HOUSE No. 1138

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Frank I. Smizik

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act authorizing municipalities to protect low and moderate income tenants and units of governmentally involved housing.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Frank I. Smizik	15th Norfolk	1/14/2015
Louis L. Kafka	8th Norfolk	9/12/2019
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex	1/27/2015
Peter V. Kocot	1st Hampshire	1/23/2015
Benjamin Swan	11th Hampden	1/29/2015
Antonio F. D. Cabral	13th Bristol	2/3/2015
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex	2/3/2015
Michael D. Brady	Second Plymouth and Bristol	2/4/2015
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester	1/30/2015
Tom Sannicandro	7th Middlesex	1/30/2015
Marcos A. Devers	16th Essex	1/29/2015
Patricia D. Jehlen	Second Middlesex	2/3/2015
Elizabeth A. Malia	11th Suffolk	2/4/2015
Gloria L. Fox	7th Suffolk	2/3/2015
James J. O'Day	14th Worcester	1/30/2015
Frank A. Moran	17th Essex	2/3/2015
Patricia A. Haddad	5th Bristol	1/30/2015

Byron Rushing	9th Suffolk	1/30/2015
John J. Lawn, Jr.	10th Middlesex	2/4/2015
Ellen Story	3rd Hampshire	1/29/2015
Marjorie C. Decker	25th Middlesex	9/12/2019
Jason M. Lewis	Fifth Middlesex	9/12/2019
Michael O. Moore	Second Worcester	9/12/2019
Daniel M. Donahue	16th Worcester	9/12/2019
Evandro C. Carvalho	5th Suffolk	9/12/2019
Christine P. Barber	34th Middlesex	9/12/2019
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth	9/12/2019
Bruce J. Ayers	1st Norfolk	9/12/2019
David M. Rogers	24th Middlesex	9/12/2019
Timothy J. Toomey, Jr.	26th Middlesex	9/12/2019
David M. Nangle	17th Middlesex	9/12/2019
Russell E. Holmes	6th Suffolk	9/12/2019
Michael J. Moran	18th Suffolk	9/12/2019

HOUSE No. 1138

By Mr. Smizik of Brookline, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1138) of Frank I. Smizik and others for legislation to authorize municipalities to protect low and moderate income tenants and units of governmentally-involved housing. Housing.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 1156 OF 2013-2014.]

The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

In the One Hundred and Eighty-Ninth General Court (2015-2016)

An Act authorizing municipalities to protect low and moderate income tenants and units of governmentally involved housing.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 40W the

- 2 following chapter:
- 3 CHAPTER 40X.

4 PROTECTION OF LOW AND MODERATE INCOME TENANTS AND UNITS OF

5 GOVERNMENTALLY INVOLVED HOUSING.

6 Section 1. The general court finds and declares that: (a) a serious public

7 emergency continues to exist with respect to the housing of a substantial number of persons in

8 certain areas of the commonwealth residing in governmentally involved housing, inasmuch that

9	many low-income individuals and families residing in such housing, particularly those elderly
10	and disabled, may be threatened with displacement as a result of prepayment of mortgage
11	financing, loss of use or rent restrictions, expiring subsidy contracts, and expected increases in
12	rent, and there is a threat that affordable housing stock will be lost due to expiration of use or
13	rent restrictions and such pre-payment, further exacerbating an extreme housing shortage for
14	low-income families and individuals; (b) it is the commonwealth's policy to encourage owners of
15	this governmentally involved housing to accept incentives to keep such housing affordable and
16	avert displacement; (c) such emergency should be met by the commonwealth immediately and
17	with due regard for the rights and responsibilities of its local communities; therefore, this chapter
18	is declared to be in the public interest.
19	Section 2. The following words or phrases as used in this chapter shall have the
20	following meanings:
21	(A) "governmentally-involved housing" means any residential housing project
21 22	(A) "governmentally-involved housing" means any residential housing project constructed, rehabilitated, or assisted pursuant to any one or more of the following governmental
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21 22 23 24	 (A) "governmentally-involved housing" means any residential housing project constructed, rehabilitated, or assisted pursuant to any one or more of the following governmental programs: (1) section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959,12 U.S.C. section 1701q;
 21 22 23 24 25 	 (A) "governmentally-involved housing" means any residential housing project constructed, rehabilitated, or assisted pursuant to any one or more of the following governmental programs: (1) section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959,12 U.S.C. section 1701q; (2) section 221(d) of the National Housing Act, 12 U.S.C. section 1715l(d);

29	(5) the Rent Supplement Program under section 101 of the Housing and Urban
30	Development Act of 1965, 12 U.S.C. section 1701s;
31	(6) the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Rural Rental Housing Program under
32	section 515 of the Housing Act of 1949, 42 U.S.C. section 1490a;
33	(7) the Urban Development Action Grant, hereinafter referred to as UDAG, 42
34	U.S.C. section 5318, or the Housing Development Action Grant, hereinafter referred to as
35	HoDAG, 42 U.S.C. section 14370, in either case to the extent the project's rents are restricted or
36	regulated pursuant to a grant agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban
37	Development or otherwise;
38	(8) the federal low-income housing tax credit program under section 42 of the
39	U.S. Internal Revenue Code, 26 &.S.C. section 42;
40	(9) chapter 121A of the General Laws to the extent the chapter 121A approvals
41	restrict the affordability of the project's dwelling units;
42	(10) section 13A of chapter 708 of the Acts of 1966, as amended;
43	(11) section 811 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act,
44	as amended (42 U.S.C. section8013);
45	(12) section 207 of the National Housing Act, 12 U.S.C. section 1713, and
46	subject to a rent regulatory agreement pursuant to chapter 121A of the General Laws;
47	(13) section 220 of the National Housing Act, 12 U.S.C. section 1715k(a) and
48	(h), and subject to a rent regulatory agreement pursuant to chapter 121A of the General Laws; or

49 (14) the project-based Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program, so-called (see
50 line item 7004-9004 of Section 2 of chapter 159 of the Acts of 2000, as well as 760 C.M.R. Part
51 49.00)

52 For purposes of this section, "governmentally involved housing" shall not 53 include the following: (1) housing units owned or acquired by the municipality through tax 54 foreclosure; (2) housing units in a one to ten family building or structure that is not part of a 55 larger housing development, whether on one or more sites; (3) structures containing housing 56 units subsidized with mobile tenant-based rental assistance that would not otherwise come within 57 the definition of governmentally involved housing; (4) structures containing housing units which 58 were subject to chapter 36 of the acts of 1976, chapter 797 of the acts of 1969, chapter 863 of the 59 acts of 1970, chapter 843 of the acts of 1970, chapter 843 of the acts of 1971, chapter 45 of the 60 acts of 1987, chapter 504 of the acts of 1987, or chapter 601 of the acts of 1981, but which would 61 otherwise not come within the definition of governmentally involved housing; (5) public housing 62 owned or operated by a local housing authority under chapter 121B, the United States Housing 63 Act of 1937, or any successor act or public housing programs formerly assisted under the United 64 States Housing Act of 1937; (6) housing units which first became governmentally involved after 65 October 1, 2010, unless the municipality enacts a different date; and (7) housing units where the 66 sole government involvement is the owner's participation in federal, state, or municipal funded 67 programs for home repairs, energy conservation, or lead paint abatement.

(B) "Formerly governmentally involved housing", housing which was
governmentally involved as of July 1, 1994, or which became governmentally involved housing
after July 1, 1994, but which is no longer governmentally-involved as defined in this section.

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(C) "Low-income", an annual income which is 80 per cent or less of the median income for the area as determined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, with adjustments for smaller and larger families.

74 Section 3. (A) In a municipality accepting the provisions of this chapter, no 75 person shall bring an action to recover possession of a governmentally involved or formerly 76 governmentally involved housing unit to the extent that such regulation is not otherwise 77 preempted by federal law or section 6 of chapter 708 of the acts of 1966, unless: (1) the tenant 78 has failed to pay the rent to which the owner is entitled; (2) the tenant has violated an obligation 79 or covenant of tenancy not inconsistent with chapter 93A or this chapter other than the obligation 80 to surrender possession upon proper notice, and has failed to cure the violation after having 81 received written notice thereof; (3) the tenant is causing, committing or permitting, a nuisance in, 82 or substantial damage to, the housing unit, or is creating substantial interference with the 83 comfort, safety, or enjoyment of the owner or other occupants of the same or any adjacent unit; 84 (4) the tenant has used or permitted use of a housing unit for illegal purposes; (5) the tenant, who 85 had a written lease or rental agreement which has terminated, has refused, after written requests 86 or demand by the owner, to execute a written extension or renewal thereof for a further term of 87 like duration on terms not inconsistent with or violative of any provision of this act; (6) the 88 tenant has refused the owner reasonable access to the housing unit for the purpose of making 89 necessary repairs or improvements required by law, or for the purpose of inspection as permitted 90 or required by the lease or by law, or for the purpose of showing the housing unit to any 91 prospective purchaser or mortgagee; (7) the tenant holding at the end of a lease term is a 92 subtenant not approved by the owner; (8) for tenant-based rental assistance programs only, the 93 owner seeks to recover possession in good faith of a unit for the owner's own use and occupancy

94 or for use and occupancy by the owner's spouse, children, grandchildren, great grandchildren, 95 parents, grandparents, brother, sister, father-in-law, mother in-law, son-in-law, or daughter-in-96 law; or (9) the owner seeks to recover possession for any other just cause not in conflict with the 97 provisions and purposes of this chapter or chapter 93A. 98 (B) The provisions of this section shall be construed as additional restrictions on 99 the right to recover possession of such housing units. 100 Section 4. In a municipality accepting the provisions of this chapter, no person 101 shall remove any governmentally involved or formerly governmentally involved housing unit 102 from low-income rental housing use, without first obtaining permission for that purpose from the 103 municipality or its designee, to the extent that such provision is not preempted by federal law or 104 section 6 of chapter 708 of the acts of 1966. Such permission may be subject to terms and 105 conditions not inconsistent with the purposes and provisions of this chapter, including, without 106 limitation, incentives to continue in effect the low-income use restrictions previously in place for 107 the property. 108 Section 5. To the extent not preempted by federal law or section 6 of chapter 708 109 of the acts of 1966, a municipality accepting the provisions of this chapter shall require an owner

110 of governmentally involved housing or formerly governmentally involved housing to

affirmatively seek out and accept any prospective government housing resources, whether

112 tenant-based or project-based, and to convert tenant-based to project-based assistance, in order to

- 113 maximize the long term affordability of housing units for low income households consistent
- 114 with the income character of the property and the owner's right to obtain a fair net operating

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income for the housing units. The appropriate state and municipal agencies shall assist owners byidentifying government housing resources.

117 Section 6. To the extent not preempted by federal law or section 6 of chapter 708 118 of the acts of 1966, and, so long as such regulation is consistent with the owner's right to obtain a 119 fair net operating income and the municipality's housing policy, a municipality accepting the 120 provisions of this chapter shall establish local preferences, priorities, and income limits for 121 admission to governmentally-involved housing or formerly governmentally involved housing 122 upon unit turnover, consistent, to the extent practicable, with the income profile of the property 123 twelve months prior to the date of the loss of rent preemption or the decision to not renew an 124 expiring subsidy contract. No ordinance, by-law, or regulation shall require an owner to create a 125 tenancy involving any person with a history of conduct which would, if repeated, be grounds for 126 eviction from such housing.

127 Section 7. A municipality accepting the provisions of this chapter may adopt such 128 ordinances or by-laws and promulgate such rules, regulations, and orders as it may deem 129 necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes hereof and may grant exemptions and 130 exceptions thereto when such action would tend to maintain or increase the supply of affordable 131 housing in the municipality, including, without limitation, to promote the sale of the property to a 132 bona-fide tenant organization or non-profit community development corporation under terms and 133 conditions which would tend to maintain the income character of the property and its long term 134 affordability for low income people.

135 Section 8. Any hearings regarding matters related to regulation of rents or136 removal permits for governmentally involved housing or formerly governmentally involved

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housing or regarding compliance with other provisions of this chapter, or any ordinance, by-law,
rule, or regulation adopted hereunder, shall be conducted by the municipality or its designee in
accordance with the provisions of section 11 of chapter 30A.

140 Section 9. All decisions of the municipality or its designee may be appealed to 141 the housing court if available, the district court or the superior court in the jurisdiction or county 142 where the municipality is located by any person aggrieved thereby, whether or not previously a 143 party in the matter, within 30 calendar days after receipt of notice of such decision. Judicial 144 review of adjudicatory decisions shall be conducted in accordance with section 14 of chapter 145 30A. Judicial review of regulations shall be conducted in accordance with section 7 of chapter 146 30A. The housing, district and superior courts shall have jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of 147 this chapter and any ordinance, by-law, rule, or regulation adopted under this chapter and on 148 application of the municipality or its designee or any aggrieved person may restrain or enjoin 149 violations of any such ordinance, by-law, rule or regulation. In the interests of justice, the court 150 may allow any necessary parties to be joined in or to intervene in any action brought hereunder 151 and may in its discretion allow or require an action to proceed as a class action.

152 Section 10. It shall be unlawful for any person to do or omit to do any action in 153 violation of this chapter or any order, ordinance, by-law, rule or regulation adopted or 154 promulgated under this chapter. Whoever willfully violates any provision of this chapter or any 155 order, ordinance, by-law, rule or regulation adopted or promulgated under this chapter or 156 whoever makes a false statement in any testimony before the municipality or its designee, or 157 whoever knowingly supplies the municipality or its designee with false information, in 158 connection with a proceeding under this chapter, shall be punished by a fine of not more than 159 \$400 or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or both. In the case of a second or

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160	subsequent offense, or where the violation continues after notice thereof, such person shall be
161	punished by a fine of not more than \$2,000, or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.
162	Section 11. The commonwealth shall not be liable for any claims or other legal
163	action arising from the acceptance of or implementation of this act by any municipality.
164	Section 12. The provisions of M.G.L. Ch 40P shall not apply to any ordinance
165	adopted under this enabling authority.
166	Section 13. The provisions of this act are severable, and if any of its provisions
167	shall be held unconstitutional or otherwise invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, the
168	decision of such court shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions.