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## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

### PRESENTED BY:

### Mark J. Cusack

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to strengthen the Commonwealth's Anti-SLAPP law.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Mark J. Cusack	5th Norfolk	1/16/2019
David Henry Argosky LeBoeuf	17th Worcester	1/31/2019
James Arciero	2nd Middlesex	2/1/2019

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By Mr. Cusack of Braintree, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3263) of Mark J. Cusack, David Henry Argosky LeBoeuf and James Arciero for legislation to ensure full participation by citizens and organizations in discussion of issues regarding the right to the freedom of petition, the freedom of speech, the freedom of expression or any matter of public concern. The Judiciary.

## [SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 2263 OF 2017-2018.]

# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act relative to strengthen the Commonwealth's Anti-SLAPP law.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Section 59H of Chapter 231 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016
2	Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking the section in its entirety and inserting in place
3	there of the following new section:-
4	Section 59H. Strategic Litigation Against Public Participation; Special Motion to Dismiss
5	The purpose of this statute is to ensure full participation by citizens and organizations in
6	the robust discussion of issues in furtherance of the right to the freedom of petition, the freedom
7	of speech, the freedom of expression or in connection with any matter of public concern.
8	Because there has been a disturbing increase in lawsuits brought primarily to chill the valid

9 exercise of constitutional rights of freedom of speech, this statute recognizes that such litigation 10 is disfavored and should be resolved quickly with minimum cost to those exercising their First 11 Amendment rights. In furtherance of this purpose, in any case in which a party asserts that the 12 civil claims, counterclaims, or cross claims against said party are based, either in whole or in 13 part, on said party's exercise of its right to freedom of expression, freedom of speech or freedom 14 of petition under the Constitution of the United States or of the Commonwealth, said party may 15 bring a special motion to dismiss.

(a) The court shall advance any such special motion so that it may be heard and
determined as expeditiously as possible. For those claims or allegations that are based on
protected speech activity, the court shall grant such special motion, unless the party against
whom such special motion is made shows that:

i. the moving party's exercise of its right to the freedom of petition, the freedom of
speech, the freedom of expression or in connection with any matter of public concern, either
acting solely or in concert with other citizens, was devoid of any reasonable factual support or
any arguable basis in law; and

ii. the moving party's acts caused actual injury to the responding party.

In making its determination, the court shall consider the pleadings and supporting and
opposing affidavits stating the facts upon which the liability or defense is based.

(b) The attorney general, on his behalf or on behalf of any government agency or
subdivision to which the moving party's acts were directed, may intervene to defend or
otherwise support the moving party on such special motion.

30 (c) All discovery proceedings shall be stayed upon the filing of the special motion to
31 dismiss under this section; provided, however, that the court, on motion and after a hearing and
32 for good cause shown, may order that limited, specified discovery on the motion may be
33 conducted. The stay of discovery shall remain in effect until notice of entry of the order ruling
34 on the special motion.

35 (d) Said special motion to dismiss may be filed within sixty days of the service of the
 36 complaint or, in the court's discretion, at any later time upon terms it deems proper.

(e) If the court grants such special motion to dismiss, the court shall award the moving
party all costs and reasonable attorneys' fees, including those incurred for the special motion and
any related discovery matters. Nothing in this section shall affect or preclude the right of the
moving party to any remedy otherwise authorized by law.

41 (f) As used in this section, the phrase "freedom of petition, the freedom of speech, the
42 freedom of expression" shall be defined as those rights are defined under the U.S. Constitution or
43 the Massachusetts Constitution.

(g) As used in this section, the term "any matter of public concern" shall be defined as
inclusive of any written or verbal statement that is recorded, displayed or distributed in-person or
via any form of media, concerning any topic or subject related to:

47 (1) public health or safety;

- 48 (2) environmental, economic, or community well-being;
- 49 (3) the government or public policy;
- 50 (4) a public official or public figure; or

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51 (5) a good, product, or service in the marketplace or otherwise offered to the public.