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## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

#### PRESENTED BY:

#### Angelo M. Scaccia

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act regulating collective bargaining impasses involving public employees.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Angelo M. Scaccia	14th Suffolk	1/21/2011

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By Mr. Scaccia of Boston, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2971) of Angelo M. Scaccia relative to further regulating collective bargaining impasses involving public employees. Public Service.

#### [SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 2596 OF 2009-2010.]

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Eleven

An Act regulating collective bargaining impasses involving public employees.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:* 

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 150E of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out

- 2 Section 9, as
- 3 appearing in Section 1 of Chapter 347 of the Acts of 1977, and inserting in place thereof
- 4 the following
- 5 section—
- 6 Section 9. After a reasonable period of negotiation over the terms of a collective
- 7 bargaining agreement,

8 either party or the parties acting jointly may petition the board for a determination of the9 existence of an

10	impasse. Upon receipt of such petition, the board shall commence an investigation
11	forthwith to determine
12	if the parties have negotiated for a reasonable period of time and if an impasse exists,
13	within ten days of
14	the receipt of such petition, the board shall notify the parties of the results of its
15	investigation. Failure to
16	notify the parties within ten days shall be taken to mean that an impasse exists.
17	Within five days after such determination, the board shall appoint a mediator to assist the
18	parties in the
19	resolution of the impasse. In the alternative, the parties may agree upon a person to serve
20	as a mediator
21	and shall notify the board of such agreement and choice of mediator. Any such mediator
22	shall be
23	empowered to order the parties to provide specific representatives authorized to enter into
24	a collective
25	bargaining agreement to be present at meetings held for said purpose of resolving the
26	impasse and
27	negotiating such an agreement.
28	After a reasonable period of mediation, not to exceed twenty days from the date of
29	appointment, said

30	mediator shall issue to the board a report indicating the results of his services in resolving
31	the impasse.
32	If the impasse continues after the conclusion of mediation, either party or the parties
33	acting jointly may
34	petition the board to initiate fact finding proceedings. Upon receipt of such petition, the
35	board shall
36	appoint a fact finder, representative of the public, from a list of qualified persons
37	maintained by the board.
38	In the alternative, the parties may agree upon a person to serve as fact finder and shall
39	notify the board of
40	such agreement and choice of fact finder. No person shall be named as a fact finder who
41	has represented
42	an employer or employee organization within the proceeding twelve months. The fact
43	finder shall be
44	subject to the rules of the board and shall, in addition to powers delegated to him by the
45	board, have the
46	power to mediate and to recommendations for the resolution of the impasse. The fact
47	finder shall transmit
48	his findings and any recommendations for the resolution of the impasse to the board and
49	to both within

50	thirty days after the date of his appointment. If the impasse remains unresolved ten days
51	after the
52	transmittal of such findings and recommendations, the board shall make them public.
53	The parties by their own agreement may mutually waive the fact finding provisions
54	contained herein and
55	may petition the board for arbitration pursuant to Sections 4 or 4B of Chapter one
56	thousand and seventyeight
57	of the Acts of nineteen hundred and seventy-three. Said waiver shall not constitute a bar
58	to any
59	arbitration award.
60	Any arbitration award in a proceeding voluntarily agreed to by the parties to resolve an
61	impasse shall be
62	binding on the parties and on the appropriate legislative body and effective and
63	enforceable pursuant to
64	the provisions of Chapter one hundred and fifty C, provided that said arbitration
65	proceeding has been
66	authorized by the appropriate legislative body or in the case of school employees, by the
67	appropriate
68	school committee.

69	If the impasse continues after the publication of the fact finder's report, the issues in
70	dispute shall be
71	returned to the parties for further bargaining.
72	Any time limitations prescribed in this section may be extended by mutual agreement of
73	the parties and
74	the board.
75	SECTION 2. Chapter 1078 of the Acts of 1973 is hereby amended by inserting after
76	Section 4A, as added
77	by Section 1 of Chapter 730 of the Acts of 1977, the following section:
78	Section 4B. If an employee organization is engaged in an impasse with a public employer
79	which has
80	continued for thirty days after the publication of the fact finder's report pursuant to
81	Section nine of
82	Chapter one hundred and fifty E of the General Laws or, if the parties have mutually
83	waived the fact
84	finding provisions contained in said Section nine of said Chapter one hundred and fifty E
85	said employee
86	organization shall petition the board to make an investigation.
87	If, after an investigation, the board determines that:

88	1. The requirements of Section nine of said Chapter one hundred and fifty E have been
89	complied with in
90	good faith by the employee organization;
91	2. Thirty days have passed since the date of publication of the fact finding report pursuant
92	to said section
93	nine;
94	3. The proceedings for the prevention of any prohibited practices have been exhausted
95	provided that any
96	such complaints have been filed with the commission prior to the date of the fact finder's
97	report; and
98	4. An impasse exists, the board shall notify the employer and the employee organization
99	that the issues in
100	dispute shall be resolved by a three-member arbitration panel or when the parties
101	mutually agree, the
102	board shall select a single arbitrator in lieu of the arbitration panel.
103	Said panel shall be comprised of three arbitrators, one selected by the employer, one
104	selected by the
105	employee organization and a third impartial arbitrator, who shall act as chairman of the
106	panel who shall

107	be selected by the two previously selected arbitrators. In the event that their party fails to
108	select an
109	arbitrator, or for any reason there is a delay in the naming of an arbitrator, or if the
110	arbitrators fail to select
111	a third arbitrator within the time prescribed by the board, the board shall appoint the
112	arbitrator or
113	arbitrators necessary to complete the panel which shall act with the same force and effect
114	as if the panel
115	had been selected without intervention of the board,
116	In the event that the parties mutually elect to use a single arbitrator, selected by the board
117	to appoint said
118	arbitrator, who shall act with the same force and effect as if a three-member panel had
119	been selected by
120	the parties.
121	The single arbitrator or the arbitration panel acting through its chairman, shall conduct a
122	hearing within
123	ten days after the date of appointment of its chairman, at a place within the locality of the
124	municipality
125	involved where feasible. The chairman shall give at least seven days notice in writing to
126	each of the other

127	arbitrators. The chairman or single arbitrator shall give like notice to the representatives
128	of the municipal
129	employer and employee organizations of the time and place of such hearing.
130	The single arbitrator or chairman shall preside over the hearing and shall take testimony.
131	Upon
132	application and for good cause shown, a person, labor organization, or government unit
133	having substantial
134	interest therein may be granted leave to intervene by the arbitration panel. The
135	proceedings shall be
136	informal. Any oral or documentary evidence and other data deemed relevant by the
137	arbitration panel or
138	single arbitrator may be received into evidence. The arbitrators shall have the power to
139	administer oaths
140	and to require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses, the production of
141	books, records
142	and other evidence relative to or pertinent to the issues presented to them for
143	determination. If any person
144	refuses to obey a subpoena or refuses to be sworn or to testify, or if any witness, party or
145	attorney is guilty

146	of any contempt while in attendance at any hearing, the arbitration panel or single
147	arbitrator may, or the
148	district attorney if requested, shall invoke the aid of the superior court within the
149	jurisdiction in which the
150	hearing is being held for the court to issue an appropriate order.
151	A record of the proceedings shall be kept, and the chairman or single arbitrator shall
152	arrange for the
153	necessary recording service. Transcripts may be ordered at the expense of the party
154	ordering them, but the
155	transcripts shall not be necessary for an award by the panel or single arbitrator. The
156	hearing may be
157	continued at the discretion of the panel or single arbitrator and shall be concluded within
158	forty days from
159	the time of commencement. At the conclusion of the hearing, each party shall submit a
160	written statement
161	containing its last and best offer for each of the issues in dispute to the panel or single
162	arbitrator, who
163	shall take said statements under advisement. Within ten days after the conclusion of the
164	hearing, a

165	majority of the panel, or the single arbitrator, shall select as the last and best arbitration
166	award either the
167	employer's written statement of its last and best offer, the employee organization's
168	written statement of
169	its last and best offer, or the recommendations of the fact finder, if a fact finding report
170	and
171	recommendations have been issued, and immediately shall give written notice of the
172	selection to the
173	parties. The selection shall be final and binding upon the parties and upon the appropriate
174	legislative
175	body. Within thirty calendar days of the last and best offer selection and award, the
176	impartial chairperson
177	of the arbitration panel, or the single arbitrator, shall issue a written opinion inclusive of
178	an analysis of all
179	statutory facts applicable to the proceedings.
180	At any time before the rendering of an award, the chairman of the arbitration panel or
181	single arbitrator, if
182	he is of the opinion that it would be useful or beneficial to do so, may remand the dispute
183	to the parties for

184	further collective bargaining. If the dispute is remanded for further collective bargaining,
185	the time
186	provisions of this act shall be extended for a period equal to that of the remand.
187	In the event that the representatives of the parties mutually resolve each of the issues in
188	dispute and agree
189	to be bound accordingly, said representatives may, at any time prior to the final decisions
190	by the panel, or
191	single arbitrator, request that the arbitration proceedings be terminated, the panel, acting
192	through its
193	chairman or single arbitrator, shall terminate the proceedings.
194	The factors among others, to be given right by the arbitration panel or single arbitrator in
195	arriving at the
196	decision shall include:
197	1. The financial ability of the municipality to meet costs. Such factors which shall be
198	taken into
199	consideration shall include but not be limited to (a) the city, town or district's state
200	reimbursements and
201	assessments; (b) the city, town or district's long and short term bonded indebtedness; (c)
202	the city, town or

203	district's estimated share in the metropolitan district commission deficit; (d) the city,
204	town or district's
205 206	estimated share in the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority's deficit; and (e) consideration of the
207 208	average per capita property tax burden, average annual income of members of the community, the effect
209 210	any accord by the panel or single arbitrator might have on the respective property tax rates on the city or
211	town.
212	2. The interests and welfare of the public.
213	3. The hazards of employment, physical, educational. and mental qualifications, job
214	training and skills
215	involved.
216	4. A comparison of wages, hours and conditions of employment of the employees
217	involved in the
218	arbitration proceedings with the wages, hours and conditions of employment of other
219	employees
220	performing similar services and with other employees generally in public and private
221	employment in

222	comparable	communities.
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5. The decisions and recommendations of the fact finder, if any.

6. The average consumer prices for goods and services commonly known as the cost ofliving.

7. The overall compensation presently received by the employees including direct wagesand fringe

benefits.

8. Changes in any of the foregoing circumstances while the arbitration proceedings werepending.

9. Such other factors, not confined to the foregoing, which are normally or traditionallytaken into

233 consideration in the determination of wages, hours and conditions of employment

through voluntary

235 collective bargaining, mediation, fact finding, arbitration or otherwise between parties, in

the public

237 service or in private employment.

238 10. The stipulation of the parties.

Any determination or decision of the arbitration panel or single arbitrator if supported bymaterial and

241	substantive evidence on the whole record shall be binding upon the parties and may be
242	enforced at the
243 244	instance of either party, the single arbitrator or the arbitration panel in the superior court in equity,
245 246	provided however, that the scope of arbitration in police matters shall be limited to wages, hours, and
247	conditions of employment and shall not include the following matters of inherent
248	managerial policy: the
249	right to appoint, promote, assign and transfer employees; and provided, further, that the
250	scope of
251	arbitration in firefighter matters shall not include the right to appoint and promote
252	employees.
253	Assignments shall not be within the scope; provided, however, that the subject matters of
254	initial station
255	assignment upon appointment or promotion shall be within the scope of arbitration. The
256	subject matter of
257	transfer shall not be within the scope of arbitration, provided, however, that the subject
258	matters of
259	relationship of seniority to transfers and disciplinary and punitive transfers shall be within
260	the scope of

261	arbitration. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, no	
262	municipal employer	
263	shall be required to negotiate over subjects of minimum manning of shift coverage, with	
264	an employee	
265	organization representing municipal police officers and firefighters.	
266	The commencement of a new municipal finance year prior to the final awards by the	
267	arbitration panel	
268	shall not be deemed to render a dispute moot, or to otherwise impair the jurisdiction or	
269	authority of the	
270	arbitration panel or its award. Any award of the arbitration panel may be retroactive to	
271	the expiration date	
272	of the last contract.	
273	If a municipal employer, or an employee organization willfully disobeys a lawful order of	
274	4 enforcement	
275	pursuant to this section, or willfully encourages or offers resistance to such order whether	
276	by strike or	
277	otherwise, the punishment for each day that such contempt continues may be a fine for	
278	each day to be	
279	determined at the discretion of said court.	

280	Each of the parties shall provide compensation for the arbitrator which he has selected
281	pursuant to this
282	section. The remaining costs of arbitration proceedings under this section shall be divided
283	equally
284	between the parties. Compensation for the arbitrators shall be in accordance with a
285	schedule of payment
286	established by the American Arbitration Association.