

**SENATE . . . . . No. 2508**

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

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**In the Year Two Thousand Ten**  
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An Act further regulating business practices between motor vehicle dealers, manufacturers, and distributors..

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1           SECTION 1. Section 1 of Chapter 93B of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2008  
2 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the definition of “Dual” the following  
3 definition:--

4           “Former Franchisee”, a dealer that has either (a) entered into a termination agreement or  
5 deferred termination agreement with a predecessor or successor manufacturer related to such  
6 franchise; or (b) has had such franchise canceled, terminated, non-renewed, non-continued,  
7 rejected, non-assumed, or otherwise ended.

8           SECTION 2. Said section 1 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby further  
9 amended by inserting after the definition of “Franchisor representative” the following  
10 definition:--

11           “Line Make”, a collection of models, series, or groups of motor vehicles manufactured  
12 by or for a particular manufacturer, distributor, or importer that are offered for sale, lease, or  
13 distribution pursuant to a common brand name or mark; provided, however (a) multiple brand

14 names or marks may constitute a single line-make, but only when included in a common dealer  
15 agreement and the manufacturer, distributor, or importer offers such vehicles bearing the  
16 multiple names or marks together only, and not separately, to its authorized dealers; and (b)  
17 motor vehicles bearing a common brand name or mark may constitute separate line makes when  
18 pertaining to motor vehicles subject to separate dealer agreements or when such vehicle are  
19 intended for different types of uses.

20 SECTION 3. Section 4 of chapter 93B of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2008  
21 Official Edition, is hereby amended in subsection (c) by striking paragraph (5) and inserting in  
22 place thereof the following paragraph:--

23 (5) to offer to sell or to sell any new motor vehicle to any person located in the  
24 commonwealth at a lower actual price therefor than the actual price offered contemporaneously  
25 to any motor vehicle dealer located in the commonwealth for the same model vehicle similarly  
26 equipped or to utilize any device including, but not limited to, sales promotion plans or programs  
27 which result in the lesser actual price unless available on equal terms to all dealers located in the  
28 commonwealth; provided, however, that this paragraph shall not apply to sales to a motor vehicle  
29 dealer for resale to any unit of the federal government or any agency thereof or to the  
30 commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions; provided, further, that this paragraph shall not  
31 apply to sales to a motor vehicle dealer of any motor vehicle ultimately sold, donated or used by  
32 the dealer in a driver education program. In connection with a sale of a motor vehicle or vehicles  
33 to a motor vehicle dealer for resale to any unit of the federal government or any agency thereof  
34 or to the commonwealth or to any political subdivision thereof, no manufacturer or distributor  
35 shall offer any discounts, refunds or any other similar type of inducement to any dealer without  
36 making the same offer available to all other of its dealers within the state, and if the inducements

37 are made, the manufacturer or distributor shall give simultaneous notice thereof to all of its  
38 dealers within the state. In order to prove a violation of this paragraph, it shall be the dealer's  
39 burden to demonstrate a price, discount or incentive was not reasonably available. Proof of a  
40 discrepancy between the price offered and reasonably available to different dealers shall be  
41 presumptive evidence of discrimination, without further necessary proof of lost sales or lost  
42 opportunities, and shall, amongst other remedies, warrant an injunction curing any such  
43 discrepancy pending final adjudication of the issues and calculation of damages, if any, at the  
44 time of trial. The use intended by any customer shall not serve as a means for any manufacturer  
45 or distributor to justify a price discrepancy. Should a dealer successfully demonstrate the  
46 existence of a price discrepancy, said dealer shall be awarded his or her reasonable costs of suit,  
47 including reasonable attorneys' fees.

48 SECTION 4. Said section 4 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby further  
49 amended in said subsection (c) by striking paragraph (8) and inserting in place thereof the  
50 following paragraph:--

51 (8)(i) to impose upon any motor vehicle dealer or any director, officer, partner or  
52 stockholder thereof or any other person holding or otherwise owning an interest therein, by or  
53 through the terms and provisions of a franchise agreement or otherwise, unreasonable restrictions  
54 upon the financial arrangement or structure of a dealership, upon the method and manner by  
55 which the dealership finances or intends to finance its operation, equipment and facilities or upon  
56 the ability of any individual, proprietor or stockholder to use, sell or transfer any interest in the  
57 dealership or to enter into and implement any testamentary arrangement with respect thereto.

58 (ii) A manufacturer or distributor may require that any director, officer, partner or  
59 stockholder of a motor vehicle dealer, or any other person holding or otherwise owning an  
60 interest therein, be identified as such and may establish reasonable standards concerning the  
61 capital and facilities needed for dealership operations and concerning continuity of dealership  
62 management subject to the provisions of paragraph (13). There shall be no assignment,  
63 delegation or transfer of the franchise or management or control thereunder without the written  
64 consent of the manufacturer or distributor, which consent shall not unreasonably be withheld;  
65 provided, however, that the manufacturer or distributor shall not deny to the surviving spouse or  
66 heirs of an individual franchised motor vehicle dealer or of a partner of an unincorporated  
67 franchised motor vehicle dealer or of a stockholder of a corporate franchised motor vehicle  
68 dealer the right to submit a proposal as provided in this Section to succeed to the interest of the  
69 decedent in such franchised motor vehicle dealership enterprise or directly or indirectly to  
70 interfere with, hinder or prevent the continuance of the business of the franchised motor vehicle  
71 dealer by reason of such succession to the interest of the decedent during the pendency of any  
72 such proposal, which shall take into account the familial relationship of the parties; provided,  
73 further, that the continuation of the business of the franchised motor vehicle dealer shall be  
74 conducted under competent management acceptable to the franchisor, whose acceptance shall  
75 not be unreasonably withheld; provided, further, that in the event the franchised motor vehicle  
76 dealer and franchisor have duly executed an agreement concerning succession rights prior to the  
77 individual dealer's, partner's or stockholder's death and if such agreement has not been revoked  
78 by the franchised motor vehicle dealer, such agreement shall be observed, even if it designates an  
79 individual other than the surviving spouse or heirs of the decedent.

80 (iii) The manufacturer or distributor shall promptly mail a dealership application to a  
81 proposed assignee, delegee or transferee following any request therefor submitted by the  
82 proposed assigning, delegating or transferring motor vehicle dealer. The proposed assignee,  
83 delegee, or transferee shall submit the application to the manufacturer or distributor with all  
84 supporting documentation as specified therein by the manufacturer or distributor. The  
85 manufacturer or distributor shall, within 30 days of receipt of the application and all supporting  
86 documentation as specified therein, review it and notify the assignee, delegee, or transferee what  
87 additional information, data, or documents, if any, is needed by the manufacturer or distributor to  
88 complete its review. Upon the submission of all specified additional information, data, or  
89 documents by the assignee, delegee, or transferee, said manufacturer or distributor shall, within  
90 30 days of receipt of all of the specified additional information, make its decision to approve or  
91 reject the proposed sale, assignment, or transfer. If the manufacturer or distributor does not reject  
92 such application within 30 days after the submission of all of the requested additional  
93 information, data, or documents, the application shall be considered approved for all purposes,  
94 unless the 30 day deadline is extended by mutual agreement of the manufacturer or distributor  
95 and the proposed assigning, delegating, or transferring dealer. If the manufacturer or distributor  
96 did not request any additional information, data, or documents, the manufacturer or distributor  
97 shall, within 60 days of the receipt of the application and all supporting documentation as  
98 specified therein, review the application and approve or reject it. If the manufacturer or  
99 distributor does not reject the application within 60 days of receipt of the application and all  
100 supporting documentation as specified therein, the application shall be considered approved for  
101 all purposes, unless the 60 day deadline is extended by mutual agreement of the manufacturer or  
102 distributor and the proposed assigning, delegating, or transferring dealer.

103 (iv) If a franchise agreement specifies that the consent of the manufacturer or distributor  
104 must be obtained before a dealer engages in dualing, the consent shall not unreasonably be  
105 withheld; but this sentence shall not modify or supersede any term of a franchise agreement  
106 requiring a dealer to maintain an exclusive facility for its operations.

107 SECTION 5. Said section 4 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby further  
108 amended in said subsection (c) by inserting at the end of paragraph (10) the following sentence:--  
109 Upon the written request to a manufacturer or distributor by a dealer of the same line make as a  
110 dealership established pursuant to clause (ii), the manufacturer or distributor shall send the  
111 requesting dealer a written statement verifying that the relationship with said independent person  
112 is in compliance with the provisions of this paragraph; provided, however, that the manufacturer  
113 or distributor shall not disclose any personal or financial information of the independent person  
114 or dealership.

115 SECTION 6. Said section 4 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby further  
116 amended in subsection (c) by inserting after paragraph (12) the following paragraph:--

117 (13) to require a motor vehicle dealer, by agreement, program, policy, standard, or  
118 otherwise, to relocate, to make substantial changes, alterations, or remodeling to, or to replace a  
119 motor vehicle dealer's sales or service facilities unless the manufacturer's or distributor's  
120 requirements are reasonable and justifiable in light of the current and reasonably foreseeable  
121 projections of economic conditions, financial expectations, and the motor vehicle dealer's market  
122 for the manufacturer or distributor's motor vehicles; provided, however, that a manufacturer or  
123 distributor may provide to a motor vehicle dealer a commitment to allocate additional vehicles or  
124 a loan or grant of money as an inducement for the motor vehicle dealer to relocate, expand,

125 improve, remodel, alter, or renovate its facilities if the manufacturer or distributor delivers an  
126 estimation to the dealer that it will offer a sufficient quantity of new motor vehicles, consistent  
127 with its allocation obligations at law and to its other same line-make motor vehicle dealers,  
128 which may economically justify such relocation, expansion, improvement, remodeling,  
129 renovation, or alteration, in light of reasonably current and reasonably projected market and  
130 economic conditions. The provisions of the increase in vehicle allocation, the loan or grant and  
131 the assurance, and the basis for them must be contained in a written agreement voluntarily  
132 entered into by the dealer. A manufacturer or distributor shall not take or threaten to take action  
133 that is unfair or adverse to a dealer who does not enter into an agreement with the manufacturer  
134 or distributor pursuant to this paragraph.

135           SECTION 7. Section 5 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby amended in  
136 subsection (c) by inserting at the end thereof the following:-- If such action is timely  
137 commenced, such action shall serve to stay, without bond, the proposed termination or non-  
138 renewal until a final judgment has been rendered in an adjudicatory proceeding or action, or until  
139 the parties mutually agree otherwise. If the termination is based upon performance of the dealer  
140 in sales and service, there shall be no good cause if the dealer substantially complies with the  
141 reasonable performance provisions established by the manufacturer or distributor during such  
142 cure period, and there shall be no good cause if the failure to demonstrate such substantial  
143 compliance was due to factors which were beyond the control of such dealer. In any situation  
144 where the manufacturer or distributor pursues a termination based in part on a failure to  
145 substantially comply with a performance standard, before any cure period commences, the  
146 manufacturer or distributor must provide the dealer with the underlying data pertaining to the  
147 dealership that demonstrates the dealer does not meet the performance standard cited.

148 SECTION 8. Said section 5 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby further  
149 amended by striking subsection (k) and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:--

150 (k) In the event of a termination or cessation of a line make, regardless of cause, the  
151 manufacturer or distributor shall:

152 (1) within 90 days from the effective date of the termination, repurchase all new, unused,  
153 undamaged and unaltered motor vehicles of the current model year that it sold to the dealer and  
154 any other such vehicles that it sold to the dealer within 180 days before the notice of termination,  
155 at a price equal to the amount paid therefor by the motor vehicle dealer, including but not limited  
156 to transportation charges, less all incentives and allowances received by the dealer; provided,  
157 however, that the motor vehicles which are recreational vehicles of the current model year and  
158 any other recreational vehicles sold to the dealer within 180 days before the notice of termination  
159 shall be repurchased; provided, further, this paragraph shall not apply to a recreational vehicle  
160 manufacturer if the termination was initiated by the dealer for reasons other than the  
161 manufacturer's material breach of contract; provided, further, that the dealer has transferred to  
162 the manufacturer or distributor full right and legal title to the vehicles before their repurchase.

163 (2) if requested by the dealer within the same 90 day period, repurchase all genuine new  
164 and unused motor vehicle parts and accessories that it sold to the motor vehicle dealer so long as  
165 the same are undamaged, in their original packaging and listed in the current parts and  
166 accessories price list of the manufacturer or distributor, at a price equal to the wholesale price  
167 stated in the current parts and accessories price list of the manufacturer or distributor, including  
168 but not limited to transportation charges, less all incentives and allowances received by the  
169 dealer and without reduction for such repurchase or for processing or handling the repurchase;



170 provided, however, that the dealer has transferred to the manufacturer or distributor full right and  
171 legal title to the equipment before their repurchase;

172 (3) if requested by the dealer within the same 90 day period, repurchase the new and used  
173 equipment that it sold to the motor vehicle dealer within three years from the effective date of  
174 termination at its then fair market value, including, but not limited to, signs, special tools and  
175 manuals, which the manufacturer or distributor required the motor vehicle dealer to purchase,  
176 such repurchase amount to include transportation charges assessed on the dealer; provided,  
177 however, that the dealer has transferred to the manufacturer or distributor full right and legal title  
178 to the equipment before their repurchase; and

179 (4) in the event of a termination that is the result of the cessation of a line make, if  
180 requested by the dealer within the same 90 day period, pay: (a) the fair market value of the  
181 goodwill of the franchise as of the date immediately preceding the manufacturer or distributor's  
182 announcement of a termination or announcement that a line make is being discontinued; (b) the  
183 cost of the lease for the facilities used for the franchise or line-make for the unexpired term of the  
184 lease not to exceed one year; provided, however, that if a facility is used for the operation of  
185 more than one franchise, the reasonable rent owed by the manufacturer shall be based on the  
186 portion of the facility utilized by the terminated franchise; and (c) the dealer's cost of any facility  
187 upgrades or alterations required by the manufacturer or distributor within the 1 years preceding  
188 the notice of termination or announcement that a line make is being discontinued.

189 (5) The above provisions do not apply in the event of a sale of the assets or stock of a  
190 motor vehicle dealership.

191 SECTION 9. Section 6 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby amended in  
192 subsection (b) by inserting at the end thereof the following paragraph:-- A motor vehicle dealer  
193 shall be limited to a relocation of an existing point pursuant to clause (1) or to the appointment of  
194 a successor at a site pursuant to clause (2) once within a two-year period of time.

195 SECTION 10. Said section 6 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby further  
196 amended by inserting after subsection (h) the following subsection:--

197 (i) In the event a dealer is terminated, cancelled, or not renewed as a result of the  
198 discontinuation of a line-make or insolvency of a franchisor, for a period of two years from the  
199 date that the former franchisee ceased operations, it shall be unlawful for any successor  
200 manufacturer or distributor to enter into a same line make franchise as that operated by the  
201 former franchisee of the predecessor manufacturer with any person, or to permit the relocation of  
202 any existing same line make franchise, for the same line make represented by the former  
203 franchisee that would be located or relocated within the relevant market area of the former  
204 franchisee without first receiving written permission to do so from the majority owner of the  
205 former franchisee or his designated successor should the dealer principal of the former franchisee  
206 be deceased or disabled. Written permission from the former franchisee shall not be required if  
207 (a) the manufacturer or distributor has offered to re-instate or appoint the former franchisee at no  
208 cost and without any requirements or restrictions other than those imposed generally on the  
209 manufacturer's other franchisees at that time; and provided the former franchisee meets the  
210 manufacturer's reasonable requirements for appointment as a dealer, or (b) the manufacturer or  
211 distributor has paid the former franchisee or designated successor, all termination assistance as  
212 required by section 5, or (c) as a result of the former franchisee's termination of the franchise,  
213 the predecessor manufacturer had consolidated the line make with another of its line makes for

214 which the predecessor manufacturer had a franchisee with a then existing dealership facility  
215 located within the relevant market area, or (d) unless the former franchisee was eligible to seek  
216 reinstatement of the franchise subject to such termination pursuant to Section 747 of the  
217 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010 and for any reason failed to secure such relief.

218 SECTION 11. Section 9 of chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking  
219 subsection (b) and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:--

220 (b)(1) A manufacturer or distributor shall specify in writing to each of its dealers the  
221 dealer's obligations for pre-delivery preparation and warranty service on its products, and shall  
222 compensate the dealer for such preparation and service. Every manufacturer or distributor shall  
223 within a reasonable time fulfill its obligations under all express warranty agreements made by  
224 them with respect to any product manufactured, distributed or sold by them and shall adequately  
225 and fairly compensate any motor vehicle dealer who, in accordance with its franchise  
226 obligations, furnishes labor, parts and materials pursuant to the warranty or maintenance plan,  
227 extended warranty, certified pre-owned warranty, or a service contract, issued by the  
228 manufacturer or distributor or its common entity, unless issued by a common entity that is not a  
229 manufacturer; to fulfill a manufacturer or distributor's delivery or preparation procedures; or to  
230 repair a motor vehicle as a result of a manufacturer or distributor's or common entity's recall,  
231 campaign service, authorized goodwill, directive, or bulletin. For the purposes of motor vehicle  
232 dealers, fair and adequate compensation shall be not less than the rate and price customarily  
233 charged for retail customer repairs as defined herein and computed pursuant to paragraph (2);  
234 provided, however, that fair and adequate compensation shall, for purposes of this section for  
235 powersport vehicles, be computed at the rate normally charged by the motor vehicle dealer to the  
236 public for the labor and materials and shall include a fair charge for diagnostic and test services;

237 provided, further, that notwithstanding the foregoing fair and adequate compensation shall, for  
238 purposes of this section for recreational vehicles, be computed at the rate normally charged by  
239 the motor vehicle dealer to the public for the labor and shall include a fair charge for diagnostic  
240 and test services, and shall, for the purposes of this section for recreational vehicles, be computed  
241 for the materials at the rate of not less than actual wholesale cost, plus a handling charge of 30  
242 per cent of the cost and the cost, if any, of freight to return the warranty materials to the  
243 manufacturer. The term "labor" shall include time spent by employees for diagnosis and repair of  
244 a vehicle. The term "parts" shall include replacement parts and accessories. The term "retail  
245 customer repair" shall mean work, including parts and labor, performed by a dealer which does  
246 not come within the provisions of a manufacturer's or distributor's or its common entity's  
247 warranty, extended warranty, certified pre-owned warranty, service contract, or maintenance  
248 plan, and excludes parts and labor described in clause (iii) of paragraph (2).

249 (2)(i) For purposes of determining the rate and price customarily charged by the motor  
250 vehicle dealer to the public for parts, the compensation may be an agreed percentage markup  
251 over the dealer's cost pursuant to a writing separate and distinct from the franchise agreement  
252 signed after the dealer's request, but if an agreement is not reached within 30 days after a dealer's  
253 written request to be compensated pursuant to this section, compensation for parts will be  
254 calculated by utilizing the following method described herein:

255 The retail rate customarily charged by the dealer for parts shall be established by the  
256 dealer submitting to the manufacturer or distributor 100 sequential non-warranty or customer-  
257 paid service repair orders which contain warranty-like parts, or 60 consecutive days of non-  
258 warranty customer-paid service repair orders which contain warranty-like parts, whichever is  
259 less, covering repairs made no more than one hundred eighty days before the submission and

260 declaring the average percentage markup. The average of the markup rates shall be presumed to  
261 be fair and reasonable. The retail rate shall go into effect 30 days following the declaration,  
262 subject to audit of the submitted repair orders by the franchisor; provided, however, that nothing  
263 in this subsection precludes a dealer from seeking compensation or damages for a discrepancy  
264 between the rate paid and their average markup during periods of time preceding the request. If  
265 the declared rate is rebutted, the manufacturer or distributor shall propose an adjustment of the  
266 average percentage markup based on that rebuttal not later than 30 days after submission. If the  
267 dealer does not agree with the proposed average percentage markup, the dealer may file an action  
268 with a court of competent jurisdiction not later than thirty days after receipt of that proposal by  
269 the manufacturer or distributor. In any action commenced pursuant to this subsection, the  
270 manufacturer or distributor shall have the burden of proving that the rate declared by the dealer  
271 was inaccurate or unreasonable.

272 (ii) The retail rate customarily charged by the dealer for labor may be established by  
273 submitting to the manufacturer or distributor 100 sequential non-warranty customer-paid service  
274 repair orders, or 60 consecutive days of non-warranty customer-paid service repair orders,  
275 whichever is less, covering repair orders made no more than one hundred eighty days before the  
276 submission and dividing the amount of the dealer's total labor sales by the number of total labor  
277 hours that generated those sales. The average labor rate shall be presumed to be fair and  
278 reasonable. The average labor rate shall go into effect 30 days following the declaration, subject  
279 to audit of the submitted repair orders by the franchisor and a rebuttal of such declared rate;  
280 provided, however, that nothing in this subsection precludes a dealer from seeking compensation  
281 or damages for a discrepancy between the rate paid and their average markup during periods of  
282 time preceding the request. If the declared rate is rebutted, the manufacturer or distributor shall

283 propose an adjustment of the average labor rate based on such rebuttal not later than 30 days  
284 after submission. If the dealer does not agree with the proposed average labor rate, the dealer  
285 may file an action with a court of competent jurisdiction not later than thirty days after receipt of  
286 that proposal by the manufacturer or distributor. In any action commenced pursuant to this  
287 subsection, the manufacturer or distributor shall have the burden of proving that the rate declared  
288 by the dealer was inaccurate or unreasonable.

289 (iii) In calculating the retail rate customarily charged by the dealer for parts and labor, the  
290 following work shall not be included in the calculation: (1) routine maintenance not covered  
291 under any retail customer warranty, such as fluids, filters and belts not provided in the course of  
292 repairs; (2) items that do not have an individual part number such as some nuts, bolts, fasteners,  
293 and similar items; (3) tires; and (4) vehicle reconditioning.

294 (iv) If a manufacturer or distributor furnishes a part or component to a dealer, at no cost,  
295 to use in performing repairs under a recall, campaign service action or warranty repair, the  
296 manufacturer or distributor shall compensate the dealer for the part or component in the same  
297 manner as warranty parts compensation under this section by compensating the dealer the  
298 average markup on the cost for the part or component as listed in the manufacturer's or  
299 distributor's price schedule less the cost for the part or component.

300 (v) A manufacturer or distributor shall not require a dealer to establish the retail rate  
301 customarily charged by the dealer for parts and labor by an unduly burdensome or time  
302 consuming method or by requiring information that is unduly burdensome or time consuming to  
303 provide, including, but not limited to, part-by-part or transaction-by-transaction calculations. A

304 dealer shall not declare an average percentage markup or average labor rate more than once in  
305 one calendar year.

306 (vi) A manufacturer or distributor shall not establish or implement a special part or  
307 component number for parts used in pre-delivery, dealer preparation, warranty, extended  
308 warranty, certified pre-owned warranty, recall, campaign service, authorized goodwill, or  
309 maintenance-only applications if that results in lower compensation to the dealer than as  
310 calculated in this subsection.

311 (vii) A manufacturer or distributor shall not require, influence, or attempt to influence a  
312 motor vehicle dealer to implement or change the prices for which it sells parts or labor in retail  
313 customer repairs. A manufacturer or distributor shall not implement or continue a policy,  
314 procedure, or program to any of its dealers in this state for compensation under this section  
315 which is inconsistent with this section.

316 (3) Time allowances for the diagnosis and performance of warranty work and service  
317 shall be reasonable and adequate for the work to be performed.

318 (4) All claims by dealers under this section for such labor and parts and all claims for  
319 compensation relative to any sales incentive programs shall be paid not later than thirty days  
320 after approval by the manufacturer or distributor; provided, however, that manufacturers or  
321 distributors shall retain the right to audit such claims and to charge-back the dealer for false or  
322 unsubstantiated claims pursuant to this section. Dealers shall be required to maintain defective  
323 parts for a period of not longer than ninety days following submission of claims. All such claims  
324 shall be either approved or disapproved not later than thirty days after their receipt on forms, and  
325 in the manner specified by, the manufacturer or distributor. Any claim not disapproved in writing

326 or by means of electronic transmission not later than thirty days after receipt shall be deemed  
327 approved and payment shall be made within thirty days.

328 (6) A manufacturer or distributor shall not take or threaten to take adverse action against  
329 a motor vehicle dealer who seeks to obtain compensation pursuant to this section. As used in this  
330 subsection, the term "adverse action" shall include, without limitation, acting or failing to act,  
331 other than in good faith; creating or implementing an obstacle or process that is inconsistent with  
332 the manufacturer or distributor's obligations to the dealer under this section; hindering, delaying,  
333 or rejecting the proper and timely payment of compensation due under this section to a dealer;  
334 establishing, implementing, enforcing, or applying any policy, standard, rule, program, or  
335 incentive regarding compensation due under this section other than in a uniform and non-  
336 disparate manner among the manufacturer or distributor's dealers in this state.

337 SECTION 12. Said section 9 of said chapter 93B, as so appearing, is hereby further  
338 amended in subsection (e) by inserting at the end thereof the following:-- A manufacturer or  
339 distributor may not charge a motor vehicle dealer back subsequent to the payment of a claim  
340 unless a representative of the manufacturer or distributor first meets in person or by video or  
341 teleconference with an officer or employee of the dealer designated by the motor vehicle dealer.  
342 The unexcused failure or refusal of a dealer or dealer-designated representative to schedule,  
343 attend, or participate in a meeting with the manufacturer or distributor to which the dealer or  
344 dealer-designated representative consented shall relieve the manufacturer or distributor of any  
345 further obligation under this section; provided, however, that for the purposes of this section, an  
346 "excused failure or refusal" of a dealer or a dealer-designated representative to schedule, attend,  
347 or participate in a meeting with the manufacturer or distributor shall include, but not be limited  
348 to, the illness, hospitalization, or death of the dealer or his designee; the dealer or his designee



349 attending to an emergency regarding or the death of a family member; the dealer or his designee  
350 attending to an emergency regarding the dealership; absence caused by military deployment; a  
351 weather emergency; an act of God; and the dealer or his designee attending another dealership-  
352 related meeting scheduled by the manufacturer or distributor away from the dealership. At such  
353 meeting the manufacturer or distributor shall provide a detailed explanation, with supporting  
354 documentation, as to the basis for each of the claims for which the manufacturer or distributor  
355 proposed a charge-back to the dealer and a written statement containing the basis upon which the  
356 motor vehicle dealer was selected for audit or review. Thereafter, the manufacturer or distributor  
357 shall provide the motor vehicle dealer's representative a reasonable period after the meeting  
358 within which to respond to the proposed charge-backs, with such period to be commensurate  
359 with the volume of claims under consideration, but in no case less than 30 days after the meeting.  
360 The manufacturer or distributor shall be prohibited from changing or altering the basis for each  
361 of the proposed charge-backs as presented to the motor vehicle dealer's representative following  
362 the conclusion of the audit unless the manufacturer or distributor receives new information  
363 affecting the basis for one or more charge-backs. If the manufacturer or distributor claims the  
364 existence of new information, the dealer shall have the same right to a meeting and right to  
365 respond as when the charge-back was originally presented.