HOUSE No. 4575

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, June 7, 2018.

The committee on Telecommunications, Utilities and Energy to whom was referred the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1747) of Patricia A. Haddad and others relative to providing for annual increases in provision of Class I renewable energy generating sources, reports recommending that the accompanying bill (House, No. 4575) ought to pass.

For the committee,

THOMAS A. GOLDEN, JR.

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In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court (2017-2018)

An Act to increase renewable energy and reduce high-cost peak hours.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Definitions 2 Section 3 of Chapter 25A of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016 Official Edition, 3 is hereby amended in line 14 by inserting after the word "commissioner of energy resources" the 4 following words: 5 "Clean Peak Resource," either: i) Qualified RPS Resource; ii) 6 Qualified Energy Storage System; or iii) Demand Response Resource. 7 "Clean Capacity Credits," ("CCCs") a fixed price credit received for each MWh of 8 energy or reserves provided during a Seasonal Peak Period that represents a compliance 9 mechanism that makes no claim on other attributes.
- Said section is further amended in line 90 by inserting after the words "public agency"

 the following words:

12	"Net Load Peak," the time period when demand of electricity is the highest, excluding
13	demand met by variable renewable generation.

Said section is further amended in line 106 by inserting after the words "synthetic gas for burning" the following words:

"Qualified Energy Storage System," an energy storage system, as defined in Section 1 of Chapter 164 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016 Official Edition, provided that said system must either be co-located with a Class I RPS eligible resource, or if standalone storage must charge battery during lower emitting hours (to be determined by the department of energy resources), or if standalone storage must buy renewable energy certificates from Class I RPS eligible resources for those hours.

Said section is further amended in line 111 by inserting after the words "energy saving measures" the following words:

"Qualified RPS Resource," an existing Class I RPS eligible resource that has begun commercial operation as of December 31, 1997 and that has installed an energy storage system at its facility after the effective date of this act, or a new Class I RPS eligible resource that begins commercial operation after the effective date of this act.

Said section is further amended in line 122 by inserting after the words "request for proposals" the following words:

"Renewable Portfolio Standard," retains the same meaning as defined in Section 11F of Chapter 25A of the General Laws.

"Seasonal Peak Period," the time window during the Net Load Peak in each season when the peak hour of the day is expected to occur. The peak period should be no less than one hour and no longer than four hours in any season. The department will determine Seasonal Peak Periods.

SECTION 2. Clean Peak Standard

Chapter 25A of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after section 16, the following section:

"Section 17: Clean Peak Standard

(a) The Clean Peak Standard

The department of energy resources shall establish a clean peak standard for all retail electricity suppliers selling electricity to end-use customers in the commonwealth that incorporates existing RPS eligible resources and new clean peak resources. By December 31, 2018, the department of energy resources shall determine the current percentage of kilowatthours sales to end-use customers in the commonwealth from existing clean peak resources during the Seasonal Peak Load hours to establish a baseline. During the Seasonal Peak Load hours, every retail electricity supplier shall provide a minimum percentage of kilowatt-hours sales to end-use customers in the commonwealth from clean peak resources according to the following schedule: (1) an additional .75 percent of sales by December 31, 2019 and an additional .75 percent of sales each year thereafter until December 31, 2050.

The department of energy resources shall conduct a study in 2030 to evaluate the impact of the Renewable Portfolio Standard on emissions, reliability and resiliency, and evaluate the

impacts of the Clean Peak Standard on emissions, reliability and resiliency, as well as the impacts on increasing renewable energy penetration and deploying energy storage. The department shall submit a report with its findings to the legislature by December 31, 3030. The department shall conduct an additional review every five years and shall submit a report with its finding to the legislature within three months of concluding the review. The report may be included as part of the report published by the secretary on energy and environmental affairs, pursuant to Section 5 of Chapter 21N of the General Laws, as so appearing.

(b) Clean Capacity Credit Value

The Clean Capacity Credit Value (\$/MWh) shall be established through an annual competitive procurement process. A Clean Peak Resource will be eligible to receive the Clean Capacity Value for ten to twenty years from the unit's effective CPS date. The electric distribution companies shall purchase clean capacity credits from clean peak resource owners, and shall be prohibited from owning clean peak resources and from enrolling and registering resources in the wholesale market without the prior approval from the system owner and the department of energy resources. The department may deem projects that are already receiving funding from another Commonwealth program as ineligible to receive Clean Capacity Credits, with the exception of Renewable Energy Certificates created by Class I RPS eligible resources. The department shall, after notice and the opportunity for public comment, promulgate rules and regulations implementing the values.

(c) Compliance

The department of energy resources shall establish a market-based mechanism using fixed priced clean capacity credits for determining compliance with the clean peak standard. By

Seasonal Peak Period, DOER shall determine whether clean capacity credits are awarded based on total hourly production during the seasonally designed peak period or based on average hourly production over each peak period hour. The department of energy resources shall establish and maintain regulations allowing for a retail supplier to discharge its obligations under this section by making an alternative compliance payment in an amount established by the department of energy resources. The department of energy resources shall establish and maintain regulations outlining procedures by which each retail supplier shall annually submit for the department's review a filing illustrating the retail supplier's compliance with the requirements of this section.

A Qualified RPS Resource and a Qualified Energy Storage System may qualify for a Clean Capacity Credit and a Renewable Energy Credit during the Seasonal Peak Period, provided that the Qualified Energy Storage System is either co-located with a Class I RPS eligible resource, or if standalone storage must buy Renewable Energy Certificates from Class I RPS eligible resources for those hours. A retail electricity supplier may elect to retain Renewable Energy Credits received during the Seasonal Peak Period pursuant to section 11F of chapter 25A. If the Clean Peak Resource elects to receive the Clean Capacity Credit, then the retail electricity supplier shall retire the Renewable Energy Credits and shall not receive compensation for the Renewable Energy Credits produced in the Seasonal Peak Period to minimize costs to ratepayers. Retired Renewable Energy Credits may count towards RPS compliance. The department of energy resources shall promulgate regulations utilizing an appropriate tracking system to ensure the accounting of the delivery of clean peak resources to accurately measure progress in achieving the commonwealth's goals under chapter 298 of the acts of 2008 or chapter 21N of the General Laws.

The electric distribution companies shall file annual reports with the department of energy resources and the legislature to demonstrate compliance.

(d) Prioritization of CCC's

The department of energy resources shall adopt regulations to establish locational based adder rates for clean capacity credits produced by clean peak resources with respect to the minimum percentage of kilowatt-hours sales that retail electricity suppliers must provide to enduse customers in the commonwealth calculated under subsection (a) for the following:

- 1) Mission critical facilities, including but not limited to hospitals, police and fire stations, and wastewater treatment facilities.
- 107 2) Commercial and industrial companies with peak demand greater than one 108 megawatt.
 - 3) Congested and/or critical load pockets.

SECTION 3. RPS Increase

Section 11F of chapter 25A of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out, in lines 16 and 17, the words "and (3) an additional 1 per cent of sales every year thereafter" and inserting in place thereof the following words:- (3) an additional 1 per cent of sales every year until December 31, 2018; and (4) an additional 1.20 per cent of sales by December 31, 2019; and (5) an additional 1.40 percent of sales by December 31, 2020; and (6) an additional 1.60 percent of sales by December 31, 2021; and (7) an additional 1.80 per cent of sales by December 31, 2022; and (8) an additional 2 per cent of sales every year thereafter, subject to the provisions in Section 17 of Chapter 25A of the General Laws. Each

119 annual increase shall be prospective for new customer contracts entered into by the retail 120 electricity suppliers after the increase goes into effect." 121 SECTION 4. Public Comment 122 The department shall not determine what constitutes lower emitting hours for a Qualified 123 Energy Storage System without first providing notice and opportunity for public comment. 124 SECTION 5. Severability Clause 125 If this act is subjected to a legal challenge, the department of energy resources may 126 suspend the applicability of the challenged provision during the pendency of the action until a 127 final resolution, including any appeals, is obtained and shall issue an order and take other actions

as are necessary to ensure that the provisions not subject to the challenge are implemented

expeditiously to achieve the public purposes of this section.

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