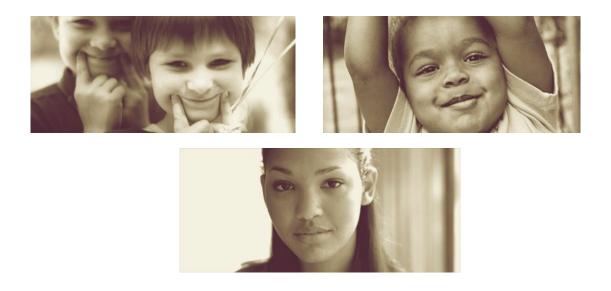
The Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund

Annual Report: Fiscal Year 2016



"When parents have kids with disabilities, [their] path is full of obstacles, but thanks to people like you, [they] can make a possible dream come true. Our sincere appreciation and gratitude for the funds we received. Thanks for this big blessing. This help made a very significant and positive impact in our daily life."

- Recipient Family

Submitted by: The Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund Commission

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LETTER FROM THE COMMISSION CO-CHAIRS

October 2017

On behalf of the Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund Commission, we are pleased to provide this annual report for Fiscal Year 2016.

The Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund (CICRF) continues to support some of the most vulnerable children in Massachusetts. In FY16, the Fund completed its 16th year of providing critical assistance to families. We are very proud of the work we do, as one of only a few Funds of this kind in the nation. Through the work of our Commissioners, and supported by the excellent staff at the Department of Public Health (DPH), we have served over 1,950 children (through FY16) from all across the state.

The CICRF provides critical financial support to families struggling to care for children with extensive medical needs. This financial support can make an enormous difference in a family's day-to-day life and financial stability. In many instances, the Fund fills the gaps left by traditional insurance coverage, helping families afford specialized equipment, providing transportation resources, and assisting with home and vehicle modifications for children with mobility impairments. The testaments of parents found throughout this report speak to the remarkable differences we have made in children's lives.

FY16 saw an increase in the number of families assisted by the Fund. Despite almost universal health insurance coverage, families of children with special health needs in the Commonwealth continue to experience financial hardship as a result of their children's conditions. The CICRF has become a critical resource for many of these families.

During FY16, the Office of the State Auditor began a performance audit of CICRF for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015, in accordance with Section 12 of Chapter 11 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The state auditor's final report, issued in June 2017, found delays in processing applications for assistance which slowed disbursement of funds to families. CICRF agrees that the delay in processing applications is of great concern for families who are under immense financial and emotional hardship. Even prior to the audit, CICRF initiated efforts to reduce waiting time, which was primarily due to staffing levels inconsistent with the demand for the Fund. CICRF has continuously used a multi-pronged approach to expedite the review and eligibility determination process, including implementing workflow redesign and productivity standards, as well as increasing staffing. Since the audit period ending in FY15, the waiting time has been reduced to 6 months for applicant families.

The Commission welcomes your comments, feedback and ideas as we seek to improve our ability to serve children and families.

Sincerely, Bong Thomp AON

Bonnie Thompson, BS Co-Chairperson CICRF Commission

John S. Maypole, MD Co-Chairperson CICRF Commission

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Purpose of the Fund

The Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund (CICRF) was established by legislation for FY 2001. The purpose of the Fund is to provide assistance to families for catastrophic medical and medically related expenses that are not covered by any insurer or other program.

From the Fund's inception through FY16, it has provided over \$25.6 million in reimbursements to the families of 1,956 children with catastrophic illnesses from a variety of backgrounds. Massachusetts families with children under 22 years of age, whose medical and related expenses for one child exceed 10% of the first \$100,000 plus 15% thereafter of the family's annual income, are eligible to apply for assistance from the CICRF.

Fiscal Year 2016 Summary

• During FY16, 210 families received nearly \$2.1 million in reimbursements. The median reimbursement was \$6,748 per family.

Knowledge about the Fund continues to grow. In FY16, 78% of the applications submitted were from first-time applicants.

- The children who have been assisted by the CICRF have a variety of different diagnoses, typically come from low-income families, and have some form of health insurance coverage. Most notably, during FY16, approximately 70% of the families who received assistance had annual incomes of less than 200% of the federal poverty level (\$48,600 for a family of 4 in 2016), and approximately 42% of the children who were helped during this period were under the age of five.
- The CICRF supports a wide variety of services, if not covered by health insurance, including medical equipment, medical services, hospital and physician services, medications, family support, and home and vehicle modifications that enable children to remain at home and a part of their communities, rather than in residential or institutional care.
- In addition to providing financial assistance to families, the Fund provides families with information, referrals and technical assistance related to accessing other financial and additional supports. As a result, many families who have been determined ineligible for the Fund due to the financial criteria have received other types of support and assistance from the Fund.
- The CICRF ended FY16 with a balance of \$3,813,861.73.

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"I cannot thank you enough for helping me through the hardest battle of my life."

-Recipient Family

I. INTRODUCTION

The Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund (CICRF) was established by state legislation in July 2000 to help families bear the excessive financial burdens associated with the care of children with high medical and related expenses. It provides last resort financial assistance for families in Massachusetts that are struggling to pay for medical or medically related expenses not covered by a private insurer, federal or state health care assistance, or any other financial source. Since FY01, the Fund served over 1,950 families from across Massachusetts, providing basic support to help families care for their children at home.

The CICRF was established within the Department of Public Health, in accordance with the Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 29, Section 2ZZ, and administered by the CICRF Commission, which was established and is governed by Chapter 111K of the Massachusetts General Laws. A catastrophic illness is defined as "any illness or condition treated at a pediatric specialty hospital, including ambulatory care and services provided by or ordered through such a hospital, the medical and related expenses of which are not covered by any other state or federal program...or any insurance contract and which exceed 10 percent of the first \$100,000 of annual income of a family and 15 percent of any family income in excess of \$100,000." Originally created for families of children ages 18 and under, in FY07 Chapter 111K was amended to expand age eligibility for the Fund through age 21.

The Fund is overseen by a Commission consisting of 11 members (4 state agency ex-officio members and 7 public members), and is staffed by the Department of Public Health. The Fund is financed by quarterly transfers from the Commonwealth Care Trust, if sufficient funds are available. (See section IV for more detailed information about the funding of the CICRF.)

From its inception through FY16, the CICRF provided funds to **1,956** children with a wide array of medical conditions and diagnoses. Their families come from across the state, from all income levels, and are largely insured either through private coverage and/or MassHealth. Families have been reimbursed for a variety of eligible expenses including hospital and physician services; medication; medical equipment and supplies; travel and lodging; funeral expenses; special therapies; accessible vehicle purchases; home and vehicle modifications; and expenses incurred while caring for a sick child in the hospital.

The cost of caring for a chronically ill child can be overwhelming, even to a family with health insurance. High insurance premiums, deductibles and co-payments, combined with medical and medically related expenses incurred because of coverage limitations and exclusions, can result in a serious drain of a family's financial resources. The bills incurred can send the family into extreme debt and cause severe emotional stress. According to the Kaiser Family Foundation,

medical debt – and a host of related problems – can result when people cannot afford to pay their medical bills. While the chances of falling into medical debt are greater for people who are uninsured, most people who experience difficulty paying medical bills have health insurance. Medical debt can arise when people must pay out-of-pocket for care not covered by health insurance or to which cost-sharing (such as deductibles) applies. Medical debt also might result from health insurance premiums that individuals find difficult to afford. The consequences of medical debt can be severe. People with unaffordable medical bills report higher rates of other problems – including difficulty affording housing and other basic necessities, credit card debt, bankruptcy, and barriers accessing health care.¹ One study by Himmelstein, et al, showed that medical debt is responsible for 62% of all bankruptcies nationally.² In the 2009/10 National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs (NS-CSHCN), 19.1% of families of children with special health needs in Massachusetts reported that their child's condition caused financial problems for the family.³

The impact of a child's illness can have severe ripple effects. The time and energy necessary to care for a sick child often place further debilitating strain on a family and often result in loss of employment of one or both parents. (In the NS-CSHCN, 27.5% of Massachusetts families of children with special health needs reported having to cut back or stop working due to their child's condition.³) In such situations, the family loses not only income, but frequently loses continuity of health benefits as well, since access to health insurance is often through one's employer. The family may have the additional burden of paying the full cost of insurance premiums. There are also many expenses resulting from a child's medical condition that are not covered by insurance. (In the NS-CSHCN, 25.7% of Massachusetts families of children with special health needs reported having to pay \$1,000 or more out of pocket in medical expenses per year for their child, and only 66.3% reported having adequate private and/or public insurance to pay for the services they need.³) The CICRF thus provides valuable or stabilizing financial and emotional relief for families facing incredible life challenges.

"...I know how slim the budgets are and your assistance was invaluable. As I had written before, we had a very difficult and expensive year with [child's name]...We are so grateful to you. I hope that I don't have to contact you ever again, but it is nice to know you are there in case we have to... Thank you once again for all of your help throughout the years. Please thank everyone else who quietly save us and all the other catastrophic families.

- Recipient Family

¹ K. Pollitz, C. Cox et alia, Medical Debt Among People with Health Insurance, January 2014, accessed 06/14/2017, <u>https://kaiserfamilyfoundation.files.wordpress.com/2014/01/8537-medical-debt-among-people-with-health-insurance.pdf</u>

² D.U. Himmelstein, D. Thorne, E. Warren, S. Woolhandler. Medical Bankruptcy in the US: Results of a National Study. American Journal of Medicine. August 2009. Volume 122, Issue 8, Pages 741-746.

³ Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative. 2009/2010 National Survey of Children with Special Health Care Needs, Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health website. www.cshcndata.org

II. CATASTROPHIC ILLNESS IN CHILDREN RELIEF FUND PROGRAM

Eligibility

In order for a family to be eligible for assistance, they must have a child who:

- Is 21 years of age or younger⁴
- Is a Massachusetts resident
- Is under the care of a licensed health care provider who has staff privileges at a hospital which is licensed or accredited to provide pediatric or neonatal care
- Has catastrophic medical or related expenses (defined as annual out-of-pocket expenses totaling more than 10% of the first \$100,000 of the family's income plus 15% of any income in excess of \$100,000, after all other avenues of reimbursement have been exhausted)

Eligible Services

Consistent with the Community First Olmstead Plan and the Administration's support of community-based rather than institutional care, the CICRF has a strong desire to help children remain at home in their communities. It therefore considers reimbursement to families for a broad range of medical and related services and expenses that may not be reimbursable under traditional health insurance policies, or for which the family does not have coverage, including but not limited to:

- Physician's expenses
- Specialized pediatric ambulatory care (testing, laboratory work, etc.)
- Acute or specialized hospital care, both inpatient and outpatient
- Rehabilitative therapies
- Medical equipment and supplies
- Medications
- Medically-related home and vehicle modifications
- Health enabling services and equipment
- Related travel expenses such as mileage and lodging
- Funeral expenses
- Insurance co-payments and deductibles
- CommonHealth and MassHealth premiums

Following a special review, experimental treatment or medications, assistive technology, alternative or complementary treatment, home health care and other medically related services may be considered for reimbursement.

⁴ Age eligibility was increased from 18 to 21 years of age or under as part of Chapter 139 of the Acts of 2006, effective July 1, 2006.

Generally families who apply to the Fund seek assistance with multiple expenses. As a payor of last resort, private and public insurance coverage is sought first. Some reimbursements reflect partial payments for medical and related services, such as co-payments and deductibles for physician visits, hospitalizations, medications, and rehabilitation therapies.

Commission Responsibilities

The CICRF Commission consists of 11 members, including [designees of] the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Commissioner of Public Health, the Commissioner of Insurance, the State Treasurer and seven public members (including a representative of the AFL-CIO and at least two providers of health care services to children in Massachusetts). The Commission is responsible for establishing the policies and procedures necessary for administration of the CICRF, including application to the Fund, application review, determination of eligibility for services, and reimbursement.

The Department of Public Health (DPH) is responsible for the general management and administration of the program, including maintaining confidential records for each child, determining eligibility and the amount of reimbursement, and preparing application or case materials for review by the entire Commission. The Commission's goal is to act in the best interest of the child while ensuring the Fund remains the payor of last resort. DPH staff devotes significant resources to case management and referral activities. If, upon review of an application, the applicant is found to be potentially eligible for funding through other sources or programs, DPH staff assists the applicant in applying for alternate benefits and resources.

III. DATA

Fund Accomplishments and Highlights

From the establishment of the CICRF in FY01 through FY16, the Fund has provided over \$25.6 million in reimbursements to 1,956 Massachusetts families with catastrophic medical or related expenses. It has proven to be an invaluable resource for families struggling with the need to preserve family life in the face of substantial financial obligations. The Fund has

assisted families from a variety of income levels with a wide range of awards in proportion to their need.

Payments to an individual family in FY16 ranged from a low of \$195 to a high of \$29,565⁵. The median amount was \$6,748; the average was \$9,794. (See pages 13-15 for more information on services supported and reimbursements.) Some families have been eligible to receive CICRF assistance over multiple fiscal years.

⁵ For some families, a majority of the reimbursements were received in a prior fiscal year. For others, payment in FY16 could include expenses incurred over several years.

Applications Received in Fiscal Year 2016

The number of applications submitted to the Fund has increased over the past three years. From FY01 through FY16, 4,103 applications have been submitted to the CICRF. Table 1 shows the number of applications submitted each year for the last five years. The number of first-time applicants has exceeded 70% of the total in all but two of the past ten years. (FY06 was the first complete year for which first-time versus re-application data was captured.) This is very encouraging, as it indicates more families are aware of the help the Fund can provide, and the increase in applications is not simply a result of the same families re-applying year after year.

	FY16	FY15	FY14	FY13	FY12	FY01-16
First-time applicants	250	227	203	192	251	3,121
Re-applicants (first application						
received in a previous year or						
earlier that year)	72	78	80	92	101	982
TOTAL applications	322	305	283	284	352	4,103
% of applications received that						
were from families applying for the						
first time	78%	74%	72%	68%	71%	76%

TABLE 1: Applications Submitted

Most applications submitted to the Fund in FY16 were determined eligible. Of the 322 applications submitted in FY16, 54% met the eligibility criteria and resulted in payments to the family. Twenty-five percent were determined ineligible because they did not meet the financial or residency criteria, while 20% were never completed by the family or other resources were found. As of the writing of this report, staff continues to work on one application received in FY16 (less than 1%).

Families Receiving Financial Assistance in Fiscal Year 2016

This report focuses on the families that received reimbursement in FY16 (210 families).

Due to the timing of receipt of applications and the documentation required to determine a family eligible for reimbursement, applications may be received in one fiscal year and associated reimbursements may not occur until the following fiscal year. Also, one application may result in multiple payments over time, sometimes in multiple fiscal years.

Unless otherwise indicated, the data below are based on families who have received financial assistance from the Fund ("families served").

Diagnoses

The CICRF provides support for children with a wide variety of serious medical conditions. The broad categories of diagnoses of CICRF applicants include anoxic brain injuries and cerebral palsy; neuromuscular conditions (such as muscular dystrophy); genetic and metabolic conditions; cancers; primary neurologic disorders; developmental disorders; psychiatric disorders; prematurity and associated sequelae; and traumatic injuries. Most of these diagnoses have a number of associated conditions that dramatically impact the lives of the children who have them. Examples of associated conditions include seizure disorders, vision and hearing loss, incontinence, respiratory conditions, and inability to eat safely by mouth. Often children with these challenges are entirely dependent on others for aspects of daily living, such as getting dressed, toileting, or even rolling over in bed. Many use wheelchairs or have substantial mobility impairments. The scope of impact of these medical conditions on the quality of life of the children and families who apply for support from CICRF cannot be overstated.

The chart⁶ on the next page summarizes the types of conditions of the children assisted by the CICRF in FY16. The five largest categories of conditions for which the Fund provided supports are genetic and metabolic disorders; primary neurologic disorders; congenital anomalies; anoxic

⁶ For all FY01-FY16 charts, the total number of children is 1,956; for the FY16 chart, the total number of children is 210. All data are derived from the Massachusetts Department of Public Health Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund database, 2016.

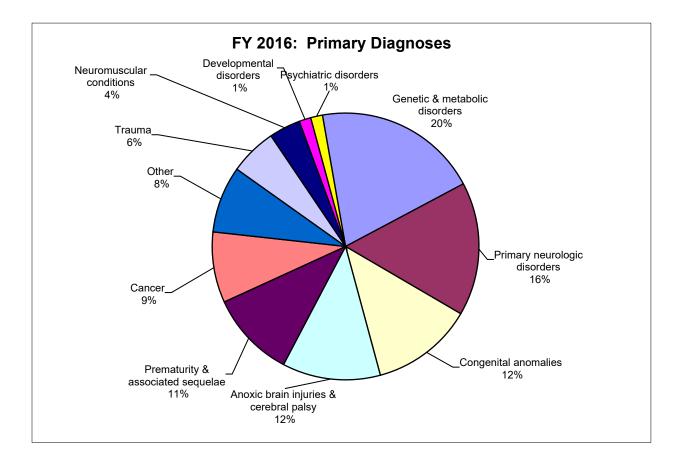
brain injuries and cerebral palsy; and prematurity and associated sequelae. Numerous children assisted by the Fund had multiple diagnoses that would fit into more than one diagnostic category. Many of the conditions are chronic and require significant, ongoing medical care and/or pharmaceutical regimens. Other conditions severely impact mobility, resulting in families needing to make their living space and modes of transportation accessible to the child, in order to allow the child to live and participate fully in the community.

"Over the years the Fund has supported us through several financial obligations that parents never expect or plan on when a child is born...The Fund has lessened our stress around providing our son the care he needs at home with us. With our handicapped van, ramp, and more appropriate bathroom, we can keep him safe and maintain our ability to be his caregivers!"

- Recipient Family

"I cannot even begin to convey to you the relief I felt when told that this fund was accessible to my family. It is so difficult to find resources available to families like ours during good economical times let alone during a recession. We have always prided ourselves with working hard to provide our son with the things necessary to enable him to live as normal a life as possible, but I must confess it is becoming more and more difficult... From the bottom of my heart, I extend sincere thanks to all of you for the compassion and support that you so willingly offer to those of us who are in a position to call upon you."

- Recipient Family



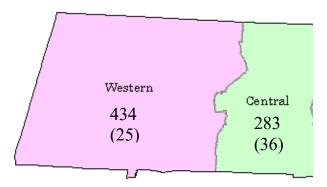
Geography

The CICRF serves children and families from across all regions of Massachusetts. Fund staff conducts outreach activities on an ongoing basis, as evidenced by the use of the CICRF's services in each of the Department of Public Health regions. The majority of the children served is located outside of the Greater Boston area, and often must travel to Boston to receive specialized care (a significant family expense when many visits or hospitalizations are required). The map below shows the number of families served in each region since the Fund's inception and for FY16.

Families Served

Since Inception, and in FY 2016

The first number reflects the number of families served between FY01 and FY16. The number below in parentheses is the number of families served in FY16.



Age

The table below shows the breakdown of children's age at time of application for the children reimbursed in FY16. The average age was 8.7 years in FY16.

A significant percentage of children served are those under age 5. This is likely due to prematurity and/or medical concerns that result in a child remaining in the hospital for a lengthy period of time. Many families apply to the Fund for assistance with costs associated with visiting their child in the hospital on a regular basis over an extended period of time.

	FY 2016		
	Number	Percent	
Under age 1	26	12.4%	
1 – 4 years	63	30.0%	
5 – 9 years	25	11.9%	
10 – 14 years	44	21.0%	
15 – 18 years	32	15.2%	
19 – 21 years	20	9.5%	
Total	210	100.0%	
Average Age	8.7 years		

TABLE 2: Age at Time of Application

We are very thankful... for all your efforts in helping us through the process of applying to the CICRF for medical reimbursement. We know it took a great deal of time and effort to organize all the paperwork and details of our daughter's case.

To the Commission members, thank you for listening to our story, realizing the importance of having all the dental work completed, and understanding the tremendous financial burden it created for our family.

We are so grateful for all your work and the generosity of the CICRF. [Our daughter] is smiling <u>a lot</u> and looking forward to...school where she knows she can make a difference in caring for others.

- Recipient Family

Race

The table below shows the breakdown of families served by child's race, as reported on the application.

TABLE 3: Families Served, by Race ^a

	FY2016	
	Number	Percent*
White	95	45.2%
Hispanic/Latino/Black, Hispanic/Latino/White, Hispanic/Latino/Other	69	32.9%
Black	14	6.7%
Multi-racial ^b	10	4.8%
Asian	10	4.8%
Other	6	2.9%
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0.0%
Not reported	6	2.9%
Total	210	100.0%

^a Based on what is written on the application, either by the family or a referral source who may have helped the family with the application. Response options provided on the current application are: American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian; Black; Hispanic/Latino/Black; Hispanic/Latino/White; Hispanic/Latino/Other; Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander; White; and Other.

^b Multi-racial is not a response option on the application. The child was considered multi-racial if more than one of the other response options were checked on the application.

*Percents may not total 100% due to rounding.

Income Level

The majority of families helped by the CICRF is low-income and has limited access to other resources. Often a family with a catastrophically ill child has large, immediate expenses which, in conjunction with their low-income level, make traditional loans unavailable or unaffordable. For some families, the Fund represents a major and sometimes sole source of hope and support.

The CICRF provides assistance to families at all income levels as defined by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (USDHH). The federal poverty level (FPL) is a measure of family income that is calculated each year by the USDHH. It is used to determine financial eligibility for a variety of programs. These guidelines are a simplified version of the "poverty thresholds" developed by the U.S. Census Bureau.⁷

84% of families served in FY16 had incomes under 300% of FPL. This is noteworthy, since MassHealth eligibility for children extends to 300% of FPL. In 2016, 300% of FPL was \$72,900 for a family of four.

% of FPL	FY 2016	
	Number	Percent*
≤ 200%	147	70.0%
201-300%	30	14.3%
301-400%	13	6.2%
401-600%	12	5.7%
601-800%	5	2.4%
>800%	3	1.4%
Total	210	100.0%

TABLE 4: Family Income, by Percent of Federal Poverty Level (FPL)

⁷ <u>http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/faq.shtml</u>.

Average income	\$41,465
Median income	\$26,779

*Percents may not total 100% due to rounding.

Insurance Status

All children assisted by the CICRF in FY16 had health insurance.⁸ Nevertheless, these families still had catastrophic medical or related expenses. Often this is because the insurance does not cover certain services or expenses, or because families have significant co-payments or deductibles associated with care. Other times, the expenses are so great that families reach benefit limits and are left to cope with the rest of the expenses themselves. Fund staff makes every effort to ensure insurance is used first and the Fund is the payor of last resort.

The table below describes the insurance coverage of the families reimbursed by CICRF in FY16. Most families with private insurance had secondary state Medicaid (MassHealth) coverage in order to supplement their primary private insurance. Almost all families had some form of MassHealth as a primary or secondary insurer.

As noted in the chart, a small percentage of children had MassHealth Limited. MassHealth Limited is emergency medical coverage for noncitizens who meet MassHealth eligibility except for their immigration status. While most of those children were also covered by the Children's Medical Security Plan (CMSP), which provides basic health coverage, these two plans alone do not meet all of the service, medication and equipment needs of children with chronic or complex medical conditions.

	FY 2016	
	Number Percent	
Primary Insurance		
MassHealth Standard (includes Kaileigh Mulligan)	128	61.0%
Private/Other	74	35.2%
MassHealth Limited	6	2.9%
Medicare	2	1.0%
Total	210	100.0%
Number of privately insured with secondary MassHealth ⁹ coverage	68	
% with MassHealth as primary or secondary insurer	97.1%	

TABLE 5: Primary Insurance

⁸ If a family applies to the CICRF and staff learns that the child does not have health insurance, CICRF staff refers the family to the appropriate resource(s), to ensure all children have insurance coverage for which they are eligible.

⁹ Includes MassHealth Standard, CommonHealth and Kaileigh Mulligan.

*Percents may not total 100% due to rounding.

Services Supported

The Fund reimburses families for a diverse set of medical and related services and expenses. Examples of eligible expenses include medical supplies and equipment, such as wheelchairs; physical, occupational, and speech therapy; hospital and physician services; per diem travel and related expenses during inpatient hospitalizations; and some alternative or complementary treatments (following an in-depth review by the Commission). Most families receive reimbursement from the Fund for more than one type of expense. Some expenditures reflect partial payments for medical and related services, such as co-payments and deductibles.

See the table on the next page for the distribution.

The Commission supports families caring for their children in their homes. Financial support from the Fund allows many families to avoid residential or institutional care by enabling them to make structural or other modifications that are necessary in order to care for their child at home (such as an accessible bathroom or a wheelchair accessible home entrance/exit). The Fund also assists families who need an accessible vehicle to transport their child to medical visits and elsewhere within the community.¹⁰ The largest percent of funds reimbursed to families each year has been for Family Support, a per diem stipend which represents expenses parents incur while being with and caring for a sick child in the hospital or expenses incurred by driving to outpatient appointments, such as in-state transportation costs, parking, meals, etc. Many children have multiple and/or lengthy hospitalizations – sometimes for months at a time – and the presence of parents at the hospital and parental involvement in the child's care team are critical components to the child's care, making this support essential.

As children grow, their needs change, and families may reapply to the Fund for additional assistance. For example, as children get older they outgrow certain equipment, such as leg braces and wheelchairs, which require replacement or modification in order to continue to meet the child's needs. Parents who may have been able to lift their child into a vehicle when the child was smaller may now require a wheelchair lift. Also, equipment simply wears out over

¹⁰ Vehicle purchases and modifications are reimbursed according to a sliding scale based on income, and families have a lifetime limit on the total amount that the Fund will reimburse for these types of expenditures. The lifetime limit is also determined by a sliding scale.

time. For example, an eight year old wheelchair accessible van may no longer be roadworthy and may need to be replaced.

My family would like to thank you and the Commission and all involved with the CICRF for such amazing generosity! We have had many moments where we have been so grateful for your support in making our lives easier with home and vehicle modifications that are so needed. God bless you all.

- Recipient Family

TABLE 6: Expenditures by Service Category

Service Category	FY 2016	
	Amount	Percent of total expenditures*
Family support	578,574	28.1%
Vehicle modification	421,484	20.5%
Vehicle purchase	415,137	20.2%
Previously modified vehicles	197,539	9.6%
Home modification	168,974	8.2%
Funeral expenses	107,249	5.2%
Medical expenses	50,236	2.4%
Equipment and medical supplies	35,398	1.7%
Family travel & lodging (primarily related to out-of-state treatment)	29,963	1.5%
Insurance premiums (MassHealth, CommonHealth)	16,442	0.8%
Medication	14,404	0.7%
Other	21,324	1.0%
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,056,724	100.0%

*Percents may not total 100% due to rounding.

Reimbursements to Families

Total reimbursements to families in FY16, and in all years since the creation of the Fund, are shown in the tables on the following page. From July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016, the Fund reimbursed 210 families close to \$2.1 million

Total reimbursements to families increased from \$1,780,983 in FY15 to \$2,056,724 in FY16, or by 15.5%. The total number of families served also increased from 182 families in FY15 to 210 families in FY16, or by 15.4%.

Reimbursable expenses are defined in the Fund's policies set by the Commission and can change. The total amount reimbursed to families in a given year is not pre-defined. In general, if a family meets the eligibility criteria for the Fund, then the Fund reimburses the family 100% of the reimbursable expenses.¹¹

¹¹ There are limitations to the amount of reimbursement for certain types of expenses, including home and vehicle modifications, vehicle purchases, funeral expenses, whole house generators and short-term placements. In these cases, the reimbursement may be less than 100% of the expense.

TABLE 7:	Reimbursements	to Families
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	FY16	FY01-16*
Total \$		
Minimum	195	30
Maximum	29,565	85,276
Average	9,794	13,110
Median	6,748	8,323
25 th percentile	4,249	4,792
75 th percentile	13,012	17,321
Total # families	210	1,956

* FY01-16 figures represent total payments made to families when all years are combined. It represents an unduplicated number of families, taking into consideration that some families receive payments over multiple years.

	Total Amount Reimbursed (\$)	Number of Families Receiving Assistance	Average Amount per Family (\$)
FY01	63,062	2	31,531
FY02	70,861	13	5,451
FY03	1,144,335	121	9,457
FY04	3,108,764	303	10,260
FY05	1,219,532	186	6,557
FY06	1,437,730	187	7,688
FY07	1,180,503	139	8,493
FY08	1,699,299	211	8,054
FY09	2,277,800	261	8,727
FY10	2,561,725	286	8,957
FY11 ¹²	1,946,417	248	7,848

TABLE 8: Reimbursements to Families Since Inception of the Fund

¹² As explained in the FY10 Annual Report, in mid-FY10, faced with decreased revenues and increased applications, the Commission made significant changes to reimbursement policy, with the intended effect of reducing per-family reimbursements. The Commission's aim was to assist as many families as possible while ensuring funds remained to assist families in FY11 and beyond. This is partly responsible for the decrease in total reimbursements after FY10.

FY12	1,467,282	171	8,581
FY13	1,993,984	197	10,122
FY14	1,634,726	163	10,029
FY15	1,780,983	182	9,786
FY16	2,056,724	210	9,794

IV. REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

Until December 31, 2013, the CICRF was funded by quarterly transfers made from the Medical Security Trust (MSTF), if funds were available after other obligations of the MSTF were met¹³. As of January 1, 2014, the funding mechanism was changed to the Commonwealth Care Trust. As before, the funding continues to come from employers' contributions.¹⁴

During the Fund's initial years of service, there were significant remaining funds at the close of each fiscal year, as the Fund was still fairly unknown and underutilized. As knowledge and utilization of the Fund increased, the expenditures increased to match the need.

Due to the economic downturn and the resulting shortfall in the MSTF, there were no transfers from the MSTF to the CICRF from the 4th quarter FY09 through FY13. This was of tremendous concern. While the CICRF Trust was able to support the program in FY10 and FY11 (due to a surplus in previous years and policy changes made in FY10 to reduce expenditures), the balance in the Fund dropped to under \$900,000 by the end of FY11. Spearheaded by Senate President Therese Murray, the legislature allocated funds from the Health Safety Net administration account in FY12 and FY13 to supplement CICRF Trust funds so the program could remain in operation. By the end of FY13, the CICRF Trust balance had fallen to \$15,507, and in FY14 the legislature included an earmark in the Department of Public Health administration account for the CICRF. Without these actions the program would not have survived.

Regular transfers from the MSTF resumed in FY14. Since then, the CICRF has begun to replenish and no supplemental funds have been needed. As noted above, the MSTF was abolished at the end of 2013, and the funding mechanism for the CICRF was changed to the Commonwealth Care Trust. Transfers to the CICRF Trust have been consistent since FY14.

¹³ Prior to January 1, 2014: Chapter 111K, Section 9 of the Massachusetts General Laws provides that funding is to come through an employer's contribution to the office of employment and training, as \$1 annually for each employee "whose wages determine such employer's total unemployment health insurance contribution" under Chapter 151A section 14G of the General Laws.

¹⁴ As of January 1, 2014: Chapter 111K, Section 9 of the Massachusetts General Laws provides that funding is to come through an employer's medical assistance contribution under section 189 of chapter 149, "\$1 annually for each employee whose wages determine such employer's total employer medical assistance contribution."

In FY16, four transfers were made into the CICRF Trust. Total deposits (transfers plus interest) were approximately \$3.0 million, while total expenditures for payments to families, staffing and other expenses were \$2.6 million. FY16 ended with a healthy balance of \$3.8 million.

Table 9 lists a breakdown of annual revenue and expenditures from the CICRF Trust.

	Balance from Prior Fiscal Year (\$)	Deposits (includes interest) (\$)	Expenditures (includes administrative costs) (\$)	Balance Forward to Next Fiscal Year (\$)
FY01		2,762,950	63,062	2,699,888
FY02	2,699,888	2,519,271	120,149	5,099,010
FY03 ¹⁵	5,099,010	720,771	1,208,507	4,611,274
FY04 ¹⁵	4,611,274	47,260	3,171,764	1,486,769
FY05	1,486,769	2,606,336	1,242,563	2,850,541
FY06	2,850,541	2,799,303	1,489,261	4,160,584
FY07	4,160,584	2,845,088	1,292,183	5,713,488
FY08	5,713,488	2,841,943	1,819,146	6,736,284
FY09 ¹⁵	6,736,284	2,070,541	2,487,524	6,319,302
FY10 ¹⁵	6,319,302	23,293	3,051,570	3,291,025
FY11 ¹⁵	3,291,025	16,066	2,425,395	881,695

TABLE 9: Annual Revenue and Expenditures from CICRF Trust

¹⁵ During FY03, FY04, and from FY09-FY13 the Fund did not receive the full amount of anticipated transfers from the Medical Security Trust. In FY04 and from FY10-FY13, no transfers were made; deposits reflect interest payments only. Transfers resumed in FY14; five transfers were received in FY14 because the 4th quarter FY13 transfer was made in early FY14.

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FY12 ^{15,16}	881,695	2,098	639,952	243,842
FY13 ^{15,16}	243,842	572	228,907	15,507
FY14 ¹⁶	15,507	3,323,428	615,421	2,723,515
FY15	2,723,515	2,903,247	2,233,697	3,393,064
FY16	3,393,064	3,033,103	2,612,305	3,813,862

"Thank you CICRF for your assistance. As you know there are many factors that impact caring for a medically complex child. [My daughter] has made amazing gains due to the support you have given us."

- Recipient Family

¹⁶ As explained on the previous page, state appropriated funds were used to supplement CICRF Trust funds in FY12-FY14; only those expenditures from the CICRF Trust are represented here.

V. CONCLUSION

The Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund provides vital support to many families of children with varied and significant health conditions and special health care needs throughout Massachusetts. The Fund allows children with significant health problems to remain with their families and as a part of their communities. In addition, the illnesses or injuries of the children the Fund assists demand a wide range of medical services.

The diverse needs the Fund encounters attest to the value of this unique safety net. Ultimately, the Fund serves to improve the quality of life for many children and their families.

The Commission is proud of the assistance the Fund has provided to families over the past 16 years and is hopeful it will be able to continue to serve families in need.

".... The support that the CICRF provided us with truly changed our lives.

Speaking before your group about our family's circumstances and hearing the responses of the board members was an incredibly validating experience. It was the first time the totality of our family's stresses and health issues were heard and understood. This was a huge psychological boost after months of relentlessly advocating with insurance companies and various agencies for services and reimbursements. The financial security the CICRF restored to us enabled me to go back to work after two years; and I'm not sure if I would have ever come back had I stayed out of work any longer.

We are grateful every single day for the children's recovery, and won't ever forget the support this program provided us. Thanks to each and every one of you for thinking "outside the box" when considering our family's needs."

- Recipient Family

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