SENATE No. 995

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Mark C. Montigny

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act promoting safety for victims of violent crime and human trafficking.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Mark C. Montigny	Second Bristol and Plymouth	
Joanne M. Comerford	Hampshire, Franklin and Worcester	1/25/2019
José F. Tosado	9th Hampden	1/25/2019
Maria Duaime Robinson	6th Middlesex	1/25/2019
Mike Connolly	26th Middlesex	1/28/2019
Natalie M. Higgins	4th Worcester	1/30/2019
Antonio F. D. Cabral	13th Bristol	1/30/2019
Michelle M. DuBois	10th Plymouth	1/30/2019
Carlos González	10th Hampden	1/30/2019
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk	1/30/2019
William N. Brownsberger	Second Suffolk and Middlesex	1/31/2019
Donald F. Humason, Jr.	Second Hampden and Hampshire	1/31/2019
Daniel J. Ryan	2nd Suffolk	1/31/2019
Patricia D. Jehlen	Second Middlesex	1/31/2019
Michael D. Brady	Second Plymouth and Bristol	2/1/2019
Jack Patrick Lewis	7th Middlesex	2/1/2019
David Henry Argosky LeBoeuf	17th Worcester	2/1/2019
Marc R. Pacheco	First Plymouth and Bristol	2/1/2019

Danielle W. Gregoire	4th Middlesex	2/1/2019
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester	2/8/2019
Tram T. Nguyen	18th Essex	4/30/2019

SENATE No. 995

By Mr. Montigny, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 995) of Mark C. Montigny, Joanne M. Comerford, José F. Tosado, Maria Duaime Robinson and other members of the General Court for legislation to promote safety for victims of violent crime and human trafficking. The Judiciary.

The Commonwealth of Alassachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-First General Court (2019-2020)

An Act promoting safety for victims of violent crime and human trafficking.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- SECTION 1. Chapter 258B of the General Laws, as so appearing in the 2016 Official
- 2 Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after section 13 the following section:-
- 3 Section 14. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall, unless the context
- 4 clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:-
- 5 "Certifying entity", a state, local, tribal, territorial, or campus law enforcement agency,
- 6 prosecutor, judge, or other authority that has responsibility for the detection, investigation, or
- 7 prosecution of a qualifying crime or criminal activity, including but not limited to, the
- 8 department of children and families, Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination,
- 9 department of labor relations, department of labor standards, division of industrial accidents, and
- each municipal board of health. "Certifying official", any head of a certifying entity, a person in a
- supervisory role who has been designated by the head of the certifying entity to issue Form I-918

Supplement B certifications on behalf of that entity, a judge, or any other certifying official designated by federal law.

\"Qualifying criminal activity", criminal activity defined in Section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act involving one or more of the following or any substantially similar activity in violation of federal or state criminal law: (1) abduction; (2) abusive sexual conduct; (3) being held hostage; (4) blackmail; (5) domestic violence; (6) extortion; (7) false imprisonment; (8) felonious assault; (9) female genital mutilation; (10) fraud in foreign labor contracting; (11) human trafficking; (12) incest; (13) involuntary servitude; (14) kidnapping; (15) manslaughter; (16) murder; (17) obstruction of justice; (18) peonage; (19) perjury; (20) prostitution; (21) rape; (22) sexual assault; (23) sexual exploitation; (24) slavery; (25) stalking; (26) torture; (27) unlawful criminal restraint; (28) witness tampering; or (29) attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above mentioned crimes.

"Victim of a qualifying criminal activity", the (1) direct victim of a qualifying criminal activity; (2) in the case where the direct victim is unable to provide information concerning the criminal activity or be helpful in the investigation or prosecution of the criminal activity for circumstances including but not limited to where the direct victim is deceased due to murder or manslaughter, or is incompetent or incapacitated, the following: (i) the direct victim's spouse; (ii) the direct victim's children under 21 years of age; (iii) the direct victim's parents and unmarried siblings who are under 18 years of age, if the direct victim is under 21 years of age at the time the qualifying criminal activity occurred; or (3) bystanders who suffer unusually direct injury as a result of a qualifying crime.

- (b) The victim, the victim's family member, or an advocate may request a certifying official from a certifying agency to execute a Form I-918 Supplement B certification based on a determination by the certifying agency that the victim has been helpful, is being helpful, or is likely to be helpful to the detection, investigation, or prosecution of that qualifying criminal activity. Upon determination to issue such a certification, the procedural requirements for the completion of the Form I-918 Supplement B form shall be followed as set forth in subsection (d) below.
- (c) Determining whether the victim has cooperated with a reasonable request for assistance in an investigation or prosecution.
- For the purposes of determining victim cooperation pursuant to section (b):

- (1) For certification purposes, victim cooperation includes, but is not limited to, reporting a crime, offering useful or relevant information regarding the qualifying criminal activity or its actor, and providing assistance to law enforcement when reasonably requested.
- (2) There is a rebuttable presumption that a victim has cooperated with a reasonable request in an investigation or prosecution if the victim has not refused to provide information and assistance reasonably requested by law enforcement.
- (3) There is no requirement for a current investigation, the filing of charges, an arrest, a prosecution, or a conviction to occur in order for a victim to be deemed cooperative and receive Form I-918 Supplement B. A certifying entity or official can certify based on past, present, or the likelihood of future cooperation from a victim.

- 53 (4) A request to a certifying entity for certification may be made at any time, regardless 54 of when the crime occurred, including if the statute of limitations has run.
 - (d) Certification Requirements for the Form I-918 Supplement B.

- (1) The certifying official shall complete and sign the Form I-918 Supplement B in a color of ink other than black for verification purposes.
 - (2) If the certifying official decides the victim is eligible for certification, the certifying official shall describe victim helpfulness on the Form I-918 Supplement B by providing detailed information regarding the nature of the crime detected, investigated, or prosecuted, and the victim's helpfulness or likely helpfulness to the detection, investigation, or prosecution of the criminal activity.
 - (3) A certifying entity shall process the request for the I-918 Supplement B within 90 calendar days of receipt of the request unless urgent circumstances occur. If the following circumstances occur, the certification request shall be processed within 14 calendar days of the request: (1) the noncitizen is in removal proceedings or in immigration detention; (2) there is an urgent deadline involving a qualifying family member who will otherwise lose derivative eligibility, or; (3) there is a similarly compelling humanitarian circumstances necessitating timely submission of the underlying application.
 - (4) A certifying official may only withdraw the certification if the victim unreasonably refuses to provide information or assistance. If a certifying entity decides to withdraw the certification for a victim, the certifying entity must provide prompt written notification of the withdrawal to the victim including the reason or reasons why the certification was withdrawn.

(5) If a certifying entity decides not to complete an I-918 Supplement B for a victim, the entity must provide prompt written notification of the denial to the victim and the reason or reasons why the request was denied. A certifying entity may not deny certification solely because there is another agency qualified to certify. The denial will be without prejudice and a new request can be submitted if supplemental information becomes available.

- (6) A certifying entity is prohibited from disclosing the immigration status or current address of a victim or victim's family member requesting certification, except to comply with federal law or legal process, or if explicitly authorized by the victim, the victim's family member, or the victim's advocate. If disclosure is required, the victim must be promptly notified of the disclosure.
- (7) A certifying entity that receives a request for the Form I-918 Supplement B shall report to the Massachusetts office for victim assistance, on or before October 1, 2020, and annually thereafter, the number of victims that requested the Form I-918 Supplement B from the entity, the number of those certification forms that were signed, and the number of those certifications that were denied.
- (e)The Massachusetts office for victim assistance shall submit a report to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, and the joint committee on public safety and homeland security by January 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, setting forth the number of victims that requested the Form I-918 Supplement B from each entity, the number of those such forms that were signed by each entity, and the number of those certifications that were denied by each entity, as well as total statewide statistics.

95 (f) The attorney general shall receive, investigate, and attempt to resolve complaints of 96 violations of subdivisions (b) through (d), inclusive. The attorney general may bring an action in 97 any state court of competent jurisdiction: 98 (1) To enjoin violations of this title and seek other relief going forward necessary to 99 prevent future violations; 100 (2) In the case of a violation of subsections (b) through (d), inclusive, a civil penalty of 101 not less than \$500 per violation; or 102 (3) Any other equitable relief the court deems appropriate. 103 Any sums recovered by the attorney general shall be held in a special deposit account and 104 shall be paid directly to each affected victim of a qualifying criminal activity. 105 (g) An action under subsection (f) may be brought not later than 3 years after the date of 106 the last event constituting the alleged violation for which the action is brought, provided that the 107 limitations for filing an action shall be tolled during the period that the attorney general is 108 considering a complaint against any certifying entity filed with under subsection (f). 109 SECTION 2. Said chapter 258B of the General Laws is hereby further amended by 110 inserting after section 14 the following section: 111 Section 15. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall, unless the context 112 clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:-113 "Law enforcement agency", a state, local, tribal, territorial, or campus law enforcement 114 agency, prosecutor, judge, or other authority that has responsibility for the detection,

investigation, or prosecution of severe forms of human trafficking in persons, including but not

limited to, the department of children and families, Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination, department of labor relations, department of labor standards, division of industrial accidents, and each municipal board of health.

"Certifying official", any head of a certifying entity, a person in a supervisory role who has been designated by the head of the certifying entity to issue Form I-918 Supplement B certifications on behalf of that entity, a judge, or any other certifying official designated by federal law.

"Severe forms of trafficking in persons", trafficking in persons as defined in 22 U.S.C. § 7102, including but not limited to, (1) sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or (2) the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, obtaining, patronizing, or soliciting of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

(b) The victim, the victim's family member, or an advocate may request a certifying official from a certifying agency to execute a Form I-914 Supplement B based on a determination by the certifying agency that the victim has cooperated with a reasonable request for assistance in the investigation or prosecution of trafficking in persons as defined in subdivision (a). Upon determination to issue such a certification, the procedural requirements for the completion of the Form I-914 Supplement B form shall be followed as set forth in subsection (d) below.

137 (c) Determining whether the victim has cooperated with a reasonable request for 138 assistance in an investigation or prosecution. 139 For the purposes of determining victim cooperation pursuant to section (b): 140 (1) For certification purposes, reasonable request for assistance means a request made to a 141 victim to assist in the investigation or prosecution of the acts of trafficking in persons or the 142 investigation of crime where acts of trafficking are at least one central reason for the commission 143 of that crime. 144 (2) Victim cooperation includes, but is not limited to, reporting a crime, offering useful or 145 relevant information regarding severe forms of trafficking in persons or its actor, and responding 146 to a reasonable request for assistance from a law enforcement agency. 147 (3) There is a rebuttable presumption that a victim has responded to a reasonable request 148 for assistance in an investigation or prosecution if the victim has not refused to provide 149 information and assistance reasonably requested by a law enforcement agency. 150 (4) There is no requirement for a current law enforcement investigation, the filing of 151 charges, an arrest, a prosecution, or a conviction to occur in order for a victim to be deemed 152 cooperative and receive Form I-914 Supplement B.

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8 of 12

(5) A request to a law enforcement agency for certification may be made at any time,

regardless of when the crime occurred, including if the statute of limitations has run.

(d) Certification Requirements for the Form I-914 Supplement B.

(1) If the certifying official decides the victim is eligible for certification, the law enforcement agency shall complete and sign the Form I-914 Supplement B in a color of ink other than black for verification purposes.

- (2) If the certifying official decides the victim is eligible for certification, the law enforcement agency shall describe how the victim complied with a reasonable request for assistance in the investigation or prosecution of the acts of the trafficking in persons or the investigation of severe forms of trafficking in persons.
- (3) The "reasonableness" of the request for assistance depends on the totality of the circumstances. Factors to consider include, but are not limited to: law enforcement and prosecutorial practices; the nature of the victimization; the specific circumstances of the victim; severe trauma (both mental and physical); access to support services; whether the request would cause further trauma; the safety of the victim or the victim's family; compliance with other requests and the extent of such compliance; whether the request would yield essential information; whether the information could be obtained without the victim's compliance; whether an interpreter or attorney was present to help the victim understand the request; cultural, religious, or moral objections to the request; the time the victim had to comply with the request; and the age and maturity of the victim.
- (4) A law enforcement agency shall process the request for an I-914 Supplement B within 90 calendar days of receipt of the certification request unless urgent circumstances occur. If the following circumstances occur, the certification request shall be processed within 14 calendar days of the request: (i) the noncitizen is in removal proceedings or in immigration detention; (ii) there is an urgent deadline involving a qualifying family member who will otherwise lose

derivative eligibility; or (iii) there is a similarly compelling humanitarian situation necessitating timely submission of the underlying application.

- (5) A law enforcement agency may only withdraw the certification if the victim unreasonably refuses to respond to a reasonable request for assistance from law enforcement. If a certifying entity decides to withdraw the certification for a victim, the entity must provide prompt written notification of the withdrawal to the victim including the reason or reasons why the certification was withdrawn.
- (6) If a law enforcement agency decides not to complete an I-914 Supplement B for a victim of a severe form of trafficking in persons, the law enforcement agency must provide prompt written notification of the denial to the victim and the reason or reasons why the request was denied. A law enforcement agency may not deny certification solely because there is another agency qualified to certify. The denial will be without prejudice and a new request can be submitted if supplemental information becomes available.
- (7) A law enforcement agency is prohibited from disclosing the immigration status or current address of a victim or victim's family member requesting certification, except to comply with federal law or legal process, or if explicitly authorized by the victim, the victim's family member, or the victim's advocate. If disclosure is required, the victim must be promptly notified of the disclosure.
- (8) A law enforcement agency that receives a request for the Form I-914 Supplement B shall report to the Massachusetts office for victim assistance, on or before October I, 2020, and annually thereafter, the number of victims that requested the Form I-914 Supplement B from the

entity, the number of those certification forms that were signed, and the number that were denied.

- (e)The Massachusetts office for victim assistance shall submit a report to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president of the senate, and the joint committee on public safety and homeland security by January 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, setting forth the number of victims that requested the Form I-914 Supplement B from each entity, the number of those certification forms that were signed by each entity, and the number of those certifications that were denied by each entity, as well as total statewide statistics.
- (f) The attorney general shall receive, investigate, and attempt to resolve complaints of violations of subdivisions (b) through (d), inclusive. The attorney general may bring an action in any state court of competent jurisdiction:
- (1) To enjoin violations of this title and seek other relief going forward necessary to prevent future violations;
- (2) In the case of a violation of subsections (b) through (d), inclusive, a civil penalty of not less than \$500 per violation; or
 - (3) Any other equitable relief the court deems appropriate.
- Any sums recovered by the attorney general shall be held in a special deposit account and shall be paid directly to each affected victim of a qualifying criminal activity.
- (g) An action under subsection (f) may be brought not later than 3 years after the date of the last event constituting the alleged violation for which the action is brought, provided that the

- 219 limitations for filing an action shall be tolled during the period that the attorney general is
- considering a complaint against any certifying entity filed with under subsection (f).