HOUSE No.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

David Allen Robertson

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act updating disabled veterans tax exemption totals.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
David Allen Robertson	19th Middlesex	1/16/2025

HOUSE No.

[Pin Slip]

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 3042 OF 2021-2022.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Fourth General Court (2025-2026)

An Act updating disabled veterans tax exemption totals.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 22 of said chapter 59, as so appearing, is hereby amended by

2 striking out the twenty-second paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following paragraph:-

3 Twenty-second, Real estate of the following classes of persons who are legal residents of 4 the commonwealth and who are veterans, as defined in clause Forty-third of section seven of chapter four, and whose last discharge or release from the armed forces was under other than 5 6 dishonorable conditions and who were domiciled in Massachusetts for at least six months prior 7 to entering such service, or who have resided in the commonwealth for 2 consecutive years next 8 prior to date of filing for exemptions under this clause, hereinafter referred to in this clause as 9 soldiers and sailors, provided such real estate is occupied in whole or in part as his domicile by 10 such person, and provided, further that if the spouse of the soldier or sailor is also a soldier or 11 sailor each shall receive the amount of exemption provided in this clause to the same extent as if 12 unmarried, to the amount of two thousand dollars of assessed taxable valuation or the sum of 13 \$800, whichever would result in an abatement of the greater amount of actual taxes due. No real 14 estate shall be so exempt which the assessors shall adjudge has been conveyed to a soldier or 15 sailor or to the spouse, surviving spouse, father or mother of a soldier or sailor to evade taxation.

SECTION 2: Section 22A of said chapter 59, as so appearing, is hereby amended by
 striking out the twenty-second (A) paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following
 paragraph:-

19 Twenty-second A, Real estate of soldiers and sailors and their spouses who are legal 20 residents of the commonwealth and who are veterans, as defined in clause forty-three of section 21 seven of chapter four and whose last discharge or release from the armed forces was under other 22 than dishonorable conditions, and who were domiciled in Massachusetts for at least six months 23 prior to entering such service or who have resided in the commonwealth for 2 consecutive years 24 next prior to date of filing for exemption under this clause, who according to the records of the 25 Veterans Administration or of any branch of the armed forces of the United States by reason of 26 injury received or disease contracted while in such service and in the line of duty, lost or have 27 suffered permanent loss of use of one foot at or above the ankle or lost or have suffered 28 permanent loss of use of one hand at or above the wrist, or who according to the records of the 29 Veterans Administration by reason of injury received or disease contracted while in such service, 30 is receiving a statutory award from the Veterans Administration for such loss or loss of sight of 31 one eye, or who have been awarded the congressional medal of honor, the distinguished service 32 cross, the navy cross or the air force cross, or who is or was a prisoner of war, to the amount of 33 four thousand dollars of the taxable valuation of real property or the sum of \$1500 whichever 34 would result in an abatement of the greater amount, of actual taxes due, in the case of each

35 person, provided that such real estate is occupied as his domicile by such person, and provided, 36 further, that if said property be greater than a single family house, then only that value of so 37 much of said house as is occupied by said person as his domicile or a proportionate part of 38 \$1500, whichever would result in an abatement of the greater amount of actual taxes due, shall 39 be exempted. After the assessors have allowed an exemption under this clause, no further 40 evidence of the existence of the facts required by this clause shall be required in any subsequent 41 year in the city or town in which the exemption has been granted; provided, however, that the 42 assessors may refuse to grant an exemption in any subsequent year if they become aware that the 43 soldier or sailor did not satisfy all of the requisites of this clause at the time the exemption was 44 first granted. An exemption under this clause shall continue unchanged for the benefit of the 45 surviving spouse after the death of such disabled veteran as long as the surviving spouse of the 46 qualified veteran shall remain an owner and occupant of a domicile subject to the exemption. For 47 the purposes of this section, the term "prisoner of war" shall mean a regularly appointed, 48 enrolled, enlisted or inducted member of the military forces of the United States who was 49 captured, separated and incarcerated by an enemy of the United States during an armed conflict.

Two thousand dollars of this exemption or up to the sum of one hundred and seventy-five dollars, whichever basis is applicable shall be borne by the city or town; the balance, up to two thousand dollars of exemption or up to the sum of \$575, whichever basis is applicable, shall be borne by the commonwealth; and the state treasurer shall annually reimburse the city or town for the amount of the tax which otherwise would have been collected on account of this balance. No person who has received an exemption under this clause shall be denied the benefit of the exemption because the person returns to active service. 57 SECTION 3: Section 22B of said chapter 59, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 58 striking out the twenty-second (B) paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following 59 paragraph:-

60 Twenty-second B, Real estate of soldiers and sailors and their spouses who are legal 61 residents of the commonwealth and who are veterans, as defined in clause forty-three of section 62 seven of chapter four, and whose last discharge or release from the armed forces was under other 63 than dishonorable conditions, and who were domiciled in Massachusetts for at least six months 64 prior to entering such service, or who have resided in the commonwealth for 2 consecutive years 65 next prior to the date of filing for exemption under this clause, who according to the records of 66 the Veterans Administration or of any branch of the armed forces by reason of such service in 67 the armed forces of the United States have suffered in the line of duty the loss or permanent loss 68 of use of both feet at or above the ankle, or loss or permanent loss of use of both hands at or 69 above the wrist or loss or permanent loss of use of one foot at or above the ankle and one hand at 70 or above the wrist, or the loss of sight of both eyes as prescribed and certified by the Veterans 71 Administration to the amount of eight thousand dollars of the taxable valuation of real property 72 or the sum of 2,5000, whichever would result in an abatement of the greater amount of actual 73 taxes due, provided, that such real estate is occupied as his domicile by such person, and 74 provided, further, that if said property be greater than a single family house then only that value 75 of so much of said house as is occupied by said person as his domicile or a proportionate part of 76 \$2,500 whichever would result in an abatement of the greater amount of actual taxes due, shall 77 be exempted. An exemption under this clause shall continue unchanged for the benefit of the 78 surviving spouse after the death of such disabled veteran, as long as the surviving spouse of the 79 qualified veteran shall remain an owner and occupant of a domicile subject to the exemption.

After the assessors have allowed an exemption under this clause, no further evidence of the existence of the facts required by this clause shall be required in any subsequent year in the city or town in which the exemption has been so allowed; provided, however, that the assessors may refuse to allow an exemption in any subsequent year if they become aware that the soldier or sailor did not satisfy all of the requisites of this clause at the time the exemption was first granted.

Two thousand dollars of this exemption or up to the sum of one hundred and seventy-five dollars, whichever basis is applicable, shall be borne by the city or town; the balance up to six thousand dollars of exemption or up to the sum of \$1,075, whichever basis is applicable, shall be borne by the commonwealth; and the state treasurer shall annually reimburse the city or town for the amount of the tax which otherwise would have been collected on account of this balance.

91 SECTION 4: Section 22C of said chapter 59, as so appearing, is hereby amended by
92 striking out the twenty-second (C) paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following
93 paragraph:-

94 Twenty-second C, Real estate of soldiers and sailors and their spouses who are legal 95 residents of the commonwealth who are veterans, as defined in clause forty-three of section 96 seven of chapter four, and whose last discharge or release from the armed forces was under other 97 than dishonorable conditions, and who were domiciled in Massachusetts for at least six months 98 prior to entering such service, or who have resided in the commonwealth for 2 consecutive years 99 next prior to date of filing for exemption under this clause, and who according to the records of 100 the Veterans Administration by reason of such service in the armed forces of the United States 101 have suffered in the line of duty permanent and total disability, and who by reason of such

102 disability have received assistance in acquiring "specially adapted housing" under laws 103 administered by the Veterans Administration to the amount of ten thousand dollars of the taxable 104 valuation of real property or the sum of \$3,000, whichever would result in an abatement of the 105 greater amount of actual taxes due, provided, that such real estate is occupied as his domicile by 106 such person, and provided, further, that if said property be greater than a single family house 107 then only that value of so much of said house as is occupied by said person as his domicile or a 108 proportionate part of \$3,000, whichever would result in an abatement of the greater amount of 109 actual taxes due, shall be exempted. An exemption under this clause shall continue unchanged 110 for the benefit of the surviving spouse after the death of such a disabled veteran, as long as the 111 surviving spouse of the qualified veteran shall remain an owner and occupant of a domicile 112 subject to the exemption.

After the assessors have allowed an exemption under this clause, no further evidence of the existence of the facts required by this clause shall be required in any subsequent year in the city or town in which the exemption has been so allowed; provided, however, that the assessors may refuse to allow an exemption in any subsequent year if they become aware that the soldier or sailor did not satisfy all of the requisites of this clause at the time the exemption was first granted.

Two thousand dollars of this exemption or up to the sum of one hundred and seventy-five dollars, whichever basis is applicable, shall be borne by the city or town; the balance up to eight thousand dollars of exemption or up to the sum of \$1,325, whichever basis is applicable, shall be borne by the commonwealth; and the state treasurer shall annually reimburse the city or town for the amount of the tax which otherwise would have been collected on account of this balance. SECTION 5: Section 22E of said chapter 59, as so appearing, is hereby amended by
 striking out the twenty-second (e) paragraph and inserting in place thereof the following
 paragraph:-

127 Twenty-second E, Real estate of soldiers and sailors and their spouses who are legal 128 residents of the commonwealth and who are veterans as defined in clause forty-three of section 129 seven of chapter four, and who, as a result of disabilities contracted while in such service and in 130 the line of duty, have a disability rating of one hundred per cent as determined by the Veterans 131 Administration, and who were domiciled in the commonwealth for at least six months prior to 132 entering such service, or who have resided in the commonwealth for 2 consecutive years next 133 prior to date of filing for exemption under this clause, to the amount of six thousand dollars of 134 the taxable valuation of real property or the sum of \$2,000, whichever would result in an 135 abatement of the greater amount of actual taxes due, provided, that such real estate is occupied as 136 his domicile by such person; and provided further, that if said property be greater than a single-137 family house, then only that value of so much of said house as is occupied by said person as his 138 domicile or a proportionate part of \$2,000, whichever would result in an abatement of the greater 139 amount of actual taxes due, shall be exempted. An exemption under this clause shall continue 140 unchanged for the benefit of the surviving spouse after the death of such disabled veteran as long 141 as the surviving spouse of the qualified veteran shall remain an owner and occupant of a 142 domicile subject to the exemption.

143 After the assessors have allowed an exemption under this clause, the assessors shall 144 require an annual statement certifying that the disability rating as determined by the Veterans 145 Administration has not been reduced to less than one hundred per cent.

146 No real estate shall be so exempt which the assessors shall adjudge has been conveyed to147 such soldier or sailor to evade taxation.

Two thousand dollars of this exemption or up to the sum of one hundred and seventy-five dollars, whichever basis is applicable, shall be borne by the city or town; the balance, up to four thousand dollars of exemption or up to the sum of \$825, whichever basis is applicable, shall be borne by the commonwealth; and the state treasurer shall annually reimburse the city or town for the amount of the tax which otherwise would have been collected on account of this balance.