

HOUSE No.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Bradley H. Jones, Jr.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to pay-to-play schemes.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
<i>Bradley H. Jones, Jr.</i>	<i>20th Middlesex</i>	<i>1/15/2025</i>

HOUSE No.

[Pin Slip]

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION
SEE HOUSE, NO. 699 OF 2023-2024.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

**In the One Hundred and Ninety-Fourth General Court
(2025-2026)**

An Act relative to pay-to-play schemes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 55 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2022 Official Edition,
2 is hereby further amended by inserting after 16B the following new section:

3 Section 16C. (a) As used in this section, the following words shall have the following
4 meanings:

5 "Contribution", shall mean any gift, subscription, loan, advance, or deposit of money or
6 anything of value made for the purpose of influencing any election for federal, state, or local
7 office, payment of debt incurred in connection with any such election or transition or inaugural
8 expenses of the successful candidate for state or local office.

9 "Executive officer", shall mean the president, any vice president in charge of a principal
10 business unit, division, or function, any other officer who performs a policy-making function, or
11 any other person who performs similar policy-making functions, for the investment adviser.

12 "Government entity", shall mean any state or political subdivision of a state, including
13 any agency, authority, or instrumentality of the state or political subdivision, plan or pools of
14 assets controlled by the state or political subdivision or any agency, authority, or instrumentality
15 thereof; and officers, agents, or employees of the state or political subdivision or any agency,
16 authority or instrumentality thereof, acting in their official capacity.

17 "Investment adviser", shall include any investment adviser to a private investment
18 company providing investment advisory services to the government entity.

19 "Official", shall mean any person including any election committee for the person who
20 was, at the time of the contribution, an incumbent, candidate or successful candidate for an
21 elective office of a government entity, if the office is directly or indirectly responsible for, or can
22 influence the outcome of, the use of an investment adviser by a government entity; or for any
23 elective office of a government entity, if the office has authority to appoint any person who is
24 directly or indirectly responsible for, or can influence the outcome of, the use of an investment
25 adviser.

26 "Private investment company", shall mean a company that would be an investment
27 company under section 3(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(a)) but for
28 the exceptions to that definition in sections 3(c)(1) and 3(c)(7) of the Investment Company Act
29 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(c)(1)).

30 "Solicitor", shall mean any person who directly or indirectly solicits any client for, or
31 refers any client to, an investment adviser.

32 (b) It shall be unlawful:

33 (1) For any investment adviser to provide investment advisory services for compensation
34 to a government entity within two years after a contribution to an official of the government
35 entity is made by the investment adviser, any partner, executive officer, or solicitor of the
36 investment adviser, including any person who becomes a partner, executive officer or solicitor
37 within two years after the contribution is made; or any political action committee controlled by
38 the investment adviser or by any partner, executive officer or solicitor of the investment adviser;
39 and

40 (2) For any investment adviser, or any of its partners, executive officers, or solicitor to
41 solicit any person or political action committee to make, or coordinate, any contribution to an
42 official of a government entity to which the investment adviser is providing or seeking to provide
43 investment advisory services; or to do anything indirectly which, if done directly, would result in
44 a violation of this section.

45 (3) For any government official to solicit or accept campaign contributions from an
46 investment advisor and subsequently award that same adviser, his partners, executive officers, or
47 solicitors a contract for investment advisory services.

48 (c) Subdivision (1) of subsection (b) shall not apply to contributions made by a partner,
49 executive officer or solicitor to officials for whom the partner, executive officer, or solicitor was
50 entitled to vote at the time of the contributions and which in the aggregate do not exceed \$350 to

51 any one official for which that person may vote or \$150 to any one official for which that person
52 is unable to cast a vote, per election.

53 (d) The office of campaign and political finance, upon application, may conditionally or
54 unconditionally exempt an investment adviser from the prohibition under subdivision (1) of
55 subsection (b). In determining whether to grant an exemption, the office of campaign and
56 political finance shall consider, among other factors, whether the exemption is consistent with
57 the purposes of this section; whether the investment adviser, before the contribution resulting in
58 the prohibition was made, developed and instituted procedures reasonably designed to ensure
59 compliance with this section and had no actual knowledge of the contribution; and the
60 investment adviser has taken all available steps to obtain a return of the contribution or
61 contributions and has taken other remedial or preventive measures as may be appropriate under
62 the circumstances.

63 (e) A violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by
64 imprisonment for not more than 6 months or both such fine and imprisonment for both the
65 investment advisor and the government official involved. Each such violation shall constitute a
66 separate offense.