

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Marc R. Pacheco

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to promote economic development and market access for emerging businesses.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Marc R. Pacheco	First Plymouth and Bristol	
Angelo J. Puppolo, Jr.	12th Hampden	1/15/2019
Diana DiZoglio	First Essex	1/24/2019
Michael O. Moore	Second Worcester	1/24/2019
Michael J. Soter	8th Worcester	1/24/2019
James T. Welch	Hampden	1/24/2019
Daniel M. Donahue	16th Worcester	1/24/2019
José F. Tosado	9th Hampden	1/25/2019
Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester	1/28/2019
Bradley H. Jones, Jr.	20th Middlesex	1/28/2019
Patrick M. O'Connor	Plymouth and Norfolk	1/28/2019
Nick Collins	First Suffolk	1/29/2019
Kathleen R. LaNatra	12th Plymouth	2/1/2019
Angelo L. D'Emilia	8th Plymouth	1/30/2019
Edward J. Kennedy	First Middlesex	1/30/2019
Jennifer E. Benson	37th Middlesex	1/31/2019
Steven S. Howitt	4th Bristol	1/31/2019
Elizabeth A. Poirier	14th Bristol	1/31/2019

Nicholas A. Boldyga	3rd Hampden	2/1/2019
Michael F. Rush	Norfolk and Suffolk	2/1/2019
Anne M. Gobi	Worcester, Hampden, Hampshire and Middlesex	2/1/2019
Viriato M. deMacedo	Plymouth and Barnstable	2/1/2019
John H. Rogers	12th Norfolk	2/1/2019
Michael D. Brady	Second Plymouth and Bristol	2/1/2019
David Allen Robertson	19th Middlesex	2/4/2019
Ryan C. Fattman	Worcester and Norfolk	2/25/2019
Lindsay N. Sabadosa	1st Hampshire	5/9/2019
Dean A. Tran	Worcester and Middlesex	1/15/2020

SENATE DOCKET, NO. 468 FILED ON: 1/14/2019 SENATE No. 178

By Mr. Pacheco, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 178) of Marc R. Pacheco, Angelo J. Puppolo, Jr., Diana DiZoglio, Michael O. Moore and other members of the General Court for legislation to promote economic development and market access for emerging businesses. Consumer Protection and Professional Licensure.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act to promote economic development and market access for emerging businesses.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Section 10A of chapter 23A of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2016
2	Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word "companies", in line 7, the
3	following words:-; provided that such agricultural items shall include cereal grains, malted
4	grains, hops, fruits, flowers, plants, vegetables, or pure juices from fruits, vegetables or plants,
5	herbs, other natural flavoring materials or extracts derived from infusions, percolations, or
6	maceration of such materials.
7	SECTION 2. Chapter 138 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
8	section 25E the following section:-
9	Section 25E ¹ / ₂ . (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 25E, an emerging brewery
10	may, without good cause shown, terminate the right to distribute any brands of malt beverages

for any licensed wholesaler to whom such emerging brewery has made regular sales of such
brands of malt beverages, subject to the provisions of this section.

13 For purposes of this section, an emerging brewery shall mean any entity that (1) is 14 authorized to sell malt beverages to wholesalers in the commonwealth, hereinafter referred to in 15 this section as a "brewery", (2) is privately owned and operated, and (3) directly or indirectly, 16 produced less than 100,000 barrels, also measured as 1,377,778 case equivalents, of malt 17 beverages in the 12-month period immediately preceding the date of the written notice of 18 termination of the right to distribute any brands of malt beverages required by this section; 19 provided however, that an emerging brewery shall include: (1) an officer or director of an 20 emerging brewery, and (2) an affiliate of such emerging brewery, regardless of whether the 21 affiliation is corporate or by management, direction, or control.

For purposes of calculating the volume of production for the purposes of this section, an emerging brewery shall include the volume of products that are malt beverages as defined in section 1 or are determined to be malt beverages for the purpose of federal or state law and are produced by (1) the emerging brewery, (2) an officer or director of such emerging brewery, and (3) an affiliate of such emerging brewery, regardless of whether the affiliation is corporate or by management, direction, or control.

For the purposes of this section, a barrel shall be 31 U.S. gallons and a case equivalent shall be 2.25 U.S. gallons. For the purposes of this section, the volume produced under contract by a brewery shall be calculated in the volume of the agent brewery for whom the volume of brands is produced, and not in the volume of brands produced by the contracted brewery.

(b) (1) No termination of the right to distribute shall be effective until the wholesaler
being terminated has received both written notice and full compensation as specified in this
section. An emerging brewery shall provide the wholesaler with not less than 90 days written
notice of the termination of the right to distribute, which written notice shall identify the
successor wholesaler who will begin servicing the affected territory.

37 (2) Upon any termination of the right to distribute pursuant to this section, the wholesaler
38 shall sell and the emerging brewery or the wholesaler newly assigned to distribute the brands
39 being terminated shall repurchase the wholesaler's inventory and sales and marketing materials.

40 (c) (1) The emerging brewery shall cause to be paid to the affected wholesaler, as full 41 compensation for termination of the right to distribute the brands of an emerging brewery, an 42 amount not less than the laid-in cost of the inventory plus the laid-in cost of the sales and 43 marketing material plus the fair market value of the distribution rights for the brands which are 44 being terminated by the emerging brewery.

45 (2) For the purposes of this section, "fair market value" shall mean the price that the 46 wholesaler's business that is related to the terminated brands of the emerging brewery would sell 47 for in an arms length transaction between a willing buyer and a willing seller as of the date the 48 notice was received by the wholesaler being terminated under paragraph (1) of subsection (b), 49 with neither being required to act, and both having reasonable knowledge of the relevant facts.

50 (d) (1) Any dispute whether a brewery is an emerging brewery within the meaning of this 51 section shall be determined by the alcoholic beverages control commission, which either the 52 emerging brewery or the wholesaler may request within 90 days of either party claiming rights 53 under this section. The commission shall issue a decision within 90 days of receipt of any request

to determine this issue. The commission may award the prevailing party its attorney's fees
regarding the issue of whether a brewery is an emerging brewery.

(2) If the emerging brewery and the affected wholesaler cannot agree on the compensation due to the affected wholesaler under subsection (c) within the 90 days following the emerging brewery notice of its termination of the right to distribute any brands of malt beverages, either the affected wholesaler or the emerging brewery may request that the amount of compensation be determined by final binding arbitration conducted in the commonwealth, applying the laws of the commonwealth according to the arbitration process below.

62 (e) (1) Arbitrations under this section shall be administered by the American Arbitration Association or its successor organization. The commercial arbitration rules of the American 63 64 Arbitration Association or its successor organization shall govern the arbitration. Arbitrations 65 shall be conducted before a panel of 3 arbitrators. Within 15 days after the commencement of 66 arbitration, each party shall select one person to act as arbitrator, and the two so selected shall 67 select a third arbitrator within 30 days of the commencement of the arbitration. If any arbitrator 68 is not selected within 45 days after notice of the arbitration being filed, such arbitrators shall be 69 selected by the nearest office of the American Arbitration Association or its successor 70 organization. All arbitrators shall serve as neutral, independent and impartial arbitrators.

(2) The arbitration proceeding shall conclude not later than 90 days after the date of the notice of intent to arbitrate is transmitted to the other party, unless the parties agree to extend the time by agreement or the arbitrator extends the time for good cause shown. Any arbitration held pursuant to this section shall be in lieu of all other remedies and procedures. The costs of the arbitrators and any other costs of the arbitration shall be equally divided by the parties engaged

76	in the arbitration. Each party shall bear all other expenses related to the arbitration. The panel of
77	arbitrators shall render a written, reasoned decision not later than 30 days after the conclusion of
78	the arbitration proceeding, unless the parties agree to extend the time by agreement or the
79	arbitrators extend the time for good cause shown.
80	(3) The arbitration decision shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to chapter 30A.
81	Any arbitration decision issued under this section may be enforced by commencing a civil action
82	in any court of competent jurisdiction in the commonwealth.
83	(4) Any party duly notified of an arbitration involving its rights that fails to participate in
84	an arbitration proceeding held pursuant to this section waives all rights it would have had in the
85	arbitration and is considered to have consented to the determination of the panel of arbitrators.
86	SECTION 3. Said chapter 138 of the General Laws is hereby further amended by adding
87	the following section:-
88	Section 79. If any provision of this chapter 138, or its application to any person or
89	circumstance, is determined by a court to be invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining provisions
90	shall be construed in accordance with the intent of the general court to further limit rather than to
91	expand commerce in alcoholic beverages, to enhance strict regulatory control over taxation,
92	distribution and sale of alcoholic beverages through the three-tier regulatory system imposed by
93	this chapter upon all alcoholic beverages including malt beverages.