

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

James R. Miceli

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to the confidentiality of communications or information of labor organizations.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
James R. Miceli	19th Middlesex	1/13/2017
Paul Larkham	7 Technology Dr. – #102 Chelmsford, Massachusetts 01863	1/13/2017
James Arciero	2nd Middlesex	
Steven Ultrino	33rd Middlesex	
Timothy R. Whelan	1st Barnstable	
Colleen M. Garry	36th Middlesex	
Shawn Dooley	9th Norfolk	
Harold P. Naughton, Jr.	12th Worcester	

By Mr. Miceli of Wilmington, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1032) of James R. Miceli and others relative to the confidentiality of communications or information of labor organizations. Labor and Workforce Development.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court (2017-2018)

An Act relative to the confidentiality of communications or information of labor organizations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	Definitions
2	(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
3	(2) "Employee" means an individual represented by a labor organization regardless of
4	whether the individual is a member of the labor organization.
5	(3) "Labor organization" means an organization that represents or seeks to represent
6	workers
7	for the purposes of collective bargaining.
8	Confidentiality of labor organization communications or information
9	(b) (1)Except as provided in subsection (c) or (d) of this section, a labor organization or
10	an agent

11	of a labor organization may not be compelled to disclose any communication or
12	information
13	the labor organization or agent received or acquired in confidence from an employee
14	while
15	the labor organization or agent was acting in a representative capacity concerning an
16	employee grievance.
17	(2)Paragraph (1) of this subsection does not apply to a criminal proceeding.
18	(3)An employee's privilege under this subsection applies only to the extent that:
19	(i) A communication or information is germane to a grievance of the employee; and
20	(ii) The grievance of the employee is a subject matter of an investigation, a grievance
21	proceeding, or a civil court, administrative, arbitration, or other civil proceeding.
22	(4)An employee's privilege under this subsection continues after termination of:
23	(i) The employee's employment; or
24	(ii) The representative relationship of the labor organization or its agent with the
25	employee.
26	(5)An employee's privilege under this subsection protects the communication or
27	information received or acquired by the labor organization or its agent, but does not protect the
28	employee from being compelled to disclose, to the extent provided by law, the facts underlying
29	the communication or information.

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30	Disclosure of information to prevent certain death or substantial bodily harm
31	(1) A labor organization or its agent shall disclose to the employer as soon as possible
32	a communication or information described in subsection (b)(1) of this section to the extent the
33	labor organization or its agent reasonably believes necessary to prevent certain death or
34	substantial bodily harm.
35	Disclosure of communication or information to prevent commission of crime or fraud
36	(d) A labor organization or its agent may disclose a communication or information
37	described in
38	subsection (b) of this section:
39	(1) To the extent the labor organization or its agent reasonably believes necessary to:
40	(i) Prevent the employee from committing a crime, fraud, or any act in violation of a
41	collective bargaining agreement or contractual agreement that is reasonably certain to result in
42	substantial injury to the financial interests or property of another and in furtherance of which the
43	employee has used or is using the services of the labor organization or its agent;
44	(ii) Prevent, mitigate, or rectify substantial injury to the financial interests or property
45	of another that is reasonably certain to result or has resulted from the employee's commission of
46	a crime, fraud, or any act in violation of a collective bargaining agreement or contractual
47	agreement in furtherance of which the employee has used the services of the labor organization
48	or its agent;

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49 (iii) Secure legal advice about the compliance of the labor organization or its agent
50 with a court order or other law or the terms of a collective bargaining agreement or contractual
51 agreement;

(iv) Establish a claim or defense on behalf of the labor organization or its agent in a controversy between the employee and the labor organization or its agent, to establish a defense to a criminal charge or civil claim against the labor organization or its agent based on conduct in which the employee was involved, or to respond to allegations in any proceeding concerning the performance of professional duties by the labor organization or its agent on behalf of the employee; or

(iv) Comply with a court order or other law or the terms of a collective bargaining
agreement or contractual agreement;

60 (2) To the extent the communication or information constitutes an admission that the

61 employee has committed a crime;

62 (3) In any court, administrative, arbitration, or other proceeding against:

63 (i) The agent of the labor organization in the agent's personal or official
64 representative capacity; or

65 (ii) The labor organization, any affiliated or subordinate body of the labor66 organization,

67 (iii) or any agent of the labor organization or its affiliated or subordinate body;

68 (4) If the labor organization has obtained the written or oral consent of the employee;

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69	(5) If the employee is deceased or has been adjudicated incompetent by a court of
70	competent jurisdiction and the labor organization has obtained the written or oral consent of the
71	personal representative of the employee's estate or of the employee's guardian;
72	(6) When required by court order; or
73	(7) To the extent that the employee waives the confidentiality of the communication or
74	information.
75	Adverse inferences based on refusal to disclose communications or information
76	prohibited
77	(1) An adverse inference may not be drawn based on the refusal of a labor organization or
78	an agent of a labor organization to disclose a communication or any information under
79	subsection (d)(3) of this section.