

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Michael O. Moore

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to single sales factor.

PETITION OF:

NAME: Michael O. Moore DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

Second Worcester

SENATE DOCKET, NO. 1417 FILED ON: 2/16/2021

By Mr. Moore, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 1936) of Michael O. Moore for legislation relative to single sales factor in the calculation of taxes for certain financial institutions. Revenue.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 2607 OF 2019-2020.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Second General Court (2021-2022)

An Act relative to single sales factor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 2A of chapter 63, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition, is

2 hereby amended by striking out subsection (b) and inserting in place thereof the following 2

3 subsections:-

(b)(1) Except as provided by subsection (b)(2), if the financial institution has income
from business activity which is taxable both within and without this commonwealth, its net
income shall be apportioned to this commonwealth by multiplying its net income by the
applicable apportionment percentage. For purposes of subsection (b)(1), the applicable
apportionment percentage is determined by adding the taxpayer's receipts factor, property factor
and payroll factor together and dividing the sum by three. If one of the factors is missing, the two
remaining factors are added and the sum is divided by two. If two of the factors are missing, the

11 remaining factor is the apportionment percentage. If all three factors are missing, the whole of 12 the financial institution's net income shall be taxable under section two. A factor is missing if 13 both its numerator and denominator are zero, but it is not missing merely because its numerator 14 is zero.

(b)(2), Notwithstanding subsection (b)(1), a financial institution that has income from business activity which is taxable both within and without this commonwealth, may elect to have its net income apportioned to this commonwealth by multiplying said taxable net income by the resulting percentage as determined in the following formulas:

(i) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015 but before January 1, 2016, 20
percent of the property factor plus 20 percent of the payroll factor plus 60 percent of the receipts
factor.

(ii) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016 but before January 1, 2017,
15 percent of the property factor plus 15 percent of the payroll factor plus 70 percent of the
receipts factor.

(iii) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017 but before January 1, 2018,
10 percent of the property factor plus 10 percent of the payroll factor plus 80 percent of the
receipts factor.

(iv) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 but before January 1, 2019, 5
percent of the property factor plus 5 percent of the payroll factor plus 90 percent of the receipts
factor.

31 (v) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, 100 percent of the receipts32 factor.

33	SECTION 2. Subsection (d) of said section 2A of said chapter 63, as so appearing, is
34	hereby amended by inserting after paragraph (xiii) the following paragraph:-
35	(xiv) Notwithstanding the foregoing, a financial institution that elects to apportion its
36	taxable net income pursuant to subsection (b)(2) of this section shall apply the rules applicable to
37	the receipts factor as set forth in this section, with the following exceptions:
38	(A) In lieu of sourcing receipts pursuant to paragraph (xi), receipts from services not
39	otherwise apportioned under this section are sourced to this commonwealth if the gross receipts
40	are derived from customers in this commonwealth or otherwise attributable to this
41	commonwealth's marketplace.
42	(B) In lieu of sourcing receipts pursuant to paragraph (xii), the numerator of the receipts
43	factor includes the income described in paragraph (xii)(A) multiplied by a fraction, the
44	numerator of which is the total amount included in the numerator of the receipts factor pursuant
45	to paragraphs (iii), (iv), (vi) and (xiv)(A) and the denominator of which is the taxpayer's total
46	amount of (1) interest and fees or penalties in the nature of interest from loans, (2) interest and
47	fees or penalties in the nature of interest from credit card receivables and receipts from fees
48	charged to card holders, such as annual fees, and (3) receipts from services subject to
49	apportionment pursuant to (xiv)(A).

50 SECTION 3. Section 2A of said chapter 63, as so appearing, is hereby amended by
51 adding the following subsection:-

52	(3)(a) The portion of net income derived from business carried on within the
53	commonwealth by a corporation subject to tax under this section shall be determined under the
54	provisions of sections thirty-eight and forty-two; provided, however, that under subsection (c)(1)
55	of section 38 its taxable net income shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is
56	the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor, and the denominator is three.
57	Any corporation subject to tax under this section that has net income derived from business
58	carried on within the commonwealth may elect to determine the portion of such net income
59	subject to tax in accordance with subsection $(c)(2)$ of section 38.
60	SECTION 4. Section 38 of said chapter 63, as so appearing, is hereby amended by
61	striking out subsection (c) and inserting in place thereof the following 2 subsections:-
62	(c)(1) Except as provided by subsection (c)(2), if a business corporation, other than a
63	defense corporation as described in subsection (k), a manufacturing corporation as described in
64	subsection (l), or a mutual fund service corporation to the extent of its mutual fund sales as
65	described in subsection (m), has income from business activity which is taxable both within and
66	without this commonwealth, its taxable net income, as determined under the provisions of
67	subsection (a), shall be apportioned to this commonwealth by multiplying said taxable net
68	income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus
69	twice times the sales factor, and the denominator of which is four.
70	(c)(2) Notwithstanding subsection (c)(1), any business corporation, other than a defense
71	corporation as described in subsection (k), a manufacturing corporation as described in
72	subsection (l), or a mutual fund service corporation, as described in subsection (m), to the extent
73	of its non-mutual fund sales, that has income from business activity which is taxable both within

and without this commonwealth, may elect to have its taxable net income, as determined under
the provisions of subsection (a), apportioned to this commonwealth by multiplying said taxable
net income by the resulting percentage as determined in the following formulas:
(i) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015 but before January 1, 2016, 20

percent of the property factor plus 20 percent of the payroll factor plus 60 percent of the sales

79 factor.

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80 (ii) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016 but before January 1, 2017,
81 15 percent of the property factor plus 15 percent of the payroll factor plus 70 percent of the sales
82 factor.

(iii) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017 but before January 1, 2018,
10 percent of the property factor plus 10 percent of the payroll factor plus 80 percent of the sales
factor.

(iv) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 but before January 1, 2019, 5
percent of the property factor plus 5 percent of the payroll factor plus 90 percent of the sales
factor.

(v) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, 100 percent of the salesfactor.

91 SECTION 5. Subsection (f) of section 38 of said chapter 63, as so appearing, is hereby
 92 amended by inserting after the third paragraph the following paragraph:-

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a business corporation that elects to apportion its taxable
 net income pursuant to subsection (c)(2) of this section shall apportion such income using the

sales factor rules set forth in this subsection, with the exception that (i) sales other than sales of
tangible personal property are sourced to this commonwealth if the gross receipts are derived
from customers in this commonwealth or otherwise attributable to this commonwealth's
marketplace; and (ii) gross receipts from the licensing of intangible property are sourced to this
commonwealth to the extent that the intangible property is used in the commonwealth.
SECTION 6. Sections 1 to 5 shall be effective for tax years beginning on or after January

101 1, 2018.