

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Sal N. DiDomenico

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to reduce racial and ethnic health disparities through commercial rate equity for safety net hospitals.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Sal N. DiDomenico	Middlesex and Suffolk	
Rebecca L. Rausch	Norfolk, Worcester and Middlesex	1/23/2023
James B. Eldridge	Middlesex and Worcester	3/14/2023
Pavel M. Payano	First Essex	8/31/2023
Jason M. Lewis	Fifth Middlesex	11/2/2023

SENATE DOCKET, NO. 1615 FILED ON: 1/19/2023

SENATE No. 741

By Mr. DiDomenico, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 741) of Sal N. DiDomenico and Rebecca L. Rausch for legislation to reduce racial and ethnic health disparities through commercial rate equity for safety net hospitals. Health Care Financing.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE SENATE, NO. 760 OF 2021-2022.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Third General Court (2023-2024)

An Act to reduce racial and ethnic health disparities through commercial rate equity for safety net hospitals.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 176J of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020 Official
2	Edition, is hereby amended in section 6 in subsection (c), as so appearing, by adding at the end
3	thereof the following:-

4 "The subscriber contracts, rates and evidence of coverage for health benefit plans shall be 5 subject to the disapproval of the commissioner of insurance. To promote health equity and access 6 through commercial rate equity for high Medicaid safety net acute hospitals that predominantly 7 serve communities that experience health disparities as a result of race, ethnicity, socioeconomic 8 status or other status, for all commercial insured health benefit plan rates effective for rate years 9 on and after January 1, 2023, the carrier's health benefit plan rates filed with the division of

10 insurance are considered presumptively disapproved if the carrier's network provider 11 reimbursement rates, inclusive of rates and targets within re-based alternative payment contracts, 12 do not reimburse high Medicaid acute hospitals, defined as acute care hospitals with a fiscal year 13 2020 Medicaid payer mix at or above 25 per cent calculated using data published by the center 14 for health information and analysis in April 2022 in its databook titled Massachusetts Hospital 15 Profiles, at or greater than the carrier's statewide average commercial relative price calculated 16 separately for acute hospital inpatient and outpatient services in accordance with requirements 17 established by the division of insurance, based on the most recent relative price analysis by the 18 center for health information and analysis. Carriers shall annually certify and provide hospital-19 specific evidence to the division of insurance that each high Medicaid acute hospital's rates meet 20 a minimum threshold of the carrier's statewide average commercial relative price individually 21 calculated for inpatient and outpatient services."

SECTION 2. Chapter 176A of the General Laws is hereby amended in section 6, as so
appearing, by adding the following after the word "discriminatory":-

24 "The subscriber contracts, rates and evidence of coverage for health benefit plans shall be 25 subject to the disapproval of the commissioner of insurance. To promote health equity and access 26 through commercial rate equity for high Medicaid safety net acute hospitals that predominantly 27 serve communities that experience health disparities as a result of race, ethnicity, socioeconomic 28 status or other status, for all commercial insured health benefit plan rates effective for rate years 29 on and after January 1, 2023, the carrier's health benefit plan rates filed with the division of 30 insurance are considered presumptively disapproved if the carrier's network provider 31 reimbursement rates, inclusive of rates and targets within alternative payment contracts, do not 32 reimburse high Medicaid acute hospitals, defined as acute care hospitals with a fiscal year 2020

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33 Medicaid payer mix at or above 25 per cent calculated using data published by the center for 34 health information and analysis in April 2022 in its databook titled Massachusetts Hospital 35 Profiles, at or greater than the carrier's statewide average commercial relative price calculated 36 separately for acute hospital inpatient and outpatient services in accordance with requirements 37 established by the division of insurance, based on the most recent relative price analysis by the 38 center for health information and analysis. Carriers shall annually certify and provide hospital-39 specific evidence to the division of insurance that each high Medicaid acute hospital's rates meet 40 a minimum threshold of the carrier's statewide average commercial relative price individually 41 calculated for inpatient and outpatient services."

42 SECTION 3. Chapter 176B of the General Laws is hereby amended in section 4, as so
43 appearing, by inserting the following after the word "discriminatory":-

44 "The subscriber contracts, rates and evidence of coverage for health benefit plans shall be 45 subject to the disapproval of the commissioner of insurance. To promote health equity and access 46 through commercial rate equity for high Medicaid safety net acute hospitals that predominantly 47 serve communities that experience health disparities as a result of race, ethnicity, socioeconomic 48 status or other status, for all commercial insured health benefit plan rates effective for rate years 49 on and after January 1, 2023, the carrier's health benefit plan rates filed with the division of 50 insurance are considered presumptively disapproved if the carrier's network provider 51 reimbursement rates, inclusive of rates and targets within alternative payment contracts, do not 52 reimburse high Medicaid acute hospitals, defined as acute care hospitals with a fiscal year 2020 53 Medicaid payer mix at or above 25 per cent calculated using data published by the center for 54 health information and analysis in April 2022 in its databook titled Massachusetts Hospital 55 Profiles, at or greater than the carrier's statewide average commercial relative price calculated

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separately for acute hospital inpatient and outpatient services in accordance with requirements established by the division of insurance, based on the most recent relative price analysis by the center for health information and analysis. Carriers shall annually certify and provide hospitalspecific evidence to the division of insurance that each high Medicaid acute hospital's rates meet a minimum threshold of the carrier's statewide average commercial relative price individually calculated for inpatient and outpatient services."

62 SECTION 4. Chapter 176G of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020 Official
63 Edition, is hereby amended in section 16, as so appearing, by inserting the following after the
64 word "reasonable":-

65 "To promote health equity and access through commercial rate equity for high Medicaid 66 safety net acute hospitals that predominantly serve communities that experience health 67 disparities as a result of race, ethnicity, socioeconomic status or other status, for all commercial 68 insured health benefit plan rates effective for rate years on and after January 1, 2023, the carrier's 69 health benefit plan rates filed with the division of insurance are considered presumptively 70 disapproved if the carrier's network provider reimbursement rates, inclusive of rates and targets 71 within alternative payment contracts, do not reimburse high Medicaid acute hospitals, defined as 72 acute care hospitals with a fiscal year 2020 Medicaid payer mix at or above 25 per cent 73 calculated using data published by the center for health information and analysis in April 2022 in 74 its databook titled Massachusetts Hospital Profiles, at or greater than the carrier's statewide 75 average commercial relative price calculated separately for acute hospital inpatient and 76 outpatient services in accordance with requirements established by the division of insurance, 77 based on the most recent relative price analysis by the center for health information and analysis. Carriers shall annually certify and provide hospital-specific evidence to the division of insurance 78

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that each high Medicaid acute hospital's rates meet a minimum threshold of the carrier's

statewide average commercial relative price individually calculated for inpatient and outpatient
 services."

82 SECTION 5. Chapter 175 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020 Official Edition,
83 is hereby amended by adding the following new section:-

84 "Section 229. Approval of Contracts

The subscriber contracts, rates and evidence of coverage for health benefit plans shall be subject to the disapproval of the commissioner of insurance. No such contracts shall be approved if the benefits provided therein are unreasonable in relation to the rate charged, or if the rates are excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.

89 To promote health equity and access through commercial rate equity for high Medicaid 90 safety net acute hospitals that predominantly serve communities that experience health 91 disparities as a result of race, ethnicity, socioeconomic status or other status, for all commercial 92 insured health benefit plan rates effective for rate years on and after January 1, 2023, the carrier's 93 health benefit plan rates filed with the division of insurance are considered presumptively 94 disapproved if the carrier's network provider reimbursement rates, inclusive of rates and targets 95 within alternative payment contracts, do not reimburse high Medicaid acute hospitals, defined as 96 acute care hospitals with a fiscal year 2020 Medicaid payer mix at or above 25 per cent 97 calculated using data published by the center for health information and analysis in April 2022 in 98 its databook titled Massachusetts Hospital Profiles, at or greater than the carrier's statewide 99 average commercial relative price calculated separately for acute hospital inpatient and 100 outpatient services in accordance with requirements established by the division of insurance,

based on the most recent relative price analysis by the center for health information and analysis.
Carriers shall annually certify and provide hospital-specific evidence to the division of insurance
that each high Medicaid acute hospital's rates meet a minimum threshold of the carrier's
statewide average commercial relative price individually calculated for inpatient and outpatient
services. SECTION 6. The rules or regulations necessary to carry out this act shall be adopted
not later than May 1, 2023 or not later than 90 days after the effective date of this act, whichever
is sooner."

SECTION 7. Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 to 6, inclusive, shall take effect immediately upon the
effective date of this act.