The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Nine

An Act Relative to a Board of Midwifery.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 13 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the
 following section:-

3 Section 101: (a) There shall be, within the department of public health, a board of 4 registration in midwifery, which shall consist of 11 members each of whom shall be a resident of 5 the commonwealth, to be appointed by the governor, 3 of whom shall be licensed midwives or 6 licensed nurse midwives, 3 of whom shall be licensed professional midwives, 1 of whom shall be 7 a licensed physician in the commonwealth with experience collaborating with midwives, 1 of 8 whom shall be a nurse who is not a midwife and 3 of whom shall be parents with at least 1 child 9 born with the assistance of a midwife licensed by the board but who have never been midwives 10 and who have no financial interest in the practice of midwifery or in any health care facility, 11 agency or insurer.

(b)Members shall be appointed for terms of 3 years. No member shall be appointed for
more than 2 consecutive terms, provided, however, that a member appointed for less than a full

term may serve 2 full terms in addition to that part of a full term, and a former member shallagain be eligible for appointment after a lapse of at least 1 year.

(c) A member of the board may be removed by the governor for neglect of duty,
misconduct, malfeasance or misfeasance in office after being given a written statement of the
charges against him and sufficient opportunity to be heard. Upon the death or removal for cause
of a member of the board, the governor shall fill the vacancy for the remainder of that member's
term.

21 (d) The board shall, at its first meeting and annually thereafter, elect from among its 22 members a chairperson, a vice-chairperson and a secretary who shall each serve for 1 year and 23 until a successor is appointed and qualified. The board shall meet at the call of the chairperson or 24 upon the request of at least 5 members. The board shall meet at least 4 times annually. The 25 board shall adopt such rules and regulations as it deems necessary to carry out this section. Five 26 members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Board members 27 shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for actual and reasonable expenses 28 incurred in the performance of their duties.

29 SECTION 2. Section 7 of chapter 94C of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding
30 the following subsection:-

(i) The commissioner shall adopt regulations which provide for the registration of licensed midwives and licensed nurse-midwives, as provided in section 237 of chapter 112, to issue written prescriptions for patients in accordance with regulations approved by the board of registration in midwifery and the department of public health. Prior to adopting such regulations, the commissioner shall consult with the board of registration in midwifery with regard to those

36	schedules of controlled substances for which licensed midwives and licensed nurse-midwives
37	may be registered.
38	SECTION 3. Chapter 112 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the
39	following 15 sections:-
40	Section 236. The following words as used in this section and sections 237 to 250,
41	inclusive, shall have the following meanings, unless the context requires otherwise:-
42	"Board", the board of registration of midwifery established in section 101 of chapter 13.
43	"Licensed midwife", a person who has been licensed by the board to practice midwifery.
44	"Licensed nurse-midwife", a person who has been licensed by the board to practice
45	midwifery.
46	"Licensed professional midwife", a person who has been licensed by the board to practice
47	midwifery.
48	"Midwifery", the provision of necessary care and education to women during pregnancy,
49	labor and the interconceptional and postpartum periods; provided, however, that midwifery shall
50	include conducting deliveries on one's own responsibility and caring for the newborn infant.
51	Section 237. The board shall:
52	(1) adopt rules and regulations providing for the licensing of midwives for the practice of
53	midwifery in accordance with sections 236 to 250, inclusive;
54	(2) grant licenses for midwives, nurse-midwives or professional midwives;

(3) establish administrative procedures for processing applications for licenses and
renewal thereof and to hire or appoint agents for processing applications for licenses and license
renewals;

58 (4) establish license criteria for midwives, nurse-midwives and professional midwives;

59 (5) retain records of its actions and proceedings in accordance with chapter 66;

60 (6) by regulation, define the appropriate standards for education, including, but not
61 limited to, continuing professional education requirements for licensed midwives, licensed nurse62 midwife and licensed professional midwives and for the conduct and ethics which shall govern
63 the practice of midwifery; and

64 (8) adopt regulations, in consultation with the department of public health regarding the
65 authority of a licensed midwife and licensed-nurse midwife to issue written prescriptions under
66 of paragraph (i) of section 7 of chapter 94C.

67 (9) adopt regulations in consultation with the department of public health regarding the
68 authority of a licensed professional midwife to obtain and administer medications and
69 therapeutics and to order and interpret tests relevant to the practice of midwifery.

70 (10) perform such other functions and duties as may be required to carry sections 236 to
71 250, inclusive.

Section 238. The board shall examine applicants for licensure in each of the fields it supervises at least twice in each calendar year at such times and places it deems necessary. The board shall establish examination and testing requirements to ascertain the competency of a person applying for a license to practice as a midwife, nurse-midwife or professional midwife. The testing requirements shall include proof that the applicant has passed either: (a) an examination administered by the board; or (b) a national midwifery examination approved by the board. The board may require an applicant to pass any supplemental examinations as it deems necessary to test the applicant's knowledge of basic and clinical sciences as they relate to the practice of midwifery and other subjects as the board may deem useful to determine the applicant's fitness for licensure.

The board shall establish standards for reexamination for those applicants who fail the board-approved exam; provided, however, that the standards shall clearly establish a limit on the number of times an applicant may retake the exam.

An application for a license, which shall be furnished by the board, shall be signed and sworn to by the applicants. An applicant who furnishes satisfactory proof that he is at least 18 years old, of good moral character and has met the requirements for examination, and the educational and clinical practice requirements set forth in section 241 to 243, inclusive, shall, upon payment of a fee determined by the secretary of administration and finance under section 3B of chapter 7 of the General Laws, be licensed to practice as a midwife, nurse-midwife or professional midwife.

Licenses shall be valid for 2 years and shall expire on the birth of the licensee. Licensees shall pay to the board a renewal fee which shall be determined by the secretary of administration and finance pursuant to section 3B of said chapter 7. A person seeking a license or a renewal thereof shall provide evidence of the completing such continuing education as the board shall require. The board may provide for the late renewal of a license that has lapsed. 97 Upon the issuance of a license or a renewal thereof, the board shall issue to each 98 individual a certificate that clearly designates that the holder is licensed to practice as a midwife, 99 nurse-midwife or professional midwife. The board may also indicate on the certificate other 100 professional certifications held by the holder if it deems those certifications appropriate to the 101 practice of midwifery; and provided, however, that the licensee shall furnish the board with 102 satisfactory proof of those certifications.

103 Section 239. (a) The board shall develop a process by which it approves programs for the 104 education and training of individuals to practice as midwives and nurse-midwives; provided, 105 however, that those programs shall develop standards which shall be no less stringent than those 106 set by a nationally-recognized nurse-midwifery education program accrediting organization.

(b) The board shall adopt rules and regulations for continuing education requirements for
licensed midwives and licensed nurse-midwives including the scope and number of hours for
such continuing education required for re-licensure. Such requirements shall be at least as
stringent as the continuing education requirements for re-certification by a nationally-recognized
nurse-midwifery certifying organization.

Section 240. (a) The board shall develop a process by which it approves programsfor the education and training of individuals to practice as professional midwives; provided, however, that those programs shall develop standards which shall be no less stringent than those set by a nationally-recognized professional midwifery education accrediting organization; and, provided further, that said standards shall allow for education and training as an individual to practice as a professional midwife through an apprenticeship program.

118	(b)The board shall adopt rules and regulations for continuing education requirements for
119	licensed professional midwives including the scope and number of hours for such continuing
120	education required for re-licensure.
121	Section 241. Requirements for licensure as a midwife shall include:
122	(1) completion of the program required in section 239;
123	(2) completion of a post-baccalaureate education program in midwifery approved by the
124	board under section 240;
125	(3) passage of an examination approved by the board for licensure as a midwife;
126	(4) completion of appropriate pharmacology education as determined by the board; and
127	(5) any additional information as requested by the board, including information necessary
128	to ensure that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill and safety to the public.
129	Section 242. Requirements for licensure as a nurse-midwife shall include:
130	(1) eligibility for registration as a nurse under section 74 of chapter 112;
131	(2) completion of a post-baccalaureate educational program in nurse-midwifery approved
132	by the board under section 239;
133	(3) passage of an examination approved by the board for licensure as a nurse-midwife;
134	(4) completion of appropriate pharmacology education as determined by the board; and
135	(5) any additional information as requested by the board, including information necessary
136	to ensure that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill and safety to the public.

137	Section 243. Requirements for licensure as a professional midwife shall include:
138	(1) completion of an educational program or apprenticeship program in professional
139	midwifery approved by the board under section 240;
140	(2) passage of an examination approved by the board for licensure as a professional
141	midwife;
142	(3) completion of appropriate pharmacology education as determined by the board; and
143	(4) any additional information as requested by the board, including information necessary
144	to ensure that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill and safety to the public.
145	Section 244. The board shall adopt regulations relative to the scope of practice of
146	licensed midwives. The scope of practice shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
147	(1) providing the necessary supervision, care and advice to women during pregnancy,
148	labor, the postpartum and interconceptional periods;
149	(2) conducting vaginal deliveries on the midwife's own responsibility and caring for the
150	newborn and the infant; provided, however, that the care to mother and child include preventive
151	measures, the detection of abnormal conditions, the procurement of medical assistance and the
152	execution of emergency measures in the absence of medical help; and
153	(3) additional related health care services, including gynecological services, as defined by
154	the board.
155	A licensed midwife may order and administer medications and therapeutics and order and
156	interpret tests relevant to the practice of midwifery in accordance with regulations promulgated

157	by the board, in consultation with the department of public health, and issue written prescriptions
158	subject to subsection (i) of section 7 of chapter 94C.
159	The board shall also adopt regulations relative to the requirements and standards for
160	clinical practice, including informed consent for midwifery care and consultation and referral
161	within the system of health care.
162	Section 245. The board shall adopt regulations relative to the scope of practice of
163	licensed nurse-midwives. The scope of practice shall include, but not be
164	limited to, the following:
165	(1) providing the necessary supervision, care and advice to women during pregnancy,
166	labor and the interconceptional and postpartum periods;
167	(2) conducting vaginal deliveries on the midwife's own responsibility and caring for the
168	newborn and the infant; provide, however, that the care to mother and child may include
169	preventive measures, the detection of abnormal conditions, the procurement of medical
170	assistance and the execution of emergency measures in the absence of medical help; and
171	(3) additional related health care services including, gynecological services, as defined by
172	the board.
173	A licensed nurse-midwife may order and administer medications and therapeutics and
174	order and interpret tests relevant to the practice of midwifery in accordance with regulations
175	promulgated by the board in consultation with the department of public health and issue written
176	prescriptions subject to subsection
177	(i) of section 7 of chapter 94C.

178 The board shall also adopt regulations relative to the requirements and standards for 179 clinical practice, including informed consent for midwifery care and consultation and referral 180 within the system of health care.

181 Section 246. The board shall adopt regulations relative to the scope of practice of
182 licensed professional midwives. The scope of practice shall include, but not be limited to, the
183 following:

184 (1) providing the necessary supervision, care and advice to women during pregnancy,
185 labor and the interconceptional and postpartum periods; and

(2) conducting vaginal deliveries on the midwife's own responsibility, and caring for the
newborn and the infant; provide, however, that the care to the mother and child may include
preventive measures, the detection of abnormal conditions, the procurement of medical
assistance and the execution of emergency measures in the absence of medical help.

A licensed professional midwife may obtain and administer medications and therapeutics and order and interpret tests relevant to the practice of midwifery in accordance with regulations adopted by the board, in consultation with the department of public health.

193 The board shall also adopt regulations relative to the requirements and standards for 194 clinical practice, including informed consent for midwifery care and consultation and referral 195 within the system of health care.

Section 247. The board may, without examination and upon payment of a fee determined annually by the secretary of administration and finance under section 3B of chapter 7, register and issue a license to, a midwife who has been lawfully in practice in another state for the

199 preceding 5 years, if the midwife presents to the board a certificate of registration and duration of 200 practice from the board of midwifery or other like board of that state, provided, however, that the 201 other state shall require a degree of competency equal to that required of applicants in the 202 commonwealth.

Section 248. The board shall keep a record of its proceedings and a roster of all persons
licensed by it under sections 236 to 250, inclusive. The roster shall include the licensee's name,
last known business and residential addresses, date of licensure and license number.

Section 249. Nothing in sections 236 to 250, inclusive, shall be construed to authorize a
midwife to practice medicine or any other form or method of healing not specified in said
sections 236 to 250, inclusive.

A person shall not hold himself out as a midwife or as being licensed to practice midwifery in the commonwealth unless he is licensed in accordance with sections 236 to 250, inclusive. A person who is not so licensed shall not use any words or abbreviations indicating he is a licensed midwife, licensed nurse-midwife or licensed professional midwife.

213 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or restrict the practice, service or214 activities of:

(1) any person licensed in the commonwealth from engaging in activities within the scope of practice of the profession or occupation for which he is licensed, provided that he does not represent to the public, directly or indirectly, that he is licensed under sections 236 to 250, inclusive, and that he does not use any name, title or designation indicating he is licensed under said sections 236 to 250, inclusive; (2) any person employed as a midwife by the federal government or an agency thereof if
that person provides midwifery services solely under the direction and control of the
organization by which he is employed;

(3) the performance of midwifery services of any student engaged in an education
program approved in accordance with sections 240 or 241 if midwifery services performed by
the student are an integral part of the student's course of study and are performed under the direct
supervision of a licensed midwife assigned to supervise the student; and

(4) any person who attends births without being a licensed midwife, licensed nursemidwife or licensed professional midwife, if that person receives no compensation for his
services and does not assume any of the responsibilities of a midwife licensed under sections 236
to 250, inclusive.

Section 250. The board may deny a issue a license, refuse to renew a license or, after a
hearing pursuant to chapter 30A, revoke, suspend or cancel the license or place on probation,
reprimand, censure or otherwise discipline a licensee upon proof satisfactory to a majority of the
board that the person:

235 (1) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license by fraud or deception;

236 (2) has been convicted of a felony under state or federal law;

237 (3) has been adjudged mentally ill or incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction;

(4) has used drugs or intoxicating liquors to the extent which adversely affects hispractice;

240	(5) has engaged in unethical or unprofessional conduct including, but not limited to,
241	willful acts, negligence or incompetence in the course of professional practice;
242	(6) has violated any lawful order, rule or regulation rendered or adopted by the board;
243	(7) has been disciplined in connection with a midwifery license issued by any other state
244	or country;
245	(8) used or attempted to use a license that has been suspended or revoked; or
246	(9) knowingly concealed information relating to the enforcement of this chapter or rules
247	adopted pursuant thereto.
248	SECTION 4. Section 80C of chapter 112 is hereby repealed.
249	SECTION 5. The board shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to section 237 of
250	chapter 112 of the General Laws within 180 days after the effective date of this act. Within 180
251	days after the board adopts the rules and regulations pursuant to said section 237 of said chapter
252	112, the board may commence the issuing of licenses.
253	SECTION 6. Nothing in this act shall preclude any person who was practicing midwifery
254	before the effective date of this act from practicing midwifery in the commonwealth until the
255	board establishes procedures for the licensure of midwives pursuant to sections 237 to 250,
256	inclusive, of chapter 112 of the General Laws.
257	SECTION 7. Notwithstanding section 101 of chapter 13 of the General Laws, 6
258	midwives to be appointed to the midwifery board shall be initially appointed as follows: 3 shall
259	be midwives or nurse midwives certified by a nationally-recognized midwife certification board

260	and 3 shall be professional midwives certified by a nationally-recognized midwife certification
261	board who shall serve for terms of 3 years pursuant to said section 101 of said chapter 13.
262	SECTION 8. The board of registry of midwifery, established pursuant to section 101 of
263	chapter 13 of the General Laws, shall establish regulations for the licensure of individuals

264 practicing midwifery prior to the date on which the board commences issuing licenses, provided

that the individuals shall have 2 years from the date on which the board commences issuing

266 licenses to provide proof of passage of a licensing examination recognized by the board and

267 proof of completion of any continuing education requirements necessary for re-licensure.