

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 870**

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

PRESENTED BY:

***Paul R. Heroux***

*To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:*

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

**An Act to ensure access to generic medications.**

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
<i>Paul R. Heroux</i>	<i>2nd Bristol</i>	<i>1/14/2015</i>
<i>Josh S. Cutler</i>	<i>6th Plymouth</i>	<i>1/21/2015</i>
<i>Geoff Diehl</i>	<i>7th Plymouth</i>	<i>1/22/2015</i>
<i>James J. Dwyer</i>	<i>30th Middlesex</i>	<i>1/29/2015</i>
<i>Lori A. Ehrlich</i>	<i>8th Essex</i>	<i>1/31/2015</i>
<i>Colleen M. Garry</i>	<i>36th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/4/2015</i>
<i>Thomas A. Golden, Jr.</i>	<i>16th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/3/2015</i>
<i>Louis L. Kafka</i>	<i>8th Norfolk</i>	<i>2/3/2015</i>
<i>Thomas P. Kennedy</i>	<i>Second Plymouth and Bristol</i>	<i>1/31/2015</i>
<i>Chris Walsh</i>	<i>6th Middlesex</i>	<i>2/3/2015</i>

**HOUSE . . . . . No. 870**

By Mr. Heroux of Attleboro, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 870) of Paul R. Heroux and others relative to access to generic medications and pharmacy reimbursements for the cost of drugs, medical products or devices. Financial Services.

**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

**In the One Hundred and Eighty-Ninth General Court  
(2015-2016)**

An Act to ensure access to generic medications.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 176D is hereby amended by adding, after section 3B, the following  
2 section:-

3 Section 3C. (a) For the purposes of this section the term "maximum allowable cost list"  
4 shall mean a list of drugs, medical products or devices, or both medical products and devices, for  
5 which a maximum allowable cost has been established by a pharmacy benefits manager or  
6 covered entity. The term "maximum allowable cost" shall mean the maximum amount that a  
7 pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity will reimburse a pharmacy for the cost of a drug or  
8 a medical product or device.

9 (b) Before a pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity may place a drug on a  
10 maximum allowable cost list the drug must be listed as "A" or "AB" rated in the most recent  
11 version of the FDA's Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, also  
12 known as the Orange Book, or has an "NR" or "NA" rating or a similar rating by a nationally

13 recognized reference; and that there are at least two therapeutically equivalent, multiple source  
14 drugs, or at least one generic drug available from one manufacturer, available for purchase by  
15 network pharmacies from national or regional wholesalers.

16 (c) If a drug that has been placed on a maximum allowable cost list no longer meets the  
17 requirements of subsection (a), the drug shall be removed from the maximum allowable cost list  
18 by the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity within 3 business days after the drug no  
19 longer meets the requirements of subsection (a).

20 (d) A pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall make available to each  
21 pharmacy with which the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity has a contract and to  
22 each pharmacy included in a network of pharmacies served by a pharmacy services  
23 administrative organization with which the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity has a  
24 contract, at the beginning of the term of a contract and upon renewal of a contract:

25 (1) The sources used to determine the maximum allowable costs for the drugs and  
26 medical products and devices on each maximum allowable cost list;

27 (2) Every maximum allowable cost for individual drugs used by that pharmacy benefits  
28 manager or covered entity for patients served by that contracted pharmacy; and

29 (3) Upon request, every maximum allowable cost list used by that pharmacy benefits  
30 manager or covered entity for patients served by that contracted pharmacy.

31 (e) A pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall:

32 (1) Update each maximum allowable cost list at least every 3 business days;

33 (2) Make the updated lists available to every pharmacy with which the pharmacy benefits  
34 manager or covered entity has a contract and to every pharmacy included in a network of  
35 pharmacies served by a pharmacy services administrative organization with which the pharmacy  
36 benefits manager or covered entity has a contract, in a readily accessible, secure and usable web-  
37 based format or other comparable format or process; and

38 (3) Utilize the updated maximum allowable costs to calculate the payments made to the  
39 contracted pharmacies within 2 business days.

40 (f) A pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall establish a clearly defined  
41 process through which a pharmacy may contest the listed maximum allowable cost for a  
42 particular drug or medical product or device.

43 (g) A pharmacy may base its appeal on one or more of the following:

44 (1) The maximum allowable cost established for a particular drug or medical product or  
45 device is below the cost at which the drug or medical product or device is generally available for  
46 purchase by pharmacies in this state from national or regional wholesalers; or

47 (2) The pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity has placed a drug on the list  
48 without properly determining that the requirements of subsection (a).

49 (h) The pharmacy must file its appeal within seven business days of its submission of the  
50 initial claim for reimbursement for the drug or medical product or device. The pharmacy benefits  
51 manager or covered entity must make a final determination resolving the pharmacy's appeal  
52 within seven business days of the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity's receipt of the  
53 appeal.

54 (i) If the final determination is a denial of the pharmacy's appeal, the pharmacy benefits  
55 manager or covered entity must state the reason for the denial and provide the national drug code  
56 of an equivalent drug that is generally available for purchase by pharmacies in this state from  
57 national or regional wholesalers at a price which is equal to or less than the maximum allowable  
58 cost for that drug.

59 (j) If a pharmacy's appeal is determined to be valid by the pharmacy benefits manager or  
60 covered entity, the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall adjust the maximum  
61 allowable cost of the drug or medical product or device for the appealing pharmacy. The  
62 adjustment for the appealing pharmacy shall be effective from the date the pharmacy's appeal  
63 was filed, and the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall provide reimbursement to  
64 the appealing pharmacy and may require the appealing pharmacy to reverse and rebill the claim  
65 in question in order to receive the corrected reimbursement.

66 (k) Once a pharmacy's appeal is determined to be valid by the pharmacy benefits manager  
67 or covered entity, the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall adjust the maximum  
68 allowable cost of the drug or medical product or device to which the maximum allowable cost  
69 applies for all similar pharmacies in the network as determined by the pharmacy benefits  
70 manager within 3 business days.

71 (l) A pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall make available on its secure web  
72 site information about the appeals process, including, but not limited to, a telephone number or  
73 process that a pharmacy may use to submit maximum allowable cost appeals. The medical  
74 products and devices subject to the requirements of this part are limited to the medical products  
75 and devices included as a pharmacy benefit under the pharmacy benefits contract.

76 (m) A pharmacy shall not disclose to any third party the maximum allowable cost lists  
77 and any related information it receives from a pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity;  
78 provided, a pharmacy may share such lists and related information with a pharmacy services  
79 administrative organization or similar entity with which the pharmacy has a contract to provide  
80 administrative services for that pharmacy. If a pharmacy shares this information with a pharmacy  
81 services administrative organization or similar entity, that organization or entity shall not  
82 disclose the information to any third party.