

SENATE No. 830

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Bruce E. Tarr

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act to preserve community pharmacies.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
<i>Bruce E. Tarr</i>	<i>First Essex and Middlesex</i>	
<i>Peter J. Durant</i>	<i>Worcester and Hampshire</i>	<i>3/17/2025</i>

SENATE No. 830

By Mr. Tarr, a petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 830) of Bruce E. Tarr for legislation to preserve community pharmacies by conducting audits on contracts for pharmacy services. Financial Services.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

**In the One Hundred and Ninety-Fourth General Court
(2025-2026)**

An Act to preserve community pharmacies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 175 of the Massachusetts general laws is hereby amended by
2 adding the following new section:

3 Section 226A Contracts for Community Pharmacy Services

4 “Brand name drug”, a drug that is: (i) produced or distributed pursuant to an original new
5 drug application approved under 21 U.S.C. 355(c) except for: (A) any drug approved through an
6 application submitted under section 505(b)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act that
7 is pharmaceutically equivalent, as that term is defined by the United States Food and Drug
8 Administration, to a drug approved under 21 U.S.C. 355(c); (B) an abbreviated new drug 407
9 application that was approved by the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services
10 under section 505(c) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355(c), before the
11 date of the enactment of the federal Drug Price Competition and Patent Term Restoration Act of
12 19 of 58 1984, Public Law 98-417, 98 Stat. 1585; or (C) an authorized generic drug as defined in

13 42 C.F.R. 447.502; (ii) produced or distributed pursuant to a biologics license application
14 approved 412 under 42 U.S.C. 262(a)(2)(C); or (iii) identified by the health benefit plan as a
15 brand name drug based on available data resources such as Medi-Span.

16 “Generic drug”, a retail drug that is: (i) marketed or distributed pursuant to an
17 abbreviated new drug application approved under 21 U.S.C. 355(j); (ii) an authorized generic
18 drug as defined in 42 C.F.R. 447.502; (iii) a drug that entered the market before January 1, 1962
19 and was not originally marketed under a new drug application; or (iv) identified by the health
20 benefit plan as a generic drug based on available data resources such as Medi-Span.

21 “Pharmacy Audit”, a process that involves the inspection of pharmacy records to ensure
22 high quality services and the lack of Fraud Waste, and Abuse. This includes desk audits as well
23 as in-person audits.

24 “Pharmacy Benefit Manager” as defined in MGL c 175 Section 226 (a).

25 Section 1: Payment for pharmacy services

26 A contract for pharmacy services between a pharmacy benefit manager and a pharmacy
27 must include an ingredient cost that meets the criteria in section 2 and a dispensing fee equal to
28 what is paid by the State Medicaid Program. Payment for clean claims must include all
29 applicable discounts. Contracts that include retroactive discounts and use “Generic Effective
30 Rate” or “Brand Effective Rate or any other similar retroactive rate reductions are prohibited.

31 Section 2: Ingredient and Maximum Allowable Cost

32 (a) For the purposes of this section the term "maximum allowable cost list" shall mean a
33 list of drugs, medical products or devices, or both medical products and devices, for which a

34 maximum allowable cost has been established by a pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity.
35 The term "maximum allowable cost" shall mean the maximum amount that a pharmacy benefits
36 manager or covered entity will reimburse a pharmacy for the cost of a drug or a medical product
37 or device inclusive of all discounts when the claim is processed or taken retroactively.

38 (b) The maximum allowable cost (if used) or the ingredient cost (if not used) must be equal
39 to or greater than the cost used by the Massachusetts Medicaid Program

40 (c) The maximum allowable cost for non-affiliated pharmacies must be equal to or
41 greater than the maximum allowable cost to pharmacies affiliated with or owned by the
42 pharmacy benefit manager.

43 (d) Before a pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity may place a drug on a
44 maximum allowable cost list the drug must be listed as "A" or "AB" rated in the most recent
45 version of the FDA's Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, also
46 known as the Orange Book, or has an "NR" or "NA" rating or a similar rating by a nationally
47 recognized reference; and that there are at least two therapeutically equivalent, multiple source
48 drugs, or at least one generic drug available from one manufacturer, available for purchase by
49 network pharmacies from national or regional wholesalers registered in Massachusetts.

50 (e) A pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall make available to each
51 pharmacy with which the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity has a contract and to
52 each pharmacy included in a network of pharmacies served by a pharmacy services
53 administrative organization with which the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity has a
54 contract, at the beginning of the term of a contract upon renewal of a contract, or upon request:

55 (1) The sources used to determine the maximum allowable costs for the drugs and
56 medical products and devices on each maximum allowable cost list;

57 (2) Every maximum allowable cost for individual drugs used by that pharmacy benefits
58 manager or covered entity for patients served by that contracted pharmacy; and

59 (3) Upon request, every maximum allowable cost list used by that pharmacy benefits
60 manager or covered entity for patients served by that contracted pharmacy.

61 (f) A pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall:

62 (1) update each maximum allowable cost list at least every 3 business days

63 (2) Make the updated lists available to every pharmacy with which the pharmacy benefits
64 manager or covered entity has a contract and to every pharmacy included in a network of
65 pharmacies served by a pharmacy services administrative organization with which the pharmacy
66 benefits manager or covered entity has a contract, in a readily accessible, secure and usable web-
67 based format or other comparable format or process; and

68 (3) Utilize the updated maximum allowable costs to calculate the payments made to the
69 contracted pharmacies within 2 business days.

70 (g) A pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall establish a clearly defined
71 process through which a pharmacy may contest the cost for a particular drug or medical product
72 or device.

73 (h) A pharmacy may base its appeal on one or more of the following:

74 (1) The ingredient cost established for a particular drug or medical product, or device is
75 below the cost used by the Massachusetts Medicaid Program

76 (2) The pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity has placed a drug on the maximum
77 allowable cost list that does not meet the requirements of subsection (d).

78 (i) The pharmacy must file its appeal within seven business days of its submission of the
79 initial claim for reimbursement for the drug or medical product or device. A Pharmacy Services
80 Administrative Organization (PSAO) may appeal on behalf of a pharmacy or group of
81 pharmacies. The pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity must make a final determination
82 resolving the pharmacy's appeal within seven business days of the pharmacy benefits manager or
83 covered entity's receipt of the appeal.

84 (j) If the final determination is a denial of the pharmacy's appeal, the pharmacy benefits
85 manager or covered entity must state the reason for the denial and provide the national drug code
86 of an equivalent drug that is generally available for purchase by pharmacies in this state from
87 national or regional wholesalers licensed by the state at a price which is equal to or less than the
88 cost for that drug.

89 (k) If a pharmacy's appeal is determined to be valid by the pharmacy benefits manager or
90 covered entity, the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall retroactively adjust the
91 cost of the drug or medical product or device and reprocess all claims that were paid incorrectly.
92 The adjustment shall be effective from the date the pharmacy's appeal was filed, and the
93 pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall provide reimbursement for all reprocessed
94 claims.

95 (l) Once a pharmacy's appeal is determined to be valid by the pharmacy benefits manager
96 or covered entity, the pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall adjust the cost of the
97 drug or medical product or device for all similar pharmacies in the network as determined by the
98 pharmacy benefits manager within 3 business days.

99 (m) A pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity shall make available on its secure
100 web site information about the appeals process, including, but not limited to, a telephone number
101 or process that a pharmacy may use to submit cost appeals. The medical products and devices
102 subject to the requirements of this part are limited to the medical products and devices included
103 as a pharmacy benefit under the pharmacy benefits contract.

104 (n) A pharmacy shall not disclose to any third party the cost lists and any related
105 information it receives from a pharmacy benefits manager or covered entity; provided, a
106 pharmacy may share such lists and related information with a pharmacy services administrative
107 organization or similar entity with which the pharmacy has a contract to provide administrative
108 services for that pharmacy. If a pharmacy shares this information with a pharmacy services
109 administrative organization or similar entity, that organization or entity shall not disclose the
110 information to any third party.

111 (o) Pharmacy Benefit Managers shall provide annually a report to the Commissioner that
112 details all denied pharmacy appeals for that year to include: the name of the pharmacy, date of
113 service for the claim as well as drug name and billing code used on the claim, and the reason for
114 the denial.

115 Section 3: The Insurance Commissioner shall enforce this act and shall promulgate
116 regulations to enforce the provisions of this act. The commissioner may examine or audit the

117 books and records of a pharmacy benefits manager providing claims processing services or other
118 prescription drug or device services for a health benefit plan to determine if the pharmacy
119 benefits manager is in compliance with this act. The information or data acquired during an
120 examination is:

121 (a) Considered proprietary and confidential; and

122 (b) Not subject to the Freedom of Information Act of Massachusetts