

**SENATE . . . . . No. 639**

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

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PRESENTED BY:

***Frederick E. Berry***

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*To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:*

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to anti gang injunctions.

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PETITION OF:

NAME:

DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

*Frederick E. Berry*

*John Hart, Jr.*

**SENATE . . . . . No. 639**

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By Mr. Berry, petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 639) of Hart and Berry for legislation relative to anti gang injunctions [Joint Committee on the Judiciary].

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

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**In the Year Two Thousand Eleven**  
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An Act relative to anti gang injunctions.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1           SECTION 1. The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 263A the  
2 following new chapter:-

3           CHAPTER 263B

4           ANTI-GANG INJUNCTIONS

5           Preamble

6           (a) The General Court finds and declares that it is the right of every person to be secure  
7 and protected from fear, intimidation, and physical harm caused by the activities of violent  
8 groups of individuals. It is not the intent of the General Court to interfere with the exercise of  
9 the constitutionally protected rights of freedom of expression and association. The General  
10 Court recognizes the constitutional right of every citizen to harbor and express beliefs on any  
11 lawful subject whatsoever, to associate lawfully with others who share similar beliefs, to petition

12 lawfully constituted authority for a redress of perceived grievances, and to participate in the  
13 electoral process.

14 (b) The General Court, however, recognizes that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is  
15 in a state of crisis which has been caused by violent street gangs whose members threaten,  
16 terrorize, and commit a multitude of crimes against the peaceful citizens of their neighborhoods.  
17 These activities, both individually and collectively, present a clear and present danger to public  
18 order and safety and are not constitutionally protected.

19 (c) The General Court finds that there are criminal street gangs operating in various cities  
20 and towns throughout the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and that the number of gang-related  
21 crimes is increasing. It is the intent of the General Court in enacting this law to seek eradication  
22 of criminal street gang activity by focusing on their patterns of criminal activity and their  
23 organized nature which together are the chief source of terror created by criminal street gangs.

24 (d) The General Court further finds that an effective means of punishing and deterring  
25 criminal street gang activity is through civil actions authorizing injunctive relief, through  
26 criminal penalties for any violations of injunctive orders, and through the forfeiture of profits,  
27 proceeds, and instrumentalities acquired, accumulated, or used by criminal street gangs.

28 Section 1. For the purposes of this chapter, the following words shall have the following  
29 meanings:

30 "Criminal street gang or streetgang or gang," any ongoing organization, incorporated or  
31 unincorporated, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, and  
32 having as one of its primary activities the commission of or involvement in one or more of the  
33 criminal acts enumerated in the definition of "Pattern of criminal gang activity" below, inclusive,

34 and having a common name or common identifying sign, symbol or tattoo, and whose members  
35 individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal gang activity.

36 "Gang member or streetgang member," any person who in fact belongs to a gang, or any  
37 person who knowingly acts in the capacity of an agent for or accessory to a gang, or is  
38 accountable for, or voluntarily associates with or engages in a pattern of criminal gang activity,  
39 as defined herein, whether in a preparatory, executive or cover-up phase of any such activity, or  
40 who knowingly performs, aids or abets any such activity. Any evidence reasonably tending to  
41 show or demonstrate the existence of or membership in a criminal street gang, shall be  
42 admissible in any action or proceeding brought under this act .

43 "Pattern of criminal gang activity," the commission of, attempted commission of,  
44 conspiracy to commit, solicitation of, or conviction of two or more of the following offenses,  
45 provided at least one of these offenses occurred after the effective date of this act and the last of  
46 those offenses occurred within 3 years after a prior offense, and the offenses were committed on  
47 separate occasions:

48 i. assault and battery with a deadly weapon; mayhem; aggravated mayhem; torture;  
49 murder; manslaughter;

50 ii. robbery; burglary; larceny or larceny of any firearm, vehicle, trailer, or vessel; theft  
51 and unlawful taking or driving of a vehicle; looting; money laundering; vandalism; carjacking;

52 iii. unlawful use of personal identifying information to obtain credit, goods, services, or  
53 medical information; wrongfully obtaining registry of motor vehicles documentation;

54 iv. the sale, possession for sale, transportation, manufacture, offer for sale of controlled  
55 substances, or offer to manufacture controlled substances;

56 v. discharging or permitting the discharge of a firearm from a motor vehicle; prohibited  
57 possession of a firearm; carrying a concealed firearm or carrying a loaded firearm; the illegal  
58 sale, delivery, or transfer of a firearm; unlawful possession of a

59 pistol, revolver, or other firearm capable of being concealed upon the person; vi. arson;  
60 the intimidation of witnesses and victims; kidnapping; extortion; rape; and

61 vii. threats to commit crimes resulting in death or great bodily injury.

62 "Safety zone," an area within a municipality where a pattern of criminal gang activity  
63 exists and designated by the district attorney, in consultation with the municipality, the  
64 boundaries of which should be specifically described by streets and landmarks. The zone should  
65 be outlined on an official municipal map of the area and published in municipal notices, bulletins  
66 and official records as well as local publications and media.

67 Section 2. Proceedings under this chapter shall be filed, heard and determined in the  
68 superior court department of the trial court or the Boston municipal court department or  
69 respective divisions of the district court department of the trial court having venue over the  
70 location of the safety zone.

71 Section 3. A civil action may be brought in the name of the people of the  
72 commonwealth to enjoin a pattern of criminal gang activity within a safety zone as defined in  
73 this chapter by the district attorney of any district in which such pattern of criminal gang activity  
74 exists. Said district attorney may seek, and a court may order, any such relief that may be

75 necessary to abate and enjoin the pattern of criminal gang activity within the safety zone  
76 including, but not limited, to the following:

77 (a) prohibiting or limiting gang members' association within the safety zone, including,  
78 but not limited to, driving, standing, sitting, walking, gathering or appearing anywhere in public  
79 view or anyplace accessible to the public, with any known member, but not including: (1) when  
80 all individuals are inside a school attending class or on school business, and (2) when all  
81 individuals are inside a church or other formal place of religious worship; provided however that  
82 this prohibition against associating shall apply to all claims of travel to or from any of those  
83 locations;

84 (b) prohibiting confronting, intimidating, annoying, harassing, threatening, challenging,  
85 provoking, assaulting or battering any person known to be a witness to any gang activity, known  
86 to be a victim of any gang activity or known to be a person who has complained about any gang  
87 activity.

88 (c) knowingly remaining in the presence of an unlawful firearm, anywhere in public  
89 view or anyplace accessible to the public, (1) possessing any firearm, imitation firearm,  
90 ammunition or illegal weapon, (2) knowingly remaining in the presence of anyone who is in  
91 possession of such firearm, imitation firearm, ammunition or dangerous weapon, or (3)  
92 knowingly remaining in the presence of such firearm, imitation firearm, ammunition or  
93 dangerous weapon. For purposes of this provision, an imitation firearm means a replica of a  
94 firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a  
95 reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm;

96 (d) prohibiting, without a prescription, (1) selling, possessing or using any controlled  
97 substance or related paraphernalia, including, but not limited to rolling papers and pipes used for  
98 illegal drug use, (2) knowingly remaining in the presence of anyone selling, possessing or using  
99 any controlled substance or such related paraphernalia, or (3) knowingly remaining in the  
100 presence of any controlled substance or such related paraphernalia;

101 (e) prohibiting the possession of alcohol anywhere in public view or anyplace accessible  
102 to the public, except on properly licensed premises (1) possessing an open container of an  
103 alcoholic beverage, (2) knowingly remaining in the presence of anyone possessing an open  
104 container of an alcoholic beverage, or (3) knowingly remaining in the presence of an open  
105 container of an alcoholic beverage;

106 (f) being present on or in any property not open to the general public, except (1) with the  
107 prior written consent of the owner, owner's agent or the person in lawful possession of the  
108 property, or (2) in the presence of and with the voluntary consent of the owner, owner's agent or  
109 the person in lawful possession of the property;

110 (g) requiring a curfew between the hours of 10:00 p.m. on any day and sunrise of the  
111 following day, unless (1) going to or from a legitimate meeting or entertainment activity, (2)  
112 actively engaged in some business, trade, profession or occupation which requires such  
113 presence, or (3) involved in a legitimate emergency situation that requires immediate attention;

114 (h) prohibiting graffiti or the possession of graffiti tools, (1) damaging, defacing or  
115 marking any public property of another, or (2) possessing any spray paint container or felt tip  
116 marker;

117 (i) failing to obey all laws (1) which prohibit violence and threatened violence including  
118 murder, rape, robbery by force or fear, assault and battery, (2) which prohibit interference with  
119 the property rights of others including trespass, theft, driving, or taking a vehicle without the  
120 owner's consent, and vandalism, or (3) which prohibit the commission of acts which create a  
121 public nuisance including the illegal sale of controlled substances and blocking the sidewalk.

122 The court may order monetary damages and the forfeiture of property received as a result  
123 of illegal gang activity. No filing fee shall be charged for the filing of any complaint under the  
124 provisions of this chapter. Any relief granted by the court shall be for a fixed period of time of  
125 not less than 2 years and not more than 3 years.

126 Upon motion by either party, the court may modify its order at any subsequent time. An  
127 action filed under this chapter shall not preclude any other civil or criminal actions. .

128 Each order issued by a court shall contain the following statement:

129 "VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE"

130 Notwithstanding any law, rule or regulation to the contrary, any violation of a court order  
131 under this chapter shall be punishable by not more than 1 year in a jail or house of correction.

132 A civil action may be brought against a criminal street gang or against any member,  
133 associate, leader, officer, agent, or organizer of a criminal streetgang who participates in a  
134 pattern of criminal gang activity or authorizes, causes, orders, ratifies, requests or suggests a  
135 pattern of criminal gang activity. An action brought under this section shall also name as  
136 defendants the criminal streetgang and any gang members that participated in the pattern of

137 criminal gang activity. An action brought under this section may name, as a class of defendants,  
138 all unknown criminal gang members.

139 The District Attorney may bring a civil action under this section regardless of whether  
140 there has been a criminal action related to or in connection with the pattern of criminal gang  
141 activity, or any injury or damage resulting therefrom and regardless of the outcome of any such  
142 criminal action.

143 Upon consideration of a complaint for injunctive relief or a cause of action for damages,  
144 or both, the Court may, in its discretion, conduct an evidentiary hearing and allow either party to  
145 call witnesses and present evidence as deemed necessary by the Court.

146 If a street gang, or any member of such gang, is found in violation of any order of the  
147 Court issued under this chapter, and it becomes necessary for the Commonwealth to bring a  
148 contempt action seeking enforcement of said order, the Commonwealth shall be entitled to, and  
149 the defendant or defendants, jointly or severally, shall be liable for, any reasonable attorney's  
150 fees and costs of prosecuting the contempt action.

151 Section 4. A summons and complaint may be served individually upon any member,  
152 associate, agent, officer, leader, or organizer of a criminal street gang by service as provided for  
153 in Rule 4 of the Massachusetts Rules of Civil Procedure. Any judgment, order or decree  
154 rendered by the court after service under this section shall constitute a binding adjudication  
155 against the entire criminal streetgang.

156 Section 5. Upon the filing of a complaint under this chapter, the court may enter such  
157 temporary orders as it deems necessary to protect the community within the safety zone,  
158 including relief as provided in section 3. If the plaintiff demonstrates a substantial likelihood of

159 immediate danger, the court may enter such temporary relief orders without notice as it deems  
160 necessary to protect the individual and public and shall immediately thereafter notify the  
161 defendant that the temporary orders have been issued. Notice shall be made by the appropriate  
162 law enforcement agency. The court shall give the defendant an opportunity to be heard on the  
163 question of continuing the temporary order and of granting other relief as requested by the  
164 plaintiff no later than 10 court business days after such orders are entered.

165           If the defendant does not appear at such subsequent hearing, the temporary orders shall  
166 continue in the effect without further order of the court.

167           Section 6. Initial public notice of any safety zone shall be given at least 30 days prior to  
168 any civil action being commenced under this chapter. Said notice shall be given wide and  
169 diverse publication throughout the area of the safety zone and in accordance with generally  
170 accepted municipal notice procedures as well as those methods enumerated in the definition of  
171 “Safety zone” herein.