

HOUSE No. 2058

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Denise Provost

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to reduce healthcare - associated infections.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
<i>Denise Provost</i>	<i>27th Middlesex</i>	<i>1/14/2013</i>
<i>Kay Khan</i>	<i>11th Middlesex</i>	
<i>Denise Andrews</i>	<i>2nd Franklin</i>	
<i>Cory Atkins</i>	<i>14th Middlesex</i>	
<i>Paul A. Schmid, III</i>	<i>8th Bristol</i>	

HOUSE No. 2058

By Ms. Provost of Somerville, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2058) of Denise Provost and others for legislation to promulgate regulations requiring Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (“MRSA”) screening of high-risk patients. Public Health.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION
SEE HOUSE, NO. 614 OF 2011-2012.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

An Act to reduce healthcare - associated infections.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 51H of chapter 111 of the General Laws is hereby amended by
2 adding the following subsection:—

3 (e) The Department of Public Health shall promulgate regulations requiring Methicillin-
4 Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (“MRSA”) screening of high-risk patients, as defined by the
5 department, upon admission to a healthcare facility. The department definition of high-risk
6 patients may include the following:

7 (1) The patient has documented medical conditions making them more susceptible to
8 infection and is scheduled for an inpatient surgery.

9 (2) The patient has been documented as having been previously discharged from a
10 general acute hospital within the past 30 days prior to the current hospital admission.

11 (3) The patient is being admitted to either the intensive care unit or the burn unit within
12 the healthcare facility.

13 (4) The patient receives inpatient dialysis treatment.

14 (5) The patient is being transferred from a nursing facility.

15 When MRSA is identified, the healthcare facility shall notify the patient and establish
16 necessary precautions as determined by the department including but not limited to:

17 (1) Isolation of identified MRSA-colonized or MRSA-infected patients.

18 (2) Monitoring and strict enforcement of hand hygiene requirements with MRSA-
19 colonized or MRSA-infected patients.

20 Healthcare facilities shall report data and information about MRSA-colonized or MRSA-
21 infected patients to the department and the Betsy Lehman Center for Patient Safety and Medical
22 Error Reduction. Reports shall be made in the manner and form established by the department in
23 its regulations.