

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Tram T. Nguyen and Mary S. Keefe

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to reduce harm by creating baseline standards for use of force by K9s in correctional facilities.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Tram T. Nguyen	18th Essex	1/18/2019
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester	1/18/2019
Michael J. Barrett	Third Middlesex	1/29/2019
Joseph A. Boncore	First Suffolk and Middlesex	2/1/2019
Antonio F. D. Cabral	13th Bristol	1/31/2019
Marjorie C. Decker	25th Middlesex	1/31/2019
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester	2/1/2019
Sean Garballey	23rd Middlesex	2/1/2019
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex	2/1/2019
Elizabeth A. Malia	11th Suffolk	2/1/2019
Liz Miranda	5th Suffolk	1/30/2019
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex	1/31/2019
David M. Rogers	24th Middlesex	2/1/2019

By Representatives Nguyen of Andover and Keefe of Worcester, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 2114) of Tram T. Nguyen, Mary S. Keefe and others relative to standards for the use of force by trained dogs in correctional facilities. Public Safety and Homeland Security.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act to reduce harm by creating baseline standards for use of force by K9s in correctional facilities.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 Chapter 127 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the following new section
- 2 immediately after Section 169:
- 3 SECTION 170: Use of K-9
- 4 The following provisions shall apply to all correctional facilities in the Commonwealth,
- 5 including all jails, houses of correction, trial court detention facilities, youth detention facilities,
- 6 and state prisons.
- 7 For purposes of this section:
- 8 1) "K-9" shall be defined as a dog trained and certified for law enforcement
- 9 purposes, accompanied by a trained handler.

10 2) "Handler" shall be defined as a person trained and certified to handle a law11 enforcement K-9.

3) "Major Disturbance" shall be defined as a riot situation or hostage situation
where there is an immediate threat of death or serious bodily injury.

14 K-9s shall be under the control of their handlers at all times while on correctional facility 15 property and shall never be permitted to roam freely on correctional facility property. K-9s shall 16 be used only in the following circumstances: (i) to search for contraband, (ii) to search for 17 fleeing escapees, and (iii) for crowd control and use of force only if necessary as part of a 18 coordinated response by a tactical team to a major disturbance. K-9s may only be used in these 19 circumstances with prior approval by the Commissioner, Sheriff, Superintendent, or designee. 20 K-9s shall not be used for routine internal patrol or to monitor prisoner movement, and shall not 21 be used in use of force or for crowd control other than if necessary as part of a coordinated 22 response by a tactical team to a major disturbance. Prisoners shall be removed from any area 23 where K-9s are conducting contraband searches, and all other reasonable efforts shall be made to 24 minimize prisoner contact with K-9s.

If a K-9 bites or otherwise apprehends a person, the incident must be documented in accordance with the correctional facility's use of force reporting requirements. Color photographs must be taken of any injuries sustained and the photos must be preserved for a period not less than ten years. All fixed, handheld, body camera, or other video recording from the area of the incident must be preserved for a period not less than ten years. Any person bitten or apprehended by a K9 shall have the right to obtain a copy of all records relating to the K9 bite or apprehension, including but not limited to written reports, investigations, video and audio

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- 32 recordings, and photographs. All such records are also public records, except that records access
- 33 officers must redact the name and identifying information of any involved inmate before
- 34 providing the records to any requestor who is not the involved inmate or who does not have a
- 35 release from the involved inmate.