitrator, the board shall submit to the parties 476 a list of qualified, disinterested persons for the selection of an arbitrator. A representative of each 477 of the two groups shall alternately strike from the list one of the names with the order of striking 478 determined by lot, until the remaining one person shall be designated as the arbitrator. Each 479 group shall select its representative for this purpose as it sees fit. A group's failure to agree upon 480 the designation of its representative shall result in the failure of the striking procedure, but shall 481 not impede the board's appointment of the arbitrator upon such failure. The striking process 482 shall be completed within five days of receipt of the board's list. The representatives who 483 undertake the striking shall notify the board of the designated arbitrator. In the event the parties 484 are unable to select the arbitrator within five days following receipt of this list, the board shall 485 appoint the arbitrator.

(iii) The arbitrator shall hold hearings on all matters related to the dispute. The parties
may be heard either in person, by counsel, or by other representatives, as they may respectively
designate. The arbitrator shall determine the order of presentation by the parties, and shall have
discretion and authority to decide all procedural issues that may be raised;

490 (vi) The parties, including all TNCs engaging at least fifty TNDs in the bargaining unit 491 and the exclusive bargaining representative affected, may present, either orally or in writing, or 492 both, statements of fact, supporting witnesses and other evidence, and argument of their 493 respective positions with respect to each case. The arbitrator shall have authority to require the 494 production of such additional evidence, either oral or written as she or he may desire from the 495 parties and shall provide at the request of either group of parties that a full and complete record 496 be kept of any such hearings, the cost of such record to be borne by the requesting party. If such 497 record is created, it shall be shared with all parties regardless of which party paid for it.

498 (v) Any TNC engaging less than fifty TNDs in the bargaining unit shall have the499 opportunity to make a written submission to the arbitrator.

(vi) The arbitrator shall make a just and reasonable determination of the matters in dispute, and shall issue a determination that shall apply to all TNCs in the bargaining unit and the exclusive bargaining representative. In arriving at such determination, the arbitrator shall specify the basis for their findings, taking into consideration, in addition to any factors recommended by the parties that the arbitrator finds to be consistent with this chapter, the following:

505 whether the wages, benefits, hours and conditions of work of the TNDs are sufficient to 506 provide those individuals a standard of living that permits them to rent or own housing in the 507 community, and to sustain themselves and their families in good health, and reasonable 508 prosperity, including money set aside for emergencies and retirement. This amount must take 509 into account the real cost of living, it may substantially exceed any statutory minimum wage, and 510 should be a sufficient amount such that the TNDs and their dependents do not need to rely upon 511 any public benefits;

512	whether the most efficient way to provide benefits is through a portable benefits fund,
513	and if so, how to best assess each TNC a portion of the costs of providing those benefits;
514	the financial ability of the affected TNCs to pay for the compensation and benefits in
515	question and the impact on the delivery of services provided by the companies;
516	the establishment of reasonable dispute resolution mechanisms that will allow TNDs a
517	reasonable expectation of uninterrupted work and permit TNCs to alter or terminate their
518	relationships with workers if there is just cause for such; and
519	comparison of peculiarities in regard to other trades or professions, including specifically,
520	(i) hazards of work; (ii) physical qualifications; (iii) educational qualifications; (iv) mental
521	qualifications; (v) job training and skills.
522	(F) Any recommendations agreed upon between TNCs and a TND organization acting as
523	exclusive bargaining representative of TNDs in the bargaining unit and/or any determination
524	reached by an arbitrator under this chapter shall be subject to review and approval by the
525	Secretary of Labor. In deciding whether to grant approval to the arbitrator's recommendations,
526	the Secretary of Labor's decision shall be based on the factors specified in paragraph C (3)(d),
527	above, and the policies set forth in section 1. In deciding whether to approve such agreement or
528	determination, the Secretary of Labor shall afford the exclusive representative, all TNCs, and
529	TNDs the opportunity to submit comments and arguments concerning whether approval is
530	warranted. the Secretary of Labor shall be entitled to approve or disapprove the agreement or
531	determination. In the event of disapproval, the Secretary of Labor may make recommendations
532	for amendments to the agreement or determination that would cause the Secretary of Labor to
533	approve and afford the parties an opportunity to respond to those recommendations. The final

534	determination by the Secretary of Labor shall include a date following which new terms may be
535	set for the bargaining unit which date shall not be more than three years following the date of the
536	issuance of the determination. If during the three year period (or any lesser period that the
537	Secretary of Labor sets as a duration for the final determination), the Secretary of Labor
538	determines that market conditions have changed, the Secretary of Labor shall give the exclusive
539	bargaining representative, all TNCs, and TNDs the opportunity to submit comments and
540	arguments concerning whether the final determination should be modified, and after receiving
541	those comments, the Secretary of Labor may modify the final determination.
542	Section 8. No agreement or determination made pursuant to this chapter shall
543	diminish or erode a minimum labor standard that would otherwise apply to a TND.
544	Section 9. This law shall not preempt any commonwealth enactment which provides
545	greater benefits or protection to a TND.
546	Section 10. Judicial Review.
547	(A) Final orders of the board made pursuant to this chapter shall be conclusive against all
548	parties to its proceedings and persons who have had an opportunity to be parties to its
549	proceedings unless reversed or modified in proceedings for enforcement or judicial review as
550	herein provided. Final orders of the board shall be subject to review as provided in section 6 of
551	Chapter 150A of the General Laws, provided that a final order of the board under section 5 of
552	this chapter concerning the scope of bargaining units or the designation of a TND organization as
553	an exclusive bargaining representative or as entitled to the production of lists of TNDs shall only
554	be overturned if it is found to be arbitrary and capricious.

555	(B) Final orders of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to section 7(F) of this chapter shall be
556	conclusive against all affected TND organizations and all TNCs in the industry unless reversed
557	or modified in proceedings for enforcement or judicial review as herein provided. Such final
558	orders shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of section fourteen of chapter
559	30A of the General Laws, provided, however, that the determination of the Secretary of Labor
560	shall only be overturned if it is found to be arbitrary and capricious.
561	(C) Except in a proceeding brought to challenge a final order of the Secretary of Labor,
562	the determination of an arbitrator shall not be subject to judicial review.
563	Section 11. Rules and Regulations.
564	The board shall make such rules and regulations as may be appropriate to effectuate the
565	purposes and provisions of this chapter.
566	SECTION 2. Regulation of Transportation Network Companies, Minimum
567	Compensation, and Earned Sick Time.
568	Section 1. Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out
569	Section 1, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
570	Section 1. Definitions
571	As used in this chapter, the following words shall have the following meanings unless the
572	context clearly requires otherwise:
573	"Background check clearance certificate", verification issued by the division to a
574	transportation network company and driver applicant, electronically or otherwise, that a driver

applicant successfully completed the background check required under section 3 and is suitableto provide transportation network services.

"Cruising", the driving of a vehicle on the streets, alleys or public places of motorized
travel in search of or soliciting hails from a person in the street.
"Department", the department of public utilities.
"Digital network", any online-enabled application, software, website or system offered or
utilized by a transportation network company that enables pre-arranged rides with transportation

582 network drivers.

583 "Division", the division established in section 23 of chapter 25.

584 "Engaged time," the total time a transportation network driver spent on the way to pick 585 up a rider in addition to the total time the transportation network driver spent providing that rider 586 with a pre-arranged ride,"

587 "Pre-arranged ride", a period of time that begins when a transportation network driver 588 accepts a requested ride through a digital network, continues while the driver transports the 589 transportation network company rider and ends when the rider safely departs from the vehicle.

- 590 "Transportation network company" or "TNC", a corporation, partnership, sole
 591 proprietorship or other entity that uses a digital network to connect riders to drivers to pre592 arrange and provide transportation.
- 593 "Transportation network company permit" or "permit", a document that may be issued by594 the division to a qualifying transportation network company pursuant to this chapter.

595	"Transportation network driver" or "TND," a driver certified by a transportation network
596	company who provides services through a TNC's on-line enabled application or platform and
597	provides service for which the pick up of the passenger occurs within the Commonwealth.
598	"Transportation network driver certificate" or "driver certificate", an authorization to
599	provide transportation network services issued by the transportation network company to a
600	transportation network driver.
601	"Transportation network rider" or "rider", a passenger in a pre-arranged ride provided by
602	a transportation network driver, provided that the passenger personally arranged the ride or an
603	arrangement was made on the rider's behalf.
604	"Transportation network services" or "services", the offering or providing of pre-
605	arranged rides for compensation or on a promotional basis to riders or prospective riders through
606	the transportation network company's digital network, covering the period beginning when a
607	transportation network driver is logged onto the transportation network company's digital
608	network and is available to receive a pre-arranged ride or while in the course of providing a pre-
609	arranged ride.
610	"Transportation network vehicle" or "vehicle", a vehicle that is used by a transportation
611	network driver to provide transportation network services.
612	Section 2. Section 3 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws is hereby amended by
613	inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection (f) and (g):-
614	(f) The director of the division of public utilities in consultation with the commissioner of
615	labor standards shall study:

616 (i) income TNDs derive from operating vehicles that provide transportation services to617 passengers;

(ii) the amount of of TND engaged time time as compared to the entire period of time
beginning when the TND has activated a mode in a TNC's internet-enabled application or digital
platform, signaling the driver's readiness to receive and respond to trip requests and ending when
the TND deactivates the mode and is no longer able to receive and respond to trip requests;

(iii) the amount of time TNDs spend in the period of time beginning when the TND has
activated a mode in a TNC's internet-enabled application or digital platform, signaling the
driver's readiness to receive and respond to trip requests and ending when the TND deactivates
the mode and is no longer able to receive and respond to trip requests, by day and by week;

(iv) the number of miles that TNDs drive during the period of time beginning when the
TND has activated a mode in a TNC's internet-enabled application or digital platform, signaling
the driver's readiness to receive and respond to trip requests and ending when the TND
deactivates the mode and is no longer able to receive and respond to trip requests, by day or
week;

(v) the amount of time spent by TNDs waiting for an offer and not engaged during the period of time beginning when the TND has activated a mode in a TNC's internet-enabled application or digital platform, signaling the driver's readiness to receive and respond to trip requests and ending when TND deactivates the mode and is no longer able to receive and respond to trip requests

636 (vi) TND well-being; and

637 (vii) such other topics as the director of the division of public utilities in consultation with638 the commissioner of labor standards deems appropriate.

639 The study shall be conducted no later than three months after the effective date of this640 chapter.

(g) No later than six months after the effective date, and every annual anniversary
thereafter, in order to further the Commonwealth's interest in ensuring fair TND income,
ensuring efficient provision of passenger services, and based on the results of the study
conducted pursuant to subdivision a of this section, the director of the division of public utilities:

(i) Shall determine the average proportion of TND engaged time as compared to the
entire period of time beginning when the TND has activated a mode in a TNC's internet-enabled
application or digital platform, signaling the driver's readiness to receive and respond to trip
requests and ending when the TND deactivates the mode and is no longer able to receive and
respond to trip requests;

(ii) Shall determine the average proportion of miles driven by TNDs during engaged time to average total miles driven during the period of time beginning when the TND has activated a mode in a TNC's internet-enabled application or digital platform, signaling the driver's readiness to receive and respond to trip requests and ending when the TNC deactivates the mode and is no longer able to receive and respond to trip requests;

(iii) Shall establish a rate of accrual of earned sick time under Chapter 148C of the
Massachusetts General Laws that ensures that transportation network drivers accrue the
equivalent of one hour of earned sick time for every thirty hours worked; and

(iv) Shall determine the average amount of time spent by TNDs waiting for an offer and not engaged during the period of time beginning when the TND has activated a mode in a TNC's internet-enabled application or digital platform, signaling the driver's readiness to receive and respond to trip requests and ending when TND deactivates the mode and is no longer able to receive and respond to trip requests;

663 v) Shall establish the maximum period of time TND's on average may spend waiting for 664 an offer during the period of time beginning when the TND has activated a mode in a TNC's 665 internet-enabled application or digital platform, signaling the driver's readiness to receive and 666 respond to trip requests and ending when the TND deactivates the mode and is no longer able to 667 receive and respond to trip requests, and shall establish a procedure for temporarily restricting 668 the ability of a TNC to certify TNDs pursuant to section 4 of this Chapter in order to maintain 669 the desired average level of TND utilization.

670 Section 3. Section 4 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws is hereby amended by671 inserting a new subsection (g):-

(g) A Transportation Network Company shall not be permitted to issue a transportation
network driver certificate to any driver during any period in which the director of the division of
public utilities has restricted the ability of a Transportation Network Company to certify a driver,
pursuant to the procedure adopted under subsection 3(h)(iv) of this Chapter,

676 Section 4. Section 12 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws, is hereby struck and677 replaced to read as follows:

678 Section 12. (a) On the first day of each month, each transportation network company 679 shall submit to the division, in a format approved by the division, data related to each pre-

680 arranged ride provided in the month prior to the previous month and shall include for each pre-681 arranged ride: (i) the latitude and longitude for the points of the origination and termination, 682 calculated to 0.001 decimal degrees; (ii) the date and time of the origination and termination, 683 calculated to the nearest minute; (iii) the total cost paid by the rider for the ride; (iv) the 684 universally-unique identifier associated with the transportation network driver; (v) the 685 transportation network driver's city or town of residence as appearing on the driver's license; (vi) 686 whether the rider requested a shared ride but was not successfully matched with another rider; 687 (vii) whether the rider requested accommodation for special needs; (viii) whether the ride was 688 provided by a wheelchair accessible vehicle; (ix) whether there were any driver or rider-initiated 689 cancellations; (x) the total time that the transportation network driver spent on the way to pick up 690 the rider; (xi) the total time that the transportation network driver spent providing the pre-691 arranged ride; (xii) the geographic position of the vehicle during the entire duration of the pre-692 arranged ride, provided at intervals of not less than every 60 seconds of the pre-arranged ride; 693 (xiii) the total mileage driven by the transportation network driver while on the way to pick up 694 the rider; (xiv) the total mileage driven by the transportation network driver while providing the 695 pre-arranged ride; (xv) the transportation network vehicle license plate; (xvi) whether the 696 transportation network driver is a professional driver, as advertised by the transportation network 697 company; and (xvii) whether the pre-arranged ride was advertised by the transportation network 698 company as a luxury or premium ride, regardless of whether the transportation network vehicle 699 was registered as a livery vehicle; provided, however, that if the pre-arranged ride was advertised 700 by the transportation network company as a luxury or premium ride, the factors that were 701 considered in that designation, including, but not limited to, vehicle make, model, year and, if 702 available, trim, whether the transportation network driver was a professional driver, as advertised

703 by the transportation network company and whether the ride was available by an exclusive 704 membership option.; (xviii) the itemized fare for each trip including the amount of the fare, any 705 toll, surcharge, sales or other taxes, commission rate, other deduction, any tip or gratuity, and a 706 breakdown of the amount such passenger paid for the trip, including base, time, mileage, waiting 707 time, surge factor, passenger discounted, pet or other applicable fees; and; (xix) the payment that 708 each TND received and any deductions for fuel, lease, or other charges or fees imposed on the 709 driver for each trip or the hourly rate paid; (xx) A record of each TND session on the licensee's 710 Internet-enabled application or digital platform. For purposes of this section, a driver's session 711 begins when a licensee's TND activates a mode in the licensee's Internet-enabled application or 712 digital platform, signaling the TND's readiness to receive and respond to trip requests. For 713 purposes of this section, a TND's session ends when the TND deactivates the mode and is no 714 longer able to receive and respond to trip requests; and (xxi)The amount of time spent each day 715 and the miles driven by each vehicle transporting passengers for hire, as well as the time spent 716 and miles driven each day by such vehicle on the way to a passenger, and time spent and miles 717 driven by such vehicle while online in a session, between trips but not on the way to a passenger.

718 (b) The division may obtain additional ride data from a transportation network company 719 for the purposes of: (A) congestion management, which may include, but shall not be limited to: 720 (i) the total number of transportation network drivers that utilized the transportation network 721 vehicle's digital network within specified geographic areas and time periods as determined by 722 the division; and (ii) the total time spent and total miles driven by transportation network drivers 723 in such geographic areas or time periods as determined by the division while (A) on the way to 724 pick up a rider or (B) engaged in a pre-arranged ride: Or (B) Any additional information required 725 by the division to conduct the study required by subsection 3(f) of Chapter 159A1/2 of the

726 General Laws as amended; or (C) to make any of the determinations required under 3(g) of 727 Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws as amended or the issuance of permits authorized to be 728 regulated by subsection 3(c) of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws as amended; The division 729 shall promulgate regulations relative to data collection pursuant to this subsection prior to 730 obtaining the data. Each data submission to the division pursuant to this section and any rules 731 promulgated hereunder shall be accompanied by an attestation, made under penalty of perjury, 732 that the data submitted is accurate and complete. The failure to maintain or furnish information 733 to the division within a timeline to be determined by the division may, at the discretion of the 734 division, constitute cause to not issue, suspend or revoke a transportation network company 735 permit pursuant to section 6 of chapter 159A1/2 of the general laws.

(c) Annually, not later than June 30, the division shall post on its website, in aggregate
form, the total number of rides provided by all transportation network companies that originated
in each city or town, each city or town where the rides originating in each city or town
terminated and the average miles and minutes of the rides that originated in each city or town
and terminated in each other respective city or town.

741 (d) For the purposes of congestion management, transportation planning or emissions 742 tracking, the division may enter into confidential data-sharing agreements to share de-identified 743 trip-level data received by the division pursuant to this section with the executive office of 744 technology services and security, the executive office of energy and environmental affairs, the 745 Massachusetts Department of Transportation, the Massachusetts Port Authority, the 746 Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority, the department of environmental protection, a 747 regional transit authority established under section 3 of chapter 161B, a regional planning agency 748 in the commonwealth and a metropolitan planning organization in the commonwealth. The

749 division shall prescribe the form and content of a confidential data-sharing agreement under this 750 subsection, the manner of transmitting the information and the information security measures 751 that shall be employed by an entity receiving the data under any such datasharing agreement. A 752 confidential data-sharing agreement shall specify that the information provided by the division 753 shall be aggregated and de-identified and may be used only for the purposes set forth in the 754 agreement. Any data received by an entity from the division through a confidential data-sharing 755 agreement under this subsection shall not be considered a public record under clause Twenty-756 sixth of section 7 of chapter 4 or chapter 66 and shall not be disclosed to any person or entity 757 other than those listed or described in the confidential data-sharing agreement; provided, 758 however, that a state or municipal government agency or transportation planning entity may 759 disclose conclusions and analyses derived from the information and from the data received 760 pursuant to a confidential data-sharing agreement.

761 (e) A violation of the terms of a confidential data-sharing agreement by an entity listed in 762 subsection (d) may result in the division declining to enter into future confidential data-sharing 763 agreements with the violating entity and in the termination of any existing data-sharing 764 agreement with the entity. The division shall notify each transportation network company whose 765 data was shared in violation of the terms of a confidential data-sharing agreement of the 766 violation, the violating entity and what data was shared. An entity listed in subsection (d) that 767 violates the terms of a confidential data-sharing agreement shall destroy all data received as a 768 result of the confidential data-sharing agreement.

Section 5. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 1
 and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

771

Section 1. Oppressive and unreasonable wages; validity of contracts

[Text of section as amended by 2018, 121, Sec. 21 effective January 1, 2023. See 2018,
121, Sec. 36. For text effective until January 1, 2023, see above.]

774 Section 1. It is hereby declared to be against public policy for any employer to employ 775 any person or any TNC to rely on a TND for the provision of rides in an occupation in this 776 commonwealth at an oppressive and unreasonable wage as defined in section two, and any 777 contract, agreement or understanding for or in relation to such employment shall be null and 778 void. A wage of less than \$15.00 per hour, in any occupation, as defined in this chapter, shall 779 conclusively be presumed to be oppressive and unreasonable, wherever the term "minimum 780 wage" is used in this chapter, unless the commissioner has expressly approved or shall expressly 781 approve the establishment and payment of a lesser wage under the provisions of sections seven 782 and nine. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, in no case shall the minimum wage rate 783 be less than \$.50 higher than the effective federal minimum rate.

784 Section 6. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 2 785 and inserting in place thereof the following Section:-

Section 2. The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have thefollowing meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

788 "A fair wage", a wage fairly and reasonably commensurate with the value of the service 789 or class of service rendered. In establishing a minimum fair wage for any service or class of 790 service under this chapter the commissioner without being bound by any technical rules of 791 evidence or procedure (1) may take into account the cost of living and all other relevant 792 circumstances affecting the value of the service or class of service rendered, (2) may be guided

793 by like considerations as would guide a court in a suit for the reasonable value of services 794 rendered where services are rendered at the request of an employer in the absence of an express 795 contract as to the amount of the wage to be paid, and (3) may consider the wages paid in the 796 commonwealth for work of like or comparable character by employers who voluntarily maintain 797 minimum fair wage standards. 798 "A mandatory order", an order the violation of which is subject to the penalties 799 prescribed in subsection (2) of section nineteen. 800 "An oppressive and unreasonable wage", a wage which is both less than the fair and 801 reasonable value of the services rendered and less than sufficient to meet the minimum cost of 802 living necessary for health. "Commissioner", the director of the department of labor standards. 803 804 "Department", the department of labor standards. 805 "Occupation", an industry, trade or business or branch thereof or class of work therein, 806 whether operated for profit or otherwise, and any other class of work in which persons are 807 gainfully employed, but shall not include professional service, agricultural and farm work, work 808 by persons being rehabilitated or trained under rehabilitation or training programs in charitable, 809 educational or religious institutions, work by seasonal camp counselors and counselor trainees or 810 work by members of religious orders. Occupation shall also not include outside sales work 811 regularly performed by outside salesmen who regularly sell a product or products away from 812 their employer's place of business and who do not make daily reports or visits to the office or 813 plant of their employer.

814	"Agricultural and farm work", labor on a farm and the growing and harvesting of
815	agricultural, floricultural and horticultural commodities.
816	"Trip," a transportation service that involves picking up a passenger at a location, and
817	taking and depositing such passenger at a different location requested by such passenger.
818	"Transportation network driver" or "TND" shall be defined as described in § 1 of Chapter
819	159A1/2 of the General Laws.
820	"Transportation network company" or "TNC" shall be defined as described in § 1 of
821	Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.
822	Section 7. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 3
823	and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
824	Section 3. The commissioner or the attorney general, or their authorized representatives,
825	shall have full power and authority:
826	1. To investigate and ascertain the wages of persons employed in any occupation in the
827	commonwealth, including TNDs;
828	2. To enter the place of business or employment of any employer of persons in any
829	occupation, and any TNC, other than domestic service in the home of the employer, for the
830	purpose of examining, inspecting and making a transcript of any and all books, registers, pay-
831	rolls, and other records of any employer of persons and any TND that in any way appertain to or
832	have a bearing upon the question of wages of any such persons and for the purpose of
833	ascertaining whether the orders of the commissioner or the attorney general have been and are
834	being complied with; and

3. To require from such employer or TND full and correct statements in writing when the
commissioner or the attorney general, or their authorized representatives, deem necessary, of the
wages paid to all persons in his employ or all TNDs, such statements to be under oath or
accompanied by a written declaration that they are made under the penalties of perjury.

839 4. To carry out the provisions of this chapter.

840 Section 8. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting a new841 Section 7b:-

842 Section 7b. Minimum payments to transportation network workers and minimum fares.

843 It is hereby declared to be against public policy for any TND to be paid an oppressive 844 and unreasonable wage. In order to ensure that TNDs are not paid an oppressive or unreasonable 845 wage, by DATE, the commissioner (of the department of labor standards) in consultation with 846 the department of public utilities shall issue : i) a rule establishing the minimum payment that 847 must be made to a TND for a trip pre-arranged through the TNC's digital network, and ii) a rule 848 establishing the minimum rate of compensation for TND expenses. The goal for the minimum 849 payment rule is to establish a rate of payment for each trip, that ensures that the aggregate 850 average hourly compensation to TNDs, for both engaged time and time spent waiting for an 851 offer, during the period of time beginning when the TND has activated a mode in a TNC's 852 internet-enabled application or digital platform, signaling the driver's readiness to receive and 853 respond to trip requests and ending when the TND deactivates the mode and is no longer able to 854 receive and respond to trip requests, is no less than the equivalent of the minimum wage 855 established under section 1 of this chapter. The rule establishing the minimum compensation to 856 cover TND expenses shall be in addition to the minimum payment, and shall be calculated based 857 on industry averages relating to TND expenses. The goal for this rule is to establish a per-mile 858 rate of reimbursement per trip that ensures that the aggregate average reimbursement for 859 expenses to TNDs reflects actual average TND expenses for miles driven during engaged time 860 as well miles driven on average during time spent waiting for an offer in the period beginning 861 when a transportation network driver has activated a mode in the licensee's Internet-enabled 862 application or digital platform, signaling the driver's readiness to receive and respond to trip 863 requests and ending when the TND deactivates the mode and is no longer able to receive and 864 respond to trip requests. In establishing the minimum compensation to cover TND expenses, the 865 commissioner shall refer to the average proportion of miles driven by TNDs during engaged time 866 to average total miles driven as determined by the director of the division of public utilities 867 pursuant to subsection 3(h)(ii) of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.

Any minimum payment determined by the commissioner of the department of labor standards pursuant to this section shall not include gratuities, tolls, or surcharges, nor shall it include fees charged by the transportation network company. A transportation network company shall not retain any portion of any gratuity or use gratuities to offset or cover any portion of minimum payments required by this section.

873 The Commissioner shall examine relevant data and revise the rules establishing minimum
874 payment and minimum compensation for expenses as necessary to further the goals of this
875 section.

876 Section 9. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 11
877 and inserting in place thereof the following Section:-

878 Section 11. Failure to observe fair wage or regulations; summons; hearing; publication of879 names, liability.

880 Section 11. If the commissioner has reason to believe that any employer is not paying a 881 fair wage or not observing other minimum wage regulations, or any TNC is not complying with 882 the requirements of the minimum payment and/or minimum compensation rules established 883 pursuant to Section 7b of Chapter 151 of the General laws, the commissioner may, on fifteen 884 days notice, summon such employer to show cause why the name of such employer or such TNC 885 should not be published as having committed such violation. After a hearing and a finding of 886 nonobservance, the commissioner may cause to be published in such newspaper or newspapers 887 within this commonwealth or in such other manner as he may deem appropriate, the name of 888 such employer or employers, or TNC or TNCs. Neither the commissioner nor any authorized 889 representative of the commissioner nor any newspaper publisher, proprietor, editor or employee 890 thereof shall be liable to an action for damages for publishing the name of any employer or any 891 TNC as provided herein unless guilty of wilful misrepresentation. 892 Section 10. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 893 15 and inserting in place thereof the following section:-894 Section 15: Employer's and TNC's records; statement furnished to commissioner or 895 attorney general; inspection of records by employee.

896 Section 15. Every employer and every TNC shall keep a true and accurate record of the 897 name, address and occupation of each employee, of the amount paid each pay period to each 898 employee or TND, of the hours worked each day and each week by each employee or TND, and 899 such other information as the commissioner or the attorney general in their discretion shall deem 900 material and necessary. Such records shall be kept on file for at least 3 years after the entry date 901 of the record. Such records shall be maintained at the place of employment, at an office of the 902 employer, or with a bank, accountant or other central location and shall be open to the inspection 903 of the commissioner or the attorney general, or their authorized representatives at any reasonable 904 time, and the employer or TNC shall furnish immediately to the attorney general, commissioner 905 or representative, upon request, a copy of any of these records. Every employer and every TNC 906 shall furnish to the commissioner, or the attorney general, or their authorized representative, on 907 demand, a sworn statement of such record, and, if the commissioner or the attorney general shall 908 so require, upon forms prescribed or approved by him. An employer shall allow an employee and 909 a TNC shall show a TND at reasonable times and places to inspect the records kept under this 910 section and pertaining to that employee.

911 Section 11. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section
912 16 and inserting in place thereof the following Section:-

913 Section 16: Posting orders and rules.

914 Section 16. Every employer and every TNC, except employers of persons engaged in 915 domestic service in the employer's home, subject to a minimum fair wage order shall keep a copy 916 of such order posted in a conspicuous place in every room in which persons are employed and 917 through any means the TNC normally uses to communicate with TNDs. Employers and TNCs 918 shall be furnished copies of orders or notices on request without charge. The commissioner may 919 require each employer or TNC in any occupation subject to this chapter to post rules which apply 920 to such employee's employees or TNCs, in such reasonable way or ways and for such length of 921 time as he may direct.

922	Section 12. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section
923	17 and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

924 Section 17: Department or attorney general questioning employees.

925 Section 17. Each employer and each TNC shall permit any duly authorized officer or 926 employee or TND of the department or of the attorney general to question any employee of such 927 employer or any TND in the place of employment or where the TND performs work for the 928 TNC, other than places of employment of persons engaged in domestic service in the home of 929 the employer, and during work hours in respect to the wages paid to and the hours worked by 930 employees or TNDs.

931 Section 13. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section
932 19 and inserting in place thereof the following Section:-

933 Section 19: Punishments for stated acts.

934 Section 19. (1) Any employer and his agent or any TNC and his agent, or the officer or 935 agent of any corporation who discharges or in any other manner discriminates against any 936 employee or TND, including any employee in the domestic service of any family or person at his 937 home, because such employee or TND has complained of a violation of the provisions of this 938 chapter, or has testified or is about to testify in any investigation or proceeding under or related 939 to this chapter, or because such employer or TNC believes that said employee, TND, or 940 individual may complain of a violation of the provisions of this chapter, shall have violated this 941 section and shall be punished or shall be subject to a civil citation or order as provided in section 942 27C of chapter 149, and shall be liable for damages which shall not be less than one month's

wages nor more than two month's wages of such individual, and the costs of the suit, including areasonable attorney's fee.

945 (2) Any employer or TNC or the officer or agent of any corporation who knowingly pays 946 or agrees to pay to any employee less than the rates applicable to such employee under a 947 regulation minimum fair wage established by the commissioner, or who pays or agrees to pay to 948 a TND less than the minimum payment and/or minimum compensation rules established 949 pursuant to section 7b of Chapter 151 of the General laws, or who pays or agrees to pay to any 950 employee less than one dollar and eighty-five cents per hour in any occupation not covered by a 951 minimum wage regulation shall have violated this section and shall be punished or shall be 952 subject to a civil citation or order as provided in section 27C of chapter 149, and each week in 953 any day of which such employee or TND is paid less than the rate applicable to him under a 954 minimum fair wage regulation and each employee TND so paid less, shall constitute a separate 955 offense.

(2A) Any employer or the officer or agent of any corporation who knowingly pays or
agrees to pay to any employee in agriculture and farming less than one dollar and sixty cents per
hour shall have violated this section and shall be punished or shall be subject to a civil citation or
order as provided in section 27C of chapter 149, and each week in any day in which such
employee is paid less shall constitute a separate offense.

(3) An employer or TNC or the officer or agent of a corporation who fails to keep the true
and accurate records required under this chapter or to furnish a record to the attorney general, the
commissioner, or an authorized representative of the attorney general or commissioner upon
request, or who falsifies a record, or who fails to allow an employee or TND to inspect a record

965 under section 15, or who fails to comply with a requirement of the commissioner under the last 966 sentence of section 16, or who hinders or delays the attorney general, commissioner or 967 representative in the performance of his duties, or who refuses to admit, or locks out, the attorney 968 general, commissioner, or representative from a place of employment or location where a TND 969 performs work, other than a place of employment of a person engaged in domestic service in the 970 home of the employer, which he is authorized to inspect, shall have violated this section and 971 shall be punished or shall be subject to a civil citation or order as provided in section 27C of 972 chapter 149, and each day of the failure to keep a record or to furnish to the attorney general, 973 commissioner or representative a record or other information required for the proper enforcement 974 of this chapter shall constitute a separate offense.

975 (4) No person shall, for the purpose of evading this chapter, establish any arrangement or 976 organization in his business, by contract, lease or agreement, whether written or oral, whereby a 977 person who would otherwise be his employee does not have the status of such an employee. If 978 the commissioner is of the opinion that any person has established an arrangement or 979 organization in violation of this paragraph, after a public hearing, due notice whereof shall have 980 been given, and at which a reasonable opportunity to be heard has been afforded to such person, 981 he may order such person to cease and desist from such violation; and such an order shall be 982 subject to review under section fourteen in the same manner and to the same extent as any 983 decision of the commissioner under this chapter. Any person so ordered to cease and desist who 984 fails to comply therewith for thirty days after such order has been served upon him shall have 985 violated this section and shall be punished or shall be subject to a civil citation or order as 986 provided in section 27C of chapter 149.

987 (5) Whoever directly or indirectly solicits, demands, requests or accepts from any 988 employee or TND any return of a portion of his wages, which would result in such employee or 989 TND retaining less than the rate of wages required by this chapter, or whoever threatens, coerces 990 or intimidates any employee or TND who has wages due under this chapter, for the purpose of 991 causing such person to accept as payment in full a lesser sum than the full amount of the wages 992 so due, shall have violated this section and shall be punished or shall be subject to a civil citation 993 or order as provided in section 27C of chapter 149, and each employee or TND so solicited or 994 threatened shall constitute a separate offense. An employer or TNC who discharges or in any 995 other manner penalizes or discriminates against an employee or TND because the employee or 996 TND has made a complaint to the attorney general or any other person, or assists the attorney 997 general in an investigation under this chapter, or has instituted, or caused to be instituted a 998 proceeding under or related to this chapter, or has testified or is about to testify in the 999 proceeding, or has taken any other action to seek rights under this chapter, shall have violated 1000 this section and shall be punished or shall be subject to a civil citation or order as provided in 1001 section 27C.

Section 14. Chapter 151 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section
20 and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 20: Payment of less than minimum fair wage; recovery of deficiency; unclaimedaward; deposit of funds.

Section 20. If a person is paid by an employer less than the minimum fair wage to which
the person is entitled under or by virtue of a minimum fair wage regulation, including the
minimum payment and/or minimum compensation rules applicable to TNDs and established

1009 pursuant to section 7b of Chapter 151 of the General laws, or less than \$1.85 per hour in a 1010 manufacturing occupation or in any other occupation not covered by a minimum fair wage 1011 regulation, the person may institute and prosecute in his own name and on his own behalf, or for 1012 himself and for others similarly situated, a civil action for injunctive relief, for any damages 1013 incurred and for the full amount of the minimum wages less any amount actually paid to him by 1014 the employer or TNC. An agreement between the person and the employer to work for less than 1015 the minimum wage, or between a TND and a TNC to work for less than the minimum payment 1016 and/or minimum compensation rules established pursuant to section 7b of Chapter 151 of the 1017 General laws, shall not be a defense to such action. An employee or TND so aggrieved who 1018 prevails in such an action shall be awarded treble damages, as liquidated damages, for any loss of 1019 minimum wage and shall also be awarded the costs of the litigation and reasonable attorneys' 1020 fees. At the request of any employee paid less than the minimum wage, or TND paid less than 1021 the minimum payment and/or minimum compensation rules established pursuant to section 7b of 1022 Chapter 151 of the General laws, to which he or she is entitled the attorney general may take an 1023 assignment of such wage claim in trust for the assigning employee or TND and may bring any 1024 legal action necessary to collect such claim, and the employer or TNC shall be required to pay 1025 the costs and such reasonable attorney's fees as may be allowed by the court. The attorney 1026 general shall not be required to pay a filing fee in connection with any such action.

In any action or administrative proceeding by an employee or TND or the commissioner instituted upon such a wage claim in which the employee or TND prevails and the commissioner thereafter in possession of the resulting award is unable after a reasonable search to locate the employee or TND or to identify and locate the employee's or TND's successor in interest, the commissioner shall, upon expiration of one year from the date of said award, deposit the funds 1032 from any such award, less costs and reasonable attorney's fees where applicable, in the General1033 Fund.

Section 15. Chapter 149 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section
1035 148C and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

1036 Section 148C: Earned sick time.

Section 148C. (a) As used in this section and section 148D, the following words, unless
the context clearly requires otherwise, shall have the following meanings:—

1039 "Child", a biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a
1040 person who has assumed the responsibilities of parenthood.

1041 "Earned paid sick time", the time off from work that is provided by an employer to an 1042 employee as computed under subsection (d) that can be used for the purposes described in 1043 subsection (c) and is compensated at the same hourly rate as the employee earns from the 1044 employee's employment at the time the employee uses the paid sick time; provided, however, 1045 that this hourly rate shall not be less than the effective minimum wage under section 1 of chapter 1046 151.

"Earned sick time", the time off from work that is provided by an employer to an
employee, whether paid or unpaid, as computed under subsection (d) that can be used for the
purposes described in subsection (c).

1050 "Employee", any person who performs services for an employer for wage, remuneration,
1051 or other compensation, except that employees employed by cities and towns shall only be

1052 considered Employees for purposes of this law if this law is accepted by vote or by appropriation1053 as provided in Article CXV of the Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

"Employer", any individual, corporation, partnership or other private or public entity,
including any agent thereof, who engages the services of an employee for wages, remuneration
or other compensation, except the United States government shall not be considered an Employer
and cities and towns shall only be considered Employers for the purposes of this law if this law is
accepted by vote or by appropriation as provided in Article CXV of the Amendments to the
Constitution of the Commonwealth.

"Health care provider", the meaning given this term by the Family and Medical Leave
Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. sections 2601 to 2654, inclusive, as it may be amended and regulations
promulgated thereunder.

"Parent", a biological, adoptive, foster or step-parent of an employee or of an employee's
spouse; or other person who assumed the responsibilities of parenthood when the employee or
employee's spouse was a child.

1066 "Spouse", the meaning given this term by the marriage laws of the commonwealth.

1067 "Termination," the meaning shall include any termination of services of a transportation
1068 network worker by a transportation network company from an application or platform, including
1069 suspension, refusal to contract, termination of contract, and deactivation.

1070 "Transportation network company" or "TNC," the meaning as described in § 1 of1071 Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.

1072 "Transportation network driver" or "TND," the meaning as described in § 1 of Chapter
1073 159A1/2 of the General Laws.

(b) All employees or TNDs who work in the commonwealth who must be absent from
work for the reasons set forth in subsection (c) shall be entitled to earn and use not less than the
hours of earned sick time provided in subsection (d).

1077 (c) Earned sick time shall be provided by an employer or TNC for an employee or TND1078 to:

(1) care for the employee's or TND's child, spouse, parent, or parent of a spouse, who is
suffering from a physical or mental illness, injury, or medical condition that requires home care,
professional medical diagnosis or care, or preventative medical care; or

(2) care for the employee's or TND's own physical or mental illness, injury, or medical
condition that requires home care, professional medical diagnosis or care, or preventative
medical care; or

1085 (3) attend the employee's or TND's routine medical appointment or a routine medical
appointment for the employee's or TND's child, spouse, parent, or parent of spouse; or

(4) address the psychological, physical or legal effects of domestic violence as defined in
subsection (g.5) of section 1 of chapter 151A, except that the definition of employee and TND in
subsection (a) will govern for purposes of this section.

(d)(1) An employer or TNC shall provide a minimum of one hour of earned sick time for
every thirty hours worked by an employee, provided, however, that TNDs shall accrue earned
sick time at the rate established by the Director of the Division of Utilities under subection

1093 (3)(h)(iii) of Chapter 159A ¹/₂ of the General Laws. Employees and TNDs shall begin accruing 1094 earned sick time commencing with the date of hire of the employee, the date on which the TNC 1095 certifies the TND pursuant to section 4 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws, or the date this 1096 law becomes effective, whichever is later, but employees shall not be entitled to use accrued 1097 earned sick time until the 90th calendar day following commencement of their employment and 1098 TNDs shall not be entitled to use accrued earned sick time until the 90th calendar day following 1099 the date such TND was certified by the TNC. On and after this 90 day period, employees and 1100 TNDs may use earned sick time as it accrues.

(2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to discourage or prohibit an employer or
TNC from allowing the accrual of earned sick time at a faster rate, or the use of earned sick time
at an earlier date, than this section requires.

(3) Employees and TNDs who are exempt from overtime requirements under 29 U.S.C.
section 213(a)(1) of the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act shall be assumed to work 40 hours in
each work week for purposes of earned sick time accrual unless their normal work week is less
than 40 hours, in which case earned sick time shall accrue based on that normal work week.

(4) All employees employed by an employer or of eleven or more employees and all
TNDs shall be entitled to earn and use up to 40 hours of earned paid sick time from that
employer or a TNC as provided in subsection (d) in a calendar year. In determining the number
of employees who are employed by an employer for compensation, all employees performing
work for compensation on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis shall be counted.

(5) Notwithstanding section 17 of chapter 15D, sections 70–75 of chapter 118E, or any
other special or general law to the contrary, the PCA Quality Home Care Workforce Council

shall be deemed the Employer of all Personal Care Attendants, as defined in section 70 of
chapter 118E, for purposes of subsection (d)(4) of this section, the Department of Medical
Assistance shall be deemed the Employer of said Personal Care Attendants for all other purposes
under this section, and the Department of Early Education and Care shall be deemed the
Employer of all Family Child Care Providers, as defined in section 17(a) of chapter 15D, for
purposes of this section.

1121 (6) All employees not entitled to earned paid sick time from an employer pursuant to 1122 subsection (d)(4)-(5) shall be entitled to earn and use up to 40 hours of earned unpaid sick time 1123 from that employer as provided in subsection (d) in a calendar year.

(7) Earned sick time shall be used in the smaller of hourly increments or the smallest increment that the employer's or TNC's payroll system or system that is otherwise used to make payments to TNDs uses to account for absences or use of other time. Employees and TNDs may carry over up to 40 hours of unused earned sick time to the next calendar year, but are not entitled to use more than 40 hours in one calendar year. Employers and TNCs shall not be required to pay out unused earned sick time upon the separation of the employee or TND from the employer or TND.

(e) If an employee is absent from work for any reason listed in subsection (c) and, by mutual consent of the employer and the employee, the employee or works an equivalent number of additional hours or shifts during the same or the next pay period as the hours or shifts not worked due to reasons listed in subsection (c), an employee shall not be required to use accrued earned sick time for the employee's absence during that time period and the employer shall not be required to pay for the time the employee was so absent. An employer shall not require such employee to work additional hours to make up for the hours during which the employee was so
absent or require that the employee search for or find a replacement employee to cover the hours
during which the employee is utilizing earned sick time. This subsection shall not apply to
TNDs.

1141 (f) Subject to the provisions of subsection (n), an employer or TNC may require 1142 certification when an earned sick time period covers more than 24 consecutively scheduled work 1143 hours. Any reasonable documentation signed by a health care provider indicating the need for 1144 earned sick time taken shall be deemed acceptable certification for absences under subsection 1145 (c)(1), (2) and (3). Documentation deemed acceptable under subsection (g.5) of section 1 of 1146 chapter 151A shall be deemed acceptable documentation for absences under subsection (c)(4). 1147 An employer may not require that the documentation explain the nature of the illness or the 1148 details of the domestic violence. The employer or TNC shall not delay the taking of earned sick 1149 time or delay pay for the period in which earned sick time was taken for employees or TNDs 1150 entitled to pay under subsection (d), on the basis that the employer or TNC has not yet received 1151 the certification. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require an employee or TND to 1152 provide as certification any information from a health care provider that would be in violation of 1153 section 1177 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1320d–6, or the regulations promulgated 1154 under section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 1155 U.S.C. 1320d–2 note.

(g) When the use of earned sick time is foreseeable, the employee or TND shall make a good faith effort to provide notice of this need to the employer or TNC in advance of the use of the earned sick time. (h) It shall be unlawful for any employer or TNC to interfere with, restrain, or deny the
exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right provided under or in connection with this
section, including, but not limited to, by using the taking of earned sick time under this section as
a negative factor in any employment action such as evaluation, promotion, disciplinary action or
termination, or otherwise subjecting an employee to discipline for the use of earned sick time
under this section.

1165 (i) It shall be unlawful for any employer or TNC to take any adverse action against an 1166 employee or TND because the employee or TND opposes practices which the employee or TND 1167 believes to be in violation of this section, or because the employee or TND supports the exercise 1168 of rights of another employee or TND under this section. Exercising rights under this section 1169 shall include but not be limited to filing an action, or instituting or causing to be instituted any 1170 proceeding, under or related to this section; providing or intending to provide any information in 1171 connection with any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under this section; or 1172 testifying or intending to testify in any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under this section. 1173

(j) Nothing in this section shall be construed to discourage employers or TNCs from adopting or retaining earned sick time policies more generous than policies that comply with the requirements of this section and nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish or impair the obligation of an employer or TNC to comply with any contract, collective bargaining agreement, or any employment benefit program or plan in effect on the effective date of this section that provides to employees or TNDs greater earned sick time rights than the rights established under this section. (k) Employers or TNCs required to provide earned paid sick time who provide their employees or TNDs paid time off under a paid time off, vacation or other paid leave policy who make available an amount of paid time off sufficient to meet the accrual requirements of this section that may be used for the same purposes and under the same conditions as earned paid sick time under this section are not required by this section to provide additional earned paid sick time.

(1) The attorney general shall enforce this section, and may obtain injunctive or
declaratory relief for this purpose. Violation of this section shall be subject to paragraphs (1), (2),
(4), (6) and (7) of subsection (b) of section 27C and to section 150.

(m) The attorney general shall prescribe by regulation the employer's or TNC's
obligation to make, keep, and preserve records pertaining to this section consistent with the
requirements of section 15 of chapter 151.

(n) The attorney general may adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the
purpose and provisions of this section, including the manner in which an employee or TND who
does not have a health care provider shall provide certification, and the manner in which
employer size shall be determined for purposes of subsection (d)(4).

(o) Notice of this section shall be prepared by the attorney general, in English and in
other languages required under clause (iii) of subsection (d) of section 62A of chapter 151A.
Employers or TNCs shall post this notice in a conspicuous location accessible to employees or
TNDs in every establishment where employees with rights under this section work, and shall
provide a copy to their employees or TNDs. This notice shall include the following information:

1202 (1) information describing the rights to earned sick time under this section;

(2) information about the notices, documentation and any other requirements placed onemployees in order to exercise their rights to earned sick time;

(3) information that describes the protections that an employee or TND has in exercisingrights under this section;

(4) the name, address, phone number, and website of the attorney general's office wherequestions about the rights and responsibilities under this section can be answered; and

1209 (5) information about filing an action under this section.

Section 16. Chapter 149 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section
150 and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 150: Complaint for violation of certain sections; defenses; payment aftercomplaint; assignments; loan of wages to employer; civil action.

1214 Section 150. The attorney general may make complaint or seek indictment against any 1215 person for a violation of section 148. On the trial no defence for failure to pay as required, other 1216 than the attachment of such wages by trustee process or a valid assignment thereof or a valid set-1217 off against the same, or the absence of the employee from his regular place of labor at the time of 1218 payment, or an actual tender to such employee at the time of payment of the wages so earned by 1219 him, shall be valid. The defendant shall not set up as a defence a payment of wages after the 1220 bringing of the complaint. An assignment of future wages payable weekly under section one 1221 hundred and forty-eight shall not be valid if made to the person from whom such wages are to 1222 become due or to any person on his behalf, or if made or procured to be made to another person for the purpose of relieving the employer from the obligation to pay weekly. A loan made by an 1223

employee to his employer of wages which are payable weekly under section one hundred and forty-eight, whether made directly to the employer or to another person or persons on his behalf, shall not be valid as a defense on the trial of a complaint for failure to pay such wages weekly, unless such loan shall have been made with the approval of the attorney general.

1228 An employee claiming to be aggrieved by a violation of sections 33E, 52E, 148, 148A, 1229 148B, 148C, 150C, 152, 152A, 159C or 190 or section 19, or section 7b of chapter 151 may, 90 1230 days after the filing of a complaint with the attorney general, or sooner if the attorney general 1231 assents in writing, and within 3 years after the violation, institute and prosecute in his own name 1232 and on his own behalf, or for himself and for others similarly situated, a civil action for 1233 injunctive relief, for any damages incurred, and for any lost wages and other benefits; provided, 1234 however, that the 3 year limitation period shall be tolled from the date that the employee or a 1235 similarly situated employee files a complaint with the attorney general alleging a violation of any 1236 of these sections until the date that the attorney general issues a letter authorizing a private right 1237 of action or the date that an enforcement action by the attorney general becomes final. An 1238 employee so aggrieved who prevails in such an action shall be awarded treble damages, as 1239 liquidated damages, for any lost wages and other benefits and shall also be awarded the costs of 1240 the litigation and reasonable attorneys' fees.

SECTION 3. Coverage for Network Driver Injury and Establishment of the
Transportation Network Driver Injury Compensation Fund.

Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 1 of Chapter 152 of the General Laws, as appearing
in the 2020 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the seventh paragraph the
following paragraph:-

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, and for purposes of this chapter
only, a covered driver, as defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, shall, on and after the fund
liability date, as defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, be an employee of the Transportation
Driver Injury Compensation Fund, Inc. created under Chapter 152A.

Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 1 of Chapter 152 of the General Laws, as appearing
in the 2020 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the second paragraph the
following paragraph:-

1253 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, and for purposes of this chapter 1254 only, the employer of a covered driver, as defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, shall, on and 1255 after the fund liability date, established in chapter 152A, be the Transportation Driver Injury 1256 Compensation Fund, Inc. created under chapter 152A.

Section 3. Section 24 of Chapter 152 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020
Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the first paragraph the following
paragraph:-

1260 The liability under this chapter of the Transportation Driver Injury Compensation Fund, 1261 Inc. shall be limited to: (i) securing the payment of workers' compensation in accordance with 1262 chapter 152A to covered drivers, as defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, whose injury arose out 1263 of and in the course of providing transportation network services as defined in chapter 159A1/2, 1264 for or facilitated by a fund member as defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, and (ii) any statutory 1265 penalty resulting from the failure to secure such payment. The liability under this chapter of a 1266 fund member, as defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, shall be limited to remaining a registered 1267 member in good standing of the fund and any statutory penalty, including loss of immunity

provided by this section, resulting from the failure to become or remain a registered member ingood standing of the fund.

1270 Section 4. Section 25A of Chapter 152 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020 1271 Official Edition, is hereby amended by adding the following subsection:-1272 A transportation network company's requirement under this chapter regarding the 1273 securing and provision of workers' compensation benefits for any covered driver, as those terms 1274 are defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, are satisfied in full by compliance with the 1275 requirements imposed upon the for-hire company or transportation network company under 1276 chapter 152A. Insurance coverage directly procured by any transportation network company for 1277 the purpose of satisfying the requirements of this chapter with respect to employees of the 1278 transportation network company shall not include coverage of any covered driver, to the extent 1279 that the covered driver is provided coverage secured by the Transportation Driver Injury 1280 Compensation Fund, Inc. under chapter 152A. Coverage secured by the fund under chapter 152A 1281 shall be considered primary.

Section 5. Section 43 of Chapter 152 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020
Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the first paragraph the following
paragraph:-

Whenever notice is required to be given to an employer under this chapter, such requirement shall be satisfied, with respect to an accident or injury to a covered driver, as defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, occurring on or after the fund liability date, as defined in section 1 of chapter 152A, by giving such notice to the Transportation Driver Injury Compensation Fund, Inc., established under chapter 152A.

1290	Section 6. Chapter 152A of the General Laws is hereby enacted with the following
1291	provisions:-
1292	Section 1. Definitions
1293	1. "Transportation network company" or "TNC" means transportation network
1294	driver as described in §1 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.
1295	2. "Transportation network driver" or "TND" means transportation network
1296	company as described in §1 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.
1297	3. "Covered Driver," all transportation network drivers engaged in and authorized
1298	to provide, transportation network services as defined in 159A1/2, in the commonwealth.
1299	4. "Corporations Division" means the Corporations Division under the Secretary
1300	of the Commonwealth.
1301	7. "Fund" means the Transportation Network Driver Injury Compensation Fund,
1302	Inc.
1303	8. "Fund liability date" means the earlier of: (a) the date as of which the
1304	Department of Industrial Accidents first approves the fund's application to self-insure, or (b) the
1305	date on which coverage commences under the initial insurance policy purchased by the fund
1306	pursuant to subdivision three of section one hundred sixty-ii of this article.
1307	9. "Secretary" means the secretary of state.
1308	Section 2. Creation of the Transportation Network Driver Injury Compensation
1309	Fund.

1310	The Transportation Network Driver Injury Compensation Fund, Inc. is hereby
1311	created as a not-for-profit corporation. To the extent that provisions of the not-for-profit
1312	corporation law do not conflict with the Articles of Organization and Bylaws established
1313	pursuant to this article, the not-for-profit corporation law shall apply to the fund. If an applicable
1314	provision of MGL c.151A, or of the fund's Articles of Organization and Bylaws, relates to a
1315	matter embraced in a provision of the not-for-profit corporation law but is not in conflict
1316	therewith, both provisions shall apply. The Fund shall perform its functions in accordance with
1317	its Articles and Bylaws established and approved pursuant to this Chapter and shall exercise its
1318	powers through a Board of Directors established pursuant to this Chapter.
1319	The fund is established for the purpose of providing compensation to covered
1320	drivers under this chapter who are injured while engaged in transportation network services as
1321	defined in this chapter 159A1/2. The Fund, as employer, will comply with all requirements and
1322	obligations imposed on employers by M.G.L. c 152, except as expressly exempted or modified
1323	by this chapter. Covered drivers as defined in this chapter, shall enjoy all the rights and benefits
1324	provided by M.G.L. c. 152, except as expressly proscribed or modified by this chapter.
1005	
1325	Section 3. Management of the Fund; Board of Directors.
1326	1. Within sixty days of the effective date of this Act, there shall be appointed by
1327	the Governor, a Board of Directors of the fund, consisting of five directors. Two directors will be
1328	nominated by labor organizations operating within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and two
1329	directors will be nominated by TNCs doing business in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
1330	One director will be appointed without nomination of the Governor. The initial terms of
1331	members shall be staggered. Two directors appointed by the Governor will serve for an initial

1332	term of three years and two for an initial term of two years from the effective date of this article.
1333	The subsequent terms of all directors shall be three years.
1334	2. The directors shall elect annually from among their number a chair and a vice
1335	chair who shall act as chair in the chair's absence.
1336	3. For their attendance at meetings, the directors of the fund shall be entitled to
1337	compensation, as authorized by the directors, in an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars per
1338	meeting per director, and to reimbursement of their actual and necessary expenses.
1339	4. Directors of the fund, except as otherwise provided by law, may engage in
1340	private or public employment or in a profession or business.
1341	5. (a) All of the directors shall have equal voting rights and three or more
1342	directors shall constitute a quorum. The affirmative vote of three directors shall be necessary for
1343	the transaction of any business or the exercise of any power or function of the fund.
1344	(b) The fund may delegate to one or more of its directors, officers, agents or
1345	employees such powers and duties as it may deem proper.
1346	(c) A vacancy occurring in a director position shall be filled in the same manner
1347	as the initial appointment to that position, provided however that no individual may serve as
1348	director for more than three successive terms.
1349	6. The Board shall be held to customary fiduciary duties, including the core duties
1350	of are and loyalty, which shall require the Board members to act in good faith and for the Benefit
1351	of the fund and not their own personal or business interests. Violating such duties shall be
1352	ground for immediate removal from the Board by a majority vote of the Board.

1353 Section 4. Articles of Incorporation.

1354 1. Within ninety days of the appointment of the full Board of Directors, the fund 1355 shall file with the Secretary of State, Corporations Division, its Articles of Incorporation and 1356 Bylaws, which shall be designed to assure the fair, reasonable and equitable administration of the 1357 fund. The Articles and Bylaws and any subsequent amendments thereto shall become effective 1358 upon being filed with the Corporations Division.

1359 2. The Articles and Bylaws shall, in addition to the requirements enumerated1360 elsewhere in this article:

1361 (a) establish procedures for collecting and managing the assets of the fund;

(b) establish regular places and times for meetings of the fund's board ofdirectors;

(c) establish the procedure by which the fund shall determine whether to providethe benefits due pursuant to this article by self-insuring or by purchasing insurance;

(d) establish accounting and record-keeping procedures for all financialtransactions of the fund, its agents and the board of directors;

(e) establish a procedure for determining and collecting the appropriate amount ofsurcharges and assessments under this article;

1370 (f) set forth the procedures by which the fund may exercise the premium audit

1371 rights granted to it under this article;

(g) establish procedures to ensure prompt and accurate notification to the fund by
its members of all accidents and injuries to TNCs, and provide for full reimbursement of the fund
by any TNC whose failure to provide such notification results in the imposition of a penalty on
the fund by the board; and

(h) contain such additional provisions as the board of the fund may deemnecessary or proper for the execution of the powers and duties of the fund.

1378 Section 5. Membership in the Fund; Registration with the Division.

1379 1. The membership of the fund shall be composed of all transportation network 1380 companies operating in the Commonwealth. Each TNC shall be required, as a condition of 1381 doing business within the Commonwealth, to pay the Department of Public Utilities a two 1382 hundred dollar annual fee for the purpose of registering as a member of the fund and receiving a 1383 certificate of registration. Such sums shall be used by the Department of Public Utilities for the 1384 administration of this Chapter. The initial registration fee shall be due no later than ninety days 1385 after the effective date of this article. The Department of Public Utilities shall provide the fund 1386 with an updated list of registrants on a monthly basis.

2. Within sixty days of the appointment of the full board, the board of the fund shall, on the basis of information from trade papers and other sources, identify the TNCs subject to this article and, on a regular and ongoing basis, confirm that all such entities have registered in accordance with subdivision one of this section.

3. The fund shall, within one hundred fifty days of the appointment of the full board,
provide to its members a copy of the Articles Incorporation and Bylaws and shall inform its
members of their rights and duties pursuant to this article.

1394 Section 6. Securing compensation.

Within one hundred fifty days of the effective date of the Articles of Incorporation and
 Bylaws, the fund shall secure the payment of workers' compensation to all covered drivers
 entitled thereto pursuant to this chapter by either: (a) self-insuring or (b) purchasing workers'
 compensation insurance covering, on a blanket basis, for all covered drivers who are the fund's
 employees.

1400 2. If the fund initially seeks to self-insure, it shall in accordance with all requirements and1401 obligations pursuant to M.G.L c. 152.

3. If the fund chooses to secure the payment of workers' compensation pursuant to the
workers' compensation law by purchasing an insurance policy from a licensed insurer, it shall
file in accordance with all requirements and obligations pursuant to M.G.L c. 152.

4. No provision of this article shall be construed to alter or affect the liability under the
workers' compensation law of any TNC with respect to covered drivers prior to the fund liability
date.

Section 7. Assessment of Fund members; customer surcharges; premium audit powers ofthe Fund, the board and the Fund's insurer.

1410 1. To pay (a) the costs of the insurance purchased or (b) the benefits due under the 1411 workers' compensation law in the event the fund self-insures, and to pay (c) its expenses in 1412 carrying out its powers and duties under this article and (d) its liabilities, if any, pursuant to 1413 section fourteen-a of the workers' compensation law, the fund shall ascertain by reasonable 1414 estimate the total funding necessary to carry on its operations. 2. Based upon its estimation of operating costs, the fund shall establish a proposed amount per on-trip mile surcharge. The proposed surcharge shall become effective thirty days from the effective date of the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws. Each member of the fund shall be liable for payment to the fund of an amount equal to the product of (i) the amount per on-trip mile due pursuant to this article and (ii) the number of on-trip miles by the covered drivers providing services through its platform, as provided in this subdivision.

3. Each TNC shall submit to the fund with its monthly payment a detailed accounting of
the on-trip miles services during the previous month. The first such payment and accounting
shall be due on the fifteenth day of the month following the imposition of the surcharge.

4. The Department of Public Utilities shall not issue, continue or renew any permit for the
operation of any TNC unless such network company, as a condition of maintaining its permit,
complies with MGL c. 152A section 8, paragraph 3.

5. Should the fund determine that the surcharge amounts that have been paid to it are inadequate to meet its obligations under this article, it shall determine the surcharge rate required to eliminate such deficiency and shall notify the fund members of the revised surcharge rate, along with sufficient documentation detailing its calculations of projected shortfall and estimated funds under the revised surcharge. Commencing thirty days after such notice, the members of the fund shall charge the revised surcharge rate and shall pay to the fund the total amount of surcharges accordingly.

6. The fund shall have the power directly or through its agent to conduct premium audits
of its members solely to verify their compliance with the on-trip mileage reporting requirements.
The fund or its agent shall be afforded convenient access at all reasonable hours to all books,

1437 records and other documents of its members that may be relevant to such premium audits.

1438 Compliance with this section shall not constitute waiver of any legal privilege, confidentiality, or1439 trade secret protection.

1440 7. For the purposes of conducting premium audits, an insurer providing coverage to the1441 fund pursuant to this article may treat the members of the fund as policyholders.

1442 Section 8. Financial oversight of the Fund.

1443 No later than the first day of May of each year, the fund shall submit to the Massachusetts 1444 Attorney General Office's Non-Profit Organizations/Public Charities Division, certified financial 1445 statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles by a certified 1446 public accountant. The members of the fund shall be required on and after January first of each 1447 year to afford the certified public accountant convenient access at all reasonable hours to all 1448 books, records and other documents, including but not limited to invoices and vouchers, 1449 necessary or useful in the preparation of such statements and in the verification of the monthly 1450 statements submitted to the fund. Compliance with this section shall not constitute waiver of any 1451 legal privilege, confidentiality, or trade secret protection. The requirements in this section shall 1452 commence on the first May after the effective date of the plan of operations.

1453 Section 9. Liability insurance.

1454 The fund shall purchase such insurance as is necessary to protect the fund and any 1455 director, officer, agent or other representative from liability for their administration of the fund, 1456 and shall, to the extent permitted by law, indemnify such directors, officers, agents or other 1457 representatives and hold them harmless from liability for their administration of the fund. 1458 Section 10. Regulations.

1459 The Department of Public Utilities shall adopt regulations implementing the provisions of1460 this Chapter.

1461 Section 11. Violations; penalties; appeals.

1462 1. (a) If a fund director believes a violation of this article by a fund member may have
1463 occurred, the director, shall upon notice to the fund member, notify the Department of Public
1464 Utilities to hold a hearing to determine whether such violation occurred.

(b) If the fund believes that a TNC has failed to pay the fund the assessments due
pursuant to this Chapter, it shall make a referral to the Department of Public Utilities to hold a
hearing to determine whether such violation occurred.

1468 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a fund member that is found, after a 1469 hearing held pursuant to this section, to have violated a provision of this Chapter, or a rule 1470 promulgated in accordance with this Chapter, the fund member shall be liable for a fine in an 1471 amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars per violation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a fund 1472 member that fails to submit to the fund the required surcharges shall be subject, in addition to 1473 payment to the fund of the amount overdue plus interest on such amount as herein provided, to a 1474 penalty, at the discretion of the Department of Public Utilities, of (a) up to five thousand dollars 1475 for each twenty days the payment is overdue, or (b) revocation of its membership in the fund, or 1476 (c) both a monetary penalty and revocation of its membership in the fund. Any monetary penalty 1477 imposed pursuant to this subdivision shall be retained by the Department of Public Utilities and 1478 be used to defray the costs of administering this article.

1479 SECTION 4. Unemployment Insurance.

Section 1. Section 1 of Chapter 151A of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2022
Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting the following subsections (ee), (ff), (gg), and
(hh):-

(ee) The term "transportation network company" or "TNC," transportation network
company as described in § 1 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.

(ff) The term "transportation network driver" or "TND," transportation network driver as
described in § 1 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.

(gg) The terms "discharge" and "terminate" shall include any termination of services of a
transportation network worker by a transportation network company from an application or
platform, including suspension, refusal to contract, termination of contract, and deactivation.

1490 (hh) "The terms "hire," "employ" or "employment" shall include the activation of a

1491 transportation network driver by a transportation network company to an application or platform.

- 1492 Section 2. Section 2 of Chapter 151A of the General Laws is hereby amended by
- 1493 inserting at the end of the fourth paragraph, after the word "section.", the following words:-
- 1494 Transportation network services as defined in M.G.L.A. 159A 1/2 § 1 shall be deemed 1495 employment subject to this chapter irrespective of any showing of (a), (b) and (c), above.
- 1496 Section 3. Section 4A of Chapter 151A of the General Laws is hereby amended by 1497 inserting at the end of the section new subsection (g):-
- 1498 (g) Performing transportation network services as defined in $159A \frac{1}{2}$ 1.

1499	Section 4. Section 14 of Chapter 151A of the General Laws is hereby amended by
1500	inserting at the end of subsection (i) a new subparagraph (2):-
1501	(2) The contribution rate of each TNC shall be increased by an amount equal to the
1502	difference between the rate of contribution paid by employing units pursuant to the federal
1503	Unemployment Tax Act after applying any credit available to those employing units pursuant to
1504	section 3302 of title 23 of the internal revenue code, and the rate of contribution required to be
1505	made to the Unemployment Compensation Fund which is specified for employers in this
1506	subsection (i).
1507	SECTION 5. Prohibiting discrimination against transportation network drivers.
1508	Section 1. Section 1 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby amended by
1509	inserting at the end thereof the following subsections:-
1510	24. The term "transportation network company" or "TNC" shall mean transportation
1511	network company as described in § 1 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.
1512	25. The term "transportation network driver" or "TND" shall mean transportation
1513	network driver as described in §1 of Chapter 159A1/2 of the General Laws.
1514	26. The terms "discharge" and "terminate" shall include any termination of services of a
1515	transportation network worker by a transportation network company from an application or
1516	platform, including suspension, refusal to contract, termination of contract, and deactivation.
1517	27. "The terms "hire," "employ" or "employment" shall include the activation of a
1518	transportation network driver by a transportation network company to an application or platform.

1519	Section 2. Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section
1520	3A and inserting in place thereof the following Section:-
1521	Section 3A. (a) All employers, TNCs, employment agencies and labor organizations shall
1522	promote a workplace free of sexual harassment.
1523	(b) Every employer and TNCs shall:
1524	(1) adopt a policy against sexual harassment which shall include:
1525	(i) a statement that sexual harassment in the workplace is unlawful;
1526	(ii) a statement that it is unlawful to retaliate against an employee or TND for filing a
1527	complaint of sexual harassment or for cooperating in an investigation of a complaint for sexual
1528	harassment;
1529	(iii) a description and examples of sexual harassment;
1530	(iv) a statement of the range of consequences for employees or TNDs who are found to
1531	have committed sexual harassment;
1532	(v) a description of the process for filing internal complaints about sexual harassment and
1533	the work addresses and telephone numbers of the person or persons to whom complaints should
1534	be made; and
1535	(vi) the identity of the appropriate state and federal employment discrimination
1536	enforcement agencies, and directions as to how to contact such agencies.

(2) provide annually to all employees or TNDs an individual written copy of the
employer's or TNC's policy against sexual harassment; provided, however, that a new employee
or TNC shall be provided such a copy at the time of his employment.

(c) The commission shall prepare and provide to employers or TNCs subject to this
section a model policy and poster consistent with federal and state statutes and regulations,
which may be used by employers or TNCs for the purposes of this section.

(d) An employer's or TNC's failure to provide the information required to be provided by
this section shall not, in and of itself, result in the liability of said employer or TNC to any
current or former employee or TNC or applicant in any action alleging sexual harassment. An
employer's or TNC's compliance with the notice requirements of this section shall not, in and of
itself, protect the employer or TNC from liability for sexual harassment of any current or former
employee or TND or applicant.

1549 (e) Employers, TNCs and labor organizations are encouraged to conduct an education 1550 and training program for new employees, TNDs and members, within one year of 1551 commencement of employment or membership, which includes at a minimum the information 1552 set forth in this section. Employers and TNCs are encouraged to conduct additional training for 1553 new supervisory and managerial employees and members within one year of commencement of 1554 employment or membership, which shall include at a minimum the information set forth in 1555 subsection (b), the specific responsibilities of supervisory and managerial employees and the 1556 methods that such employees should take to ensure immediate and appropriate corrective action 1557 in addressing sexual harassment complaints. Employers, TNCs, labor organizations and appropriate state agencies are encouraged to cooperate in making such training available. 1558

1559 Section 3. Section 4, subsection 1 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby
1560 amended by inserting after "For an employer" in the first sentence the following words:- "or
1561 TNC"

1562 Section 4. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by1563 striking out subsection 1A and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

1564 1A. It shall be unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer or TNC to impose upon 1565 an individual as a condition of obtaining or retaining employment any terms or conditions, 1566 compliance with which would require such individual to violate, or forego the practice of, his 1567 creed or religion as required by that creed or religion including but not limited to the observance 1568 of any particular day or days or any portion thereof as a sabbath or holy day and the employer or 1569 TNC shall make reasonable accommodation to the religious needs of such individual. No 1570 individual who has given notice as hereinafter provided shall be required to remain at his place 1571 of employment during any day or days or portion thereof that, as a requirement of his religion, he 1572 observes as his sabbath or other holy day, including a reasonable time prior and subsequent 1573 thereto for travel between his place of employment and his home, provided, however, that any 1574 employee or TND intending to be absent from work when so required by his or her creed or 1575 religion shall notify his or her employer or TNC not less than ten days in advance of each 1576 absence, and that any such absence from work shall, wherever practicable in the judgment of the 1577 employer, be made up by an equivalent amount of time at some other mutually convenient time. 1578 Nothing under this subsection shall be deemed to require an employer or TNC to compensate an 1579 employee for such absence. "Reasonable Accommodation", as used in this subsection shall mean 1580 such accommodation to an employee's or TND's or prospective employee's or TND's religious 1581 observance or practice as shall not cause undue hardship in the conduct of the employer's or

TNC's business. The employee or TND shall have the burden of proof as to the required practice of his creed or religion. As used in this subsection, the words "creed or religion" mean any sincerely held religious beliefs, without regard to whether such beliefs are approved, espoused, prescribed or required by an established church or other religious institution or organization.

1586 Undue hardship, as used herein, shall include the inability of an employer or TNC to 1587 provide services which are required by and in compliance with all federal and state laws, 1588 including regulations or tariffs promulgated or required by any regulatory agency having 1589 jurisdiction over such services or where the health or safety of the public would be unduly 1590 compromised by the absence of such employee or TND or employees or TNDs, or where the 1591 employee's or TND's presence is indispensable to the orderly transaction of business and his or 1592 her work cannot be performed by another employee or TND of substantially similar 1593 qualifications during the period of absence, or where the employee's or TND's presence is 1594 needed to alleviate an emergency situation. The employer or TNC shall have the burden of proof 1595 to show undue hardship.

1596 Section 5. Section 4, subsection 1B of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby
1597 amended by inserting after "For an employer" in the first sentence the following words:- "or
1598 TNC"

1599 Section 6. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by 1600 striking out subsection 1C and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

1601 1C. For the commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions, by itself or its agent,1602 because of the age of any individual, to refuse to hire or employ or to bar or discharge from

1603 employment such individual in compensation or in terms, conditions or privileges of1604 employment unless pursuant to any other general or special law.

Section 7. Section 4, subsection 1D of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby
amended by inserting after "For an employer" in the first sentence the following words:- "or
TNC"

Section 8. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by
striking out subsection 1E and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

1610 1E. (a) For an employer or TNC to deny a reasonable accommodation for an employee's 1611 or TND's pregnancy or any condition related to the employee's or TND's pregnancy including, 1612 but not limited to, lactation or the need to express breast milk for a nursing child if the employee 1613 or TND requests such an accommodation; provided, however, that an employer or TNC may 1614 deny such an accommodation if the employer or TNC can demonstrate that the accommodation 1615 would impose an undue hardship on the employer's or TNC's program, enterprise or business. It 1616 shall also be an unlawful practice under this subsection to:

(i) take adverse action against an employee or TND who requests or uses a reasonable
accommodation in terms, conditions or privileges of employment including, but not limited to,
failing to reinstate the employee or TND to the original employment status or to an equivalent
position with equivalent pay and accumulated seniority, retirement, fringe benefits and other
applicable service credits when the need for a reasonable accommodation ceases;

(ii) deny an employment opportunity to an employee if the denial is based on the need ofthe employer or TNC to make a reasonable accommodation to the known conditions related to

the employee's or TND's pregnancy including, but not limited to, lactation or the need to expressbreast milk for a nursing child;

(iii) require an employee or TND affected by pregnancy, or require said employee or
TND affected by a condition related to the pregnancy, including, but not limited to, lactation or
the need to express breast milk for a nursing child, to accept an accommodation that the
employee or TND chooses not to accept, if that accommodation is unnecessary to enable the
employee or TND to perform the essential functions of the job;

(iv) require an employee or TND to take a leave if another reasonable accommodation
may be provided for the known conditions related to the employee's or TND's pregnancy,
including, but not limited to, lactation or the need to express breast milk for a nursing child,
without undue hardship on the employer's program, enterprise or business;

(v) refuse to hire a person who is pregnant because of the pregnancy or because of a condition related to the person's pregnancy, including, but not limited to, lactation or the need to express breast milk for a nursing child; provided, however, that the person is capable of performing the essential functions of the position with a reasonable accommodation and that reasonable accommodation would not impose an undue hardship, demonstrated by the employer or TNC, on the employer's or TNC's program, enterprise or business.

1641 (b) As used in this subsection, the following words shall have the following meanings1642 unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

1643 "Reasonable accommodation", may include, but shall not be limited to: (i) more frequent
1644 or longer paid or unpaid breaks; (ii) time off to attend to a pregnancy complication or recover
1645 from childbirth with or without pay; (iii) acquisition or modification of equipment or seating; (iv)

temporary transfer to a less strenuous or hazardous position; (v) job restructuring; (vi) light duty;
(vii) private non-bathroom space for expressing breast milk; (viii) assistance with manual labor;
or (ix) a modified work schedule; provided, however, that an employer or TNC shall not be
required to discharge or transfer an employee or TND with more seniority or promote an
employee or TND who is not able to perform the essential functions of the job with or without a
reasonable accommodation.

1652 "Undue hardship", an action requiring significant difficulty or expense; provided, 1653 however, that the employer shall have the burden of proving undue hardship; provided further, 1654 that in making a determination of undue hardship, the following factors shall be considered: (i) 1655 the nature and cost of the needed accommodation; (ii) the overall financial resources of the 1656 employer or TNC; (iii) the overall size of the business of the employer with respect to the 1657 number of employees or TNDs and the number, type and location of its facilities; and (iv) the 1658 effect on expenses and resources or any other impact of the accommodation on the employer's 1659 program, enterprise or business.

1660 (c) Upon request for an accommodation from the employee or TND or prospective 1661 employee or TND capable of performing the essential functions of the position involved, the 1662 employee or TND or prospective employee or TND and the employer or TNC shall engage in a 1663 timely, good faith and interactive process to determine an effective, reasonable accommodation 1664 to enable the employee or TND or prospective employee or TND to perform the essential 1665 functions of the employee's or TND's job or the position to which the prospective employee or 1666 TND has applied. An employer or TNC may require that documentation about the need for a 1667 reasonable accommodation come from an appropriate health care or rehabilitation professional; 1668 provided, however, that an employer or TNC shall not require documentation from an

1669 appropriate health care or rehabilitation professional for the following accommodations: (i) more 1670 frequent restroom, food or water breaks; (ii) seating; (iii) limits on lifting more than 20 pounds; 1671 and (iv) private non-bathroom space for expressing breast milk. An "appropriate health care or 1672 rehabilitation professional" shall include, but shall not be limited to, a medical doctor, including 1673 a psychiatrist, a psychologist, a nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, a psychiatric clinical 1674 nurse specialist, a physical therapist, an occupational therapist, a speech therapist, a vocational 1675 rehabilitation specialist, a midwife, a lactation consultant or another licensed mental health 1676 professional authorized to perform specified mental health services. An employer or TNC may 1677 require documentation for an extension of the accommodation beyond the originally agreed to 1678 accommodation.

1679 (d) Written notice of the right to be free from discrimination in relation to pregnancy or a 1680 condition related to the employee's or TND's pregnancy including, but not limited to, lactation 1681 or the need to express breast milk for a nursing child, including the right to reasonable 1682 accommodations for conditions related to pregnancy pursuant to this subsection, shall be 1683 distributed by an employer or TNC to its employees. The notice shall be provided in a handbook, 1684 pamphlet or other means of notice to all employees or TNDs including, but not limited to: (i) 1685 new employees or TNDs at or prior to the commencement of employment; and (ii) an employee 1686 or TND who notifies the employer of a pregnancy or an employee or TND who notifies the 1687 employer or TNC of a condition related to the employee's or TND's pregnancy including, but 1688 not limited to, lactation or the need to express breast milk for a nursing child not more than 10 1689 days after such notification.

(e) Subject to appropriation, the commission shall develop courses of instruction andconduct public education efforts as necessary to inform employers, TNCs, employees, TNDs,

and employment agencies about the rights and responsibilities established under this subsectionnot more than 180 days after the appropriation.

(f) This subsection shall not be construed to preempt, limit, diminish or otherwise affect
any other law relating to sex discrimination or pregnancy or in any way diminish the coverage
for pregnancy or a condition related to pregnancy including, but not limited to, lactation or the
need to express breast milk for a nursing child under section 105D of chapter 149.

Section 9. Section 4, subsection 3 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby
amended by inserting after "For an employer" in the first sentence the following words:- "or
TNC"

Section 10. Section 4, subsection 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby
amended by inserting after "employer" in the first sentence the following word:- "TNC"

1703 Section 11. Section 4, subsection 5 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby

amended by inserting after "employer" in the first sentence the following words:- "TNC, TND"

Section 12. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by
striking out subsection 9 and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

9. For an employer or TNC, himself or through his agent, in connection with an application for employment, or the terms, conditions, or privileges of employment, or the transfer, promotion, bonding, or discharge of any person, or in any other matter relating to the employment of any person, to request any information, to make or keep a record of such information, to use any form of application or application blank which requests such information, or to exclude, limit or otherwise discriminate against any person by reason of his or 1713 her failure to furnish such information through a written application or oral inquiry or otherwise 1714 regarding: (i) an arrest, detention, or disposition regarding any violation of law in which no 1715 conviction resulted, or (ii) a first conviction for any of the following misdemeanors: 1716 drunkenness, simple assault, speeding, minor traffic violations, affray, or disturbance of the 1717 peace, or (iii) any conviction of a misdemeanor where the date of such conviction or the 1718 completion of any period of incarceration resulting therefrom, whichever date is later, occurred 3 1719 or more years prior to the date of such application for employment or such request for 1720 information, unless such person has been convicted of any offense within 3 years immediately 1721 preceding the date of such application for employment or such request for information, or (iv) a 1722 criminal record, or anything related to a criminal record, that has been sealed or expunded 1723 pursuant to chapter 276.

1724 No person shall be held under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or of 1725 otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his failure to recite or acknowledge such 1726 information as he has a right to withhold by this subsection.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed to affect the application of section thirty-four
of chapter ninety-four C, or of chapter two hundred and seventy-six relative to the sealing of
records.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit a transportation network
company from complying with its obligations set forth in section 4 of chapter 159A1/2 of the
General Laws.

Section 13. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by
striking out subsection 91/2 and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

1735 9 ¹/₂. For an employer or TNC to request on its initial written application form criminal 1736 offender record information; provided, however, that except as otherwise prohibited by 1737 subsection 9, an employer may inquire about any criminal convictions on an applicant's 1738 application form if: (i) the applicant is applying for a position for which any federal or state law 1739 or regulation creates mandatory or presumptive disgualification based on a conviction for 1 or 1740 more types of criminal offenses; or (ii) the employer or TNC or an affiliate of such employer or 1741 TNC is subject to an obligation imposed by any federal or state law or regulation not to employ 1742 persons, in either 1 or more positions, who have been convicted of 1 or more types of criminal 1743 offenses.

Section 14. Section 4, subsection 9A of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby
amended by inserting after "For an employer" in the first sentence the following words:- "or
TNC"

Section 15. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby amended bystriking out subsection 11A and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

1749 11A. For an employer or TNC, or an employer's or TNC's agent, to refuse to restore 1750 certain employees or TNDs to employment following an absence by reason of a parental leave 1751 taken pursuant to section 105D of chapter 149 or to otherwise fail to comply with that section, or 1752 for the commonwealth and any of its boards, departments and commissions to deny vacation 1753 credit to an employee for the fiscal year during which the employee or TND is absent due to a 1754 parental leave taken pursuant to said section 105D of said chapter 149, or to impose any other 1755 penalty as a result of a parental leave of absence.

1756	Section 16. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by
1757	striking out subsection 16 and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-
1758	16. For any employer or TNC, personally or through an agent, to dismiss from
1759	employment or refuse to hire, rehire or advance in employment or otherwise discriminate
1760	against, because of his handicap, any person alleging to be a qualified handicapped person,
1761	capable of performing the essential functions of the position involved with reasonable
1762	accommodation, unless the employer or TNC can demonstrate that the accommodation required
1763	to be made to the physical or mental limitations of the person would impose an undue hardship
1764	to the employer's or TNC's business. For purposes of this subsection, the word employer or TNC
1765	shall include an agency which employs individuals directly for the purpose of furnishing part-
1766	time or temporary help to others.
1767	In determining whether an accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the
1768	conduct of the employer's business, factors to be considered include:
1769	(1) the overall size of the employer's or TNC's business with respect to the number of
1770	employees, number and type of facilities, and size of budget or available assets;
1771	(2) the type of the employer's or TNC's operation, including the composition and
1772	structure of the employer's or TNC's workforce; and
1773	(3) the nature and cost of the accommodation needed.
1774	Physical or mental job qualification requirement with respect to hiring, promotion,

1776 responsibilities shall be functionally related to the specific job or jobs for which the individual is1777 being considered and shall be consistent with the safe and lawful performance of the job.

An employer or TNC may not make preemployment inquiry of an applicant as to whether the applicant is a handicapped individual or as to the nature or severity of the handicap, except that an employer or TNC may condition an offer of employment on the results of a medical examination conducted solely for the purpose of determining whether the employee or TNC, with reasonable accommodation, is capable of performing the essential functions of the job, and an employer may invite applicants to voluntarily disclose their handicap for purposes of assisting the employer in its affirmative action efforts.

Section 17. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by
striking out subsection 16A and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

1787 16A. For an employer or TNC, personally or through its agents, to sexually harass any1788 employee or TND.

Section 18. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by
striking out subsection 17 and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

1791 17. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter, it shall not be an unlawful
1792 employment practice for any person, employer, TNC, labor organization or employment agency
1793 to:

(a) observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system or any bona fide employee or TND
benefit plan such as a retirement, pension, or insurance plan, which is not a subterfuge to evade
the purposes of this section, except that no such employee or TND benefit plan shall excuse the

failure to hire any person, and no such seniority system or employee benefit plan shall require or
permit the involuntary retirement of any person because of age except as permitted by paragraph
(b).

(b) require the compulsory retirement of any person who has attained the age of sixty-five
and who, for the two year period immediately before retirement, is employed in a bona fide
executive or high policymaking position, if such person entitled to an immediate nonforfeitable
annual retirement benefit from a pension, profit-sharing, savings or deferred compensation plan,
or any combination of such plans, of the employer, which equals, in the aggregate, at least fortyfour thousand dollars.

1806 (c) require the retirement of any employee or TND who has attained seventy years of age 1807 and who is serving under a contract of unlimited tenure or similar arrangement providing for 1808 unlimited tenure at an independent institution of higher education, or to limit the employment in 1809 a faculty capacity of such an employee or TND, or another person who has attained seventy 1810 years of age who was formerly employed under a contract of unlimited tenure or similar 1811 arrangement, to such terms and to such a period as would serve the present and future needs of 1812 the institution, as determined by it; provided, however, that in making such a determination, no 1813 institution shall use as a qualification for employment or reemployment, the fact that the 1814 individual is under any

1815 Section 19. Section 4 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by1816 striking out subsection 18 and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

1817 18. For the owner, lessee, sublessee, licensed real estate broker, assignee, or managing1818 agent of publicly assisted or multiple dwelling or contiguously located housing accommodations

or other covered housing accommodations, or other person having the right of ownership or possession, or right to rent or lease, or sell or negotiate for the sale of such accommodations, or any agent or employee of such person or any organization of unit owners in a condominium or housing cooperative to sexually harass any tenant, prospective tenant, purchaser or prospective purchaser of property.

1824 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, it shall not be an unlawful 1825 employment practice for any person, employer, TNC, labor organization or employment agency 1826 to inquire of an applicant for employment or membership as to whether or not he or she is a 1827 veteran or a citizen.

1828 Notwithstanding the provisions of any general or special law nothing herein shall be 1829 construed to bar any religious or denominational institution or organization, or any organization 1830 operated for charitable or educational purposes, which is operated, supervised or controlled by or 1831 in connection with a religious organization, from limiting admission to or giving preference to 1832 persons of the same religion or denomination or from taking any action with respect to matters of 1833 employment, discipline, faith, internal organization, or ecclesiastical rule, custom, or law which 1834 are calculated by such organization to promote the religious principles for which it is established 1835 or maintained.

1836 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, (a) every employer, every TNC, 1837 every employment agency, including the division of employment and training, and every labor 1838 organization shall make and keep such records relating to race, color or national origin as the 1839 commission may prescribe from time to time by rule or regulation, after public hearing, as 1840 reasonably necessary for the purpose of showing compliance with the requirements of this 1841 chapter, and (b) every employer, TNC and labor organization may keep and maintain such 1842 records and make such reports as may from time to time be necessary to comply, or show compliance with, any executive order issued by the President of the United States or any rules or 1843 1844 regulations issued thereunder prescribing fair employment practices for contractors and 1845 subcontractors under contract with the United States, or, if not subject to such order, in the 1846 manner prescribed therein and subject to the jurisdiction of the commission. Such requirements 1847 as the commission may, by rule or regulation, prescribe for the making and keeping of records 1848 under clause (a) shall impose no greater burden or requirement on the employer, TNC, 1849 employment agency or labor organization subject thereto, than the comparable requirements 1850 which could be prescribed by Federal rule or regulation so long as no such requirements have in 1851 fact been prescribed, or which have in fact been prescribed for an employer, TNC, employment 1852 agency or labor organization under the authority of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, from time to 1853 time amended.1 This paragraph shall apply only to employers or TNCs who on each working 1854 day in each of twenty or more calendar weeks in the annual period ending with each date set 1855 forth below, employed more employees or TNDs than the number set forth beside such date, and 1856 to labor organizations which have more members on each such working day during such period.

- 1857 Minimum Employees or TNDs
- 1858 Period Ending.
- 1859 or Members.
- 1860 June 30, 1965
- 1861 100

1862	June 30, 1966
1863	75
1864	June 30, 1967
1865	50
1866	June 30, 1968 and thereafter
1867	25

1868 Nothing contained in this chapter or in any rule or regulation issued by the commission 1869 shall be interpreted as requiring any employer, TNC, employment agency or labor organization 1870 to grant preferential treatment to any individual or to any group because of the race, color, 1871 religious creed, national origin, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, which shall not include 1872 persons whose sexual orientation involves minor children as the sex object, age, genetic 1873 information or ancestry of such individual or group because of imbalance which may exist 1874 between the total number or percentage of persons employed by any employer or TNC, referred 1875 or classified for employment by any employment agency or labor organization, admitted to 1876 membership or classified by any labor organization or admitted to or employed in, any 1877 apprenticeship or other training program, and the total number or percentage of persons of such 1878 race, color, religious creed, national origin, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, which shall 1879 not include persons whose sexual orientation involves minor children as the sex object, age, 1880 genetic information or ancestry in the commonwealth or in any community, section or other area 1881 therein, or in the available work force in the commonwealth or in any of its political 1882 subdivisions.

1883	Section 20. Section 4, subsection 19 of Chapter 151B of the General Laws is hereby
1884	amended by inserting after "employer" in the first sentence of subsection (a) the following
1885	word:- "TNC"
1886	SECTION 6. Paid Family Medical Leave
1887	Section 1. Section 1 of Chapter 175M of the General Laws is hereby amended by
1888	inserting after the sentence defining "Department" the following words:-
1889	"Digital network", the same as defined in section 1 of chapter 159A $\frac{1}{2}$.
1890	Section 2. Section 1 of Chapter 175M of the General Laws is hereby further amended by
1891	inserting after the sentence defining "State average weekly wage" the following words:-
1892	"Discharging," "firing" and "terminating", any termination of services of a
1893	transportation network worker by a transportation network company from an application or
1894	platform, including suspension, refusal to contract, termination of contract, and deactivation.
1895	"Transportation network company" or "TNC", the same as defined in section 1 of chapter
1896	159A ½.
1897	"Transportation network driver" or "TND", the same as defined in section 1 of chapter
1898	159A ½.
1899	Section 3. Chapter 175M of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section
1900	4 and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
1901	Section 4: Notice

1902 Section 4. (a) Each employer and covered business entity shall post in a conspicuous 1903 place on each of its premises a workplace notice prepared or approved by the department 1904 providing notice of benefits available under this chapter. Where the employer or covered 1905 business entity does not control the daily workplace, employer or covered business entity shall 1906 post electronically or other means which are the usual means of communication with employee 1907 or covered business entity. The workplace notice shall be issued in English, Spanish, Chinese, 1908 Haitian Creole, Italian, Portuguese, Vietnamese, Laotian, Khmer, Russian and any other 1909 language that is the primary language of at least 10,000 or .5 of one per cent of all residents of 1910 the commonwealth. The required workplace notice shall be in English and each language other 1911 than English which is the primary language of 5 or more employees or self-employed individuals 1912 of that workplace, if such notice is available from the department.

1913 Each employer shall issue to each employee not more than 30 days from the beginning 1914 date of the employee's employment, provided however that TNC shall issue to each TND not 1915 more than 30 days from certification of the TND by the TNC the following written information 1916 provided or approved by the department in the employee's primary language: (i) an explanation 1917 of the availability of family and medical leave benefits provided under this chapter, including 1918 rights to reinstatement and continuation of health insurance; (ii) the employee's contribution 1919 amount and obligations under this chapter; (iii) the employer's contribution amount and 1920 obligations under this chapter; (iv) the name and mailing address of the employer; (v) the 1921 identification number assigned to the employer by the department; (vi) instructions on how to 1922 file a claim for family and medical leave benefits; (vii) the mailing address, email address and 1923 telephone number of the department; and (viii) any other information deemed necessary by the 1924 department. Delivery is made when an employee provides written acknowledgement of receipt

of the information, or signs a statement indicating the employee's refusal to sign suchacknowledgement.

1927 Section 4. Chapter 175M of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section1928 9 and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

1929 Section 9: Prohibited acts

1930 Section 9. (a) It shall be unlawful for any employer to retaliate by discharging, firing, 1931 suspending, expelling, disciplining, through the application of attendance policies or otherwise, 1932 threatening intimidating, terminating, or harassing a worker, filing a false report with a 1933 government agency, reducing compensation, garnishing tips or gratuities, denying or limiting 1934 access to incentives or bonuses, informing another TNC that a TND has engaged in activities 1935 protected by this section, or in any other manner discriminating against an employee including 1936 actions related to perceived immigration status or work authorization, for exercising any right to 1937 which such employee is entitled under this chapter or with the purpose of interfering with the 1938 exercise of any right to which such employee is entitled under this chapter.

1939 (b) It shall be unlawful for any employer to retaliate by discharging, firing, suspending, 1940 expelling, disciplining, through the application of attendance policies or otherwise, threatening 1941 intimidating, terminating, or harassing a worker, filing a false report with a government agency, 1942 reducing compensation, garnishing tips or gratuities, denying or limiting access to incentives or 1943 bonuses, informing another TNC that a TND has engaged in activities protected by this section, 1944 or in any other manner discriminating including actions related to perceived immigration status 1945 or work authorization, against an employee who has filed a complaint or instituted or caused to be 1946 instituted a proceeding under or related to this section, has testified or is about to testify in an

inquiry or proceeding or has given or is about to give information connected to any inquiry orproceeding relating to this section.

1949 (c) Any negative change in the seniority, status, employment benefits, pay or other terms 1950 or conditions of employment of an employee or TND which occurs any time during a leave taken 1951 by an employee or TND under this chapter, or during the 6 month period following an 1952 employee's or TND's leave or restoration to a position pursuant to this section, or of an employee 1953 or TND who has participated in proceedings or inquiries pursuant to this section within 6 months 1954 of the termination of proceedings shall be presumed to be retaliation under this section. Such 1955 presumption shall be rebutted only by clear and convincing evidence that such employer's or 1956 TNC's action was not retaliation against the employee or TND and that the employer or TNC 1957 had sufficient independent justification for taking such action and would have in fact taken such 1958 action in the same manner and at the same time the action was taken, regardless of the 1959 employee's or TND's use of leave, restoration to a position or participation in proceedings or 1960 inquiries as described in this subsection. An employer or TNC found to have threatened, coerced 1961 or taken reprisal against any employee or TND pursuant to this subsection shall rescind any 1962 adverse alteration in the terms of employment for such employee or TND and shall offer 1963 reinstatement to any terminated employee or TND and shall also be liable in an action brought 1964 under subsection (d).

(d) An employee or TND or former employee or TND aggrieved by a violation of this section or subsections (e) and (f) of section 2 of this chapter may, not more than 3 years after the violation occurs, institute a civil action in the superior court. A party to the action shall be entitled to a jury trial. All remedies available in common law tort actions shall be available to prevailing plaintiffs and shall be in addition to any legal or equitable relief provided in this

1970	section. The court may: (i) issue temporary restraining orders or preliminary or permanent
1971	injunctions to restrain continued violations of this section; (ii) reinstate the employee or TND to
1972	the same position held before the violation or to an equivalent position; (iii) reinstate full fringe
1973	benefits and seniority rights to the employee or TND; (iv) compensate the employee or TND for
1974	3 times the lost wages, benefits and other remuneration and the interest thereon; and (v) order
1975	payment by the employer or TNC of reasonable costs and attorneys' fees.
1976	SECTION 7. Severability
1977	The provisions of this act shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or

1978 provision of this article or the applicability thereof to any person, entity, or circumstance shall be

1979 held invalid, the remainder of this act and the application thereof shall not be affected.