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## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

### PRESENTED BY:

### Martha M. Walz

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to virtual charter schools.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Martha M. Walz	8th Suffolk	1/20/2011
William N. Brownsberger		1/24/2011

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By Ms. Walz of Boston, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1090) of Martha M. Walz and William N. Brownsberger relative to the definition of virtual charter schools using the Internet for on-line educational course instructions from remote locations. [COMMITTEE].

# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Eleven

An Act relative to virtual charter schools.

*Whereas,* The deferred operation of this act would tend to defeat its purpose, which is to provide expanded learning opportunities for students, therefore it is hereby declared to be an emergency law, necessary for the immediate preservation of the public convenience.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:* 

1 Chapter 71 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 89 the

2 following section:-

3	Section 89A. (a) As used in this section the following words shall, unless the context
4	clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:
5	"Board", the board of elementary and secondary education.
6	"Commissioner", the commissioner of elementary and secondary education.
7	"Department", the department of elementary and secondary education.
8	"District", or "school district", the school department of a city, town, regional school
9	district, or county agricultural school.

10 "Online course", a course or grade-level instruction that is delivered by an online 11 provider primarily electronically using the Internet or other computer-based methods and is 12 taught by a teacher primarily from a remote location, with student access to the teacher given 13 synchronously, asynchronously or both; an online course may be delivered to students at school 14 as part of the regularly scheduled school day.

15 "Virtual charter school", a public school operated by an online provider whose teachers 16 teach primarily from a remote location using the Internet or other computer-based methods, with 17 students not required to be located at a physical premises of the school.

(b) The purposes of establishing virtual charter schools include all of the purposes contained in subsection (b), section 89, and the following: (i) to provide students with a flexible schedule; (ii) to differentiate the delivery of curriculum and instruction to students; (iii) to meet instructional needs in a cost-effective way; (iv) to provide opportunities for students who need expanded access to courses in order to meet their educational goals, such as students in urban and rural high schools who do not have access to higher level courses; and (v) to provide instruction to students who may not be able to attend traditional public schools.

(c) A virtual charter school shall be a public school, operated under a charter granted by the board, which operates independently of a school committee and is managed by a board of trustees. The board of trustees of a virtual charter school, upon receiving a charter from the board, shall be deemed to be public agents authorized by the commonwealth to supervise and control the virtual charter school.

30 (d) Persons or entities eligible to submit an application to establish a virtual charter
31 school shall include, but not be limited to: (i) a non-profit business or corporate entity; (ii) 2 or

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32 more certified teachers; or (iii) 10 or more parents; provided, however, that for profit business or 33 corporate entities shall be prohibited from applying for a charter. The application may be filed in 34 conjunction with a college, university, museum or other similar non-profit entity. Private and 35 parochial schools shall not be eligible for virtual charter school status. The board may authorize a 36 single board of trustees to manage more than 1 virtual charter school; provided, however, that 37 each school is issued its own charter. 38 (e) The board shall establish the information needed in an application for the approval of 39 a virtual charter school; provided that the application shall include, but not be limited to, a 40 description of: 41 (i) the mission, purpose, innovation and specialized focus of the proposed virtual charter 42 school; 43 (ii) the innovative methods to be used in the virtual charter school; 44 (iii) the organization of the school by ages of students or grades to be taught and an 45 estimate of the total enrollment of the school; 46 (iv) the method for and timetable of admission to the virtual charter school; 47 (v) the educational program, instructional methodology and services to be offered to 48 students; 49 (vi) the school's capacity to address the particular needs of limited English-proficient 50 students to learn English and learn content matter, including the employment of staff that meets 51 the criteria established by the department; 52 (vii) how the school shall involve parents as partners in the education of their children;

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- 53 (viii) the school governance and by-laws;
- (ix) a proposed arrangement or contract with an organization that shall manage or operate
   the school, including any proposed or agreed upon payments to such organization;
- (x) the identity of any third party software or curriculum vendors that the school intends
  to use;
- 58 (xi) the financial plan for the operation of the school;

(xii) methods to assure that all students will have access to necessary technology and
materials;

(xiii) the number and qualifications of teachers and administrators to be employed,
including the number and qualifications of teachers or administrators to be employed who are not
licensed in Massachusetts;

64 (xiv) the procedures for evaluation and professional development for teachers and
 65 administrators;

(xv) a statement of equal educational opportunity which shall state that virtual charter
schools shall be open to all students, on a space available basis, and shall not discriminate on the
basis of race, color, national origin, creed, sex, ethnicity, sexual orientation, mental or physical
disability, age, ancestry, athletic performance, special need, or proficiency in the English
language;

71 (xvi) plans for disseminating successes and innovations of the virtual charter school to
72 other non-charter public schools;

73	(xvii) whether the virtual charter school will offer online courses to students attending	
74	other schools, and, if so, how the virtual charter school will work with the sending district or	
75	school to determine whether the online courses meet said district's or school's standards and	
76	requirements and what the virtual charter school will charge for online courses;	
77	(xviii) the expectations for teacher-student communication;	
78	(xix) how the school will administer state required assessment tests;	
79	(xx) how the school will define and monitor a student's participation;	
80	(xxi) what, if any, on-site activities, learning, or interaction will be provided or offered;	
81	and	
82	(xxii) the proposed school year.	
83	(f) An application submitted for the establishment of a virtual charter school shall: (i) be	
84	submitted to the board for approval under this section and (ii) be made available to the public.	
85	All information submitted to the board by a virtual charter school applicant shall be immediately	
86	made available by the board to members of the public without a request pursuant to section 10 of	
87	chapter 66. Before final approval to establish a virtual charter school, the board shall hold a	
88	public hearing on the application at an appropriate location determined by the department. At	
89	least 1 member of the board shall attend the public hearing. A comprehensive written summary	
90	of all materials prepared by the department or its administrative subdivisions regarding a virtual	
91	charter application shall be delivered to the members of the board and the applicant not later than	
92	10 working days before any board vote on the charter application. Any report prepared by the	

department or its administrative subdivisions regarding a charter application shall be delivered to
the members of the board and the applicant within 10 days of the completion of said report.

All material in support of, or in opposition to, the school submitted to the department or the board shall be made available to the applicant and to the public at least 10 working days before a vote by the board on a virtual charter school application. There shall be a 10 working day freeze on any new material to be made available to the board prior to the day of the board vote on a virtual charter school application.

(g) Not more than 5 virtual charter schools shall be allowed to operate in the
commonwealth at any time. The 5 virtual charter schools shall not count towards the number of
charter schools allowed under subsection (i) of section 89. Applications to establish a virtual
charter school shall be submitted to the board annually by November 15. The board shall review
the applications and grant new charters in February of the following year.

(h) The board shall make the final determination on granting virtual charter school status
and may condition charters on the applicant's taking certain actions or maintaining certain
conditions. The board shall create and use a rubric for the approval of a virtual charter school
application. The board shall publicly review each virtual charter school application against the
rubric at each stage in the application process.

If a final application is deemed inadequate by the department, the department may provide feedback to the applicant and invite it to submit a stronger application subsequently.
Once a final application has been filed, only minor, non-substantive amendments shall be allowed. The department shall maintain a written detailed summary of interviews it conducts with final virtual charter applicants and include that summary with the final application materialsthat are provided to the board and the public.

(i) A virtual charter school established under a charter granted by the board shall be a
body politic and corporate with all powers necessary or desirable for carrying out its virtual
charter program, including, but not limited to, the power to:

(1) adopt a name and corporate seal; provided that any name selected must include the
words "virtual charter school";

(2) sue and be sued, but only to the same extent and upon the same conditions that amunicipality can be sued;

- (3) acquire real property, from public or private sources, by lease, lease with an option
  to purchase or by gift, for use as a school facility;
- 125 (4) receive and disburse funds for school purposes;

126 (5) make contracts and leases for the procurement of services, equipment and supplies; 127 provided, however, that if the virtual charter school intends to procure substantially all 128 educational services under contract with another person, the terms of such a contract must be 129 approved by the board either as part of the original charter or by way of an amendment thereto; 130 provided, further that the board shall not approve any such contract terms, the purpose or effect 131 of which is to avoid the prohibition of this section against charter school status for private and 132 parochial schools; and provided further, that a virtual charter school shall not be subject to 133 chapter 30B for the purpose of contracting with another person that shall manage or operate the 134 school;

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(6) incur temporary debt in anticipation of receipt of funds; provided that,

notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, the terms of repayment of any virtual
charter school's debt shall not exceed the duration of the school's charter without the approval of
the board;

139 (7) solicit and accept grants or gifts for school purposes; and

140 (8) have such other powers available to a business corporation formed under chapter141 156B that are not inconsistent with this chapter.

(j) Virtual charter schools shall not charge a public school for the use or replication of a part of their curriculum subject to the prescriptions of a contract between the virtual charter schools and any third party providers, provided, however, that virtual charter schools may offer online courses to students enrolled in other public schools and charge tuition for such courses.

146 (k) Virtual charter schools shall be open to all students, on a space available basis, and 147 shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, creed, sex, ethnicity, sexual 148 orientation, mental or physical disability, age, ancestry, athletic performance, special need, or 149 proficiency in the English language or a foreign language. Virtual charter schools may limit 150 enrollment to specific grade levels and may structure curriculum around particular areas of focus 151 such as mathematics, science or the arts. There shall be no application fee for admission to a 152 virtual charter school. There shall be no tuition charge for students attending virtual charter 153 schools, except as provided in subsection (j).

(1) If the total number of students who are eligible to attend and apply to a virtual charter
school and who are siblings of students already attending said virtual charter school is greater
than the number of spaces available, an admissions lottery, including all eligible students

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157 applying, shall be held to fill all of the spaces in that school from among the students. When a 158 student stops attending a virtual charter school for any reason, the virtual charter school shall fill 159 the vacancy with the next available student on the waitlist for the grade in which the vacancy 160 occurs and shall continue through the waitlist until a student fills the vacant seat. Within 30 days 161 of a vacancy being filled, the virtual charter school shall send the name of the student filling such 162 vacancy to the department for the purposes of the department updating its waitlist.

163 The names of students who entered the lottery but did not gain admission shall be 164 maintained on a waitlist, which shall be forwarded to the department not later than June 1 in the 165 year in which the lottery is held. In addition to the names of students, the school shall supply to 166 the department each student's home address, telephone number, grade level and other 167 information the department deems necessary. The department shall maintain a consolidated 168 waitlist for each municipality in order to determine the number of individual students in each 169 municipality seeking admission to virtual charter schools.

(m) Each virtual charter school shall annually, not later than July 1, notify each public school district in writing of the number and grade levels of students who will be attending the virtual charter school from that district the following September as well as the number of new students who will be transferring from that district to the virtual charter school in the following September. Tuition for virtual charter school students shall only be paid for the number of students for whom notification has been reported by July 1. Tuition for virtual charter school students shall be paid only for students actually enrolled in the school.

(n) A student may withdraw from a virtual charter school at any time and enroll inanother public school where the student resides.

A student may be expelled from a virtual charter school based on criteria determined by the board of trustees, and approved by the board, with the advice of the principal and teachers; provided, however, that virtual charter school policies shall be consistent with sections 37H and 37H1/2.

183 (o) A virtual charter school shall operate in accordance with its charter and the provisions 184 of law regulating other public schools; provided, however, that sections 41 and 42 shall not apply 185 to employees of virtual charter schools, and provided, further, that section 1G of chapter 69 shall 186 not apply to virtual charter schools. Virtual charter schools shall comply with chapters 71A and 187 71B; provided, however, that the fiscal responsibility of a special needs student currently 188 enrolled in or determined to require a private day or residential school shall remain with the 189 school district where the student resides. If a virtual charter school expects that a special needs 190 student currently enrolled in the virtual charter school may be in need of the services of a private 191 day or residential school, it shall convene an individual education plan team meeting for the 192 student. Notice of the team meeting shall be provided to the special education department of the 193 school district in which the child resides at least 5 days in advance. Personnel from the school 194 district in which the child resides shall be allowed to participate in the team meeting concerning 195 future placement of the child.

(p) Notwithstanding this section or any other general or special law to the contrary, for the purposes of chapter 268A: (i) a virtual charter school shall be deemed to be a state agency; and (ii) the appointing official of a member of the board of trustees of a virtual charter school shall be deemed to be the commissioner. Members of boards of trustees of virtual charter schools operating under this section shall file a disclosure annually with the state ethics commission and the department. The disclosure is in addition to the requirements of said chapter 268A and a 202 member of a board of trustees must also comply with the disclosure and other requirements of 203 said chapter 268A. The form of the disclosure shall be prescribed by the ethics commission and 204 shall be signed under penalty of perjury. Such form shall be limited to a statement in which 205 members of the board of trustees shall disclose any financial interest that they or a member of 206 their immediate families, as defined in section 1 of said chapter 268A, have in any virtual charter 207 school located in the commonwealth or in another state or with a person doing business with a 208 virtual charter school.

Each member of a board of trustees of a virtual charter school shall file such disclosure for the preceding calendar year with the commission within 30 days of becoming a member of the board of trustees, by September 1 of each year thereafter that the person is a member of the board and by September 1 of the year after the person ceases to be a member of the board; provided, however, that no member of a board of trustees shall be required to file a disclosure for the year in which he ceases to be a member of the board if he served less than 30 days in that year.

(q) Students in virtual charter schools shall be required to meet the same performance
 standards, testing and portfolio requirements set by the board for students in other public schools.

(r) The board of trustees, in consultation with the teachers, shall determine the school'scurriculum and develop the school's annual budget.

(s) Employees of virtual charter schools shall be considered public employees for
purposes of tort liability under chapter 258 and for collective bargaining purposes under chapter
150E. The board of trustees shall be considered the public employer for purposes of tort liability
under said chapter 258 and for collective bargaining purposes under said chapter 150E. Teachers

employed by a virtual charter school shall be subject to the state teacher retirement system under
chapter 32 and service in a virtual charter school shall be creditable service within the meaning
thereof.

A virtual charter school shall recognize an employee organization designated by the authorization cards of 50 per cent of its employees in the appropriate bargaining unit as the exclusive representative of all the employees in such unit for the purpose of collective bargaining.

(t) Each local school district shall be required to grant a leave of absence to any teacher in
the public schools system requesting such leave to teach in a virtual charter school. A teacher
may request a leave of absence for up to 2 years.

At the end of the second year, the teacher may either return to his former teaching position or, if he chooses to continue teaching at the virtual charter school, resign from his school district position.

(u) Notwithstanding section 59C, the internal form of governance of a virtual charterschool shall be determined by the school's charter.

(v) A virtual charter school shall comply with all applicable state and federal health and
 safety laws and regulations.

(w) A virtual charter granted by the board shall be for 5 years. The board shall develop
 procedures and guidelines for revocation and renewal of a school's charter.

When deciding on charter renewal, the board shall consider progress made in student academic achievement and whether the school has met its obligations and commitments under the charter. When deciding on charter renewal, the board shall take into account the annualattrition of students, teachers, and administrators.

(x) The board may revoke a school's charter if the school has not fulfilled any conditions
imposed by the board in connection with the grant of the charter or the school has violated any
provision of its charter. The board may place conditions on a charter or may place a virtual
charter school on a probationary status to allow the implementation of a remedial plan after
which, if said plan is unsuccessful, the charter may be summarily revoked.

(y) Virtual charter schools shall be funded pursuant to the school choice formula as
described in section 12B of chapter 76, provided, however, that for special education students the
tuition amount shall remain the expense per student for such type of education as is required by
such non-resident student.

If more than 1 virtual charter school is managed by a single network or board of trustees,funding shall not be transferred among individual schools within the network.

258 (z) If the unencumbered amount of cumulative surplus revenue from tuition held by a 259 virtual charter school at the end of a fiscal year, less (i) the amount of the fourth quarter tuition 260 payment and (ii) any reserve funds held as security for bank loans, exceeds 20 per cent of its 261 operating budget, the amount in excess of said 20 per cent shall be returned by the virtual charter 262 school to the sending district or districts and the state in proportion to their share of tuition paid 263 during the fiscal year. At the end of each fiscal year, the commissioner shall certify the amounts 264 described above and the amount, if any, by which it exceeds 20 per cent of the school's operating 265 budget, and shall report such amount to the school committee of the sending district or districts 266 and the applicable board of selectmen or city council by December 1 of each year. A virtual

267 charter school shall annually make any payment required by this subsection no later than268 December 31.

269 (aa) Each virtual charter school shall submit an annual report, no later than August 1, to 270 the board, each parent or guardian of its enrolled students and each parent or guardian 271 contemplating enrollment in that virtual charter school. The annual report shall be in such form 272 as may be prescribed by the board and shall include, but not be limited to: (i) discussion of 273 progress made toward the achievement of the goals set forth in the charter; (ii) an accounting of 274 how many students were designated as requiring special education services or English language 275 services by language proficiency level as measured by the Massachusetts English Proficiency 276 Assessment examination or its successor upon enrollment and how many of these students were 277 subsequently no longer designated as such, along with a description of methods used by the 278 school to achieve these outcomes and the rationale behind the methodologies used; (iii) the 279 number of students, teachers, and administrators who have left the virtual charter school and 280 their reasons for leaving; (iv) the number of students enrolled in the virtual charter school 281 eligible for free lunch as defined in section 2 of chapter 70; (v) the number of students enrolled 282 in the virtual charter school eligible for reduced price lunch as defined in section 2 of chapter 70; 283 (vi) the number of homeless students enrolled in the virtual charter school; (vii) the number of 284 students in the care of the Department of Youth Services enrolled in the charter school; and (viii) 285 a financial statement setting forth by appropriate categories the revenue and expenditures for the 286 year just ended and a balance sheet setting forth the virtual charter school's assets, liabilities and 287 fund balances or equities.

The department shall promulgate regulations creating a reporting requirement for a
virtual charter school's net asset balance at the end of the fiscal year; provided, however, that said

regulations shall require, without limitation, the following: the revenue and expenditures for the year just ended with a specific accounting of the uses of public and private dollars; compensation and benefits for teachers, staff, administrators, executives, and board of trustees; the amount of any and all funds transferred to a management company; the sources of any surplus funds, specifically whether they are private or public; how any surplus funds were used in the previous fiscal year; and the planned use of any surplus funds in the upcoming fiscal year and in future fiscal years.

Each virtual charter school shall keep an accurate account of all its activities and all its receipts and expenditures and shall annually cause an independent audit to be made of its accounts. Such audit shall be filed annually on or before January 1 with the department and the state auditor and shall be in a form prescribed by the state auditor. The state auditor may investigate the budget and finances of virtual charter schools and their financial dealings, transactions and relationships, and shall have the power to examine the records of virtual charter schools and to prescribe methods of accounting and the rendering of periodic reports.

(bb) The commissioner shall collect data on the racial, ethnic and socio-economic makeup of the student enrollment of each virtual charter school. The commissioner shall also collect
data on the number of students enrolled in each virtual charter school who have individual
education plans pursuant to chapter 71B and those requiring English language learners programs
under chapter 71A. The commissioner shall file said data annually with the clerks of the house
and senate and the joint committee on education not later than December 1.

310 (cc) Individuals or groups may complain to a virtual charter school's board of trustees
311 concerning any claimed violations of the provisions of this section by the school. If, after

- 312 presenting their complaint to the trustees, the individuals or groups believe their complaint has
- 313 not been adequately addressed, they may submit their complaint to the board which shall
- 314 investigate such complaint and make a formal response.
- 315 (dd) The board shall promulgate regulations for implementation and enforcement of this
- 316 section.