HOUSE No. 829

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Paul W. Mark

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to promote healthy communities and the environment.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Paul W. Mark	2nd Berkshire	1/15/2019
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth	2/1/2019
Russell E. Holmes	6th Suffolk	2/1/2019
Brian W. Murray	10th Worcester	1/30/2019
José F. Tosado	9th Hampden	1/16/2019
Susannah M. Whipps	2nd Franklin	1/29/2019

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By Mr. Mark of Peru, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 829) of Paul W. Mark and others relative to pyrolysis and gasification processes to divert non-recycled plastics away from landfills and toward conversion into alternative fuels. Environment, Natural Resources and Agriculture.

The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act to promote healthy communities and the environment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- SECTION 1. Chapter 16 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2012 Official Edition,
- 2 are hereby amended by inserting section 21A after section 21:
- 3 Section 21A: Innovative Technologies.
- 4 (a) In developing and implementing comprehensive statewide solid waste master
- 5 plans, the Department of Environmental Protection shall promote the development and use of
- 6 pyrolysis and gasification processes to divert non-recycled plastics away from landfills and
- 7 toward conversion into alternative fuels and other valuable final and intermediate products by
- 8 reducing unnecessary and inappropriate barriers to the siting and operation of facilities utilizing
- 9 such technologies.
- 10 (b) Definitions. In this section:

[(1) Engineered Fuel. The term "engineered fuel" means a solid fuel that is manufactured from non-recycled constituents of municipal solid waste or other secondary materials.]

- (2) Gasification. The term "gasification" means a process through which postuse plastics are heated and converted to synthesis gas in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere, which can be converted into fuels such as ethanol or other chemical feedstocks.
- (3) Post-use plastics. The term "post-use plastics" means plastics that derive from domestic, commercial, municipal, or other sources of activities, plastics that are recycled in commercial markets, and/or other plastics that might otherwise become a waste, where such plastics are processed through pyrolysis or gasification to manufacture crude oil, fuels, and/or other valuable final or intermediate products. Post-use plastics may contain incidental contaminants (e.g., paper labels on plastic bottles, metal rings on plastic bottle caps, etc.).
- (4) Pyrolysis. The term "pyrolysis" means a process through which post-use plastics are heated in the absence of oxygen until melted and thermally decomposed, and are then cooled, condensed, and converted into crude oil and/or refined into fuels, feedstocks (such as diesel and naphtha), blendstocks, chemicals, waxes, lubricants and/or other raw materials.
- (c) Study. With respect to post-use plastics that are often deposited in landfills, the Department of Environmental Protection shall conduct a study to determine the manner in which the Commonwealth and the Department of Environmental Protection can promote and make progress toward a cost-effective system (including with respect to environmental issues) through which pyrolysis, gasification, and other innovative technologies such as engineered fuels are used to convert post-use plastics [, alone or in combination with other municipal solid waste

or secondary materials,] into materials that can be used to generate electric energy or fuels or as chemical feedstocks.

- (d) Completion of Study. Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Department of Environmental Protection shall complete the study described in subsection (c) and submit to the appropriate committees of the General Court reports providing findings and recommendations developed through the study.
- SECTION 2. Section 2 of chapter 21H of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2012 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking the definition of "solid waste" and inserting the following definition:
- "Solid waste" or "waste", garbage, refuse, trash, rubbish, sludge, residue or byproducts of processing or treatment of discarded material, and any other solid, semi-solid or
 liquid discarded material resulting from domestic, commercial, mining, industrial, agricultural,
 municipal, or other sources of activities, but shall not include solid or dissolved material in
 domestic sewage or post-use plastics that would otherwise become a solid waste provided the
 post-use plastics are processed through pyrolysis or gasification to manufacture fuels and/or
 other valuable final or intermediate products.
- SECTION 3: Said section 2 of chapter 21H, as so appearing, is hereby amended by inserting the following definitions:
- "Gasification", a process through which post-use plastics and non-recycled materials is heated and converted to synthesis gas in an oxygen-deficient atmosphere, which can be converted into fuels such as ethanol or other chemical feedstocks.

"Gasification facility," a facility that collects, separates, stores and/or converts post-use plastics and other materials into fuels and/or other valuable final or intermediate products using a gasification process.

"Post-use plastics", plastics that derive from domestic, commercial, municipal, or other sources of activities, plastics that are recycled in commercial markets, and/or other plastics that might otherwise become a waste, where such plastics are processed through pyrolysis or gasification to manufacture crude oil, fuels, and/or other valuable final or intermediate products. Post-use plastics may contain incidental contaminants (e.g., paper labels on plastic bottles, metal rings on plastic bottle caps, etc.).

"Pyrolysis", a process through which post-use plastics are heated in the absence of oxygen until melted and thermally decomposed, and are then cooled, condensed and converted into crude oil and/or refined into fuels, feedstocks (such as diesel and naphtha), blendstocks, chemicals, waxes, lubricants and/or other raw materials.

"Pyrolysis facility", a facility that collects, separates, stores and/or converts postuse plastics into fuels and/or other valuable final or intermediate products using a pyrolysis process. Pyrolysis facilities shall not be considered "municipal waste combustors" or "municipal waste combustion units".