# $\mathbb{T h e}$ Commonmealth of $\mathfrak{t l a s s a c h u s e t t s ~}$ 

In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court

SENATE, Friday, March 9, 2018
The committee on Ways and Means to whom was referred the Senate Bill relative to protecting puppies and kittens (Senate, No. 1155),-- reports, recommending that the same ought to pass with an amendment substituting a new draft with the same title (Senate, No. 2331).

For the committee,
Karen E. Spilka

## SENATE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. 2331

# $\mathfrak{C h e} \mathfrak{C o m m o n m e a l t h ~ o f ~} \mathfrak{f l l a s s a c h u s e t t s}$ 

## In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court

(2017-2018)

An Act relative to protecting puppies and kittens.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 136A of chapter 140 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the definition of "Attack" the following definition:-
"Cattery", a pack or collection of cats on a single premises, including a commercial boarding or training cattery, a commercial breeder cattery, a domestic charitable corporation cattery, a personal cattery and a veterinary cattery.

SECTION 2. Said chapter 140 is hereby further amended by striking out section 137C, as so appearing, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 137C. (a) The mayor of a city, the selectmen of a town, the police commissioner in the city of Boston, a chief of police or an animal control officer shall inspect a kennel or cattery or cause the inspection of a kennel or cattery at least 1 time per year. If a person holding a license or applying for a license to operate a kennel or cattery refuses to allow an inspector to
enter and inspect a kennel or cattery, the refusal shall be grounds for denial, suspension or revocation of a person's license to operate a kennel or cattery.

Twenty-five citizens of a city or town may file a petition with the mayor of a city, the selectmen of a town or the police commissioner in the city of Boston, as the case may be, stating that they are aggrieved or annoyed to an unreasonable extent that constitutes a nuisance by a dog or cat maintained in the city or town due to excessive barking or other conditions connected with a kennel or cattery. The mayor, selectmen or police commissioner, as the case may be, shall, not more than 7 days after the filing of the petition, give notice to all interested parties of a public hearing. The hearing shall be held not more than 14 days after the date of the notice. The mayor, selectmen or police commissioner shall, not more than 7 days after the public hearing, investigate or cause to be investigated the subject matter of the petition and shall, by order: (i) suspend the kennel or cattery license; (ii) revoke the kennel or cattery license; (iii) further regulate the kennel or cattery; or (iv) dismiss the petition.
(b) The inspection of a kennel or cattery to enforce the rules and regulations promulgated under section 174G may be done by the commissioner or an authorized inspector and shall take place between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. unless an alternate time is mutually agreed upon by the inspector and the operator. The operator or an authorized agent of the operator shall be present during the inspection and the operator shall be given a reasonable notice prior to the inspection; provided, however, that the commissioner or other authorized inspector may determine that it is not appropriate to provide advance notice to the operator before arriving at the facility if necessary to adequately perform the inspection. If a kennel or cattery regulated under said section 174G is located at a private residence, only the areas of the residence that are used for kennel or cattery purposes or for the maintenance of kennel or cattery records shall be
required to be available for inspection. If in the judgment of the commissioner or an authorized inspector a kennel or cattery is not being maintained in a sanitary and humane manner or if records have not been properly kept as required by law and in compliance with said section 174G, the commissioner or authorized inspector shall, by order, suspend the license for the kennel or cattery depending on the severity of the offense or issue to the operator a written citation or notice which explains the noncompliant issue and requires the operator to come into compliance within a reasonable, specified timeframe. If the operator fails to come into compliance within the time period specified by the commissioner or authorized inspector, the commissioner or authorized inspector shall, by order, revoke the license for the kennel or cattery.
(c) A written notice under subsection (a) or (b) of an order revoking or suspending the license, further regulating the kennel or cattery or dismissing the petition shall be mailed immediately to the licensee and to the officer that issued the license. Not more than 10 days after the written notice of the order, the licensee may file a petition in the district court in the judicial district in which the kennel or cattery is maintained seeking review of the order. The decision of the court shall be final and conclusive upon the parties. A person maintaining a kennel or cattery after the license to maintain a kennel or cattery has been revoked or suspended shall be punished by a fine of not more than $\$ 250$ for a first offense, by a fine of not less than $\$ 500$ for a second offense and by a fine of not more than $\$ 1,500$ for a third or subsequent offense.

SECTION 3. Said chapter 140 is hereby further amended by inserting after section 141B the following 4 sections:-

Section 141C. For the purposes of this section and sections 141D and 141E, the following words shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
"Buyer", a person who purchases an animal from a seller without the intent to resell the animal.
"Cat", a member of the Felis catus family.
"Dog", a member of the Canis familiaris family or a resultant hybrid.
"Kitten", a cat under 1 year of age.
"Offer for sale", to sell, offer for sale or adoption, barter, auction, give away or otherwise find a permanent physical placement for a dog or cat.
"Pet shop", a business licensed under section 39A of chapter 129.
"Puppy", a dog under 1 year of age.
"Rescue organization", an organization the primary mission and practice of which is the placement of abandoned, unwanted, neglected or abused animals, that does not obtain dogs or cats from a breeder or broker for payment or compensation and that is an organization exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code or any corresponding sections of the federal Internal Revenue Code, as amended from time to time.
"Seller", an individual, partnership, association or corporation or an officer or employee of an individual, partnership, association or corporation that sells animals to the public.
"Unfit for sale", a defect that is congenital or hereditary and that has a significant adverse effect on the health of the puppy or kitten or a disease, deformity, injury, physical condition or illness that has a significant adverse effect on the health of the puppy or kitten and which was
manifest, capable of diagnosis or likely to have been contracted prior to or at the time of the sale or delivery of the puppy or kitten to the buyer.

Section 141D. (a) No person shall sell or offer for sale a puppy or kitten that is under 8 weeks of age. A violation of this subsection shall be punished by a fine of $\$ 100$ for each puppy or kitten transferred.
(b) A veterinarian licensed in the commonwealth may declare a puppy or kitten unfit for sale in advance of or after the sale by providing a written statement that includes:
(i) the name and address of the buyer or potential buyer;
(ii) the date on which the puppy or kitten was examined;
(iii) the breed, sex and age of the puppy or kitten;
(iv) an affirmation that the veterinarian examined the puppy or kitten;
(v) a diagnosis that: (A)(1) the puppy or kitten had previously had a contagious or infectious disease or severe parasitism, currently has a contagious or infectious disease or severe parasitism or has died from a contagious or infectious disease or severe parasitism; (2) that the veterinarian found the presence of symptoms of the disease or severe parasitism; and (3) that the disease or severe parasitism is likely to have been contracted prior to or at the time of the sale or delivery of the puppy or kitten to the buyer; or (B) the puppy or kitten has a congenital or hereditary condition that: (1) significantly and adversely impacts the health of the puppy or kitten; (2) requires hospitalization or a nonelective surgical procedure; or (3) caused the death of the puppy or kitten;
(vi) the precise findings of the examination, diagnostic tests or necropsy;
(vii) the treatment recommended, if any, and an estimate or the actual cost of the treatment;
(viii) an affirmation that the examination occurred: (A) within 14 days after the transfer of the puppy or kitten if the puppy or kitten was declared unfit for sale based on an illness that existed in the puppy or kitten prior to or at the time of the sale or transfer of the puppy or kitten; (B) within 1 year after the sale or transfer of a puppy or kitten if declared unfit for sale based on a hereditary or congenital condition that has a significant adverse effect on its health; or (C) within 1 year after the sale or transfer of a puppy or kitten if the breed, sex or health of the animal was misrepresented at the time of the transfer; and
(ix) the veterinarian's name and signature and the address and telephone number of the veterinarian's primary place of veterinary practice.
(c) A puppy or kitten shall not be found unfit for sale based upon:
(i) injuries sustained or illnesses likely to have been contracted subsequent to the date of transfer;
(ii) a health problem or hereditary or congenital condition if the problem or condition was separately disclosed by the seller in writing at the time of sale and the seller and the buyer sign the written disclosure at the time of sale;
(iii) a hereditary or congenital condition if the seller provides the buyer with written documentation at the time of sale or transfer establishing that, prior to breeding, the puppy or kitten’s parents were screened for health issues according to breed-specific protocols
and requirements established by the Canine Health Information Center or a comparable recognized animal health registry; or
(iv) veterinary findings of internal or external parasites unless the puppy or kitten is clinically ill or dies due to the condition.
(d)(1) If a purchased puppy or kitten has been declared unfit for sale under subsection (b), the buyer may:
(i) return the puppy or kitten to the seller for treatment by a veterinarian of the seller's choice at no cost to the buyer; provided, however, that the puppy or kitten shall be returned to the buyer when the puppy or kitten's health has been cleared by the veterinarian.
(ii) return the puppy or kitten to the seller for a refund of the purchase price, the sales tax paid and any additional point of sale fees paid, and reimbursement for up to 50 per cent of the costs incurred by the buyer for reasonable veterinary fees paid for the diagnosis and treatment of the puppy or kitten in an amount not to exceed the original purchase price of the puppy or kitten and the sales tax;
(iii) if a replacement dog or cat of equivalent value is available and satisfactory to the buyer, exchange the puppy or kitten for the dog or cat and provide reimbursement to the buyer for reasonable veterinary fees paid for the diagnosis and treatment of the puppy or kitten in an amount not to exceed the original purchase price of the puppy or kitten, the sales tax paid and any additional point of sale fees paid; or
(iv) retain the purchased puppy or kitten and receive reimbursement for reasonable veterinary fees paid for the diagnosis and treatment of the purchased puppy or kitten
in an amount not to exceed the original purchase price of the puppy or kitten, the sales tax paid and any additional point of sale fees paid on the original purchase of the puppy or kitten.

A seller of a puppy or kitten shall inform a buyer of the buyer's options under this section at the point of sale.
(2) If: (i) within 14 days after delivery of the puppy or kitten the puppy or kitten dies because on an illness that existed in the puppy or kitten prior to or at the time of the sale or delivery of the puppy or kitten; or (ii) within 1 year after the sale or delivery of a puppy or kitten the puppy or kitten dies because of a hereditary or congenital condition that has a significant adverse effect on its health, the buyer may obtain reasonable veterinary fees for the diagnosis, treatment and disposal of the purchased puppy or kitten in an amount not to exceed the original purchase price of the puppy or kitten, the sales tax paid and any additional point of sale fees paid and: (A) a refund of the purchase price of the puppy or kitten, the sales tax paid and any additional point of sale fees paid; or (B) a replacement dog or cat that is of equivalent value and satisfactory to the buyer.
(3) Nothing in this subsection shall require a seller to provide a buyer with a replacement dog or cat if a replacement dog or cat is not available.

For the purpose of this subsection, "puppy" or "kitten" shall mean a puppy or kitten that was under 1 year of age at the time of purchase.
(e) If a seller wishes to contest a demand made by a buyer for veterinary expenses or for a refund or an exchange under this section, the seller may require the buyer to produce the puppy or kitten for examination by a second licensed veterinarian designated by the seller and at the seller's expense not more than 30 days after the demand. If the puppy or kitten is deceased, the
seller may have the second veterinarian review records provided by the buyer's veterinarian, including the necropsy report. If the buyer and the seller are unable to reach an agreement as set forth in subsection (d) within 10 business days after receipt of the purchased puppy or kitten for the examination, the buyer may initiate an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover or obtain a reimbursement of veterinary expenses or for a refund or an exchange.
(f) Unless the seller contests the remedy chosen by the buyer under subsection (d), the remedy shall be made to the buyer not more than 30 days after the seller receives the veterinarian's statement that the puppy or kitten was unfit for sale.
(g) Nothing in this section shall limit the rights or remedies otherwise available to a buyer under any other law.
(h) This section shall not apply to: (i) shelters or nonprofit organizations that house or adopt animals to protect the animals from cruelty, neglect, abuse or homelessness; (ii) municipal animal control facilities; and (iii) facilities that contract with a municipality to assist in the adoption of stray animals as part of the municipality's animal control services.

Section 141E. (a) A pet shop shall not purchase a dog or cat for resale or offer for sale a dog or cat that originated at or was purchased from a breeder, person, firm or corporation that:
(i) is not in possession of a current license issued by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. 2131, et seq, and any license that may be required by an applicable state agency;
(ii) has had its federal or state license suspended in the last 5 years;
(iii) was found to have committed a critical violation of the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. 2131, et seq, during the 3 -year period prior to the purchase;
(iv) was found to have committed 3 or more noncritical violations of the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. 2131, et seq, during the 3-year period prior to the purchase; or
(v) has been cited on the 2 most recent United States Department of Agriculture inspection reports prior to the purchase of the cat or dog for no-access violations of the Animal Welfare Act, 7 U.S.C. 2131, et seq.
(b) A pet shop shall not purchase a dog or cat for resale or offer a dog or cat for sale that originated at or was purchased from a breeder, person, firm or corporation that is not in compliance with the requirements for commercial breeder kennels or catteries or personal kennels or catteries under section 174G at the time of purchase of the dog or cat by the pet shop.
(c) An owner or operator of a pet shop that offers a dog or cat for sale shall maintain records that verify compliance with this section for not less than 2 years following the date of acquisition of the dog or cat. Those records shall include: (i) United States Department of Agriculture inspection reports; and (ii) the source of each dog or cat the pet shop acquired, including a description of the dog or cat and the name, address and United States Department of Agriculture license number of the breeder. The records shall be made available immediately upon the request of the department, the mayor of a city, the selectmen of a town, the police commissioner of the city of Boston, a chief of police or an animal control officer.
(d) An owner or operator of a pet shop that offers a dog or cat for sale shall post a sign that shall be clear and conspicuous and shall be of such size and so placed that an individual
examining the dog or cat in its cage or enclosure may readily view the sign and its contents. The sign shall state:
(i) the date and place of birth of each dog or cat and the actual age or, if not known, the approximate age of the dog or cat;
(ii) the sex, color markings and other identifying information of each dog and cat, including any tag, tattoo, collar number and microchip information; and
(iii) the business name of the breeder of each dog and cat, the city and state of the breeder's usual place of business, an email address, if available, the breeder's United States Department of Agriculture license number and, if the breeder is required to be licensed in the state in which the breeder is located, the breeder's state license number.
(e) Nothing in this section shall prevent a pet shop owner or operator from acquiring a dog or cat for resale or from selling or offering for sale a dog or cat obtained from a shelter as defined in section 136A, a municipal animal control agency, or from a rescue organization.
(f) A pet shop owner or operator who violates this section or provides false information pursuant to the requirements of this section shall be punished by a fine of not more than $\$ 50$ for a first offense, by a fine of not more than $\$ 100$ for a second offense and a fine of not more than $\$ 300$ for a third or subsequent offense. Each dog or cat sold or offered for sale in violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.
(g) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a city or town from adopting an ordinance that is more stringent than this section.

SECTION 4. Said chapter 140 is hereby further amended by inserting after section 174 F the following section:-

Section 174G. The department of agricultural resources shall make rules and regulations for the maintenance and inspection of commercial breeder kennels or catteries and personal kennels or catteries in which not less than 5 sexually-intact female dogs or cats are kept to breed the dogs or cats and sell the offspring as household pets. The rules and regulations shall ensure that the dogs, cats and offspring thereof: (i) have proper housing, which shall include requirements for adequate space, temperature, solid flooring and a prohibition on the stacking of cages, nutrition, hydration, behavioral requirements, grooming, staffing, handling, health and veterinary care, waste disposal, exercise, socialization and other general standards of care; (ii) are bred in accordance with responsible breeding practices; and (iii) have their housing regularly inspected to ensure that their kennels and catteries are maintained in accordance with this section. In developing rules and regulations under this section, the department shall consider the recommended standards of the American Veterinary Medical Association.

SECTION 5. The department of agricultural resources shall hold a public hearing not later than September 1, 2018 relative to establishing rules and regulations pursuant to section 2 of chapter 129 of the General Laws and section 139A of chapter 140 of the General Laws that provide standards relating to the importation, handling and care of domestic animals in connection with their adoption, sale, barter, transfer or exchange by animal rescue organizations and shelter organizations.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.

