The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Nine

An Act relative to updating the public health laws..

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	WHEREAS The Legislature finds that it is the policy of the commonwealth to provide its
2	citizens with laws that protect the public health, as evidenced by its proud history of enacting
3	laws and policies that protect women's health and allow for the protection of individual rights
4	enumerated in the Massachusetts Declaration of Rights.
5	WHEREAS The Legislature finds that the near-total bans on contraception and abortion
6	and other unenforceable restrictions are antiquated and unconstitutional laws that run contrary to
7	Massachusetts' strong record on protecting women's reproductive health. Keeping these
8	outdated statutes in the General Laws flies in the face of the commonwealth's commitment to
9	women's health, and any attempts to enforce these laws would pose a grave threat to the public
10	health.
11	WHEREAS The Legislature finds that Massachusetts is one of only four states in the
12	United States where a pre-Roe v. Wade (1973) criminal abortion statute has been neither
13	repealed nor enjoined, despite the fact that legal abortion has protected the health and lives of

14 women in the United States. Prior to the Roe v. Wade decision by the U.S. Supreme Court in

15 1973, an estimated 1,200,000 women each year were forced to resort to illegal abortions, leading 16 to infection, hemorrhage, disfiguration, and death – and unsafe abortion was the leading cause of 17 maternal mortality. Since abortion became legal in the U.S., maternal mortality and morbidity 18 has drastically declined, and deaths and injuries from abortion are now extremely rare.

WHEREAS The Legislature finds that a ban on contraception for unmarried persons remains in the General Laws despite having been found unconstitutional by the U.S. Supreme Court in 1972. Contraceptive use and access is critical to being able to avoid unplanned pregnancy, which can have far-reaching consequences for a woman, her family, and society at large. Lack of access to contraception is associated with increased health risks for both mothers and children due to unintended pregnancies and closely spaced births.

25 WHEREAS The Legislature finds that the unenforceable statutory requirement that 26 abortions during or after the thirteenth week of pregnancy be performed only in hospitals duly 27 authorized to provide facilities for general surgery does not serve women's health and instead 28 creates obstacles that may harm women's health in the commonwealth. Medical and surgical 29 abortions are extremely safe procedures. In the United States, 90% of abortions are performed in 30 outpatient settings that – while unconnected with hospitals – adhere to stringent medical 31 standards, and fewer than 0.3% of abortion patients have complications requiring hospitalization. 32 Moreover, abortions in hospital settings are considerably more costly, and these facilities are also 33 not significant providers of this care nationally or in Massachusetts. Requiring second-trimester 34 abortions to be performed in hospitals would greatly limit access to these health services, forcing 35 women to delay or forgo their abortions because they cannot find a hospital to provide this 36 medical care and/or are unable to afford the procedure in such a setting.

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THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED

38	SECTION 1. Section 12Q of chapter 112 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2004
39	Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the first paragraph and inserting in place
40	thereof the following paragraph: -
41	Except in an emergency requiring immediate action, no abortion may be performed under
42	section 12L or 12M unless the written consent of the proper person has been delivered to the
43	physician performing the abortion as set forth in section 12S.
44	SECTION 2. Section 19 of chapter 272 of the General Laws is hereby repealed.
45	SECTION 3. Section 20 of said chapter 272 is hereby repealed.
46	SECTION 4. Section 21 of said chapter 272 is hereby repealed.
47	SECTION 5. Section 21A of chapter 272 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2004
48	Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out in lines 2, 5, and 8 the word married".