SENATE No. 1523

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Paul R. Feeney

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to safe building materials.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Paul R. Feeney	Bristol and Norfolk	
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk	1/30/2023
Michael O. Moore	Second Worcester	2/28/2023
Michael F. Rush	Norfolk and Suffolk	3/3/2023
Brendan P. Crighton	Third Essex	3/14/2023
Nick Collins	First Suffolk	5/1/2023
Walter F. Timilty	Norfolk, Plymouth and Bristol	5/18/2023

SENATE DOCKET, NO. 1134 FILED ON: 1/18/2023

SENATE No. 1523

By Mr. Feeney, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 1523) of Paul R. Feeney, Sal N. DiDomenico, Michael O. Moore and Michael F. Rush for legislation relative to safe building materials. Public Safety and Homeland Security.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE SENATE, NO. 1589 OF 2021-2022.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Third General Court (2023-2024)

An Act relative to safe building materials.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 96 of chapter 143 of the General Laws, as appearing in the

2 2020Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word code, in line 8, the following

- 3 3 words: -, light frame construction code under section 26J of chapter 148.
- 4 SECTION 2. Chapter 148 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 5
- 5 inserting after section 26I the following section: –
- 6 Section 26J. Light Frame Construction Code.
- 7 (a) As used in this section the following terms shall, unless the context clearly requires 8
- 8 otherwise, have the following meanings: –

9	"Dwelling unit", a single unit providing complete, independent living facilities for one or
10	more persons living as a single housekeeping unit, including permanent provisions for living,
11	sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation.
12	"Fire barrier", a fire-resistance rated wall assembly of materials designed to restrict the
13	spread of fire in which continuity is maintained.
14	"Fire partition", a vertical assembly of materials designed to restrict the spread of fire in
15	which openings are protected.
16	"Fire wall", a fire-resistance rated wall having protected openings, which restricts the
17	spread of fire and extends continuously from the foundation to or through the roof, with
18	sufficient structural stability under fire conditions to allow collapse of construction on either side
19	without collapse of the wall.
20	"Fire watch warden", an individual hired to monitor new residential use structure
21	construction projects that utilize light frame construction.
22	"Horizontal assembly", a fire-resistance rated floor or roof assembly of materials
23	designed to restrict the spread of fire in which continuity is maintained.
24	"Horizontal separation", a floor assembly separating dwelling units in the same structure,
25	a floor assembly separating sleeping units in the same structure, and a floor assembly separating
26	dwelling or sleeping units from other occupancies contiguous to them in the same structure.
27	"Light frame construction", a type or construction the vertical and horizontal structural
28	elements of which are primarily formed by a system of repetitive wood framing members or that
29	utilizes metal-plate-connected wood trusses, metal-plate-connected metal-web wood trusses, pin
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end connected steel-web wood trusses, wooden I-joists, solid-sawn wood joists, composite wood
joists as floor or roof system structural elements, or load bearing elements made of combustible
materials.

33 "Planned real estate development" or "development", any real property, whether 34 contiguous or not, which consists of or will consist of, separately owned areas, irrespective of 35 form, be it lots, parcels, units, or interest, and which are offered or disposed of pursuant to a 36 common promotional plan and providing for common or shared elements or interests in real 37 property. This definition shall not apply to any form of timesharing, but it shall include; 38 condominiums, any form of homeowners' association, any housing cooperative or any 39 community trust or other trust device.

40 "Residential use structure", a hotel, motel, resort, boarding house or inn as those terms 41
41 are defined in section 12A of chapter 140; a multiple dwelling, as that term is defined in section
42 13A of chapter 22; or rooming house, as that term is defined in section 199B of chapter 111.

- 43 "Sleeping unit", a room or space in which people sleep, which can also include
 44 permanent provisions for living, eating, and either sanitation or kitchen facilities but not both,
 45 but does not include such a room or space that is also part of a dwelling unit.
- 46 (b) A new residential use structure containing more than two dwelling or sleeping units
 47 under the R Occupancy in the International Building Code (IBC) may only be constructed
 48 utilizing light frame construction if the following requirements are satisfied:
- 49 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, an automatic sprinkler system
 50 shall be installed throughout the structure in accordance with the requirements of National Fire
 51 Protection Association (NFPA) 13, Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems.

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52	(2) The number of stories permitted in the structure shall be measured from grade plane
53	and includes any pedestal or podium.
54	(3) Each fire partition shall:
55	(i) be constructed of noncombustible materials or fire-retardant treated wood as per the
56	current edition of NFPA 703;
57	(ii) be constructed with a fire-resistance rating of at least one hour; and
58	(iii) comply with all other requirements for fire partitions under the IBC.
59	(4) Each horizontal assembly installed between floors separating dwelling or sleeping
60	units shall:
61	(i) be constructed of noncombustible materials or fire-retardant treated wood as per the
62	current edition of NFPA 703;
63	(ii) be constructed as a horizontal assembly with a fire-resistance rating of at least one
64	hour; and
65	(iii) comply with all other requirements for horizontal assemblies under the code.
66	(5) Each fire wall shall:
67	(i) be constructed of noncombustible materials;
68	(ii) not be adversely affected by moisture;
69	(iii) shall be a minimum of a 2-hour rated assembly (per the IBC).

70	(6) (i) If any light framing of the structure is unprotected, the structure shall not have
71	more than three stories and shall not exceed 60 feet above grade plane.
72	(ii) If all light framing of the structure is protected, the structure shall not have more than
73	four stories and shall not exceed 70 feet above grade plane.
74	(7) If the structure has five or more dwelling or sleeping units, a horizontal assembly
75	shall not be considered to create separate and distinct structures for the purposes of determining
76	area imitations, continuity of fire walls, limitation of number of stories, and type of construction
77	a provided under this subsection and the code.
78	(c) The contractor, or subcontractor for a construction project proposed in accordance
79	with this section shall be registered with the board of building regulations.
80	(d) The construction of a new residential use structure containing more than two dwelling
80 81	(d) The construction of a new residential use structure containing more than two dwelling or sleeping units utilizing light frame construction shall not commence unless a fire watch
81	or sleeping units utilizing light frame construction shall not commence unless a fire watch
81 82	or sleeping units utilizing light frame construction shall not commence unless a fire watch warden who meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection is present 24 hours a day
81 82 83	or sleeping units utilizing light frame construction shall not commence unless a fire watch warden who meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection is present 24 hours a day to monitor the construction and alert firefighters, medical, rescue, or law enforcement personnel
81 82 83 84	or sleeping units utilizing light frame construction shall not commence unless a fire watch warden who meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection is present 24 hours a day to monitor the construction and alert firefighters, medical, rescue, or law enforcement personnel if a fire or other emergency occurs.
81 82 83 84 85	or sleeping units utilizing light frame construction shall not commence unless a fire watch warden who meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection is present 24 hours a day to monitor the construction and alert firefighters, medical, rescue, or law enforcement personnel if a fire or other emergency occurs. (1) A person shall be eligible to be a fire watch warden shall be eligible to be a fire watch
81 82 83 84 85 86	or sleeping units utilizing light frame construction shall not commence unless a fire watch warden who meets the requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection is present 24 hours a day to monitor the construction and alert firefighters, medical, rescue, or law enforcement personnel if a fire or other emergency occurs. (1) A person shall be eligible to be a fire watch warden shall be eligible to be a fire watch warden if the person is qualified pursuant to regulations issued by the marshal and is an active or

90 to comply) who is certified pursuant to regulations issued by the marshal.

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91 (2) A developer or owner of a construction project subject to the provisions of this
92 subsection shall be responsible for hiring, training, and compensating the fire watch wardens,
93 and any expense to ensure that they are on site, including inspection by the department or the
94 local enforcing agency.

95 (3) A fire watch warden shall make regular inspections and patrols of the area assigned to 96 the fire watch warden for supervision by the developer or owner. A fire watch warden shall not 97 be assigned any other responsibilities that would interfere with or prevent the fire watch warden 98 from carrying out the fire watch warden's responsibilities under this subsection.

99 (4) A fire watch warden shall maintain a record of activities performed in connection 100 with the construction project that constitute a potential threat to fire safety. The records shall be 101 submitted to the department on a weekly basis and the division may, in its discretion, take any 102 action appropriate to abate any fire safety issues, including, but not limited to, requesting that the 103 local enforcing agency revoke the construction permit for the project.

104 (5) A fire watch warden shall be present after 4pm Monday through Friday, 24-hours a
105 day on weekends, and all legal holidays where construction is not taking place throughout the
106 construction project and shall continue to monitor the construction project until the final
107 sprinkler inspection is completed and a certificate of occupancy is issued.

(6) The department may assess a developer or owner of a construction project, utilizing a
fire watch warden pursuant to this subsection, reasonable administrative fees incurred by the
division in performing its duties as set forth in this subsection.

111 (7) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a townhouse or other single112 family dwelling. For purposes of this section, "townhouse" means a single-family dwelling unit

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113	constructed in a group of 3 or more attached units in which each unit extends from the
114	foundation to roof and with open space on a least 2 sides.
115	(e) The marshal shall, adopt regulations to require that placards identifying the primary
116	structural system of a structure are affixed adjacent to the fire alarm control panel and to an
117	exterior wall within 10 feet of the main entrance to the structure.
118	(f) The placards shall be 8 inches vertically by 11 inches horizontally and shall have a
119	white background, black letters, and a black border. The letters shall be in at least 72-point
120	boldface type. The letters and border shall be visible and readable from at 10 feet.
121	(g) One of the following descriptions shall be printed on a placard, as appropriate:
122	(1) "Load-bearing concrete walls";
123	(2) "Load-bearing masonry walls";
124	(3) "Load-bearing steel stud walls";
125	(4) "Load-bearing light-framed combustible walls";
126	(5) "Structural concrete frame";
127	(6) "Structural steel frame";
128	(7)"Timber or cross-laminated timber"; or
129	(8) if the primary structural system of the structure is not one of the foregoing, a
130	description approved by the enforcing agency shall be printed instead.

- 131 (h) The following language shall be printed on each placard following the description of
- 132 154 the structural system: "serves as the primary structural system of this structure".