

HOUSE No.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

David M. Rogers

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act reducing emissions from artificial intelligence.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
<i>David M. Rogers</i>	<i>24th Middlesex</i>	<i>1/17/2025</i>

HOUSE No.

[Pin Slip]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

**In the One Hundred and Ninety-Fourth General Court
(2025-2026)**

An Act reducing emissions from artificial intelligence.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The General Laws, as appearing in the 2022 Official Edition, are hereby
2 amended by inserting after Chapter 93L the following new chapter:

3 Chapter 93M. Artificial Intelligence

4 Section 1: Definitions

5 (a) As used in this chapter, the following words shall have the following meanings unless
6 the context clearly requires otherwise:

7 “Artificial intelligence,” any technology, including, but not limited to, machine learning,
8 that uses data to train an algorithm or predictive model that enables a computer system or service
9 to autonomously perform any task, including, but not limited to, visual perception, language
10 processing or speech recognition, that is normally associated with human intelligence,
11 perception, or judgment.

12 “Generative artificial intelligence”, artificial intelligence, including, but not limited to, a
13 general-purpose artificial intelligence model, that is used to produce or edit text, audio, images,
14 or video media.

15 “Artificial intelligence model”, a component of an information system that implements
16 artificial intelligence technology and uses computational, statistical, or machine-learning
17 techniques to produce outputs from a given set of inputs.

18 “Artificial intelligence system”, any data system, software, hardware, application, tool,
19 or utility that operates in whole or in part using artificial intelligence.

20 “Covered entity”, any entity or any person, other than an individual acting in a non-
21 commercial context, that operates a search engine with an artificial intelligence or generative
22 artificial intelligence service. The term “covered entity” does not include:—

23 government agencies or service providers to government agencies that exclusively and
24 solely process information provided by government entities;

25 the entity or person’s average annual gross revenues during the period did not exceed
26 \$10,000,000 in the past 3 calendar years.

27 “Affirmative consent”, an affirmative act by an individual that clearly communicates the
28 individual’s freely given, specific, and unambiguous authorization for an act or practice after
29 having been informed, in response to a specific request from a covered entity that meets the
30 requirements of this chapter.

31 “Search engine”, a service that utilizes keywords and phrases inputted by an individual to
32 search the internet and provide an index of web pages, images or videos.

33 “Reporting Entity, any company, organization, or other entity that—
34 develops or operates an artificial intelligence system; or
35 owns or operates, in whole or in part, a source of greenhouse gas emissions from a
36 generator of electricity or a commercial or industrial site that powers artificial intelligence
37 systems developing or making for use in Massachusetts.

38 The term “reporting entity” does not include an entity or person whose average annual
39 gross revenues during the period did not exceed \$10,000,000 once in the past 3 calendar years.

40 Section 2: Affirmative Consent for Artificial Intelligence

41 Not later than 18 months after the effective date of this law, no covered entity shall
42 operate a search engine that automatically returns results using artificial intelligence, provided,
43 that each individual user may expressly authorize, through affirmative consent, that the covered
44 entity may utilize artificial intelligence or generative artificial intelligence when returning results
45 for said user searches

46 The Executive Office of Technology Services and Security shall recognize one or more
47 acceptable centralized mechanisms for individuals to exercise affirmative consent for generative
48 artificial intelligence models in search engines.

49 (1) Any such affirmative consent mechanism shall:—

50 (i) require covered entities or service providers acting on behalf of covered entities to
51 inform individuals about the affirmative consent choice;

- 52 (ii) present the individual with the affirmative consent choice before a generative
53 artificial intelligence result is produced for a search query;
- 54 (iii) provide the individual with a continuous affirmative consent choice for each search
55 query;
- 56 (iv) be consumer-friendly, clearly described, and easy-to-use by a reasonable individual;
- 57 (v) be provided in any covered language in which the covered entity provides products or
58 services subject to affirmative consent; and;
- 59 (vi) be provided in a manner that is reasonably accessible to and usable by individuals
60 with disabilities.

61 Section 3: Study on the Impacts of Artificial Intelligence

62 (a) Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
63 Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs in collaboration with the Secretary of the
64 Executive Office of Technology Services and Security, shall carry out, and submit a report to the
65 Speaker of the House, Senate President, Chair of the Joint Committee on Environment and
66 Natural Resources, Chair of the Joint Committee on Telecommunications Utilities and Energy,
67 and make publicly available the results of, a comprehensive study on the environmental impacts
68 of artificial intelligence.

69 (1) The study required under this section shall include an examination of:—

- 70 (i) the energy consumption and pollution associated with the full lifecycle of artificial
71 intelligence models, including the design, development, deployment, and use of those artificial
72 intelligence models;

73 (ii) the energy consumption and pollution associated with the full lifecycle of artificial
74 intelligence hardware, including the extraction of raw materials, manufacturing, and electronic
75 waste associated with that hardware;

76 (iii) the energy and water consumption for the cooling of the data centers used in the
77 design, development, deployment, and use of artificial intelligence models;

78 (iv) how choices made during the design, development, deployment, and use of artificial
79 intelligence models, including the efficiency of the artificial intelligence models used, the
80 location, power source, and design of data centers used, and the type of hardware used, impact
81 the resulting environmental effects;

82 (v) potential environmental impacts that could be acute at local scales, which may include
83 added power loads that create grid stress, water withdrawals that create water stress, or local
84 noise effects;

85 (vi) the positive environmental impacts associated with applications of artificial
86 intelligence, which may include optimizing systems for energy efficiency, developing renewable
87 energy, enabling discovery of new materials, and automatically monitoring environmental
88 changes;

89 (vii) the negative environmental impacts associated with applications of artificial
90 intelligence, which may include rebound effects, behavioral impacts, and accelerating high-
91 pollution activities;

92 (viii) disparate impacts in the negative environmental impacts of artificial intelligence;

93 (ix) other environmental impacts, as determined by the Secretary of the Executive Office
94 of Energy and Environmental Affairs.

95 (b) The Secretary of Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs, in
96 consultation with, the Secretary of Energy the Executive Office of Technology Services and
97 Security, and such others as the Secretary's consider appropriate, develop a system for reporting
98 entities of the full range of environmental impacts of artificial intelligence.

99 (1) Each reporting entity must monitor and track the annual environmental impacts,
100 including the carbon emissions, water usage, production of electronic and other waste, mining of
101 materials, and air, water, and soil pollution, caused by each product and report these annually to
102 the Department of Energy and Environmental Affairs in a format determined by their office.

103 (2) Each reporting entity must additionally report any efforts to offset or mitigate the
104 impacts of their products, or lack thereof.

105 (3) These statements shall be made available for public view on the Executive Office of
106 Energy and Environmental Affairs website.

107 (4) A reporting entity that fails to report its annual environmental impacts shall be subject
108 to a penalty not to exceed \$20,000 for each year it fails to submit the report.

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