## **SENATE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 1090**

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

James B. Eldridge

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act prohibiting the participation of health care professionals in the torture and abuse of prisoners.

PETITION OF:

Name:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
James B. Eldridge	
Peter V. Kocot	1st Hampshire

## **SENATE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 1090**

By Mr. Eldridge, petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 1090) of Eldridge and Kocot for legislation to prohibit the participation of health care professionals in the torture and abuse of prisoners [Joint Committee on Public Health].

## The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Eleven

An Act prohibiting the participation of health care professionals in the torture and abuse of prisoners.

Whereas, The deferred operation of this act would tend to defeat its purpose, which is to prohibit the participation of health care professionals in the torture and abuse of prisoners, therefore, it is hereby declared to be an emergency law, necessary for the immediate preservation of the public safety.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 112 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the

following after section 1A:--

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3 Section 1B: Participation in torture or abusive treatment of prisoners by health

4 care professionals. 1. Definitions. As used in this section, the terms "torture" and "abusive

5 treatment" including "cruel, inhuman and degrading treatment" shall be interpreted in accordance

with applicable international treaties, principles and standards as well as the decisions,

observations and recommendations of the corresponding interpreting bodies. However, for the

8 purposes of this section, it shall not be an element of either "torture" or "abusive treatment" that

9 such acts be committed by a government or non-government actor, entity, or official; under color

of law; or not under color of law; with specific intent; or without specific intent. As used in this section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms have the following meanings:

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- (a) "Health care professional" means any person licensed, registered, certified, or exempt to practice a health-related profession under (i) the following sections of the Massachusetts General Laws, chapter 112: one hundred forty-nine (Acupuncturist); one hundred thirty-eight (Audiologist and Speech Pathologist); eighty-nine (Chiropractor); forty-three (Dentist); fifty-one (Dental Hygienist); fifty-one and one half (Dental Assistant); two hundred and fifty-two (Genetic Counselor); eighty-seven WWW (Health Officer); one hundred and ninety-six (Hearing Aid Dispenser); three (Radiological Technologist); seventy-four (Nurse); one hundred and eight (Nursing Home Administrator); seventy-three C (Optician); sixty-six (Optometrist); two hundred and eleven (Perfusionist); twenty-four (Pharmacist); two (Physician); nine C (Physician's Assistant); thirteen (Podiatrist); one hundred and eighteen (Psychologist); twenty-three R (Respiratory Care Provider); one hundred and thirty (Social Worker); twentythree A (Occupational Therapist and Physical Therapist); one hundred and sixty-three (Mental Health Therapist); (ii) the Massachusetts General Laws, chapter 111 (Radiological Technologist); (iii) the Massachusetts General Laws, chapter 111C (Emergency Medical Technician); or (iv) any other person licensed, registered, certified, or exempt to practice a health-related profession under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
- (b) "Torture" means any intentional act or intentional omission by which severe pain or suffering, whether physical or mental, is inflicted on a person for such purposes as obtaining from the person or from a third person information or a confession, punishing the person for an act the person or a third person has committed (including the holding of a belief or

membership in any group) or is suspected of having committed, or intimidating or coercing the person or a third person, or for any reason based on discrimination of any kind.

- (c) "Abusive treatment" means (i) cruel and unusual; or cruel, inhuman or degrading, treatment or punishment as defined by applicable international treaties and their corresponding interpreting bodies; or cruel and unusual punishment as defined in the United States Constitution or the laws of Massachusetts; or (ii) any violation of subdivision three or four of this section.
- (d) "Prisoner" means any person who is subject to detention, incarceration, interrogation, or who is being held involuntarily regardless of whether such action is performed or committed by a government or non-government actor, entity, or official; under color of law; or not under color of law.
- (e) To "adversely affect" a person's physical or mental health or condition does not include causing adverse effects that may arise from treatment or care when that treatment or care is performed in accordance with generally applicable legal, health and professional standards and for the purposes of evaluating, treating, protecting or improving the person's health.
- (f) "Interrogation" means the questioning related to law enforcement, the enforcement of rules or regulations of a closed institution (such as a jail or other detention facility, police facility, prison, immigration facility, or psychiatric or military facility) or to military and national security intelligence gathering, designed to prevent harm or danger to individuals, the public, or national security, whether by a government or non-government actor, entity or official. "Interrogation" shall also include questioning to aid or accomplish any illegal

55	activity or purpose, whether by a government or non-government actor, entity or official.
56	Interrogations are distinct from questioning used by health care professionals to assess the
57	physical or mental condition of an individual.

- 2. Knowledge. It shall be an element of any violation of this section that the actor knew or reasonably should have known his or her conduct is of the kind prohibited under this section. If a health care professional is denied access to the information necessary to ascertain whether torture or abusive treatment has occurred, is occurring or will occur, in order to assess the nature of his or her conduct as covered by this section, the health care professional must presume that the prisoner is at risk of torture or abusive treatment.
- 3. Professional Relationship not Required. It shall not be an element of any violation of this section that the health care professional be acting in his or her capacity as a health care professional.
  - 4. General obligations of health care professionals.
- (a) Every health care professional who uses his or her knowledge or skills in relation to a prisoner shall do so in a way consistent with generally applicable legal, health and professional standards as the health care professional is reasonably able to provide under the circumstances, including protection of the confidentiality of patient information.
- (b) In all clinical assessments relating to a prisoner, whether for therapeutic or evaluative purposes, health care professionals shall exercise their professional judgment independent of the interests of a government or other third party.
  - 5. Certain conduct of health care professionals prohibited.

76	(a) No health care professional shall apply his or her knowledge or skills in
77	relation to, engage in any relationship with, or perform services using his or his knowledge and
78	skills in relation to any prisoner where the purpose is not solely to evaluate, treat, protect, or
79	improve the physical or mental health or condition of the prisoner (except as permitted by
80	paragraph (b) or (c) of subdivision five of this section).
81	(b) No health care professional shall engage, directly or indirectly, in any act
82	which constitutes participation in, complicity in, incitement to, assistance in, planning or design
83	of, or attempt or conspiracy to commit torture or abusive treatment of a prisoner. Prohibited
84	forms of engagement include but are not limited to:
85	(i) providing means or knowledge with the intent to facilitate the practice of
86	torture or abusive treatment;
87	(ii) permitting his or her knowledge or the clinical findings, treatment or health
88	records of a prisoner to be used in the process of torture or abusive treatment
89	(iii) examining, evaluating, or treating a prisoner to certify whether torture or
90	abusive treatment can begin or be resumed;
91	(iv) being present while torture or abusive treatment is being administered;
92	(v) omitting indications of torture or abusive treatment from records or reports;
93	and
94	(vi) altering health care records or reports to hide, misrepresent or destroy
95	evidence of torture or abusive treatment.

(c) No health care professional shall apply his or her knowledge or skills or perform any service using his or her knowledge or skills in order to assist in the creation of conditions of confinement, incarceration or detention designed to harm, weaken, break-down, exhaust or otherwise impair a prisoner.

- (d) No health care professional shall apply his or her knowledge or skills or perform any service using his or her knowledge or skills in order to assist in the punishment, detention, incarceration, intimidation, or coercion of a prisoner when such assistance is provided in a manner that may adversely affect the physical or mental health or condition of the prisoner (except as permitted by paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision six of this section).
- (e) No health care professional shall participate in the interrogation of a prisoner, including being present in the interrogation room, asking or suggesting questions, advising on the use of specific interrogation techniques, monitoring the interrogation, or medically or psychologically evaluating a person for the purpose of identifying potential interrogation methods or strategies. However, this paragraph shall not bar a health care professional from engaging in conduct under paragraph (c) of subdivision six of this section.
- 6. Certain conduct of health care professionals permitted. A health care professional may engage in the following conduct so long as it does not violate subdivision three or four of this section, it does not adversely affect the physical or mental health or condition of a prisoner or potential subject, and is not otherwise unlawful:
- (a) appropriately participating or aiding in the investigation, prosecution, or defense of a criminal, administrative or civil matter;

(b) participating in an act that restrains a prisoner or temporarily alters the physical or mental activity of a prisoner, where the act complies with generally applicable legal, health and professional standards, is necessary for the protection of the physical or mental health, condition or safety of the prisoner, other prisoners, or persons directly caring for, guarding or confining the prisoner;

- (c) training related to the following purposes, so long as it is not provided in support of specific ongoing or anticipated interrogations:
- (i) recognizing and responding to persons with physical or mental illness or conditions,
- (ii) the possible physical and mental effects of particular techniques and conditions of interrogation, or
  - (iii) the development of effective interrogation strategies.
- (d) Conducting human subject research in accordance with generally accepted legal, health and professional standards. Research must include safeguards for human subjects equivalent to those required by federal law, including informed consent and institutional review board approval where applicable.
- 7. Duty to report. A health care professional who has reasonable grounds (not based solely on publicly available information) to believe that torture, abusive treatment or other conduct in violation of this section has occurred, is occurring, or will occur shall, as soon as is possible without jeopardizing the physical safety of himself or herself, the prisoner, or third parties, report such conduct to:

138	(a) a government agency that the health care professional reasonably believes
139	has legal authority to punish or prevent the continuation of torture or the abusive treatment of a
140	prisoner or conduct in violation
141	of this section and is reasonably likely to attempt to do so; and
142	(b) in the case of an alleged violation by a health care professional licensed
143	under the laws of Massachusetts, a report shall be filed with appropriate licensing authority.
144	8. Mitigation. The following may be considered in full or partial
145	mitigation of a violation of this section by the health care professional:
146	(a) compliance with subdivision six of this section; or
147	(b) cooperation in good faith with an investigation of a violation of this section.
148	9. Applicability. This section shall apply to conduct taking place within
149	or outside the commonwealth of Massachusetts, and without regard to whether the conduct is
150	committed by a governmental or non-governmental entity, official, or actor or under actual or
151	asserted color of law, or with specific intent or without specific intent.
152	10. Scope of practice not expanded. This section shall not be construed
153	to expand the lawful scope of practice of any health care professional.
154	SECTION 2. Chapter 149 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the
155	following after Section 185(b)(3):

156	(4) Reports or threatens to report any violation or suspected violation of Section
157	1B of Chapter 112 (relating to the participation in torture and abusive treatment of prisoners by
158	health care professionals)
159	SECTION 3. Chapter 149 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the
160	following after Section 185(c)(2)(C):
161	(D) is reporting any violation or suspected violation of Section 1B of Chapter
162	112 (relating to the participation in torture and abusive treatment of prisoners by health care
163	professionals).
164	SECTION 4. The introduction or enactment of this act shall not be construed to
165	mean that:
166	(a) conduct described by this act does not already violate state law or constitute
167	professional misconduct; or
168	(b) conduct other than that described by this act does not violate other state
169	law or otherwise constitute professional misconduct.