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# The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

#### PRESENTED BY:

#### Joan B. Lovely

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to supported decision-making agreements for certain adults with disabilities.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Joan B. Lovely	Second Essex	
Sean Garballey	23rd Middlesex	1/26/2023
Angelo J. Puppolo, Jr.	12th Hampden	2/8/2023
John F. Keenan	Norfolk and Plymouth	2/8/2023
Michael O. Moore	Second Worcester	2/8/2023
Michael D. Brady	Second Plymouth and Norfolk	2/8/2023
Michael J. Barrett	Third Middlesex	2/8/2023
John C. Velis	Hampden and Hampshire	2/8/2023
Jacob R. Oliveira	Hampden, Hampshire and Worcester	2/21/2023
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester	2/21/2023
Bradley H. Jones, Jr.	20th Middlesex	3/23/2023
Lydia Edwards	Third Suffolk	3/23/2023
Joanne M. Comerford	Hampshire, Franklin and Worcester	7/17/2023
Patrick M. O'Connor	First Plymouth and Norfolk	1/29/2024
Brendan P. Crighton	Third Essex	1/29/2024

# SENATE DOCKET, NO. 1172 FILED ON: 1/19/2023 SENATE No. 109

By Ms. Lovely, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 109) of Joan B. Lovely, Sean Garballey, Angelo J. Puppolo, Jr., John F. Keenan and other members of the General Court for legislation relative to supported decision-making agreements for certain adults with disabilities. Children, Families and Persons with Disabilities.

### [SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE SENATE, NO. *3132* OF 2021-2022.]

## The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Third General Court (2023-2024)

An Act relative to supported decision-making agreements for certain adults with disabilities.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Chapter 6A of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
- 2 section 16F the following section:-

Section 16F<sup>1/2</sup>. The executive office of health and human services shall establish a training program on supported decision-making. The training program shall include instruction by state agencies including, but not limited to, the department of developmental services, the department of mental health and the executive office of elder affairs. The training program shall be provided to any supporter or decision-maker pursuant to section 5-601 of chapter 190B and shall include instruction on the rights and obligations contained in section 5-602 of chapter 190B. The executive office of health and human services shall consult with adults who receive

10	supported decision-making assistance and supporters who assist in decision-making pursuant to a
11	supported-decision making agreement in the development of the training. The training shall be in
12	a format accessible to the individuals receiving the training.
13	SECTION 2. Section 2 of chapter 71B of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020
14	Official Edition, is hereby amended by adding the following paragraph:-
15	The department of elementary and secondary education shall promulgate regulations
16	requiring school districts, as part of their transitional planning process for students with
17	disabilities, to inform students and their families of the availability of supported decision-making
18	as an alternative to guardianship in cases where adult guardianship is being contemplated.
19	SECTION 3. Section 3 of said chapter 71B of the General Laws, as so appearing, is
20	hereby amended by adding the following paragraph:-
21	For any student for whom adult guardianship is being considered at the IEP team
22	meeting, the IEP team shall inform the student and their family or guardian, at the earliest
23	possible meeting, of the availability of supported decision-making agreements as an alternative
24	to guardianship. The IEP team shall assist the child and their family or guardian in locating
25	resources to assist in establishing a supported decision-making plan if the child and their family
26	or guardian are interested in supported decision-making.
27	SECTION 4. Section 5-303 of said chapter 190B, as appearing in the 2020 Official
28	Edition, is hereby amended by inserting, after the word "requested", in line 49, the following
29	words:-

30	"whether alternatives to guardianship and available supports and services to prevent the
31	need for guardianship, including a supported decision-making agreement, were considered, why
32	such alternatives to guardianship and supports and services are not feasible or would not prevent
33	the need for guardianship,".
34	SECTION 5. Subsection (b) of section 5-303 of said chapter 190B, as so appearing, is
35	hereby amended, by inserting after paragraph (9) the following paragraph:-
36	$(9\frac{1}{2})$ a copy of any supported decision-making agreement executed by the person alleged
37	to be incapacitated, if available;.
38	SECTION 6. Chapter 190B of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
39	section 5-507 the following 2 sections:-
40	Section 5-601. As used in this section, the following words shall have the following
41	meaning unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
42	"Adult", an individual 18 years of age or older.
43	"Coercion", the use of force or threats to persuade someone to do something.
44	"Decision-maker", an adult who seeks to execute, or has executed, a supported decision-
45	making agreement with 1 or more supporters under this chapter.
46	"Executed", a supported decision-making agreement that is signed by both the decision
47	maker and all supporters in accordance with requirements set forth in this chapter.
48	"Supported decision-making", the process of supporting and accommodating the
49	decision-maker, without impeding the self-determination of the decision-maker, in making life

decisions, including, but not limited to: (i) decisions related to where the decision-maker wants to live; (ii) the services, supports, financial decisions and medical care the decision-maker wants to receive; (iii) whom the decision-maker wants to live with; and (iv) where the decision-maker wants to work.

54 "Supported decision-making agreement", an agreement a decision-maker enters into 1
55 supporter pursuant to section 5-602 to use supported decision-making.

56 "Supporter", an adult who has executed a supported decision-making agreement with a57 decision-maker.

58 Section 5-602. (a) A decision-maker may voluntarily enter into a supported decision-59 making agreement with 1 or more supporters. The decision-maker may amend or terminate a 60 supported decision-making agreement at any time pursuant to section (e).

61 (b)(1) Except as limited by a supported decision-making agreement, a supporter may, 62 with the consent of the decision-maker, provide to the decision-maker with decision-making 63 assistance regarding the decision-maker's affairs, including, but not limited to: (i) assisting with 64 making decisions, communicating decisions and understanding information about, options for, 65 the responsibilities of and the consequences of decisions; (ii) accessing, obtaining and 66 understanding information that is relevant to decisions, necessary for the decision-maker to 67 manage their affairs, including, but not limited to, medical, psychological, financial and 68 educational information and medical and other records; (iii) ascertaining the wishes and 69 decisions of the decision-maker, assisting in communicating those wishes and decisions to other 70 persons and assisting to ensure the decision-maker's wishes and decisions are implemented; and 71 (iv) accompanying the decision-maker and participating in discussions with other persons when

the decision-maker is making decisions or attempting to obtain information needed to makedecisions.

(2) A supporter shall only be authorized to assist the decision-maker in accessing,
collecting or obtaining information that is relevant to a decision authorized under the supported
decision-making agreement and to which the decision-maker agrees that the supporter should
have access. A supporter shall keep confidential any information obtained in the process of
assisting the decision-maker and may exercise only the authority granted to the supporter in the
supported decision-making agreement.

80 (3) The existence of a supported decision-making agreement shall not preclude a
 81 decision-maker from seeking personal information without the assistance of a supporter.

(c)(1) To be valid, a supported decision-making agreement shall be signed and dated by
the decision-maker and each applicable supporter in the presence of a notary public or not less
than 2 witnesses who are: (i) not less than 18 years of age; (ii) unrelated to the decision-maker
and any supporter; and (iii) not supporters to the agreement.

86 Evidence of undue influence or coercion in the creation or signing of a supported
87 decision-making agreement shall render the supported decision-making agreement invalid.

(2) A supported decision-making agreement shall be personalized by the decision-maker
to reflect the decision-maker's personal circumstances. A supported decision-making agreement
shall: (i) be in writing; (ii) identify the decision-maker and all supporters; (iii) describe the types
of decisions with which each supporter shall assist the decision-maker; (iv) indicate that all
supporters agree to assist the decision-maker in making such decisions, to respect the decision-maker's decisions and to assist the decision-maker in communicating such decisions; (v) state

94 that supporters shall not make decisions for the decision-maker; (vi) indicate that the decision-95 maker may amend or terminate the supported decision-making agreement at any time and for any 96 reason subject to the requirements of subsection (e); and (vii) list contact information for the 97 disabled persons protection commission, the elder abuse hotline and all programs providing 98 services to the decision-maker.

99 (d) A person who receives the original or a copy of a supported decision-making 100 agreement shall rely on the agreement and recognize a decision, request or communication made 101 with the decision-making assistance of a supporter as the decision, request or communication of 102 the decision-maker. A person or entity that, in good faith, acts in reliance on a decision made 103 pursuant to a supported decision-making agreement shall not be subject to civil or criminal 104 liability or to professional discipline.

105 (e)(1) The supported decision-making agreement shall remain in effect until it is 106 terminated. A supportive decision-making agreement shall be terminated on any termination date 107 set forth in the agreement. A supporter may terminate participation in a supported decision-108 making agreement at any time, by written notice to the decision-maker and any other supporters 109 to the agreement; provided, however, that if the agreement has more than 1 supporter, the 110 agreement shall remain valid as to all other supporters. A decision-maker may terminate a 111 supported decision-making agreement at any time by written notice to all supporters to the 112 agreement.

(2) The disabled persons protection commission, an elder protective services agency, the department of developmental services, the department of mental health or any person interested in the decision-maker's welfare may petition the probate and family court to revoke or suspend a

116 supported decision-making agreement on the grounds of abuse, neglect or exploitation by 1 or 117 more supporters. The court shall provide notice to the decision-maker and provide an opportunity 118 for the decision-maker and supporter to be heard. The court may revoke or suspend the supported 119 decision-making agreement, in whole or in part, if the court makes a finding of abuse, neglect or 120 exploitation by the supporter. The court shall not order a supported decision-making agreement 121 to remain in effect over the objection of the decision-maker. If the decision-maker is indigent, 122 the court shall appoint counsel for the decision-maker upon the filing of any petition under this 123 paragraph.

(f) If a person who receives a copy of a supported decision-making agreement or is aware of the existence of a supported decision-making agreement has cause to believe that the decisionmaker is being abused, neglected or exploited by a supporter, the person may report the alleged abuse, neglect or exploitation to the disabled persons protection commission pursuant to chapter 126 or the elder abuse prevention hotline pursuant to chapter 19A.

129 If a mandated reporter pursuant to subsection (a) of section 15 of said chapter 19A or said 130 chapter 19C has reasonable cause to believe that the decision-maker has been abused, neglected 131 or exploited by a supporter, the mandated reporter shall make a report to the disabled persons 132 protection commission or an elder protective services agency, as applicable.

(g) Execution of a supported decision-making agreement shall not be a condition ofparticipation in any activity, service or program.

(h) Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit or restrict the right of an individual
to execute a health care proxy pursuant to chapter 201D or a power of attorney pursuant to this
chapter.

138	SECTION 7. A supported decision-making agreement executed before January 1, 2024
139	shall be valid until January 1, 2025. Thereafter, only supported decision-making agreements that
140	conform to the requirements of section 5-602 of chapter 190B of the General Laws shall be
141	valid.
142	SECTION 8. Section 6 shall take effect on January 1, 2024.
143	SECTION 9. The training program required by section $16F\frac{1}{2}$ of chapter 6A of the
144	General Laws shall be implemented by the department of health and human services not later
145	than July 1, 2024.
146	SECTION 10. The department of elementary and secondary education shall promulgate

regulations pursuant to section 2 of chapter 71B of the General Laws not later than July 1, 2024.