

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

William N. Brownsberger

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to air quality in schools and public buildings.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
William N. Brownsberger		1/20/2011
John P. Fresolo	16th Worcester	1/29/2011
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk	1/31/2011
Peter V. Kocot	1st Hampshire	2/2/2011
Frank I. Smizik	15th Norfolk	2/3/2011
Alice K. Wolf	25th Middlesex	2/4/2011
Brian M. Ashe	2nd Hampden	2/4/2011
Jonathan Hecht	29th Middlesex	2/4/2011

HOUSE No. 1466

By Mr. Brownsberger of Belmont, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1466) of William N. Brownsberger and others relative to the regulation of air quality in schools and public buildings. Public Health.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Eleven

An Act relative to air quality in schools and public buildings.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1.

2	The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 111K the following
3	chapter:-
4	Chapter 111L - Indoor Air Quality
5	Section 2. Definitions.
6	As used in this Act, the following words shall, unless a different meaning clearly
7	appears from the context, have the following meanings:
8	Act means this statute.
9	Air contaminants includes but is not limited to: (a) volatile organic and inorganic
0	compounds including, but not limited to, vapors from paint, cleaning products, chemicals,
1	pesticides and solvents; (b) carbon monoxide; (c) particulates; (d) outdoor air pollutants; (e)

12	biological contaminants; and (f) other airborne substances, which may affect the health of
13	building occupants.
14	Building occupant means any person who works or transacts business in or otherwise
15	occupies a public building including but not limited to a person who is an employee of the
16	building owner.
17	Building systems include but are not limited to the HVAC system, systems providing
18	sanitary services, plumbing, and potable water, the energy management system and all other
19	systems in a public building which may impact the quality of the indoor environment.
20	Commissioner means the Commissioner of the Division of Occupational Safety of the
21	Department of Labor and Workforce Development or his/her designee.
22	Control means the power to direct, regulate or manage the thing controlled, whether
23	directly or indirectly.
24	Designated person means a person who has been given the responsibility by the
25	building owner to take necessary measures to assure compliance with sections 4 ff of this Act.
26	Director means the Director of the Division of Indoor Environments, or his/her
27	designee.
28	Division of Occupational Safety means the Division of Occupational Safety of the
29	Department of Labor and Workforce Development.
30	HVAC system means the collective components of the entire heating, ventilation and
31	air conditioning systems including mechanical and non-mechanical systems.

32 Public Building means any building, or any portion of any building, owned, leased or 33 operated by the Commonwealth, its agencies, authorities or political subdivisions, or any 34 building or any portion of any building which houses a program or activity for which 85% of the 35 funding is provided by the Commonwealth, its agencies, authorities or political subdivisions; provided, how- ever, that "public building" shall not include correctional facilities (as defined in 36 37 M.G.L. c.125, s. 1), jails, prisons, reformatories, custodial facilities in the department of youth 38 services, and dormitories and residential facilities subject to 105 CMR 410. 39 Person means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, and the 40 Commonwealth, including its agencies, authorities, subdivisions and legal representatives or 41 agents. 42 Renovation means building modification involving activities that include but are not 43 limited to: installation, removal or replacement of roofs, walls, ceilings, floors, carpeting, and 44 components such as moldings, cabinets, doors, and windows; painting, decorating, demolition, 45 surface refinishing, removal or cleaning of ventilation ducts, additions to, replacement of or 46 modifications to entrances and exits, and stairways and elevators and any other substantial 47 modification of any of a public building's systems. 48 Representatives of building occupants means (a) employee organizations; (b) other 49 representatives or agents designated in writing as such by individuals employed in or occupying 50 a public building; (c) parents organizations and other representatives of students in schools; and 51 (d) legal guardians of building occupants who have not reached the age of majority.

52 "Representatives of building occupants" does not include representatives of the general public53 who use a public building on an intermittent basis.

54	Section 3. Division of Indoor Environments.
55	(a) There shall be within the Department of Public Health a Division of Indoor
56	Environments within the Center for Environmental Health. The Commissioner of the Department
57	of Public Health shall appoint the Director of the Division of Indoor Environments.
58	(b) The Division of Indoor Environments shall administer and enforce the provisions
59	of this Act.
60	(c) When the building occupant is an employee of the building owner, the Division of
61	Occupational Safety also shall have the power to administer and enforce the provisions of this
62	Act.
63	(d) The Department of Public Health, in consultation with the Division of
64	Occupational Safety, shall promulgate such regulations as are required by this Act as well as
65	such regulations it deems will aid the efficient and effective implementation of this Act and the
66	standards and procedures for which this Act provides. The Director, in consultation with the
67	Commissioner, shall propose to the Commissioner of Public Health such regulations as the
68	Director may, from time to time, determine are necessary for this purpose. As an aid in
69	considering said regulations, the Commissioner of Public Health shall have access to the research
70	and resources and seek the advice of the various divisions and pro- grams in the Department of
71	Public Health and the Division of Occupational Safety concerned with similar issues.
72	(e) The Division of Occupational Safety shall adopt all such regulations promulgated
73	by the Department of Public Health as relate to sections 7, 9, 10, 11, 12 hereof within 90 days of
74	their promulgation by the Department of Public Health.

- (f) Nothing in this section shall limit the powers granted to and responsibilities
 imposed upon the Division of Occupational Safety by Chapter 149 of the General Laws.
- 77 Section 4. Access to Buildings and Records by the Division.

78 (a) For the purpose of administering the provisions of this Act, the Director shall have 79 access and entry at reasonable times to the premises of any public building to investigate 80 compliance with this Act. When the building owner is the employer of some or all of the 81 building occupants, the Commissioner shall have access and entry at reasonable times to the 82 premises of a public building to investigate compliance with this Act. If a building owner or 83 anyone acting on its behalf or as its agent refuses or fails to comply with a request by either of 84 the Director or the Commissioner for access to a public building, the supreme judicial or superior 85 court shall have jurisdiction to order compliance.

86 (b) For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act, a building owner shall, 87 upon the request of the Director, permit the Director, at reasonable times, to have access to and 88 to copy all records related to this Act or its enforcement. When the building owner is the 89 employer of some or all of the building occupants, the building owner shall, upon the request of 90 the Commissioner, permit the Commissioner, at reasonable times, to have access to and to copy 91 all records related to this Act or its enforcement. If a building owner or anyone on in its behalf or 92 as its agent refuses or fails to comply with such a request by either said Director or said 93 Commissioner, the superior court shall have jurisdiction to order compliance.

94 (c) Any person who obstructs the Director or the Commissioner in the performance of
95 the duties described subsections (a) or (b) of this section 4 shall be punished by a fine of not less

96 than one thousand and no more than five thousand dollars or by imprisonment for not more than
97 six months, or both, for each instance of the offense.

98 Section 5. Indoor Environmental Compliance Program.

99 Within one year of the effective date of this Act, each building owner shall establish 100 for each public building under its control a written indoor environmental compliance program 101 which shall contain the information and documents required by section 6, and which shall 102 contain procedures for implementing the actions and standards contained in sections 7, 8 and 9. 103 Each building owner shall identify in its indoor environmental compliance program a designated 104 person who shall be responsible for the day-to-day implementation of the indoor environment 105 compliance program and for all recordkeeping responsibilities connected therewith. A copy of 106 the indoor environmental compliance program shall be kept in said public building and be 107 available to the public for inspection and, in addition, available electronically, wherever possible. 108 Section 6. Information to be included in Indoor Environmental Compliance Program. 109 Indoor environment compliance programs shall include, at a minimum, the following 110 information: 111 (a) A written narrative description of the facility's building systems; 112 (b) Single-line schematics or as-built construction documents which locate major 113 building system equipment and the areas that they serve; 114 (c) Information relating to the daily operation and management of the building

- systems, which shall include, at a minimum, a description of all normal operating procedures,
- 116 special procedures such as seasonal start-ups and shutdowns, and a list of operating performance

criteria including, but not limited to minimum outside air ventilation rates, potable hot water
storage and delivery temperatures, range of relative humidity, and any space pressurization
requirements;

(d) A general description of the building and its function including but not limited to,
work activity, number of employees and visitors, hours of operation, weekend use, and known
air contaminants released in the building;

(e) As-built construction documents, HVAC system commissioning reports, HVAC
systems testing, adjusting and balancing reports, operations and maintenance manuals, water
treatment logs, and operator training materials;

(f) A written maintenance program for the building systems, which shall be preventive in scope and reflect equipment manufacturers' recommendations and best practices as determined by the building systems maintenance industry. At a minimum, the maintenance program shall describe the equipment to be maintained, and establish maintenance procedures and frequency of performance; and

(g) A checklist for the visual inspection of building systems that accords with theregulations promulgated by the Department of Public Health.

133 Section 7. Complaints.

Each building owner shall establish procedures for receiving and responding to reports and complaints from building occupants and building occupant representatives regarding building conditions, the indoor environment and building maintenance. Where the Department of Public Health has promulgated regulations or where the Division of Indoor Environments has

138	established standard procedures and forms for the above, each building owner shall use the
139	relevant procedures and forms. Building owners shall maintain a written record of all reports and
140	complaints they receive from building occupants and the remedial actions, if any, taken to
141	respond to the reports and complaints.
142	Section 8. Reporting Building-Related Illnesses.
143	Each building owner shall establish procedures for receiving reports from building
144	occupants regarding symptoms or illnesses that may be related to conditions in a public building.
145	Each building owner shall maintain a written record of such reports which shall include, at a
146	minimum, information on the nature of the symptom or illness reported, the number of building
147	occupants affected, the date of each report was received from a building occupant, and the
148	remedial action, if any, taken to correct the source of the problem, or any other response to the
149	report.
150	Section 9. Inspections.

151 Each building owner shall perform a visual inspection annually and a thorough 152 building condition survey every five years of each public building under its control for 153 compliance with the standards promulgated by the Division of Indoor Environments pursuant to 154 section 10 of this Act. The five-year building condition survey shall be conducted by an 155 independent licensed architect or engineer or other appropriately qualified professional. Within 156 six months of the effective date of this Act, the Department of Public Health shall promulgate 157 regulations containing the standard procedures to be followed in the performance of the visual 158 inspection and the five-year building condition survey. The annual visual inspection shall, at a 159 minimum, consider the following:

160	(a) The building site, including utilities, paving, playgrounds, and play fields.
161	(b) Roofing.
162	(c) Exterior elements of the building, including walls, doors, windows, fire escapes.
163	(d) Building structural elements.
164	(e) Building interiors, including finishes, doors, and hardware.
165	(f) Special construction, including stairs, elevators, escalators, and swimming pools.
166	(g) Environmental features, including appearance, cleanliness, acoustics, lighting
167	quality, thermal comfort, humidity, ventilation and space adequacy.
168	(h) Complaints and medical reports received by the building owner pursuant to this
169	Act since the last annual and five-year building condition survey.
170	The five-year building condition survey shall, at a minimum, consider the following:
171	(a) The building site, including utilities, paving, playgrounds, and play fields.
172	(b) Roofing.
173	(c) Exterior elements of the building, including walls, doors, windows, fire escapes.
174	(d) Building structural elements.
175	(e) Building interiors, including finishes, doors, and hardware.
176	(f) Electrical systems, including service and distribution, lighting, communications,
177	technology infrastructure and cabling.

178	(g) Plumbing, including water distribution systems, drainage and fixtures.
179	(h) Heating and cooling systems, including boilers, furnaces, terminal units, and
180	control systems.
181	(i) Ventilation systems.
182	(j) Air conditioning systems, including refrigeration, terminal units, and control
183	systems.
184	(k) Special construction, including stairs, elevators, escalators, and swimming pools.
185	(1) Fire protection and security systems, including alarm, detection, and fire
186	protection.
187	(m) Environmental features, including appearance, cleanliness, acoustics, lighting
188	quality, thermal comfort, humidity, ventilation and space adequacy.
189	(n) Complaints and medical reports received by the building owner pursuant to this
190	Act since the last annual visual inspection and five-year building condition survey, as
191	appropriate.
192	Each building owner shall publish the results of each annual and five-year building
193	condition survey on its public web site or, if such a site does not exist, as a written report that it
194	shall make available to the public. Each building owner shall e-mail each such report within
195	thirty days of its completion to the Director and where the building owner is also an employer of
196	some or all of the building occupants, also to the Commissioner. The Director shall cause each
197	such report to be published on the Department of Public Health's web site where it shall remain

198	for at least five years. The Commissioner shall cause each such report he receives to be
199	published on the Division of Occupation Safety's web site
200	269 where it shall remain for at least five years. Building owners shall keep records of
201	annual inspections and five year building condition surveys for at least ten years.
202	Section 10. Standards.
203	Within six months of the effective date of this Act, the Department of Public Health,
204	shall promulgate regulations establishing indoor environmental standards for each of the subjects
205	listed below. Within six months of the promulgation of said standards, each building owner shall
206	take the actions required by said standards in each public building under its control and
207	incorporate means for implementing each standard within the indoor environmental compliance
208	program for each said public building.
209	(a) The maintenance and operation of HVAC systems.
210	(b) Ventilation of point sources of contaminants.
211	(c) Humidity.
212	(d) Heating.
213	(e) Air exchange.
214	(f) Ventilation of buildings without mechanical ventilation systems.
215	(g) Maintenance of non-ducted air plenums.
216	(h) Storage of hazardous materials.

217	(i) Asbestos.
218	(j) Fiberglass.
219	(k) Lead paint
220	(1) Outdoor air contaminants.
221	(m) Water intrusion.
222	(n) Microbial contamination.
223	(o) Cleaning.
224	(p) Building entrances and exits.
225	(q) Sound levels.
226	(r) Light levels.
227	(s) Sanitary facilities.
228	(t) Potable water.
229	(u) Protective equipment and training for maintenance workers and custodians.
230	(v) Procedures and forms for implementing section 7 of this Act.
231	Section 11. Hazardous Chemicals.
232	Each building owner shall evaluate any hazardous substances or chemicals currently
233	in use in a public building under its control and maintain an inventory of the same. Each building
234	owner shall assure that each such substance or chemical is the least toxic alternative feasible for

235 the purpose for which it is intended. Each building owner shall assure for each public building 236 under its control that cleaning and maintenance chemicals, pesticides, and other hazardous 237 substances are used and applied according to the relevant manufacturers' recommendations and 238 material safety data sheets, and shall post notices in clear sight in areas to be treated with 239 potentially hazardous substances at least 24 hours prior to application. Said notices shall include 240 information of the identity of substances intended to be applied and any precautions that should 241 be taken by occupants in those areas. The requirements of this section 11 are in addition to the 242 requirements established by G.L. c. 111F, c. 132B and other applicable statutes and regulations. 243 Section 12. Renovations. 244 Whenever a public building is renovated while continuing to be occupied, the 245 building owner shall take such measures as are needed to assure that the indoor environment 246 experienced by building occupants is not degraded during the renovation as a result of activities 247 or products used in work sites or from any other cause related to the renovation. Such measures 248 shall include, but not be limited to the following: 249 (a) Except in emergencies, the building owner shall provide notice to occupants and 250 the representatives of building occupants of the renovations, including a description of their 251 scope and timing. In the case of emergencies, such notice shall be provided as soon as reasonably 252 possible. 253 (b) Before renovation or similar activities are begun, the building owner, together 254 with representatives of building occupants, shall meet with the contractor or individual(s)

255 performing the work and shall develop and implement a work plan designed to prevent the entry

of air contaminants into occupied areas of the building during and after the performance of thework.

- (i) the continued effective functioning of the HVAC systems in the occupied portionsof the building during the renovation;
- 261 (ii) isolation of work areas from the occupied portions of the building and appropriate
 262 negative pressure containment;
- 263 (iii) air contaminant suppression controls and/or auxiliary air filtration/cleaning
 264 within the occupied portions of the building;
- 265 (iv) controls to prevent air contaminant entry into the HVAC air distribution system;
- (v) measures to minimize the impact of noise or vibration from the renovation on theoccupied parts of the building;
- (vi) measures to ensure that all building materials and furnishings are kept dry beforethey are installed or used in the building;
- (vii) augmented cleaning in occupied parts of the building during the renovationproject;
- 272 (viii) measures for maintaining adequate heat in the occupied portions of the building;
- (ix) the identity and contact information of the person responsible for complying withthis section of the Act;

(x) regular public posted notices of scheduled renovation activi363 ties, and
(xi) emergency procedures, including a plan for evacuating occupants from the
building.

278 Section 13. Recordkeeping.

(a) Maintenance records. Each building owner shall maintain the inspection and
maintenance records required by this Act, which shall include the specific remedial or
maintenance actions taken, the name and affiliation of the individual performing the work, and
the date of the inspection or maintenance activity.

(b) Complaints and Reports of Illnesses. The building owner shall maintain a record of building occupant complaints and reports of illnesses or symptoms that may be associated with public building conditions in accordance with sections 7 and 8 of this Act, and of other communications received from or sent to building occupants regarding building conditions or symptoms or illnesses related to public building conditions. All complaints shall be promptly transmitted to the designated person for resolution.

(c) Indoor Environmental Compliance Program. Each building owner shall maintain
all other records generated as a result of the indoor environmental compliance program
applicable to a public building under its control or as a result of any action taken with regard to
this Act.

(d) Retention of records. Records required to be kept under section 6 shall bemaintained in perpetuity. The building owner shall retain all other records required to be

295 maintained under this section for a minimum of ten years, unless the record is required to be296 maintained for a longer period of time by some other statute.

(e) Availability. The records subject to this section shall be available on request to
building occupants and their representatives for examination and copying within three business
days of a request made.

300

Section 14. Building Occupant's Right to Request an Inspection.

301 (a) Any building occupant or representative of a building occupant who believes that 302 a violation of this Act exists in any public building may request an inspection of such workplace 303 by the Director by giving written notice of the alleged violation to said Director setting forth the 304 grounds for the notice. When a building occupant is the employee of the building owner, the 305 building occupant also may request an inspection by the Division of Occupational Safety by 306 giving written notice of the alleged violation to the Commissioner setting forth the grounds for 307 the notice. For the purpose of this section "inspection" shall include an inspection of any public 308 building, or an inspection of the records required to be kept by this Act. The identity of any 309 person requesting such an inspection shall be kept confidential unless said person waives his 310 right to confidentiality in writing.

(b) If, upon receipt of notification of a request for inspection, the Director or the Commissioner, depending on which received the request for inspection, determines that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the alleged violation exists, he shall cause an inspection to be made as soon as necessary to prevent immediate harm to building occupants or otherwise as soon as practicable to determine if the alleged or any other violation exists. Inspections under this section need not be limited to matters referred to in the complaint.

317	(c) Within thirty days of the completion of said inspection, the Director or the
318	Commissioner, depending on which received the request for inspection, shall issue a report
319	detailing its findings and recommendations, and provide copies to the building occupant or
320	representative of a building occupant who requested the inspection, and to the building owner.
321	Section 15. No Retaliation.
322	No person shall retaliate or discriminate in any manner against a building occupant or
323	a representative of a building occupant because the building occupant or the representative of a
324	building occupant has filed a complaint, initiated or caused to be initiated any proceeding under
325	or related to this Act, has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding related to or arising out
326	of this Act or has taken any action permitted by this Act or exercised on behalf of himself or
327	others any right afforded by this Act.
328	Section 16. Enforcement.
328 329	Section 16. Enforcement. (a) The Director or the Commissioner, depending on who received the request for
329	(a) The Director or the Commissioner, depending on who received the request for
329 330	(a) The Director or the Commissioner, depending on who received the request for inspection, shall review the report resulting from an inspection performed pursuant to section 14.
329 330 331	(a) The Director or the Commissioner, depending on who received the request for inspection, shall review the report resulting from an inspection performed pursuant to section 14.(b) If, on the basis of the report, the Director or Commissioner, depending on which
329330331332	 (a) The Director or the Commissioner, depending on who received the request for inspection, shall review the report resulting from an inspection performed pursuant to section 14. (b) If, on the basis of the report, the Director or Commissioner, depending on which received the request for inspection, concludes that the building owner has violated any portion of
 329 330 331 332 333 	 (a) The Director or the Commissioner, depending on who received the request for inspection, shall review the report resulting from an inspection performed pursuant to section 14. (b) If, on the basis of the report, the Director or Commissioner, depending on which received the request for inspection, concludes that the building owner has violated any portion of this Act, he shall issue an order requiring the building owner to remedy the violations. Such
 329 330 331 332 333 334 	 (a) The Director or the Commissioner, depending on who received the request for inspection, shall review the report resulting from an inspection performed pursuant to section 14. (b) If, on the basis of the report, the Director or Commissioner, depending on which received the request for inspection, concludes that the building owner has violated any portion of this Act, he shall issue an order requiring the building owner to remedy the violations. Such order shall include a timeline for implementation for each remedy ordered. If the building owner
 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 	 (a) The Director or the Commissioner, depending on who received the request for inspection, shall review the report resulting from an inspection performed pursuant to section 14. (b) If, on the basis of the report, the Director or Commissioner, depending on which received the request for inspection, concludes that the building owner has violated any portion of this Act, he shall issue an order requiring the building owner to remedy the violations. Such order shall include a timeline for implementation for each remedy ordered. If the building owner does not take the actions prescribed by the order within the time prescribed by the order, the

(c) The Director or Commissioner, depending on which received the request for
inspection, shall provide the building occupant or representative of a building occupant who
requested the inspection with a copy of the order to comply with this Act, or, if he has
determined that there has been no violation, with written notification of his determination that
there is no violation and the reasons therefor, within 48 hours of the issuance of the order or the
making of the determination that there has not been a violation of the Act.

345 (d) Any person aggrieved by an action or the lack thereof of the Director or the
346 Commissioner concerning sections 14 and 16 of this Act may appeal such action to the superior
347 court for the county in which the public building subject to the action or lack thereof is located.

348 (e) The Director may order the evacuation of a building at any time if he determines 349 with or without an inspection having been performed that an emergency exists that presents an 350 immediate danger to the health or safety of building occupants as a result of a violation of the 351 requirements of this Act. Where the building owner is the employer of some or all of the building 352 occupants, the Commissioner may order the evacuation of a building at any time if he 353 determines, with or without an inspection having been performed, that an emergency exists that 354 presents an immediate danger to the health or safety of building occupants, who are employees 355 of the building owner, as a result of a violation of the requirements of this Act. The superior 356 court for the county in which the public building subject to the evacuation order is located shall 357 have jurisdiction to compel compliance.