

HOUSE No.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Jay D. Livingstone

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act Prohibiting discrimination against adults with disabilities in Family and Juvenile Court proceedings.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
<i>Jay D. Livingstone</i>	<i>8th Suffolk</i>	<i>1/15/2025</i>

HOUSE No.

[Pin Slip]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

**In the One Hundred and Ninety-Fourth General Court
(2025-2026)**

An Act Prohibiting discrimination against adults with disabilities in Family and Juvenile Court proceedings.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 208 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
2 section 31A the following section:-

3 Section 31B. For the purposes of this chapter the following words shall have the
4 following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:-

5 “Adaptive parenting equipment”, any piece of equipment or any item used to increase,
6 maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

7 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major
8 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an
9 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the
10 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

11 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help a parent with a disability compensate
12 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will

13 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities, including, but not limited to, specialized
14 or adapted training, evaluations, assistance with effective use of adaptive equipment, peer
15 supports or other psychosocial parental skill building therapies or services, and accommodations
16 that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other services, such as braille text or sign
17 language interpreters.

18 Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent’s disability or its manifestations to be
19 considered a negative factor in a determination of custody or of parenting time with a minor
20 child, absent a specific showing by a preponderance of the evidence made by the party raising
21 the allegation, that there is a nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and
22 alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged harm cannot be prevented or alleviated by
23 accommodations for the disability, including adaptive parenting equipment or supportive
24 parenting services.

25 If the court considers a parent’s disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in an
26 award of custody or of parenting time with a child, then the court shall make specific written
27 findings as to the nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and harm to the
28 child, what effect, if any, said harm has on the best interests of the child, and whether adaptive
29 parenting equipment or supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm.

30 SECTION 2. Chapter 209C of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
31 section 10 the following section:-

32 Section 10A. For the purposes of this chapter the following words shall have the
33 following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:-

34 “Adaptive parenting equipment”, includes any piece of equipment or any item used to
35 increase, maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

36 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major
37 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an
38 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the
39 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

40 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help a parent with a disability compensate
41 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will
42 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities, including, but not limited to, specialized
43 or adapted training, evaluations, assistance with effective use of adaptive equipment, peer
44 supports or other psychosocial parental skill building therapies or services, and accommodations
45 that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other services, such as braille text or sign
46 language interpreters.

47 Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent’s disability or its manifestations to be
48 considered a negative factor in a determination of custody or of parenting time with a minor
49 child, absent a specific showing by a preponderance of the evidence made by the party raising
50 the allegation, that there is a nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and
51 alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged harm cannot be prevented or alleviated by
52 accommodations for the disability, including adaptive parenting equipment or supportive
53 parenting services.

54 If the court considers a parent’s disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in an
55 award of custody of and or parenting time with a child, then the court shall make specific written

56 findings as to the nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and harm to the
57 child, what effect, if any, said harm has on the best interests of the child, and whether adaptive
58 parenting equipment or supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm.

59 SECTION 3. Section 21 of chapter 119 of the General Laws is hereby amended by
60 inserting after the second paragraph the following paragraph:-

61 “Adaptive parenting equipment”, includes any piece of equipment or any item used to
62 increase, maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

63 SECTION 4. Section 21 of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby further amended
64 by inserting after the eleventh paragraph the following paragraph:-

65 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major
66 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an
67 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the
68 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

69 SECTION 5. Section 21 of said chapter 119, as so appearing, is hereby further amended
70 by inserting after the twenty second paragraph the following paragraph:-

71 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help a parent with a disability compensate
72 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will
73 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities, including, but not limited to, specialized
74 or adapted training, evaluations, assistance with effective use of adaptive equipment, peer
75 supports or other psychosocial parental skill building therapies or services, and accommodations

76 that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other services, such as braille text or sign
77 language interpreters.

78 SECTION 6. Chapter 119 of the General Laws is hereby further amended by inserting
79 after section 24 the following section:-

80 Section 24A. Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent's disability or its
81 manifestations, as defined in section 21 of this chapter, to be considered a negative factor in a
82 determination of whether a child is in need of care and protection or for the removal of custody
83 of a child from a parent, guardian, or other custodian, absent a specific showing by clear and
84 convincing evidence made by the department, that there is a nexus between the parent's
85 disability, or its manifestations, and alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged harm cannot
86 be prevented or alleviated by accommodations for the disability, including adaptive parenting
87 equipment or supportive parenting services.

88 If the court considers a parent's disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in
89 determining that a child is in need of care and protection or for the removal of custody of a child
90 from a parent, guardian, or other custodian, then the court shall make specific written findings as
91 to the nexus between the parent's disability, or its manifestations, and harm to the child, the
92 impact this has on current parental fitness, and whether adaptive parenting equipment or
93 supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm or render the parent fit.

94 SECTION 7. Section 3 of chapter 210 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking
95 out subsection (c)(xii) and inserting in place thereof the following subsection:-

96 Section 3(c)(xii). A failure of a parent to discharge parental responsibilities that is
97 reasonably likely to continue for a prolonged, indeterminate period, and that results in harm to

98 the child, and cannot be alleviated by adequate accommodations, including adaptive parenting
99 equipment or supportive parenting services.

100 SECTION 8. Chapter 210, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by inserting after
101 section 3B the following section:-

102 Section 3C. For the purposes of this chapter the following words shall have the following
103 meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:-

104 “Adaptive parenting equipment”, includes any piece of equipment or any item used to
105 increase, maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

106 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major
107 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an
108 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the
109 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

110 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help a parent with a disability compensate
111 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will
112 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities, including but not limited to, specialized
113 or adapted training, evaluations, assistance with effective use of adaptive equipment, peer
114 supports or other psychosocial parental skill building therapies or services, and accommodations
115 that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other services, such as braille text or sign
116 language interpreters.

117 Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent’s disability or its manifestations to be
118 considered a negative factor in determining whether to terminate parental rights, absent a specific

119 showing by clear and convincing evidence made by the department, that there is a nexus between
120 the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged
121 harm cannot be prevented or alleviated by accommodations for the disability, including adaptive
122 parenting equipment or supportive parenting services.

123 If the court considers a parent’s disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in
124 determining whether to terminate parental rights, then the court shall make specific written
125 findings as to the nexus between the parent’s disability, or its manifestations, and harm to the
126 child, the impact this has on current parental fitness, and whether adaptive parenting equipment
127 or supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm or render the parent fit; provided further,
128 the court shall dismiss the department’s petition under this section if the court finds that the
129 department acted in violation of this subsection of section 3, or 42 U.S.C. 12132 or 29 U.S.C.
130 794.

131 SECTION 9. Section 5-101 of chapter 190B of the General Laws is hereby amended by
132 inserting before the first paragraph the following paragraph:-

133 “Adaptive parenting equipment”, includes any piece of equipment or any item used to
134 increase, maintain, or improve the parenting capabilities of a parent with a disability.

135 SECTION 10. Section 5-101 of said chapter 190B, as so appearing, is hereby further
136 amended by striking out the fourth paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following
137 paragraph:-

138 “Disability”, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major
139 life activities of an individual, a record of such impairment, or being regarded as having such an

140 impairment. This definition shall be broadly interpreted in a manner consistent with the
141 Americans with Disabilities Act Amendments Act of 2008.

142 SECTION 11. Section 5-101 of said chapter 190B, as so appearing, is hereby further
143 amended by inserting after the twenty fourth paragraph the following paragraph:-

144 “Supportive parenting services”, services that help a parent with a disability compensate
145 for those aspects of the disability that affect their ability to care for their children and that will
146 enable them to discharge their parental responsibilities, including, but not limited to, specialized
147 or adapted training, evaluations, assistance with effective use of adaptive equipment, peer
148 supports or other psychosocial parental skill building therapies or services, and accommodations
149 that allow a parent with a disability to benefit from other services, such as braille text or sign
150 language interpreters.

151 SECTION 12. Chapter 190B of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
152 section 5-204 the following section:-

153 Section 5-204A. Nothing in this chapter shall allow a parent’s disability or its
154 manifestations to be considered a negative factor in determining whether to appoint a temporary
155 or permanent guardian for a minor child, absent a specific showing by clear and convincing
156 evidence made by the party raising the allegation, that there is a nexus between the parent’s
157 disability, or its manifestations, and alleged harm to the child, and that this alleged harm cannot
158 be prevented or alleviated by accommodations for the disability, including adaptive parenting
159 equipment or supportive parenting services.

160 If the court considers a parent’s disability or its manifestations as a negative factor in a
161 determination of whether to appoint a temporary or permanent guardian for a minor child, then

162 the court shall make specific written findings as to the nexus between the parent's disability, or
163 its manifestations, and harm to the child, the impact this has on current parental fitness, and
164 whether adaptive parenting equipment or supportive parenting services can alleviate said harm or
165 render the parent fit.