

SENATE No. 1860

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Michael O. Moore

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to enhance public safety by providing implied consent in cases of persons operating under the influence of drugs.

PETITION OF:

NAME:

Michael O. Moore

DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

Second Worcester

SENATE No. 1860

By Mr. Moore, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 1860) of Michael O. Moore for legislation to enhance public safety by providing implied consent in cases of persons operating under the influence of drugs. Transportation.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Eighty-Ninth General Court
(2015-2016)

An Act to enhance public safety by providing implied consent in cases of persons operating under the influence of drugs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Subsection (1)(f) of Section 24 of Chapter 90 of the General Laws is
2 hereby amended by striking it in its entirety and inserting in place thereof the following new
3 subsection:--

4 (f) (1) Whoever operates a motor vehicle upon any way or in any place to which the
5 public has right to access, or upon any way or in any place to which the public has access as
6 invitees or licensees, shall be deemed to have consented to submit to a chemical test or analysis
7 of his breath or blood in the event that he is arrested for operating a motor vehicle while under
8 the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; provided, however, that no such person shall be
9 deemed to have consented to a blood test unless such person has been brought for treatment to a
10 medical facility licensed under the provisions of section 51 of chapter 111; and provided, further,
11 that no person who is afflicted with hemophilia, diabetes or any other condition requiring the use
12 of anticoagulants shall be deemed to have consented to a withdrawal of blood. Such test shall be

administered at the direction of a police officer, as defined in section 1 of chapter 90C, having reasonable grounds to believe that the person arrested has been operating a motor vehicle upon such way or place while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs. If the person arrested refuses to submit to such test or analysis, after having been informed that his license or permit to operate motor vehicles or right to operate motor vehicles in the commonwealth shall be suspended for a period of at least 180 days and up to a lifetime loss, for such refusal, no such test or analysis shall be made and he shall have his license or right to operate suspended in accordance with this paragraph for a period of 180 days; provided, however, that any person who is under the age of 21 years or who has been previously convicted of a violation under this section, subsection (a) of section 24G, operating a motor vehicle with a percentage by weight of blood alcohol of eight one-hundredths or greater, or while under the influence of intoxicating liquor in violation of subsection (b) of said section 24G, section 24L or subsection (a) of section 8 of chapter 90B, section 8A or 8B of said chapter 90B, or section 13 1/2 of chapter 265 or a like violation by a court of any other jurisdiction or assigned to an alcohol or controlled substance education, treatment or rehabilitation program by a court of the commonwealth or any other jurisdiction for a like offense shall have his license or right to operate suspended forthwith for a period of 3 years for such refusal; provided, further, that any person previously convicted of, or assigned to a program for, 2 such violations shall have the person's license or right to operate suspended forthwith for a period of 5 years for such refusal; and provided, further, that a person previously convicted of, or assigned to a program for, 3 or more such violations shall have the person's license or right to operate suspended forthwith for life based upon such refusal. If a person refuses to submit to any such test or analysis after having been convicted of a violation of section 24L, the registrar shall suspend his license or right to operate for 10 years. If a person

refuses to submit to any such test or analysis after having been convicted of a violation of subsection (a) of section 24G, operating a motor vehicle with a percentage by weight of blood alcohol of eight one-hundredths or greater, or while under the influence of intoxicating liquor in violation of subsection (b) of said section 24G, or section 13 1/2 of chapter 265, the registrar shall revoke his license or right to operate for life. If a person refuses to take a test under this paragraph, the police officer shall:

(i) immediately, on behalf of the registrar, take custody of such person's license or right to operate issued by the commonwealth;

(ii) provide to each person who refuses such test, on behalf of the registrar, a written notification of suspension in a format approved by the registrar; and

(iii) impound the vehicle being driven by the operator and arrange for the vehicle to be impounded for a period of 12 hours after the operator's refusal, with the costs for the towing, storage and maintenance of the vehicle to be borne by the operator.

The police officer before whom such refusal was made shall, within 24 hours, prepare a report of such refusal. Each report shall be made in a format approved by the registrar and shall be made under the penalties of perjury by the police officer before whom such refusal was made. Each report shall set forth the grounds for the officer's belief that the person arrested had been operating a motor vehicle on a way or place while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, and shall state that such person had refused to submit to a chemical test or analysis when requested by the officer to do so, such refusal having been witnessed by another person other than the defendant. Each report shall identify the police officer who requested the chemical test or analysis and the other person witnessing the refusal. Each report shall be sent forthwith to the

58 registrar along with a copy of the notice of intent to suspend in a form, including electronic or
59 otherwise, that the registrar deems appropriate. A license or right to operate which has been
60 confiscated pursuant to this subparagraph shall be forwarded to the registrar forthwith. The
61 report shall constitute prima facie evidence of the facts set forth therein at any administrative
62 hearing regarding the suspension specified in this section.

63 The suspension of a license or right to operate shall become effective immediately upon
64 receipt of the notification of suspension from the police officer. A suspension for a refusal of
65 either a chemical test or analysis of breath or blood shall run consecutively and not concurrently,
66 both as to any additional suspension periods arising from the same incident, and as to each other.

67 No license or right to operate shall be restored under any circumstances and no restricted
68 or hardship permits shall be issued during the suspension period imposed by this paragraph;
69 provided, however, that the defendant may immediately, upon the entry of a not guilty finding or
70 dismissal of all charges under this section, section 24G, section 24L, or section 13 1/2 of chapter
71 265, and in the absence of any other alcohol related charges pending against said defendant,
72 apply for and be immediately granted a hearing before the court which took final action on the
73 charges for the purpose of requesting the restoration of said license. At said hearing, there shall
74 be a rebuttable presumption that said license be restored, unless the commonwealth shall
75 establish, by a fair preponderance of the evidence, that restoration of said license would likely
76 endanger the public safety. In all such instances, the court shall issue written findings of fact with
77 its decision.

(2) If a person's blood alcohol percentage is not less than eight one-hundredths or the person is under twenty-one years of age and his blood alcohol percentage is not less than two one-hundredths, such police officer shall do the following:

(i) immediately and on behalf of the registrar take custody of such person's drivers license or permit issued by the commonwealth;

(ii) provide to each person who refuses the test, on behalf of the registrar, a written notification of suspension, in a format approved by the registrar; and

(iii) immediately report action taken under this paragraph to the registrar. Each report shall be made in a format approved by the registrar and shall be made under the penalties of perjury by the police officer. Each report shall set forth the grounds for the officer's belief that the person arrested has been operating a motor vehicle on any way or place while under the influence of intoxicating liquor and that the person's blood alcohol percentage was not less than .08 or that the person was under 21 years of age at the time of the arrest and whose blood alcohol percentage was not less than .02. The report shall indicate that the person was administered a test or analysis, that the operator administering the test or analysis was trained and certified in the administration of the test or analysis, that the test was performed in accordance with the regulations and standards promulgated by the secretary of public safety, that the equipment used for the test was regularly serviced and maintained and that the person administering the test had every reason to believe the equipment was functioning properly at the time the test was administered. Each report shall be sent forthwith to the registrar along with a copy of the notice of intent to suspend, in a form, including electronic or otherwise, that the registrar deems

appropriate. A license or right to operate confiscated under this clause shall be forwarded to the registrar forthwith.

The license suspension shall become effective immediately upon receipt by the offender of the notice of intent to suspend from a police officer. The license to operate a motor vehicle shall remain suspended until the disposition of the offense for which the person is being prosecuted, but in no event shall such suspension pursuant to this subparagraph exceed 30 days.

In any instance where a defendant is under the age of twenty-one years and such evidence is that the percentage, by weight, of alcohol in the defendant's blood is two one-hundredths or greater and upon the failure of any police officer pursuant to this subparagraph, to suspend or take custody of the driver's license or permit issued by the commonwealth, and, in the absence of a complaint alleging a violation of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) or a violation of section twenty-four G or twenty-four L, the registrar shall administratively suspend the defendant's license or right to operate a motor vehicle upon receipt of a report from the police officer who administered such chemical test or analysis of the defendant's blood pursuant to subparagraph (1). Each such report shall be made on a form approved by the registrar and shall be sworn to under the penalties of perjury by such police officer. Each such report shall set forth the grounds for the officer's belief that the person arrested had been operating a motor vehicle on a way or place while under the influence of intoxicating liquor and that such person was under twenty-one years of age at the time of the arrest and whose blood alcohol percentage was two one-hundredths or greater. Such report shall also state that the person was administered such a test or analysis, that the operator administering the test or analysis was trained and certified in the administration of such test, that the test was performed in accordance with the regulations and standards promulgated by the secretary of public safety, that the equipment used for such test

122 was regularly serviced and maintained, and that the person administering the test had every
123 reason to believe that the equipment was functioning properly at the time the test was
124 administered. Each such report shall be endorsed by the police chief as defined in section one of
125 chapter ninety C, or by the person authorized by him, and shall be sent to the registrar along with
126 the confiscated license or permit not later than ten days from the date that such chemical test or
127 analysis of the defendant's blood was administered. The license to operate a motor vehicle shall
128 thereupon be suspended in accordance with section twenty-four P.