HOUSE No. 178

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Alice K. Wolf

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to student access to educational services and exclusion from school.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Alice K. Wolf	25th Middlesex	5/29/2012
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex	1/24/2011
Kevin G. Honan	17th Suffolk	2/4/2011
Elizabeth A. Malia	11th Suffolk	1/28/2011
Carl M. Sciortino, Jr.	34th Middlesex	1/27/2011
James J. O'Day	14th Worcester	1/28/2011
Tom Sannicandro	7th Middlesex	2/1/2011
William N. Brownsberger		2/2/2011
Denise Andrews	2nd Franklin	2/2/2011
Patricia D. Jehlen		2/3/2011
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex	2/3/2011
Antonio F. D. Cabral	13th Bristol	2/4/2011
Steven A. Tolman		2/3/2011
Alice Hanlon Peisch	14th Norfolk	2/4/2011

HOUSE No. 178

By Ms. Wolf of Cambridge, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 178) of Alice K. Wolf and others relative to long-term suspensions and expulsions of school students. Education.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 3435 OF 2009-2010.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Eleven

An Act relative to student access to educational services and exclusion from school.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 Chapter 71 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 37H ½ the
- 2 following section:-
- 3 Section 37H ³/₄. (1) In this Act, the term "excluded" shall include "suspended" and
- 4 "expelled."
- 5 (2) A student shall not be excluded from school for a period of more than ten school days
- 6 for any single infraction or for more than ten school days for multiple infractions in any school
- 7 year unless the authorized official, in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (3)
- 8 of this section, makes a determination that the student's presence in school would have a
- 9 substantial detrimental effect on the general welfare of the school, as defined in subsection (5).

Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the procedures and procedural rights governing exclusion for ten school days or a lesser period.

- (3) A student shall not be excluded under subsection (2) unless the school has provided the student with prior written notice of the student's alleged misconduct, as described in subsection (4), in the primary language of the home, and the school has conducted a hearing to determine whether the student's exclusion from school is supported by the preponderance of the evidence at that hearing that the student engaged in the alleged misconduct and that exclusion is warranted under subsection (5).
- (4) The school shall conduct a hearing within ten calendar days of any pre-hearing decision to exclude a student under subsection (2). The principal or superintendent may exclude a student prior to hearing by making a preliminary written determination that there is substantial evidence, as described in the written determination, that the student will engage in further misconduct, or incite others to misconduct, which is violent or which threatens violence if the student is not immediately barred from school premises; provided that, when the school has ordered an immediate exclusion of a student, a hearing must be held within five days of the alleged misconduct. In all cases, the school shall provide written notice at least three days prior to the hearing, advising the student and the student's parents or guardian of the date and time of the hearing, of the procedures for the conduct of the hearing, and of their rights at the hearing, including:
 - (a) that the student may be represented by a lawyer or an advocate;
 - (b) that an impartial building administrator will preside at the hearing;

(c) that the school will provide equipment for making an audio recording of the hearing and that the student may also bring recording equipment;

- (d) that the student will have the opportunity to present evidence and witnesses and to cross-examine adverse witnesses; provided that testimony may be limited if the presiding officer makes a written finding, stating the specific reasons that the presence of a witness would endanger the witness' physical safety, in which case, the witness may testify by oral recording or in writing;
- (e) a description of any evidence of which the school is aware, including copies of any written statements and reports on which the school may rely, concerning whether the student committed the alleged misconduct and whether the student's continued presence in school would have a substantial detrimental effect on the general welfare of the school;
- (f) that the student may request and shall be given a reasonable extension of time from the scheduled date of hearing in order to obtain representation or legal counsel or to otherwise prepare for the hearing;
- (g) that a qualified interpreter will be provided, upon request, for any student, parent, or guardian whose first language is not English;
- (h) a list of available free and low-cost legal services for students who cannot afford to retain a lawyer or representation;
 - (i) notice that statements at the hearing may be used against the student in investigative or criminal or delinquency proceedings. The presiding school official shall restate this notice by reading it to the student at the beginning of the hearing.

(5) A student's presence in school shall not be determined to present a substantial detrimental effect on the general welfare of the school unless the principal and, upon appeal from a principal's decision, the superintendent, or a school committee acting under section 17 of chapter 76, in accordance with subsection (3) of this section, determines that the preponderance of the evidence supports the conclusions:

- (a) that the student engaged in one or more acts of intentional misconduct alleged in the prior written notice satisfying the criteria as set forth in sections 37H and 37H ½; or, if the school district is proceeding under section 17 of chapter 76, that the student violated school rules by engaging in misconduct of comparable severity;
- (b) that the student's misconduct, because of its severity or a pattern of similar misconduct, indicates that if the student remains in school, the student is likely to engage in further misconduct threatening the institutional and personal security necessary for the learning and teaching environment, or that the student is likely to engage in illegal dealings in controlled substances and promote illegal drug use on school premises; and
- (c) that there is a clear nexus between the student's misconduct and the general welfare of the school.
- (6) A principal who excludes a student or a superintendent who upholds such a determination, a school committee which acts under section 17 of chapter 76, and a person who presides over an exclusion hearing shall issue a written decision within ten calendar days of any hearing or of a decision upholding a hearing officer's determination, or five calendar days if the student is excluded prior to the hearing decision. A written decision shall demonstrate that the standards required by subsection (5) and other relevant matters have been considered and

evaluated. The written decision shall not be only a check-listed format, but shall be a narrative reflecting an individualized analysis, specific to the student, that sets out whether and how the preponderance of the evidence supports the conclusion that the student should be excluded based on the requirements of subsection (5). The decision shall notify the student of alternative education options offered to the student. The decision shall notify the student of any rights to appeal and state the schedule and deadlines for submissions to the identified appellate body.

Any discipline determined after consideration of evidence at a hearing shall remain in effect until such time that the superintendent makes a decision on a student's appeal.

(7) Pursuant to section 7151 of Title 20 of the United States Code, a student who is determined to have brought a firearm to school, or to have possessed a firearm at school, shall be excluded for one year, provided that the superintendent may modify this exclusion to a lesser period, on an individualized basis, provided such modification is in writing, and is consistent with the requirements of federal law. A student who is determined to have committed any other infraction under sections 37H or 37H ½ or under section 17 of chapter 76, or under any other provision of law or stated policy or regulation or provision of a school or district handbook, shall not be excluded for more than one year.

SECTION 2. Chapter 76 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 17, as appearing in the 2008 Official Edition, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 17. A school committee shall not exclude a student from public schools for any period in excess of one year and shall not exclude a student for alleged misconduct without first

providing the student and the student's parents or guardian the procedures and hearing in accordance with section 37H ³/₄ of chapter 71.

SECTION 3. Said chapter 76 is hereby further amended by inserting after section 20 the following section:-

Section 21. Principals shall ensure that students who are suspended from school for ten or fewer consecutive school days, whether in or out of school, shall have an opportunity to make academic progress during the period of their exclusion, to make up assignments and earn credits missed including, but not limited to, homework, quizzes, exams, papers, and projects missed. Pursuant to regulations to be promulgated by the department of elementary and secondary education, principals shall develop a school-wide education service plan for all students who are excluded from school for more than ten consecutive school days. Principals shall ensure these students have an opportunity to receive instruction, make academic progress, make up assignments and earn credits missed, including but not limited to, homework, quizzes, exams, papers, and projects missed. Education service plans may include, but are not limited to, tutoring, alternative placement, Saturday school, and online or distance learning. In developing the education service plan, principals may seek the cooperation or input of relevant health and human service, housing and nonprofit agencies, and other service providers.