## HOUSE . . . . . . No. 4236

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, June 30, 2014.

The committee on Ways and Means to whom was referred the Senate Bill to increase opportunities for long-term substance abuse recovery (Senate, No. 2142), reports recommending that the same ought to pass with an amendment striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in place thereof the text of House document numbered 4236.

For the committee,

BRIAN S. DEMPSEY.

HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 4236

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

## In the Year Two Thousand Fourteen

By striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in place thereof the following:

1 "SECTION 1. Chapter 12C of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 21 the following section:-

Section 21A. The center shall establish a continuing program of investigation and study of mental health and substance use disorders in the commonwealth.

SECTION 2. Section 13 of chapter 17 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2012 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the first and second paragraphs and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

- (a) There shall be in the department a drug formulary commission consisting of 15 members. The commission shall include: the commissioner of public health or a designee, who shall serve as the chair of the commission; the director of Medicaid or a designee; the commissioner of insurance or a designee; and 10 members appointed by the governor, which shall include: a clinical pharmacist; a pharmaceutical chemist; a clinical pharmacologist; a retail pharmacist; 2 persons with experience in pharmaceutical manufacturing, 1 of whom shall have experience with biologics; 4 practicing physicians, 1 of whom shall specialize in addiction medicine and 1 of whom shall specialize in the treatment of chronic pain; and 2 persons who are not involved in the delivery of health services who shall be representatives of the public. One of the 2 public appointees by reason of age, training, experience and affiliation shall represent the interests of the elderly. None of the members may be employed by a pharmaceutical manufacturing company or private insurer. Members shall serve for a term of 3 years, but a person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term.
- SECTION 3. Said section 13 of said chapter 17, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by striking out, in line 16, the word 'The" and inserting in place thereof the following word:- (b) The.
- SECTION 4. Said section 13 of said chapter 17, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by inserting after the third paragraph the following 2 paragraphs:-

The commission shall also prepare a drug formulary of chemically equivalent substitutions for drugs that are opiates, as defined in section 1 of chapter 94C, and contained in schedule II or III of section 3 of said chapter 94C that the commission has determined have a heightened level of public health risk due to the drug's potential for abuse and misuse. The department shall adopt this drug formulary, as prepared by the commission, by regulation. The formulary shall include formulations of drugs that the commission has determined may be appropriately substituted and that incorporate any of the following abuse deterrent properties:

- (1) a physical or chemical barrier that (i) prevents chewing, crushing, cutting, grating, grinding, melting or other physical manipulations that enable abuse or (ii) resists extraction of the opioid by common solvents such as water, alcohol or other organic solvents;
- (2) an agonist or antagonist combination that interferes with, reduces or defeats the euphoria associated with abuse;
- (3) an aversion quality that produces an unpleasant effect if the dosage form is manipulated or altered or a higher dose than directed is used;
- (4) a delivery system that, under United States Food and Drug Administration guidance, offers resistance to abuse;
- (5) a prodrug technique that limits opioid activity until transformed in the gastrointestinal tract; or
- (6) any other technique, as may be identified or recommended by the United States Food and Drug Administration, that offers significant abuse deterrence.

In preparing the formulary, the commission shall consider information contained in drug applications approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration and other regulatory and guidance documents distributed by the United States Food and Drug Administration. A determination of substitution between 2 drug products shall not require that both products incorporate the same methods of abuse deterrence. Inclusion of a drug on the formulary shall not be the basis for a labeling or marketing claim of abuse deterrence potential, unless the United States Food and Drug Administration authorizes such a claim. In considering whether a drug is a chemically equivalent substitution the commission shall consider: the accessibility of the drug and its proposed substitute; whether the drug's substitute is cost prohibitive; the effectiveness of the substitution; and whether, based upon the current patterns of abuse and misuse, the drug's substitute incorporates abuse deterrent technology that will be an effective deterrent to such abuse and misuse. In conducting its analysis, the commission may request an insurance benefit review by the center for health information and analysis.

SECTION 5. Said section 13 of said chapter 17, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by striking out, in lines 29, 34 and 39, the word 'formulary' and inserting in place thereof, in each instance, the following word:- formularies.

SECTION 6. Said section 13 of said chapter 17, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by striking out, in line 44, the word 'The' the first time it appears and inserting in place thereof the following word:- (c) The.

SECTION 7. Said section 13 of said chapter 17, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by adding the following subsection:-

- (d) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'extended release long acting-opioids' shall mean a drug that is subject to the federal Food and Drug Administration's risk evaluation and mitigation strategy for extended release and long-acting opioid analgesics; and the term 'non-abuse deterrent opioid' shall mean an opioid drug product that is approved for medical use but does not meet the requirements for listing as a chemically equivalent substitute pursuant to this section. The commission shall also identify drugs that are extended release long acting-opioids and non-abuse deterrent opioids, contained in schedule II or III of section 3 of said chapter 94C, that the commission has determined have a heightened level of public health risk due to the drug's potential for abuse and misuse for which no adequate chemically equivalent substitute is available and shall notify the commissioner of public health that such drugs pose a threat to the public's health.
- SECTION 8. Chapter 17 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 19, as so appearing, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- Section 19. The department shall promulgate regulations relative to coordination of care and management that includes effective discharge planning for substance use disorder treatment programs subject to licensure or approval under sections 24 and 24D of chapter 90, sections 6 and 6A of chapter 111B and section 7 of chapter 111E. The regulations shall include, but not be limited to, a requirement that such substance use disorder treatment providers shall:
- (1) provide enhanced care coordination and management, which shall include effective discharge planning that engages and educates the patient and the patient's outpatient medical and psychiatric providers to ensure continuity of care;
- (2) provide a discharge plan to each client leaving a licensed substance use disorder treatment program, which shall include recommended follow-up treatment, contact information for certified alcohol and drug free housing pursuant to section 18A, additional resources for substance use disorder treatment, resources for workforce options, information and links to community and social supports and information on family support services;

- 93 (3) provide patient specific treatment that is individualized based on the patient's past 94 history of treatment, medical history, psychiatric history and social history;
  - (4) facilitate transitions from more intensive to less intensive treatment based on the patient's needs and response to treatment;

- (5) upon admission, acquire informed consent from each patient regarding the risk and benefit of all medication assisted treatment options, as well as the risk and benefit of not receiving treatment; and
  - (6) provide regular monitoring of patients' behavior and addressing relapse risks.
- SECTION 9. Chapter 32A of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 17K the following 3 sections:-

Section 17L. Any coverage offered by the commission to an active or retired employee of the commonwealth insured under the group insurance commission shall provide coverage for abuse deterrent opioid drug products listed on the formulary, compiled under subsection (b) of section 13 of chapter 17, on a basis not less favorable than non-abuse deterrent opioid drug products that are covered by the commission. An increase in patient cost sharing shall not be allowed to achieve compliance with this section.

Section 17M. For the purposes of this section the term 'substance abuse treatment' shall include: early intervention services for substance use disorder treatment; outpatient services including medically assisted therapies; intensive outpatient and partial hospitalization services; residential or inpatient services, not covered under section 17N; and medically managed intensive inpatient services, not covered under said section 17N.

Any coverage offered by the commission to an active or retired employee of the commonwealth insured under the group insurance commission shall not require a member to obtain a preauthorization for substance abuse treatment if the provider is certified or licensed by the commonwealth.

Section 17N. For the purposes of this section the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:-

'Acute treatment services', 24 hour medically supervised addiction treatment for adults or adolescents provided in a medically managed or medically monitored inpatient facility, as defined by the department of public health, that provides evaluation and withdrawal management and which may include biopsychosocial assessment, individual and group counseling, psychoeducational groups and discharge planning.

'Clinical stabilization services', 24-hour clinically managed detoxification treatment for adults or adolescents, as defined by the department of public health, usually following more

acute treatment services for substance abuse, which may include intensive education and counseling regarding the nature of addiction and its consequences, relapse prevention, outreach to families and significant others and aftercare planning, for individuals beginning to engage in recovery from addiction.

The commission shall provide coverage to any active or retired employee of the commonwealth who is insured under the group insurance commission coverage for acute treatment services and clinical stabilization services for up to a total of 10 days and shall not require preauthorization prior to obtaining such acute treatment services or clinical stabilization services; provided that, utilization review procedures may be initiated on day 8.

SECTION 10. Section 22 of said chapter 32A, as appearing in the 2012 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word 'specialist', in line 104, the following words:-, a licensed alcohol and drug counselor I, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111J,.

SECTION 11. Chapter 38 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the following section:-

Section 16. The chief medical examiner shall file a report with the federal Food and Drug Administration's MedWatch Program any time the determined cause of death of an individual was due solely to the ingestion of a schedule II through schedule VI, inclusive, controlled substance, under chapter 94C. A report shall also be sent to the commissioner of public health in a manner determined by the commissioner of public health.

SECTION 12. Chapter 94C of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 2 the following section:-

Section 2A. (a) Notwithstanding section 2, the commissioner may, by order, place a substance in schedule I on a temporary basis if the commissioner finds: (i) it is necessary to avoid an imminent hazard to the public safety; (ii) it is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety or general welfare; (iii) the substance is not listed in any other schedule identified in section 3; (iv) no exception is in effect for the substance pursuant to section 4; and (v) the substance is not excluded under subsection (c) of section 2.

- (b) Prior to finding that a substance is an imminent hazard to the public safety under clause (i) of subsection (a), the commissioner shall consider the substance's actual or relative potential for abuse and its history and current patterns of abuse.
- (c) An order issued under subsection (a) shall be an emergency regulation and subject to section 3 of chapter 30A; provided, however, that: (i) no further approval by designated persons or bodies, as referenced in said section 3, shall be required before the emergency regulation becomes effective; and (ii) the emergency regulation may remain in effect for up to 1 year.

(d) An order issued under subsection (a) shall take effect upon the completion of a 14 day notice period. For the purposes of this section, the notice period shall begin when the order is published on the department of public health's website and by any other means the commissioner may deem necessary. The commissioner shall forward a copy of the order to all acute inpatient hospitals in the commonwealth, in a form and manner to be determined by the commissioner, to disseminate information regarding the dangers of the substance.

- (e) Upon issuing an order under subsection (a), the commissioner shall forward a copy of the order to the chairs of the joint committee on public health.
- (f) Upon issuing an order under subsection (a), the commissioner shall forward a copy of the order to the attorney general of the United States to request that the attorney general temporarily place the substance in schedule I under the federal Controlled Substances Act, 21 USC § 811(h).
- (g) Upon issuing an order under subsection (a), the commissioner shall forward a copy of the order to all local and regional boards of health, with guidance that possession or distribution of the substance by any food, retail or other commercial establishment shall constitute an imminent health hazard. While the order is in effect the board of health or an authorized agent, the local inspection department or the equivalent or a municipal government or its agent may, under section 30 of chapter 111 and any regulation promulgated pursuant thereto, take any enforcement action consistent with a finding of an imminent health hazard, up to and including summary suspension of a municipal license or permit held by the establishment including, but not limited to, a permit to operate.
- SECTION 13. Said chapter 94C is hereby further amended by inserting after section 6 the following section:-

Section 6A. A corporate entity, other than a hospital or clinic licensed under section 51 of chapter 111 or an opioid treatment program licensed under chapter 111E, doing business in the commonwealth, which has more than 300 patients receiving treatment for opioid dependency in the form of opioid agonist therapy provided by physicians who are associated with the entity by contract, fee for service or other arrangement other than as members of the practice, shall be licensed by the department and shall comply with requirements established by the department to limit the diversion of opioid drugs and ensure patient safety.

The department shall issue best practice guidance related to routine toxicology screenings, maximum take home dosages and behavioral health referrals for practitioners who provide opioid agonist therapy in the commonwealth. Practitioners shall adhere to said best practices promulgated by the department.

SECTION 14. Section 12A of chapter 112 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out, in lines 32 and 33, the words 'de-identified, aggregate

information in a manner to be determined in conjunction with the department of public health' and inserting in place thereof the following words:- information related to the incident to the commissioner of public health in a manner determined by the commissioner that complies with 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2, 42 C.F.R. Part 2 and 45 C.F.R. § 164.512. The department of public health may promulgate regulations to enforce this section and to ensure that serious adverse drug events are reported to the federal Food and Drug Administration's MedWatch Program.

SECTION 15. Section 12D of said chapter 112, as so appearing, is hereby amended by inserting after the definition of 'Department' the following definition:- 'Interchangeable abuse deterrent drug product', a drug with abuse deterrent properties identified by the drug formulary commission as an appropriate substitute for a drug that the commission has determined poses a heightened level of risk to the public due to the drug's potential for abuse and misuse under subsection (b) of section 13 of chapter 17.

SECTION 16. The fourth paragraph of said section 12D of said chapter 112, as so appearing, is hereby amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in place thereof the following sentence:- Except in cases where the practitioner has indicated 'no substitution', the pharmacist shall dispense: an interchangeable abuse deterrent product if one exists; or, if none exists, a less expensive, reasonably available, interchangeable drug product as allowed by the most current formularies or supplement thereof.

SECTION 17. Said section 12D of said chapter 112, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by striking out, in lines 30 and 31, the words 'the pharmacist dispense a brand name drug product' and inserting in place thereof the following words:- no substitution be made.

SECTION 18. Chapter 118E of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 10G the following section:-

Section 10H. For the purposes of this section the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:-

'Acute treatment services', 24 hour medically supervised addiction treatment for adults or adolescents provided in a medically managed or medically monitored inpatient facility, as defined by the department of public health, that provides evaluation and withdrawal management and which may include biopsychosocial assessment, individual and group counseling, psychoeducational groups and discharge planning.

'Clinical stabilization services', 24-hour clinically managed detoxification treatment for adults or adolescents, as defined by the department of public health, usually following more acute treatment services for substance abuse, which may include intensive education and counseling regarding the nature of addiction and its consequences, relapse prevention, outreach to families and significant others and aftercare planning, for individuals beginning to engage in recovery from addiction.

The division and its contracted health insurers, health plans, health maintenance organizations, behavioral health management firms and third party administrators under contract to a Medicaid managed care organization or primary care clinician plan shall cover the cost of acute treatment services and shall not require a preauthorization prior to obtaining treatment.

The division and its contracted health insurers, health plans, health maintenance organizations, behavioral health management firms and third party administrators under contract to a Medicaid managed care organization or primary care clinician plan shall cover the cost of clinical stabilization services for up to 10 days and shall not require preauthorization prior to obtaining clinical stabilization services; provided that, utilization review procedures may be initiated on day 8.

SECTION 19. Section 47B of chapter 175 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2012 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word 'specialist', in line 114, the following words:-, a licensed alcohol and drug counselor I, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111J,.

SECTION 20. Chapter 175 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 47DD the following 3 sections:-

Section 47EE. Any policy, contract, agreement, plan or certificate of insurance issued, delivered or renewed within the commonwealth shall provide coverage for abuse deterrent opioid drug products listed on the formulary, compiled under subsection (b) of section 13 of chapter 17, on a basis not less favorable than non-abuse deterrent opioid drug products that are covered by such policy, contract, agreement, plan or certificate of insurance. An increase in patient cost sharing shall not be allowed to achieve compliance with this section.

Section 47FF. For the purposes of this section the term 'substance abuse treatment' shall include: early intervention services for substance use disorder treatment; outpatient services including medically assisted therapies; intensive outpatient and partial hospitalization services; residential or inpatient services, not covered under section 47GG; and medically managed intensive inpatient services, not covered under said section 47GG.

Any policy, contract, agreement, plan or certificate of insurance issued, delivered or renewed within the commonwealth shall not require a member to obtain a preauthorization for substance abuse treatment if the provider is certified or licensed by the commonwealth.

Section 47GG. For the purposes of this section the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:-

'Acute treatment services', 24 hour medically supervised addiction treatment for adults or adolescents provided in a medically managed or medically monitored inpatient facility, as defined by the department of public health, that provides evaluation and withdrawal management

and which may include biopsychosocial assessment, individual and group counseling, psychoeducational groups and discharge planning.

'Clinical stabilization services', 24-hour clinically managed detoxification treatment for adults or adolescents, as defined by the department of public health, usually following more acute treatment services for substance abuse, which may include intensive education and counseling regarding the nature of addiction and its consequences, relapse prevention, outreach to families and significant others and aftercare planning, for individuals beginning to engage in recovery from addiction.

Any policy, contract, agreement, plan or certificate of insurance issued, delivered or renewed within the commonwealth shall provide coverage for acute treatment services and clinical stabilization services for up to a total of 10 days and shall not require preauthorization prior to obtaining acute treatment services or clinical stabilization services; provided that, utilization review procedures may be initiated on day 8.

SECTION 21. Section 8A of chapter 176A of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2012 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word 'specialist', in line 116, the following words:-, a licensed alcohol and drug counselor I, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111J,.

SECTION 22. Chapter 176A of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 8FF the following 3 sections:-

Section 8GG. Any contract between a subscriber and the corporation under an individual or group hospital service plan which is delivered, issued or renewed within the commonwealth shall provide coverage for abuse deterrent opioid drug products listed on the formulary, compiled under subsection (b) of section 13 of chapter 17, on a basis not less favorable than non-abuse deterrent opioid drug products that are covered by the individual or group hospital service plan. An increase in patient cost sharing shall not be allowed to achieve compliance with this section.

Section 8HH. For the purposes of this section the term 'substance abuse treatment' shall include: early intervention services for substance use disorder treatment; outpatient services including medically assisted therapies; intensive outpatient and partial hospitalization services; residential or inpatient services, not covered under section 8II; and medically managed intensive inpatient services, not covered under said section 8II.

Any contract between a subscriber and the corporation under an individual or group hospital service plan which is delivered, issued or renewed within the commonwealth shall not require a member to obtain a preauthorization for substance abuse treatment if the provider is certified or licensed by the commonwealth.

Section 8II. For the purposes of this section the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:-

'Acute treatment services', 24 hour medically supervised addiction treatment for adults or adolescents provided in a medically managed or medically monitored inpatient facility, as defined by the department of public health, that provides evaluation and withdrawal management and which may include biopsychosocial assessment, individual and group counseling, psychoeducational groups and discharge planning.

'Clinical stabilization services', 24-hour clinically managed detoxification treatment for adults or adolescents, as defined by the department of public health, usually following more acute treatment services for substance abuse, which may include intensive education and counseling regarding the nature of addiction and its consequences, relapse prevention, outreach to families and significant others and aftercare planning, for individuals beginning to engage in recovery from addiction.

Any contract between a subscriber and the corporation under an individual or group hospital service plan which is delivered, issued or renewed within the commonwealth shall provide coverage for acute treatment services and clinical stabilization services for up to a total of 10 days and shall not require preauthorization prior to obtaining acute treatment services or clinical stabilization services; provided that, utilization review procedures may be initiated on day 8.

SECTION 23. Section 4A of chapter 176B of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2012 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word 'specialist', in line 114, the following words:-, a licensed alcohol and drug counselor I, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111J..

SECTION 24. Chapter 176B of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 4FF the following 3 sections:-

Section 4GG. Any subscription certificate under an individual or group medical service agreement delivered, issued or renewed within the commonwealth shall provide coverage for abuse deterrent opioid drug products listed on the formulary, compiled under subsection (b) of section 13 of chapter 17, on a basis not less favorable than non-abuse deterrent opioid drug products that are covered by an individual or group medical service agreement. An increase in patient cost sharing shall not be allowed to achieve compliance with this section.

Section 4HH. For the purposes of this section the term 'substance abuse treatment' shall include: early intervention services for substance use disorder treatment; outpatient services including medically assisted therapies; intensive outpatient and partial hospitalization services; residential or inpatient services, not covered under section 4II; and medically managed intensive inpatient services, not covered under said section 4II.

Any subscription certificate under an individual or group medical service agreement delivered, issued or renewed within the commonwealth shall not require a member to obtain a preauthorization for substance abuse treatment if the provider is certified or licensed by the commonwealth.

Section 4II. For the purposes of this section the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:-

'Acute treatment services', 24 hour medically supervised addiction treatment for adults or adolescents provided in a medically managed or medically monitored inpatient facility, as defined by the department of public health, that provides evaluation and withdrawal management and which may include biopsychosocial assessment, individual and group counseling, psychoeducational groups and discharge planning.

'Clinical stabilization services', 24-hour clinically managed detoxification treatment for adults or adolescents, as defined by the department of public health, usually following more acute treatment services for substance abuse, which may include intensive education and counseling regarding the nature of addiction and its consequences, relapse prevention, outreach to families and significant others and aftercare planning, for individuals beginning to engage in recovery from addiction.

Any subscription certificate under an individual or group medical service agreement delivered, issued or renewed within the commonwealth shall provide coverage for acute treatment services and clinical stabilization services for up to a total of 10 days and shall not require preauthorization prior to obtaining acute treatment services or clinical stabilization services; provided that, utilization review procedures may be initiated on day 8.

SECTION 25. Section 4M of chapter 176G of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2012 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word 'specialist', in line 110, the following words:-, a licensed alcohol and drug counselor I, as defined in section 1 of chapter 111J..

SECTION 26. Chapter 176G of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 4X the following 3 sections:-

Section 4Y. An individual or group health maintenance contract that is issued or renewed shall provide coverage for abuse deterrent opioid drug products listed on the formulary, compiled under subsection (b) of section 13 of chapter 17, on a basis not less favorable than non-abuse deterrent opioid drug products that are covered by an individual or group health maintenance contract. An increase in patient cost sharing shall not be allowed to achieve compliance with this section.

Section 4Z. For the purposes of this section the term 'substance abuse treatment' shall include: early intervention services for substance use disorder treatment; outpatient services including medically assisted therapies; intensive outpatient and partial hospitalization services; residential or inpatient services, not covered under section 4AA; and medically managed intensive inpatient services, not covered under said section 4AA.

An individual or group health maintenance contract that is issued or renewed shall not require a member to obtain a preauthorization for substance abuse treatment if the provider is certified or licensed by the commonwealth.

Section 4AA. For the purposes of this section the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:-

'Acute treatment services', 24 hour medically supervised addiction treatment for adults or adolescents provided in a medically managed or medically monitored inpatient facility, as defined by the department of public health, that provides evaluation and withdrawal management and which may include biopsychosocial assessment, individual and group counseling, psychoeducational groups and discharge planning.

'Clinical stabilization services', 24-hour clinically managed detoxification treatment for adults or adolescents, as defined by the department of public health, usually following more acute treatment services for substance abuse, which may include intensive education and counseling regarding the nature of addiction and its consequences, relapse prevention, outreach to families and significant others and aftercare planning, for individuals beginning to engage in recovery from addiction.

An individual or group health maintenance contract that is issued or renewed shall provide coverage for acute treatment services and clinical stabilization services for up to a total of 10 days and shall not require preauthorization prior to obtaining acute treatment services or clinical stabilization services; provided that, utilization review procedures may be initiated on day 8.

SECTION 27. The department of public health shall compile a list of prescription drug drop boxes and other safe locations to dispose of prescription drugs within the commonwealth. The list shall be published on the department's website, not later than January 2, 2015, and shall be updated on a regular basis.

The department shall compile a list of communities within the commonwealth that do not have a prescription drug drop box or other safe location to dispose of prescription drugs. The department shall file the list with the house and senate clerks, who shall forward the list to the senate and house committees on ways and means and the joint committee on mental health and substance abuse, not later than January 2, 2015.

SECTION 28. The center for health information and analysis shall conduct a review of the accessibility of substance use disorder treatment and adequacy of insurance coverage in the commonwealth and shall issue a report, not later than February 15, 2015. The review shall be posted on the center's website and shall be filed with the house of representatives and senate clerks, the house and senate committees on ways and means and the health policy commission.

The report shall include, but not be limited to: (i) a description of the continuum of care for substance use disorder treatment; (ii) an evaluation of access to the continuum of care for patients eligible for MassHealth and department of public health programs; (iii) an evaluation of access to the continuum of care for commercially insured patients; and (iv) a description of specific barriers to treatment access, including utilization review, prior authorization and patient cost sharing.

SECTION 29. The health policy commission shall issue a report recommending policies intended to ensure access to and coverage for substance use disorder treatment throughout the commonwealth, which shall be filed with the clerks of the house of representatives and the senate and shall be available on the general court's website, not later than May 30, 2015. In preparing the report, the commission shall consider the report of the center for health information and analysis, under section 36, and the recommendations of the senate special committee on drug abuse and treatment options, established by a senate order adopted on January 16, 2014. The commission shall provide opportunity for public comment during the development of this report. The report shall include but not be limited to: (1) specific legislation or regulatory changes recommended, including appropriate coverage mandates; (2) an evaluation of the availability of medication-assisted opioid therapy such as methadone, buprenorphine and extended-release naltrexone in critical stabilization services, including insurance coverage, regulatory or licensure barriers to access such medications prior to discharge and recommendations for changes to ensure patient access; and (3) recommendations for the continuing study of substance use disorder by the center for health information and analysis, under section 21A of chapter 12C of the General Laws, including appropriate data collection and sharing activities.

SECTION 30. In carrying out its responsibilities under this act, the center for health information and analysis and the health policy commission may use all department of public health data; provided, that such data shall not be a public record and the health policy commission and the center for health information and analysis shall protect the privacy of any protected health information in accordance with federal and state laws and applicable rules and regulations.

SECTION 31. Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, the governor shall appoint the new members to the drug formulary commission, under section 13 of chapter 17 of the General Laws, not later than 30 days from the effective date of this act. Of the 4 new appointments under said section 13 of said chapter 17, 2 shall be appointed for a term of 3 years;

444 1 shall be appointed for a term of 2 years; and 1 shall be appointed for a term of 1 year. As the 445 term of a member expires the successor shall be appointed to serve for a term of 3 years. 446 SECTION 32. The division shall implement section 18 subject to all required federal 447 approvals. 448 SECTION 33. Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, the drug 449 formulary commission shall issue the first draft of its formulary of abuse deterrent drugs that are 450 a chemically equivalent substitute for drugs that are opiates and pose a risk to the public's health, 451 under subsection (b) of section 13 of chapter 17 of the General Laws, not later than 120 days 452 from the effective date of this act. 453 SECTION 34. Sections 9, 10 and 18 to 26, inclusive, shall take effect on October 1, 2015. 454 SECTION 35. Sections 13, 16 and 17 shall take effect 6 months from the effective date of 455 this act.".