The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, July 18, 2022.

The committee on State Administration and Regulatory Oversight to whom was referred the petition (accompanied by bill, Senate No. 2037) of Julian Cyr and Sarah K. Peake for legislation relative to virtual meetings of appointed statewide public bodies, the petition (accompanied by Senate, No. 2055) of Paul R. Feeney for legislation to permit enhanced public access to deliberations of public bodies and to permit improved efficiency of public bodies, the petition (accompanied by Senate, No. 2082) of Jason M. Lewis, Kay Khan, Joanne M. Comerford, Jack Patrick Lewis and other members of the General Court for legislation to modernize participation in public meetings, thepetition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 2104) of Rebecca L. Rausch, James J. O'Day and Joanne M. Comerford for legislation to update the Open Meeting Law to support remote participation, the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3111) of Antonio F. D. Cabral and others relative to violations of the open meeting law, the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3152) of Denise C. Garlick and others for legislation to further regulate the participation in public meetings, the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3213) of James J. O'Day and Rebecca L. Rausch for legislation to further regulate the Open Meeting Law to support remote participation, the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3224) of Maria Duaime Robinson, Tricia Farley-Bouvier and others relative to virtual meetings of appointed statewide public bodies, the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3227) of Jeffrey N. Roy for legislation to permit enhanced public access to deliberations of public bodies and to permit improved efficiency of public bodies and the petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3826) of Lindsay N. Sabadosa relative to remote participation in state public meetings, reports recommending that the accompanying bill (House, No. 5031) ought to pass.

For the committee,

ANTONIO F. D. CABRAL.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act to modernize participation in public meetings.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Section 18 of chapter 30A of the General Laws, as appearing in 2020
2	Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word "meeting", in line 9, the
3	following word:- information.
4	SECTION 2. Section 18 of said chapter 30A, as so appearing, is hereby further amended
5	by inserting at the end thereof the following:-
6	"Remote access," access through the internet, video conferencing or other video
7	technology that allows the public to view and, when permitted or required, participate in a
8	meeting of a public body remotely from a location other than the meeting location.
9	"Remote participation," participation by a member of a public body in a meeting of that
10	public body through internet, video conferencing or other video technology remotely from a
11	location other than the meeting location.

SECTION 3. Chapter 30A is hereby amended by striking out section 20 and inserting in
place thereof the following section:

Section 20 (a) Except as provided in section 21, all meetings of a public body shall be
physically open, and remotely accessible, to the public.

(b) Except in an emergency, in addition to any notice otherwise required by law, a public
body shall post notice of every meeting at least 48 hours prior to the meeting, excluding
Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays. In an emergency, a public body shall post notice as soon
as reasonably possible prior to the meeting. Notice shall be printed in a legible, easily
understandable format and shall contain the date, time and place of the meeting and a listing of
topics that the chair reasonably anticipates will be discussed at the meeting.

22 (c) For meetings of a local public body, notice shall be filed with the municipal clerk and 23 posted to the municipal website by the municipal clerk and may be posted in a manner 24 conspicuously visible to the public at all hours in or on the municipal building in which the 25 clerk's office is located. For meetings of a regional or district public body, notice shall be filed 26 and posted in each city or town within the region or district in the manner prescribed for local 27 public bodies and notice shall be posted on the regional or district public body's website. For 28 meetings of a regional school district, the secretary of the regional school district committee shall 29 be considered to be its clerk and shall file notice with the clerk of each city or town within the 30 district and the clerk of such each city or town shall post the notice in the manner prescribed for 31 local public bodies, and notice shall be posted on the regional school district's website. For 32 meetings of a county public body, notice shall be filed in the office of the county commissioners 33 for the county and shall be posted on the county public body's website, and notice may be posted

in a manner conspicuously visible to the public at all hours in the places as the countycommissioners shall designate for the purpose.

For meetings of a state public body, notice shall be filed with the attorney general by posting on a website under the procedures established for this purpose and a duplicate copy of the notice shall be filed with the regulations division in the state secretary's office and notice shall be posted on the state public body's website, or the website of its parent agency.

The chair of a public body may petition the attorney general for the use of an alternative method of notice where the use of a website is unduly burdensome or presents a hardship to the public body or regional school district. The attorney general may prescribe or approve alternative methods of notice where the attorney general determines that the use of a website is unduly burdensome or presents a hardship and the alternative methods will afford effective notice to the public.

46 (d) (1) All public bodies shall provide for remote access and remote participation at every47 meeting.

48 (2) Members of a public body participating physically or participating remotely in a 49 meeting shall participate in the same manner for the duration of that meeting. A public body, 50 other than a local commission on disability, shall have at least one-third of its members 51 physically present at all meetings and members participating remotely may vote, count towards 52 the quorum, and shall not be deemed absent for the purposes of section 23D of chapter 39. The 53 chair of a local commission on disability or, in the chair's absence, the person authorized to chair 54 the meeting of a local commission on disability, shall be physically present at the meeting 55 location.

(3) Members of a state public body participating physically or participating remotely in a meeting shall participate in the same manner for the duration of that meeting. A state public body shall have at least one of its members physically present at all meetings and members participating remotely may vote, count towards the quorum, and shall not be deemed absent for the purposes of section 23D of chapter 39. All meetings of a state public body shall be video recorded with access to the recording posted on the website of the public body within 10 business days after the meeting.

(4) Remote access allowing the public to view or participate in the deliberations of a public body shall be available without any paid subscription, toll, or similar charge. All public bodies shall ensure remote access to meetings is accessible to persons with disabilities and provided in such a manner as to ensure equal opportunity to such persons. Public bodies shall include captioning, which may be provided through automatic speech recognition technology, or other reasonable accommodations if needed, consistent with the American Disabilities Act and chapter 151B to persons with disabilities remotely accessing the meeting.

(6) All public bodies shall ensure that remote participation by members is accessible to
members with disabilities and provided in such a manner as to ensure equal opportunity to such
members. Public bodies shall include captioning, which may be provided through automatic
speech recognition technology, or other reasonable accommodations if needed, consistent with
the American Disabilities Act and chapter 151B to persons with disabilities participating
remotely.

(e) After notifying the chair of the public body, any person may make a video or audio
recording of an open session of a meeting of a public body, or may transmit the meeting through

any medium, subject to reasonable requirements of the chair as to the number, placement and
operation of equipment used so as not to interfere with the conduct of the meeting. At the
beginning of the meeting, the chair shall inform other attendees of any recordings.

(f) No person shall address a meeting of a public body without permission of the chair, and all persons shall, at the request of the chair, be silent. No person shall disrupt the proceedings of a meeting of a public body. If, after clear warning from the chair, a person continues to disrupt the proceedings, the chair may order the person to withdraw from the meeting and if the person does not withdraw, the chair may authorize a constable or other officer to remove the person from the meeting.

87 (g) Within 2 weeks of qualification for office, all persons serving on a public body shall 88 certify, on a form prescribed by the attorney general, the receipt of a copy of the open meeting 89 law, regulations promulgated under section 25 and a copy of the educational materials prepared 90 by the attorney general explaining the open meeting law and its application under section 19. 91 Unless otherwise directed or approved by the attorney general, the appointing authority, city or 92 town clerk or the executive director or other appropriate administrator of a state or regional body, 93 or their designees, shall obtain certification from each person upon entering service and shall 94 retain it subject to the applicable records retention schedule where the body maintains its official 95 records. The certification shall be evidence that the member of a public body has read and 96 understands the requirements of the open meeting law and the consequences of violating it.

97 SECTION 4. Section 22 of chapter 30A of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020
98 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting in place thereof the
99 following subsections:-

(a) A public body shall create and maintain accurate minutes of all meetings, including
executive sessions, setting forth the date, time and place, the members present or absent, a
summary of the discussions on each subject, a list of documents and other exhibits used at the
meeting, the decisions made, and the actions taken at each meeting, including the record of all
votes. Minutes of all meetings, including executive sessions, shall be created, and approved by
the following meeting or within 30 days, whichever is later, unless the public body can show
good cause for further delay.

107 SECTION 5. Section 22 of said chapter 30A, as so appearing, is hereby further amended
108 by striking subsection (c) and inserting in place thereof the following:-

(c) The minutes of an open session, if they exist and whether approved or in draft form,
shall be made available upon request to any person within 10 business days. A public body may,
within 10 business days, refer the requester to the public body's website where the requested
minutes, whether approved or in draft form, may be found. Within 10 business days of approval,
minutes of an open session shall be posted to the public body's website.

SECTION 6. Said Section 22 of said chapter 30A, as so appearing, is hereby further
amended by inserting after the word "meeting", in line 60, the following words:-

- Within 10 business days of a determination that continued non-disclosure of executive session minutes is no longer warranted, such executive session minutes shall be posted to the public body's website.
- SECTION 7. Said section 22 of said chapter 30A, as so appearing, is hereby further
 amended by inserting after the word "review", in line 69, the following words:-

A public body may, within 10 business days, refer the requester to the public body's
website where the requested minutes may be found if all requested minutes have been released to
the public.

124 SECTION 8. Section 23 of said chapter 30A, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 125 inserting after the word "violation", in line 34, the following words: or a civil penalty of not 126 more than \$200 against any member of a public body for a third or subsequent knowing 127 violation. A civil penalty against an individual member of a public body shall not be 128 reimbursable with public funds. 129 SECTION 9. Subsection (c) of said section 23 of said Chapter 30A, as so appearing, is 130 hereby further amended by striking out the seventh clause and inserting in place thereof the 131 following clauses:- (7) issue a private education letter to a member of a public body; (8) 132 reprimand a member of a public body; provided, however, that no member of a public body shall 133 be reprimanded unless the attorney general has issued a private education letter to said member 134 within the past twelve months; or; (9) prescribe other appropriate action.

- SECTION 10. Subsection (f) of said section 23 of said Chapter 30A, as so appearing, is
 hereby further amended by inserting at the end thereof the following paragraph:-
- The remedy created hereby is not exclusive but shall be in addition to every other
 available remedy. In an action brought by 3 or more registered voters, such order of notice may
 also require the public body to reimburse said voters reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.
 SECTION 11. Section 30A of chapter 20 of the acts of 2021, inserted by section 10 of
 chapter 22 of the acts of 2022, is hereby amended by striking out the words "July 15, 2022" and
 inserting in place thereof the following words:- March 31, 2023.

143 SECTION 12. Sections 1 through 10 of this act shall take effect on April 1, 2023.