# HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No.

### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

#### PRESENTED BY:

#### Michelle L. Badger

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to overcome coastal and environmental acidification and nutrient pollution.

#### PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	DATE ADDED:
Michelle L. Badger	1st Plymouth	1/10/2025

## HOUSE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . No.

[Pin Slip]

## [SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 793 OF 2023-2024.]

### The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Fourth General Court (2025-2026)

An Act to overcome coastal and environmental acidification and nutrient pollution.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:* 

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 6 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after Section

2 15LLLLL the following section:-

Section 15MMMMMM. The governor shall annually issue a proclamation setting apart the third full week in August as Ocean Acidification Awareness Week and recommending that the day be observed in an appropriate manner by the people, promoting citizen science initiatives and action by the general public not only to preserve the health of the coastline but also to generate valuable scientific data for the commonwealth.
SECTION 2. Section 1 of chapter 21N of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020

9 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the definition of "Carbon dioxide

10 equivalent" the following 4 definitions:-

11	"Coastal acidification", the acidification of coastal waters driven by background ocean
12	acidification, eutrophication, freshwater inputs, atmospheric deposition and any other natural or
13	anthropogenic stressor.
14	"Coastal stressors", eutrophication, nutrient pollution, freshwater inputs and atmospheric
15	deposition from the coast acidifying coastal waters.
16	"Coastal waters", any waters and associated submerged lands of the ocean, including the
17	seabed and subsoil, lying between the coast and the seaward boundary of the commonwealth, as
18	defined in 43 U.S.C. 1312.
19	"Coastal watershed", the Merrimack, Parker, Ipswich, North Coastal, Mystic, Neponset,
20	Charles, South Coastal, Cape Cod, Islands, Buzzards Bay, Taunton and Narragansett watersheds.
21	SECTION 3. Said section 1 of said chapter 21N, as so appearing, is hereby further
22	amended by inserting after the definition of "Entity" the following definition:-
23	"Eutrophication", a condition of coastal or fresh waters having elevated nutrient
24	concentrations.
25	SECTION 4. Said section 1 of said chapter 21N, as so appearing, is hereby further
26	amended by inserting after the definition of "Nature-based solutions" the following definition:-
27	"Ocean acidification", the acidification of the greater Atlantic ocean driven by
28	atmospheric carbon deposition independent of coastal stressors.
29	SECTION 5. Section 10 of said chapter 21N, as so appearing, is hereby amended by
30	inserting after the word "surge", in line 9, the following words:-, ocean and coastal acidification.

31 SECTION 6.. Said chapter 21N is hereby amended by adding the following section:-

32 Section 12. (a) There shall be an ocean acidification council to consist of 11 members: 33 the secretary of energy and environmental affairs, who shall be the chair; the director of coastal 34 zone management or a designee; the commissioner of environmental protection or a designee; 35 the director of the Massachusetts environmental policy act office or a designee; the director of 36 marine fisheries or a designee, the director of ecological restoration or a designee; the 37 commissioner of agricultural resources or a designee; and 4 public members to be appointed by 38 the governor, 1 of whom shall be a member of a private monitoring organization in the state, 1 39 of whom shall be a member of the state shellfishing industry, 1 of whom shall be a scientist 40 specializing in coastal conservation and 1 of whom shall be a member of the Massachusetts 41 Municipal Association, Inc.

42 (b) The council shall: (i) work to further understand and take action against the threat 43 posed by ocean and coastal acidification; (ii) engage with and, to the extent practicable, 44 coordinate public and private monitoring efforts; (iii) harmonize data gathering; (iv) provide 45 monitoring hardware and technical training; (v) maintain a central repository for acidification 46 data; and (vi) recommend mitigative interventions for coastal stressors or adaptive technologies 47 for aquaculture, prioritizing nature-based solutions to manage stormwater and reduce nutrient 48 pollution. The council may direct monies from the Ocean Acidification Fund established in 49 section 2PPPPPP of chapter 29 to target existing programs and novel approaches to restore and 50 buffer marine habitats and resources impacted by acidification.

(c) Within 1 year of the council's formation, the council shall perform and publish a gap
 analysis for ocean monitoring with recommended measures for creating an appropriate spatial

53 and temporal resolution to model ocean acidification in coastal waters and project acidification 54 trends. The council shall convene a public workshop with local ocean monitoring groups to 55 ascertain monitoring needs and inform the analysis, and hold 2 public hearings. The analysis 56 shall identify appropriate monitoring technologies and select coastal waters where ocean 57 acidification monitoring equipment shall be placed. The ocean acidification monitoring system 58 shall enable modeling for long term pH changes in coastal waters and permit short-term 59 monitoring of aragonite saturation in variable and sensitive coastal waters to protect critical 60 habitat and shellfish.

(d) The council shall coordinate implementation of the ocean acidification monitoring
system, implementing the system within 3 years of the effective date of this section. The council
shall ensure that data derived from the monitoring system is publicly accessible in a standardized
format useful for public and private research.

(e) The council may commission independent studies and agency reports to fill
acidification knowledge gaps. The council shall commission the studies and reports as soon as
practicable, beginning at a later date if dependent on data derived from the ocean acidification
monitoring system described in subsection (d). The council shall avoid duplicating regional
efforts, incorporating best available science with data from the ocean acidification monitoring
system established in subsection (d) and data from local and private monitoring efforts where
available. These efforts shall include, but shall not be limited to:

(i) modeling ocean and coastal acidification trends in coastal waters and project
acidification trends;

74	(ii) studying the effects of acidification on marine species that are ecologically or
75	economically important or understudied. The study shall examine the impact of multimodal
76	stress and shall include, at minimum, a study of acidification effects on the American lobster,
77	Eastern oyster, sea scallops, quahogs and fin fish;
78	(iii) clarifying the causal relationship between nutrient pollution, eutrophication and
79	coastal acidification in coastal waters;
80	(iv) determining how different coastal stressors contribute to coastal acidification;
81	(v) estimating the economic impacts of modeled and projected acidification on the
82	commonwealth's economy;
83	(vi) determining if current total maximum daily loads under the Massachusetts estuaries
84	project are sufficient to keep acidity in Massachusetts embayments within the ranges required by
85	314 CMR 4.05 through 2050 and proposing changes to 314 CMR $\S$ 4 and 5 and total maximum
86	daily loads if needed, taking into account ocean and coastal acidification as particularized
87	stressors;
88	(vii) performing cost-benefit analyses of intervention strategies to determine where
89	pollution reductions will most efficiently resilience acidification; and
90	(viii) developing best adaptive practices for the shellfishing industry to use to adapt to
91	acidification.
92	(f) If the council determines that eutrophication has more than a de minimis impact on
93	coastal acidification in any given embayment or coastal zone, the council may implement
94	necessary improvements in the most efficient manner to reduce eutrophication. The council may

95	target funds from the Ocean Acidification Fund established in section 2PPPPPP of chapter 29 to
96	existing state programs or proposed municipal projects for the purposes of:
97	(i) financing necessary upgrades to publicly owned treatment works located in coastal
98	watersheds to achieve enhanced nutrient removal;
99	(ii) replacing septic systems in nutrient sensitive coastal watersheds with connections to
100	new or existing publicly owned treatment works, or upgrading existing systems to nitrogen-
101	reducing systems; and
102	(iii) implementing other appropriate measures, including but not limited to installing
103	permeable reactive barriers and funding salt marsh restoration.
104	SECTION 7. Chapter 29 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after
105	section 2000000, as inserted by section 13 of chapter 358 of the acts of 2020, the following
106	section:-
107	Section 2PPPPPP. (a) There shall be established and set upon the books of the
108	commonwealth a separate fund to be known as the Ocean Acidification Fund. The ocean
109	acidification council shall administer the fund. Notwithstanding any general or special law to the
110	contrary, there shall be credited to the fund any revenue subject to appropriations or other money
111	authorized by the general court and specifically designated to be credited to the fund and any
112	gifts, grants, private contributions, investment income earned by the fund's assets and any
113	designated funds from other sources. No expenditures from the fund shall cause the fund to be in
114	deficiency at the close of the fiscal year. Any money in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall
115	not revert to the General Fund, shall be available for expenditure in the subsequent year and shall
116	not be subject to section 5C.

(b) Amounts credited to the fund shall be expended, without further appropriation, for the
purposes of restoring and buffering marine habitats and resources impacted by acidification and
financing infrastructure improvements to reduce eutrophication as provided in section 12 of
chapter 21N.

SECTION 8. Section 61 of chapter 30 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2020
Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting after the word "rise", in line 16, the following
words:- and coastal ocean acidification.