The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

An Act establishing a board of registration in naturopathy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 13 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the following
 section:

3 Section 109. (a) There shall be within the department of public health a board of 4 registration in naturopathy which shall consist of 5 persons to be appointed by the governor, 2 of 5 whom shall be naturopathic doctors withat least 5 years of experience in the practice of 6 naturopathic health care and who shall be licensed under section 267 or 269 of chapter 112; 1 of 7 whom shall be a physician licensed to practice medicine under section 2 of chapter 112 with 8 experience working with naturopathic doctors, 1 of whom shall be a clinical pharmacologist, and 9 1 of whom shall be a member of the public. The appointed members shall serve for terms of 3 10 years. Upon the expiration of a term of office, a member shall continue to serve until a successor 11 has been appointed and qualified. No member shall serve for more than 2 consecutive terms; 12 provided, however, that a person who is chosen to fill a vacancy in an unexpired term of a prior 13 board member may serve for 2 consecutive terms in addition to the remainder of that unexpired 14 term. A member may be removed by the governor for neglect of duty, misconduct or 15 malfeasance or misfeasance in the office after a written notice of the charges against him and 16 sufficient opportunity to be heard thereon. 17 (b) The board shall annually elect from its membership a chair and a secretary who shall 18 serve until their successors have been elected and qualified. The board shall meet at least 4 times

annually and may hold additional meetings at the call of the chair or upon the request of 4

20 members. A quorum for the conduct of official business shall be a majority of those appointed.

21 Board members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for actual and

22 reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The members shall be public

employees for the purposes of chapter 258 for all acts or omissions within the scope of theirduties as board members.

25 SECTION 2. Chapter 112 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the 26 following 10 sections:

Section 264. For the purposes of this section and sections 265 to 272, inclusive, the
following terms shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

29 "Approved naturopathic medical college", a college or program granting the degree of 30 doctor of naturopathic medicine or doctor of naturopathy that is approved by the board and 31 which is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of 32 Education or such other college or program as may be approved by the board; provided, 33 however, that the naturopathic doctoral program shall be further accredited by the Council on 34 Naturopathic Medical Education or its successor. "Board", the board of registration in 35 naturopathy established in section 109 of chapter 13.

36 "Homeopathic preparations", medicines prepared according to the Homeopathic37 Pharmacopoeia of the United States.

38 "Naturopathic doctor", a person who is licensed by the board to practice naturopathic39 health care pursuant to this chapter.

40 "Naturopathic health care", a system of health care practices for the prevention,

41 evaluation and treatment of illnesses, injuries and conditions of the human body through the use

of education, nutrition, natural medicines and therapies and other modalities which are designed
 to support, stimulate or supplement the human body's own natural self-healing processes.

44 "Naturopathic manipulative therapy", the manually-administered mechanical treatment of
45 body structures or tissues in accordance with naturopathic principles for the purpose of restoring
46 the normal physiological function of the human body.

47 "Naturopathic physical medicine", the therapeutic use of the physical agents of air, water,
48 heat, cold, sound, light and the physical modalities of electrotherapy, diathermy, ultraviolet light,
49 ultrasound, hydrotherapy, naturopathic manipulative therapy and therapeutic exercise.

50 "Person", an individual; provided, however, that "person" shall not include a partnership,
51 corporation, association or business organization.

52 Section 265. (a) The practice of naturopathic health care shall include, but not be limited 53 to:

(1) the prevention and treatment of human illness, injury or disease through education,
dietary or nutritional advice and the promotion of healthy ways of living;

- 56 (2) the use of physical examinations and the ordering of clinical, laboratory and 57 radiological diagnostic procedures from licensed clinics or laboratories to evaluate injuries,
- 58 illnesses and conditions in the human body;

(3) dispensing, administering, ordering and prescribing natural medicines of mineral,
animal or botanical origin, including food products or extracts, vitamins, minerals, enzymes,
digestive aids, natural hormones, plant substances, homeopathic preparations, natural antibiotics,
topical medicines and nonprescription drugs, therapeutic devices and barrier contraceptives to
prevent or treat illnesses, injuries and conditions of the human body;

64 (4) the use of manual mechanical manipulation of body structures or tissues, in
65 accordance with naturopathic principles;

(5) the use of naturopathic physical medicine to maintain or restore normal physiological
 functioning of the human body; and

(6) mandatory tracking and documentation of the immunization status of a patient under
18 years of age and the required referral of such patient to a primary care or collaborative care
physician where evidence exists that the individual has not been immunized.

71 (b) The practice of naturopathic health care shall not include:

(1) performing surgery or invasive procedures or examinations, abortions or the use of
 radiation, radioactive substances or general or spinal anesthesia;

74 (2) prescribing, dispensing or administering a drug classified as a controlled substance or
 75 prescription drug under chapter 94C;

76 (3) the practice of acupuncture and Traditional Chinese Medicine; or

(4) the practice of emergency medicine, except as a person rendering gratuitous servicesin an emergency or for the care of minor injuries.

79 (c) Nothing in sections 264 to 272, inclusive, shall prohibit or restrict:

(1) a person who is licensed, certified or registered to practice a profession or occupation
under any other law from engaging in activities which are within the lawful scope of practice for
the profession or occupation for which that person is licensed;

- (2) the practice of naturopathic health care by a person employed by the United States
 government if that person engages in such practice in the performance of the employee's duties;
- (3) the practice of naturopathic health care by students enrolled in an approved
 naturopathic medical college; provided, however, that the performance of all such services shall
 be under a course of instruction or assignments from and under the supervision of an instructor

who is licensed as a naturopathic doctor under this chapter or a licensed professional in the fieldin which that professional is providing instruction;

90 (4) a person from treating himself or a member of his immediate family based on91 religious or health beliefs;

92 (5) a person who sells vitamins and herbs from providing information about his products;93 or

(6) a person or practitioner who is not licensed as a naturopathic doctor pursuant to this
chapter from recommending ayurvedic medicine, herbal remedies, nutritional advice,
homeopathy or any other therapy that is within the scope of practice of naturopathic health care;
provided, however, that such person or practitioner shall not represent himself or assume the
character or appearance of a person practicing naturopathic health care in the commonwealth or
otherwise use any name, title or other designation which indicates or implies that such person is
licensed to practice naturopathic health care.

(d) Licensed naturopathic doctors shall have the same authority and responsibilities as
licensed physicians regarding public health laws, reportable diseases and conditions,
communicable disease control and prevention, recording of vital statistics, health and physical
examinations and local boards of health, except that the authority of licensed naturopathic
doctors regarding such matters shall be limited to the scope of practice authorized by this
chapter. Naturopathic doctors shall be mandated reporters as required of physicians and nurses.

107 Section 266. (a) The board shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) to adopt rules and regulation governing the licensing of naturopathic doctors and the
 practice of naturopathic health care to promote the public health, welfare and safety of the
 citizens of the commonwealth including, but not limited to:

- 111 (i) regulations governing the activities of naturopathic assistants;
- (ii) requirements for specialty practice by licensed naturopathic doctors; and
- 113 (iii) continuing education requirements for the renewal of licenses including, but
- not limited to, the number of hours required, the subjects required and board approval of
- 115 continuing education programs or lectures;
- (2) to receive, review and approve or disapprove applications for licensing and to issuelicenses;
- 118 (3) to establish administrative procedures for processing applications and renewals;

(4) to provide a uniform, proctored, psychometrically-sound examination for use in
licensing naturopathic doctors, which shall adequately test the diagnostic and therapeutic skill of
license applicants; provided, however, that the board may adopt a standardized national
examination, including the Naturopathic Physicians Licensing Examination or its equivalent;

123 provided further, nothing in this section shall prohibit the board from administering a licensing

124 examination developed in cooperation with other state licensing authorities;

125 (5) to establish a code of ethics for naturopathic doctors;

(6) to establish and maintain records of its actions and proceedings in accordance with thepublic records laws; and

128 (7) to perform such other functions and duties as may be necessary to carry out sections129 264 to 272, inclusive.

(b) The board shall have the authority to investigate all complaints relating to the proper
practice of naturopathy, including any violations of this chapter or any rule or regulation of the
board. Such complaints may be brought by any person or the board.

(c) The board shall be under the supervision of the department of public health and it
shall have the powers and duties provided in sections 61 to 65E, inclusive. For the purposes of
this section and sections 61 to 65E, inclusive, conduct which places into question the holder's
competence to practice naturopathy shall include, but not be limited to:

137 (i) the commission of fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining a license;

(ii) criminal conduct which the board determines to be of such a nature as to render the
person unfit to practice naturopathy, as evidenced by criminal proceedings resulting in a
conviction, a guilty plea, a plea of nolo contendere or an admission of sufficient facts;

141 (iii) violation of a rule or regulation of the board;

(iv) failure to cooperate with the board or its agents in the conduct of an inspection orinvestigation;

- 144 (v) failure to fulfill any continuing education requirements set out by the board;
- 145 (vi) aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice naturopathy; or
- 146 (vii) negligence in the course of professional practice.

147 (d) The board may issue an order to a licensee directing him to cease and desist from

unethical or unprofessional conduct if the board finds, after notice and the opportunity for ahearing, that the licensee has engaged in such conduct.

(e) Nothing in this section shall limit the board's authority to impose sanctions that are
considered reasonable and appropriate by the board. Any person aggrieved by any disciplinary
action taken by the board under this section or for violation of any other law or rule or
regulations may, pursuant to section 64, file a petition for judicial review.

154 Section 267. (a) An application for original licensure as a naturopathic doctor shall be 155 made on forms approved by the board. Such application shall be sworn and shall be accompanied 156 by payment of the fee prescribed by the secretary of administration pursuant to section 3B of 157 chapter 7. The board shall issue a license as a naturopathic doctor to an applicant upon receipt of 158 satisfactory proof that the applicant:

(i) is at least 18 years old and of good moral character; and

(ii) possesses a baccalaureate degree from an accredited educational institution or itsequivalent, as determined by the board;

(b) An applicant for a license under this section shall have graduated from and hold a
doctor of naturopathic medicine or doctor of naturopathy degree from an approved naturopathic
medical college; provided, however, that an applicant shall have satisfactorily completed a
minimum of 1,200 hours of board-approved clinical training prior to graduation from such
college. Such clinical training may have been completed in either an inpatient or outpatient
setting and may include components of conventional medicine as well as naturopathic health
care.

(c) An applicant for a license under this section shall have successfully passed a
 competency-based national naturopathic licensing examination approved by the board.

171 (d) The board may approve an applicant who attended and graduated from a 4-year 172 naturopathic doctoral program which is located in a country or territory outside the United States 173 if, in the opinion of the board, the training and education provided by that naturopathic doctoral 174 program is substantially equivalent to that provided by a naturopathic doctoral program which 175 meets the requirements of subsection (b). Section 268. The board, in consultation with the 176 department of public health, shall determine the renewal cycle and renewal period for 177 naturopathic licenses. A naturopathic doctor licensed under this chapter shall apply to the board 178 for renewal of his license on or before the expiration date, as determined by the board, unless 179 earlier revoked, suspended or canceled as a result of a disciplinary proceeding instituted pursuant 180 to section 271. As a condition for renewal under this section, the board may require a 181 naturopathic doctor to provide the board with satisfactory proof that he has successfully 182 completed the required number of hours of continuing education for naturopathic doctors in courses or programs approved by the board or has complied with such other requirements or 183 184 equivalent requirements as approved by the board. Upon satisfactory compliance with the 185 licensing requirements for naturopathic doctors and successful completion of the continuing

- education requirements, the board shall issue a renewal license. The board may provide for thelate renewal of a license that has lapsed and may require payment of a late fee.
- 188 Section 269. The board may grant license reciprocity to registered, certified or licensed 189 naturopathic doctors from other jurisdictions; provided, that the requirements for registration, 190 certification or licensing in the other jurisdictions are, in the opinion of the board, substantially
- equivalent to the requirements in section 267. The board shall promulgate such rules and
- 192 regulations as may be necessary to implement this section.
- 193 Section 270. Each licensed naturopathic doctor shall advise the board, in writing, of the 194 address of his principal place of business and all other addresses at which that doctor is currently 195 engaged in practice. The naturopathic doctor shall immediately provide written notice to the 196 board of any change in the address of any place of business at which he practices. The 197 naturopathic doctor shall also advise the board, in writing, of that doctor's current residential 198 address and of any change of such address.
- 199 Section 271. (a) No person shall represent himself or hold himself out to the public as a 200 licensed naturopathic doctor in the commonwealth unless that person is licensed under this 201 chapter. A person who is not licensed under this chapter shall not use any of the following titles: 202 naturopathic physician, naturopathic practitioner, natural doctor, naturopathic doctor, doctor of naturopathy, doctor of natural medicine, doctor of naturopathic medicine, NMD, doctor of 203 204 nutritional medicine, N.D, naturopathic medicine, naturopath or any other term that indicates or 205 implies that the person is licensed to practice any form of naturopathic health care in the 206 commonwealth.
- (b) A licensed naturopathic doctor shall not use the term physician nor assume thecharacter or appearance of a primary care provider.
- (c) A person acting or purporting to act as a naturopathic doctor without first obtaining a
 license under this chapter shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or by
 imprisonment for not more than 1 year in a house of correction, or both. Upon conviction of a
 second or subsequent offense, such person shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000
 or by imprisonment for not more than 2 years in a house of correction, or both
- (d) A person who receives money or an equivalent thing of value as a fee, commission,
 compensation or profit by or as the consequence of a violation of sections 265 to 271, inclusive,
 shall, in addition to any other penalty, be liable for a fine of not less than the sum of the money
 so received and not more than 3 times the sum so received, as determined by the board.
- (e) There shall be no action brought by a person for recovery of compensation, nor actual
 recovery of compensation, for services rendered by that person as a licensed naturopathic
 practitioner unless such person held a current valid license under this chapter at the time the act
 or service was provided.

Section 272. All licensing and application fees and civil administrative penalties collected
 pursuant to sections 264 to 272, inclusive, shall be deposited into the trust fund established in
 section 35V of chapter 10.

SECTION 3. An applicant who graduated before 1987 and earned a doctor of naturopathic medicine or doctor of naturopathy degree from a 4-year, in-residence naturopathic college or program that had, at the time of the applicant's graduation, a license, authority or other approval from its state or province to grant such degree may apply to the board of registration in naturopathy for licensure without examination, provided that the person satisfactorily demonstrates an ability to practice naturopathic medicine in the commonwealth as determined by the board.

SECTION 4. The terms of the initial appointed members of the board of registration in naturopathy pursuant to section 109 of chapter 13 of the General Laws shall be as follows: 1 shall serve for a term of 1 year; 2 shall serve for terms of 2 years and the remaining 2 shall serve for terms of 3 years. The 2 members required to be naturopathic doctors shall be persons with 5 years of experience in the practice of naturopathic health care who would be eligible for licensure in the commonwealth if said section 109 of said chapter 13 were in effect prior to the effective date of this act.

SECTION 5. The punishment provisions of section 271 of chapter 112 of the General
 Laws shall take effect not later than 6 months after the board of registration in naturopathy first
 issues licenses pursuant to said chapter 112.

242 SECTION 6. This act shall take effect in 180 days.