The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court (2017-2018)

SENATE, Thursday, April 12, 2018

The committee on Consumer Protection and Professional Licensure, to whom was referred the petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 167) of James E. Timilty for legislation to regulate secondary metals dealing,- reports the accompanying bill (Senate, No. 2415).

For the committee, Barbara A. L'Italien **SENATE No. 2415**

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In the One Hundred and Ninetieth General Court (2017-2018)

An Act regulating secondary metals dealing.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 6 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the following section:-

Section 219. Subject to distribution from the Secondary Metals Registry Trust Fund, established in section 35DDD of chapter 10, the executive office of public safety and security, in cooperation with the department of criminal justice information services, shall utilize an alert system, modeled after the Institute of Scrap Recycling Industries Inc., or ISRI, alert system for state and local law enforcement agencies to track and monitor all secondary raw metals dealing transactions. This alert system shall include all raw metals as defined in chapter 140B½.

The secretary shall adopt regulations, consistent with chapter 140B½, to maintain the alert system and ensure that state and local law enforcement agencies use the alert system, the ISRI alert system or any successor system. All records transmitted to the executive office of public safety and security under subsection (g) of section 4 of chapter 140B½ including information contained in any notice from the alert system, shall be open to any law enforcement

agency and shall not be a public record under clause Twenty-sixth of section 7 of chapter 4 or section 10 of chapter 66.

The secretary shall take all reasonable steps to secure data maintained under this section and shall ensure that no third-party, contractor or subcontractor disseminates the data to a person or organization outside of or other than the holder of the data and those authorized under this section.

SECTION 2. Chapter 10 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 35CCC the following section:-

Section 35DDD. There shall be a fund to be known as the Secondary Metals Registry Trust Fund. The fund shall consist of money paid to the commonwealth under chapter 140B½ and any interest or investment earnings on that money. All available money in the fund that is unexpended at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the General Fund and shall be available for expenditure in the subsequent fiscal year. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the fund and shall receive, deposit and invest all money transmitted under this section and shall credit interest and earnings to the fund. The state treasurer shall annually distribute 50 per cent of any fine collected and transferred to the fund under said chapter 140B½ to the municipality where the violation of occurred and 50 per cent to the executive office of public safety and security for the alert system established under section 219 of chapter 6, without further appropriation.

SECTION 3. Section 202 of chapter 140 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2014 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out, in line 2, the words ", old metals".

35	SECTION 4. Said section 202 of said chapter 140, as so appearing, is hereby further
36	amended by inserting after the word "pawnbrokers", in line 2, the following words:-, secondary
37	raw metals dealers.
38	SECTION 5. The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 140B the
39	following chapter:-
40	CHAPTER 140B½
41	SECONDARY RAW METALS DEALING
42	Section 1. For the purposes of this chapter, the following words shall have the following
43	meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
44	"Business-to-business transaction", an exchange of raw metals for compensation
45	between 2 or more registered secondary raw metals dealers.
46	"Raw metal", any substance or article consisting of metal or a metal alloy, but
47	excluding: (i) aluminum beverage containers if the containers have a refund value under section
48	322 of chapter 94; and (ii) firearms, ammunition and large capacity feeding devices, as defined
49	in section 121 of chapter 140.
50	"Secretary", the secretary of public safety and security or a designee.
51	"Secondary raw metals dealer" or "dealer", any business, person, corporation, association
52	or organization engaged in secondary raw metals dealing for profit, whether or not registered
53	under section 2.

"Secondary raw metals dealing", a regular occupation or constant employment of gathering or obtaining raw metal and for which the economic value is based upon the bulk metal content and not a consumer use; provided, however, that "secondary raw metals dealing" shall not include an isolated or occasional transaction.

Section 2. (a) No dealer shall carry on the business of secondary raw metals dealing without filing a registration form with the secretary and the chief of police of the municipality in which the person seeks to do business.

All registrations under this section shall be made on a form prescribed by the secretary and shall set forth the name of the registrant, the nature of the business and the building or place in the city or town in which business is conducted.

The fee for registration shall be \$250 for the first year of operation and \$75 for every year thereafter. Societies, associations or corporations organized solely for religious or charitable purposes shall not be required to pay a fee for registration. Seventy-five per cent of the fees shall be forwarded by the collecting municipality to the state treasurer, who shall deposit the money into the Secondary Metals Registry Trust Fund established in section 35DDD of chapter 10.

Any registration or renewal shall designate a resident agent for service of process. The designation of a resident agent may be withdrawn but shall be withdrawn in writing and upon the designation of a new resident agent for service of process.

A registration shall not be transferred without the prior consent of the chief of police. A registration shall be posted on the registrant's premises in a conspicuous place and manner.

A registration issued under this section shall expire on May 1 following the date of issue.

(b) The chief of police, or a designee, in the municipality in which a dealer is registered shall enter the premises used by a registrant to engage in secondary raw metals dealing to inspect, in a reasonable manner, the books, records and inventory at least once per calendar year during regular business hours. If the records or inventory contain evidence of a violation of this chapter, the inspecting officer shall take possession of copies of the records. If the registrant does not possess the means to provide copies, the inspecting officer shall arrange to obtain, in a reasonable time and manner, copies of those records that contain evidence of the violation and the costs for obtaining the copies shall be assessed against the owner of the records.

- (c) A law enforcement officer having jurisdiction may at any time enter a premises being used for secondary raw metals dealing to: (i) determine if the dealer has a valid registration and is operating in accordance with this chapter; (ii) examine all articles received or stored in or upon the premises; and (iii) examine all of the related books, records and inventory. A secondary raw metals dealer shall, upon demand, provide the law enforcement officer with all articles, books or inventory.
- Section 3. (a) If a dealer was registered under section 2 and violates this section by continuing to operate after the expiration of that registration, the municipality shall provide written notice of the violation to that dealer within 30 days after the violation. If the dealer reregisters or ceases operation not more than 30 days after receiving the notice, that dealer shall be exempt from the penalties under subsection (b).
- (b) Whoever violates this section shall be punished for a first offense by a fine of not more than \$1,500, for a second offense by a fine of not more than \$3,500 and for a third or

subsequent offense by a fine of not more than \$5,000. When a fine is issued pursuant to this section, the issuing law enforcement officer shall report the violation to the secretary.

- (c) The secretary may suspend or revoke any registration issued under this chapter if the registrant has 3 violations under this section.
- Section 4. (a) A secondary raw metals dealer registered under section 2 shall comply with this section when purchasing raw metal.
- (b) A dealer shall require that a person selling the metals shall provide government-issued photo identification and the dealer shall maintain a copy of that identification in the daily record of raw metal transactions. For a business to business transaction, a dealer shall obtain a federal employer identification number and the dealer shall maintain a copy of that number in the record of transaction.
- (c) A dealer shall keep a daily record of raw metal transactions, which shall include: (i) the name, date of birth and residence of a person who sold the metals or, for a business to business transaction, the name and principal address of the selling dealer; (ii) the date and time of the transaction; (iii) the price the dealer paid for the raw metal; (iv) a description of the raw metal, including the type, weight and quantity; (v) the license plate number and state of registration of the vehicle being used to transport the raw metal to the dealer's place of business; and (vi) a form signed by the person or agent of the dealer offering to sell the raw metal stating that the person or agent is in lawful possession of the raw metal being offered. The form shall be prescribed by the secretary and shall be provided to the seller by the dealer.
- (d) The dealer shall not knowingly receive: a street sign; a manhole cover; a beer keg; a propane container for fueling forklifts; a street light; a guard rail; a water meter cover; a railroad

track; a railroad spike; a funeral or memorial marker; cables used in high voltage transmission lines; a historical marker; full-sized new materials such as those used in construction; equipment or tools used by contractors; bleachers from an athletic field; materials that have been reported stolen through the alert system established under section 219 of chapter 6; a metal item bearing the mark of a government entity, utility company or brewer; a motor vehicle or trailer or a part of a motor vehicle or trailer which the dealer knew or reasonably should have known that the identifying number or mark on the motor vehicle or trailer or a part of the motor vehicle or trailer had been removed, defaced, altered, destroyed or obliterated, except where the destruction was caused by a motor vehicle accident and the vehicle is accompanied by an accident report; provided, however, that this subsection shall not apply to a person who, in the scope of that person's employment, is permitted to refill, reuse or recycle the articles in this subsection.

All registered secondary raw metals dealers shall prominently post in their facilities, on a sign as provided by the secretary, the list of the prohibited metals in this subsection.

- (e) The dealer shall retain the daily record of raw metal transactions required in subsection (c) and any other additional identifying information collected by the dealer for 1 year following the date of the transaction. If the daily record of raw metal transactions is stored electronically, it shall be stored and backed up by electronic means and may be deleted at the completion of the 1-year period. During the 1-year period, the daily record of raw metal transactions shall be open for inspection, upon request, by any law enforcement official with jurisdiction.
- (f) The dealer shall forward to the secretary, in an electronic format, the daily record of raw metal transactions required in subsection (c) for: (i) business-to-business transactions by not

later than the last business day of the month; and (ii) other transactions by not later than 48 hours after the time of receipt of the raw metal.

- (g) Upon notification, either orally, electronically or in writing, from a law enforcement officer with jurisdiction that a specific raw metal item has been reported stolen, the dealer shall retain that raw metal item for up to 10 days and preserve the raw metal in the exact form in which it was received, without processing, tearing down, shredding, crushing, cutting, recycling, compacting, melting or otherwise altering the raw metal.
- (h) The dealer shall not knowingly, and with the intent to profit economically, accept a false name, address, date of birth or proof of identification or a false source from which raw metal was obtained from a person seeking to exchange raw metal for money or any other item of value.
- (i) The dealer shall allow law enforcement officers with jurisdiction to enter onto the premises used for secondary raw metals dealing. The dealer shall not: (i) fail to exhibit, upon demand, all articles, books or inventory; or (ii) willfully hinder, obstruct or prevent law enforcement officers with jurisdiction from entering the premises to conduct an examination of records or inventory or the validity of a registration purportedly issued under section 2.
- (j) In addition to any penalty imposed under section 60 of chapter 266, whoever knowingly violates this section shall be punished for a first offense by a fine of not more than \$1,500, for a second offense by a fine of not more than \$3,000 and for a third or subsequent offense by a fine of not more than \$5,000. Whenever a fine is issued pursuant to this section, the issuing officer shall report the violation to the secretary.

(k) It shall not be a violation of this section for a dealer to receive raw metals prohibited under subsection (d) for the purpose of reporting the transaction and turning over all relative records and prohibited metals to the chief of police in the municipality in which the dealer is registered; provided, however, that the dealer shall not profit from the transaction.

Section 5. (a) No person or dealer shall knowingly provide a false name, address, date of birth, proof of identification, source from which raw metal was obtained, a statement regarding the presence of prohibited materials or a misleading account of articles presented to a secondary raw metals dealer with the intent to exchange those raw metals for money or any item of value.

(b) Whoever knowingly violates this section shall be punished for a first offense by a fine of not more than \$750, for a second offense by a fine of not less than \$750 and not more than \$2,500 and for a third or subsequent offense by a fine of not less than \$750 and not more than \$5,000.

Section 6. Whenever the secretary has reason to believe that a registrant has committed a criminal violation of this chapter, the secretary shall promptly report all pertinent facts to the district attorney in the county where the violation is believed to have occurred.

Section 7. This chapter shall be enforced by the department of state police, municipal police departments and the district attorney of jurisdiction.

Section 8. Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, 100 per cent of the fines imposed for violations of this chapter shall be transferred to the state treasurer for deposit into the Secondary Metals Registry Trust Fund established in section 35DDD of chapter 10.

Section 9. In addition to the penalties in this chapter, a secondary raw metals dealer may be liable if the secondary raw metals dealing premises are deemed to be a public or private nuisance.

Section 10. This chapter shall not apply to: (i) vehicles or parts including, but not limited to, catalytic converters, received by an entity in full compliance with the regulations and reporting requirements of the federal National Motor Vehicle Title Information System as set forth in 49 U.S.C. 30501 et. seq.; (ii) a financial institution which is covered by federal or state deposit insurance; (iii) jewelry and silverware manufacturers purchasing precious metals directly from trade suppliers; or (iv) consumer electronics retailers primarily engaged in the business of selling new consumer electronics.

SECTION 6. Sections 142 and 142A of chapter 266 of the General Laws are hereby repealed.

SECTION 7. This act shall take effect 1 year after its passage.