

**SENATE . . . . . No.**

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**The Commonwealth of Massachusetts**

PRESENTED BY:

***Barry R. Finegold***

*To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:*

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act promoting economic development with emerging artificial intelligence models and safety.

PETITION OF:

NAME:

*Barry R. Finegold*

DISTRICT/ADDRESS:

*Second Essex and Middlesex*

SENATE . . . . . No.

[Pin Slip]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Fourth General Court  
(2025-2026)

An Act promoting economic development with emerging artificial intelligence models and safety.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 29 of the General Laws is hereby amended by adding the following  
2 new section:-

3 Section 2GGGGGG. Artificial Intelligence Innovation Trust Fund

4 (a) There shall be established and set up on the books of the commonwealth a separate  
5 fund to be known as the Massachusetts Artificial Intelligence Innovation Trust Fund. The  
6 secretary of economic development shall be the trustee of the fund and shall, in consultation with  
7 the executive director of the Massachusetts Technology Park Corporation established pursuant to  
8 chapter 40J, expend money from the fund to: (i) provide grants or other financial assistance to  
9 companies developing or deploying artificial intelligence models in key industry sectors as  
10 enumerated in line 7002-8070 of section 2 of chapter 238 of the Acts of 2024; provided,  
11 however, that the secretary may seek the commitment of matching or other additional funds from  
12 private sources before making an expenditure from the fund; (ii) establishment or promotion of  
13 artificial intelligence entrepreneurship programs, which may include partnerships with research

14 institutions in the commonwealth or other entrepreneur support organizations; or (iii) provide  
15 grants or other financial assistance for research in artificial intelligence through or in partnership  
16 with the Massachusetts Technology Park Corporation.

17 (b) There shall be credited to the fund an amount equal to: (i) any appropriations or other  
18 money authorized by the general court and specifically designated to be credited to the fund; (ii)  
19 interest earned on any money in the fund; and (iii) any other grants, premiums, gifts,  
20 reimbursements or other contributions received by the commonwealth from any source for or in  
21 support of the purposes described in subsection (a).

22 (c) Amounts credited to the fund may be expended without further appropriation. For the  
23 purpose of accommodating timing discrepancies between the receipt of revenues and related  
24 expenditures, the fund may incur expenses, and the comptroller shall certify for payment,  
25 amounts not to exceed the most recent revenue estimate as certified by the secretary of elder  
26 affairs, as reported in the state accounting system. Any money remaining in the fund at the end  
27 of a fiscal year shall not revert to the General Fund and shall be available for expenditure in a  
28 subsequent fiscal year.

29 SECTION 2. The General Laws are hereby amended by inserting after chapter 93L the  
30 following new chapter:-

31 CHAPTER 93M. Artificial Intelligence Models

32 Section 1. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings  
33 unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

34 “Advanced persistent threat”, an adversary with sophisticated levels of expertise and  
35 significant resources that allow it, through the use of multiple different attack vectors including,  
36 but not limited to, cyber, physical or deception, to generate opportunities to achieve objectives

37 including, but not limited to, (i) establishing or extending its presence within the information  
38 technology infrastructure of an organization for the purpose of exfiltrating information; (ii)  
39 undermining or impeding critical aspects of a mission, program or organization; or (iii) placing  
40 itself in a position to do so in the future.

41 “Artificial intelligence”, an engineered or machine-based system that varies in its level of  
42 autonomy and which may, for explicit or implicit objectives, infer from the input it receives how  
43 to generate outputs that may influence physical or virtual environments

44 “Artificial intelligence safety incident”, an incident that demonstrably increases the risk  
45 of a critical harm occurring by means of:

46 (i) A covered model or covered model derivative autonomously engaging in behavior  
47 other than at the request of a user;

48 (ii) Theft, misappropriation, malicious use, inadvertent release, unauthorized access or  
49 escape of the model weights of a covered model or covered model derivative;

50 (iii) The critical failure of technical or administrative controls, including controls limiting  
51 the ability to modify a covered model or covered model derivative; or

52 (iv) Unauthorized use of a covered model or covered model derivative to cause or  
53 materially enable critical harm.

54 “Computing cluster”, a set of machines transitively connected by data center networking  
55 of over 100 gigabits per second that has a theoretical maximum computing capacity of at least  
56  $10^{20}$  integer or floating-point operations per second and can be used for training artificial  
57 intelligence.

58 “Covered model”, an artificial intelligence model which is: (i) trained using a quantity of  
59 computing power greater than  $10^{26}$  integer or floating-point operations, the cost of which

60 exceeds \$100,000,000 when calculated using the average market prices of cloud compute at the  
61 start of training as reasonably assessed by the developer; or (ii) created by fine-tuning a covered  
62 model using a quantity of computing power equal to or greater than 3 times  $10^{25}$  integer or  
63 floating-point operations, the cost of which, as reasonably assessed by the developer, exceeds  
64 \$10,000,000 if calculated using the average market price of cloud compute at the start of fine-  
65 tuning; provided, however, that investment thresholds established pursuant to this section shall  
66 be adjusted for inflation annually, not later than January 31, by the growth rate of the inflation  
67 index over the preceding 12 months; and provided further, that the inflation index shall consist of  
68 the per cent change in inflation as measured by the per cent change in the consumer price index  
69 for all urban consumers for the Boston metropolitan area as determined by the bureau of labor  
70 statistics of the United States department of labor.

71 “Covered model derivative”, a copy of a covered model that: (i) is unmodified; (ii) has  
72 been subjected to post-training modifications related to fine-tuning; (iii) has been fine-tuned  
73 using a quantity of computing power not exceeding 3 times  $10^{25}$  or floating point operations, the  
74 cost of which, as reasonably assessed by the developer, exceeds \$10,000,000 if calculated using  
75 the average market price of cloud compute at the start of fine-tuning; or (iv) has been combined  
76 with other software.

77 “Critical harm”, a harm caused or materially enabled by a covered model or covered  
78 model derivative including: (i) the creation or use in a manner that results in mass casualties of a  
79 chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear weapon; (ii) mass casualties or at least  
80 \$500,000,000 of damage resulting from cyberattacks on critical infrastructure by a model  
81 conducting, or providing precise instructions for conducting, a cyberattack or series of  
82 cyberattacks on critical infrastructure; (iii) mass casualties or at least \$500,000,000 of damage

83 resulting from an artificial intelligence model engaging in conduct that: (A) acts with limited  
84 human oversight, intervention or supervision; and (B) results in death, great bodily injury,  
85 property damage or property loss, and would, if committed by a human, constitute a crime  
86 specified in any general or special law that requires intent, recklessness or gross negligence, or  
87 the solicitation or aiding and abetting of such a crime; or (iv) other grave harms to public safety  
88 that are of comparable severity to the harms described herein as determined by the attorney  
89 general; provided, however, that “critical harm” shall not include: (i) harms caused or materially  
90 enabled by information that a covered model or covered model derivative outputs if the  
91 information is otherwise reasonably publicly accessible by an ordinary person from sources other  
92 than a covered model or covered model derivative; (ii) harms caused or materially enabled by a  
93 covered model combined with other software, including other models, if the covered model did  
94 not materially contribute to the other software’s ability to cause or materially enable the harm; or  
95 (iii) harms that are not caused or materially enabled by the developer’s creation, storage, use or  
96 release of a covered model or covered model derivative; provided further, that monetary harm  
97 thresholds established pursuant to this section shall be adjusted for inflation annually, not later  
98 than January 31, by the growth rate of the inflation index over the preceding 12 months; and  
99 provided further, that the inflation index shall consist of the per cent change in inflation as  
100 measured by the per cent change in the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the  
101 Boston metropolitan area as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the United States  
102 department of labor.

103 “Critical infrastructure”, assets, systems and networks, whether physical or virtual, the  
104 incapacitation or destruction of which would have a debilitating effect on physical security,  
105 economic security, public health or safety in the commonwealth.

106 “Developer”, a person that performs the initial training of a covered model by: (i) training  
107 a model using a sufficient quantity of computing power and cost; or (ii) fine-tuning an existing  
108 covered model or covered model derivative using a quantity of computing power and cost  
109 sufficient to qualify as a covered model.

110 “Fine-tuning”, adjusting the model weights of a trained covered model or covered model  
111 derivative by exposing such model to additional data.

112 “Full shutdown”, the cessation of operation of: (i) the training of a covered model; (ii) a  
113 covered model controlled by a developer; and (iii) all covered model derivatives controlled by a  
114 developer.

115 “Model weight”, a numerical parameter in an artificial intelligence model that is adjusted  
116 through training and that helps determine how inputs are transformed into outputs.

117 “Person”, an individual, proprietorship, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate,  
118 business trust, company, corporation, limited liability company, association, committee or any  
119 other nongovernmental organization or group of persons acting in concert.

120 “Post-training modification”, modifying the capabilities of a covered model or covered  
121 model derivative by any means including, but not limited to, fine-tuning, providing such model  
122 with access to tools or data, removing safeguards against hazardous misuse or misbehavior of  
123 such model or combining such model with, or integrating such model into, other software.

124 “Safety and security protocol”, documented technical and organizational protocols that:  
125 (i) are used to manage the risks of developing and operating covered models or covered model  
126 derivatives across their life cycle, including risks posed by causing or enabling or potentially  
127 causing or enabling the creation of covered model derivatives; and (ii) specify that compliance  
128 with such protocols is required in order to train, operate, possess or provide external access to the

129 developer’s covered model or covered model derivatives.

130 “Secretary”, the secretary of technology services and security.

131 Section 2. (a) Before beginning to train a covered model, a developer shall:

132 (1) implement reasonable administrative, technical and physical cybersecurity protections  
133 to prevent unauthorized access to, misuse of or unsafe post-training modifications of the covered  
134 model and all covered model derivatives controlled by the developer that are appropriate in light  
135 of the risks associated with the covered model, including from advanced persistent threats or  
136 other sophisticated actors;

137 (2) implement the capability to promptly enact a full shutdown;

138 (3) implement a written and separate safety and security protocol that: (A) specifies  
139 protections and procedures that, if successfully implemented, would comply with the developer’s  
140 duty to take reasonable care to avoid producing a covered model or covered model derivative  
141 that poses an unreasonable risk of causing or materially enabling a critical harm; (B) states  
142 compliance requirements in an objective manner and with sufficient detail and specificity to  
143 allow the developer or a third party to readily ascertain whether the requirements of the safety  
144 and security protocol have been followed; (C) identifies a testing procedure which takes  
145 safeguards into account as appropriate to reasonably evaluate if a covered model poses a  
146 substantial risk of causing or enabling a critical harm and if any covered model derivatives pose  
147 a substantial risk of causing or enabling a critical harm; (D) describes in detail how the testing  
148 procedure assesses the risks associated with post-training modifications; (E) describes in detail  
149 how the testing procedure addresses the possibility that a covered model or covered model  
150 derivative may be used to make post-training modifications or create another covered model in a  
151 manner that may cause or materially enable a critical harm; (F) describes in detail how the



152 developer will fulfill their obligations under this chapter; (G) describes in detail how the  
153 developer intends to implement any safeguards and requirements referenced in this section; (H)  
154 describes in detail the conditions under which a developer would enact a full shutdown account  
155 for, as appropriate, the risk that a shutdown of the covered model, or particular covered model  
156 derivatives, may cause disruptions to critical infrastructure; and (I) describes in detail the  
157 procedure by which the safety and security protocol may be modified;

158 (4) ensure that the safety and security protocol is implemented as written, including by  
159 designating senior personnel to be responsible for ensuring compliance by employees and  
160 contractors working on a covered model or any covered model derivatives controlled by the  
161 developer, monitoring and reporting on implementation;

162 (5) retain an unredacted copy of the safety and security protocol for not less than 5 years  
163 after the covered model is no longer made available for commercial, public or foreseeably public  
164 use,, including records and dates of any updates or revisions;

165 (6) conduct an annual review of the safety and security protocol to account for any  
166 changes to the capabilities of the covered model and industry best practices and, if necessary,  
167 make modifications to such policy;

168 (7) conspicuously publish a redacted copy of the safety and security protocol and transmit  
169 a copy of said redacted safety and security protocol to the attorney general; provided, however,  
170 that a redaction in the safety and security protocol may be made only if the redaction is  
171 reasonably necessary to protect public safety, trade secrets as defined in section 2 of chapter 93  
172 or confidential information pursuant to any general, special or federal law; provided further, that  
173 the developer shall grant to the attorney general access to the unredacted safety and security  
174 protocol upon request; provided further, that a safety and security protocol disclosed to the

175 attorney general shall not be a public record for the purposes of chapter 66; and provided further,  
176 that if the safety and security protocol is materially modified, the developer shall conspicuously  
177 publish and transmit to the attorney general an updated redacted copy of such protocol within 30  
178 days of the modification; and

179 (8) take reasonable care to implement other appropriate measures to prevent covered  
180 models and covered model derivatives from posing unreasonable risks of causing or materially  
181 enabling critical harms.

182 (b) Before using a covered model or covered model derivative for a purpose not  
183 exclusively related to the training or reasonable evaluation of the covered model for compliance  
184 with state or federal law or before making a covered model or covered model derivative  
185 available for commercial, public or foreseeably public use, the developer of a covered model  
186 shall:

187 (i) assess whether the covered model is reasonably capable of causing or materially  
188 enabling a critical harm;

189 (ii) record, as and when reasonably possible, and retain for not less than 5 years after the  
190 covered model is no longer made available for commercial, public or foreseeably public use,  
191 information on any specific tests and test results used in said assessment which provides  
192 sufficient detail for third parties to replicate the testing procedure;

193 (iii) take reasonable care to implement appropriate safeguards to prevent the covered  
194 model and covered model derivatives from causing or materially enabling a critical harm; and

195 (iv) take reasonable care to ensure, to the extent reasonably possible, that the covered  
196 model's actions and the actions of covered model derivatives, as well as critical harms resulting  
197 from their actions, may be accurately and reliably attributed to such model or model derivative.

198 (c) A developer shall not use a covered model or covered model derivative for a purpose  
199 not exclusively related to the training or reasonable evaluation of the covered model for  
200 compliance with state or federal law or make a covered model or a covered model derivative  
201 available for commercial, public or foreseeably public use if there is an unreasonable risk that the  
202 covered model or covered model derivative will cause or materially enable a critical harm.

203 (d) A developer of a covered model shall annually reevaluate the procedures, policies,  
204 protections, capabilities and safeguards implemented pursuant to this section.

205 (e)(1) A developer of a covered model shall annually retain a third-party investigator that  
206 conducts investigations consistent with best practices for investigators to perform an independent  
207 investigation of compliance with the requirements of this section; provided, however, that an  
208 investigator shall conduct investigations consistent with regulations issued by the secretary  
209 pursuant to section 7. The investigator shall be granted access to unredacted materials as  
210 necessary to comply with the investigator's obligations contained herein. The investigator shall  
211 produce an investigation report including, but not limited to: (i) a detailed assessment of the  
212 developer's steps to comply with the requirements of this section; (ii) if applicable, any  
213 identified instances of noncompliance with the requirements of this section and any  
214 recommendations for how the developer can improve its policies and processes for ensuring  
215 compliance with the requirements of this section; (iii) a detailed assessment of the developer's  
216 internal controls, including designation and empowerment of senior personnel responsible for  
217 ensuring compliance by the developer and any employees or contractors thereof; and (iv) the  
218 signature of the lead investigator certifying the results contained within the investigation report;  
219 and provided further, that the investigator shall not knowingly make a material misrepresentation  
220 in said report.

221 (2) The developer shall retain an unredacted copy of the investigation report for not less  
222 than 5 years after the covered model is no longer made available for commercial, public or  
223 foreseeably public use. The developer shall conspicuously publish a redacted copy of the  
224 investigator's report and transmit to the attorney general a redacted copy of the investigator's  
225 report; provided, however, that a reaction in the investigator's report may be made only if the  
226 redaction is reasonably necessary to protect public safety, trade secrets as defined in section 2 of  
227 chapter 93 or confidential information pursuant to state and federal law; provided further, that  
228 the developer shall grant to the attorney general access to the unredacted investigator's report  
229 upon request; and provided further, that an investigator's report disclosed to the attorney general  
230 shall not be a public record for the purposes of chapter 66.

231 (f)(1) A developer of a covered model shall annually, until such time that the covered  
232 model and any covered model derivatives controlled by the developer cease to be in or available  
233 for commercial or public use, submit to the attorney general a statement of compliance signed by  
234 the chief technology officer, or a more senior corporate officer, that shall specify or provide, at a  
235 minimum: (i) an assessment of the nature and magnitude of critical harms that the covered model  
236 or covered model derivatives may reasonably cause or materially enable and the outcome of the  
237 assessment required by subsection (b); (ii) an assessment of the risk that compliance with the  
238 safety and security protocol may be insufficient to prevent the covered model or covered model  
239 derivatives from causing or materially enabling critical harms; and (iii) a description of the  
240 process used by the signing officer to verify compliance with the requirements of this section,  
241 including a description of the materials reviewed by the signing officer, a description of testing  
242 or other evaluation performed to support the statement and the contact information of any third  
243 parties relied upon to validate compliance.

244 (2) A developer shall submit such statement to the attorney general not later than 30 days  
245 after using a covered model or covered model derivative for a purpose not exclusively related to  
246 the training or reasonable evaluation of the covered model for compliance with state or federal  
247 law or making a covered model or covered model derivative available for commercial, public or  
248 foreseeably public use; provided, however, that no such initial statement shall be required for a  
249 covered model derivative if the developer submitted a compliant initial statement and any  
250 applicable annual statements for the covered model from which the covered model derivative is  
251 derived.

252 (g) A developer of a covered model shall report each artificial intelligence safety incident  
253 affecting the covered model or any covered model derivatives controlled by the developer to the  
254 attorney general within 72 hours of the developer learning of the artificial intelligence safety  
255 incident or facts sufficient to establish a reasonable belief that an artificial intelligence safety  
256 incident has occurred.

257 (h) This section shall apply to the development, use or commercial or public release of a  
258 covered model or covered model derivative for any use that is not the subject of a contract with a  
259 federal government entity, even if that covered model or covered model derivative was  
260 developed, trained or used by a federal government entity; provided, however, that this section  
261 shall not apply to a product or service to the extent that compliance would strictly conflict with  
262 the terms of a contract between a federal government entity and the developer of a covered  
263 model.

264 Section 3. (a) (1) A person that operates a computing cluster shall implement written  
265 policies and procedures to do all of the following when a customer utilizes compute resources  
266 which would be sufficient to train a covered model:

267 (i) obtain the prospective customer's basic identifying information and business purpose  
268 for utilizing the computing cluster including, but not limited to: (A) the identity of the  
269 prospective customer; (B) the means and source of payment, including any associated financial  
270 institution, credit card number, account number, customer identifier, transaction identifiers or  
271 virtual currency wallet or wallet address identifier; and (C) the email address and telephone  
272 number used to verify the prospective customer's identity;

273 (ii) assess whether the prospective customer intends to utilize the computing cluster to  
274 train a covered model;

275 (iii) retain any internet protocol addresses used by the customer for access or  
276 administration and the date and time of each access or administrative action;

277 (iv) maintain for not less than 7 years, and provide to the attorney general upon request,  
278 appropriate records of actions taken under this section, including policies and procedures put into  
279 effect;

280 (v) implement the capability to promptly enact a full shutdown of any resources being  
281 used to train or operate a covered model under the customer's control.

282 (2) If a customer repeatedly utilizes computer resources that would be sufficient to train a  
283 covered model, the operator of the computer cluster shall validate said basic identifying  
284 information and assess whether such customer intends to utilize the computing cluster to train a  
285 covered model prior to each utilization.

286 (b) A person that operates a computing cluster shall consider industry best practices and  
287 applicable guidance from the National Institute of Standards and Technology, including the  
288 United States Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute, and other reputable standard-setting  
289 organizations.

290 (c) In complying with the requirements of this section, a person that operates a computing  
291 cluster may impose reasonable requirements on customers to prevent the collection or retention  
292 of personal information that the person operating such computing cluster would not otherwise  
293 collect or retain, including a requirement that a corporate customer submit corporate contact  
294 information rather than information that would identify a specific individual.

295 Section 4. (a) (1) The attorney general shall have the authority to enforce the provisions  
296 of this chapter. Except as provided in section 5, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as  
297 creating a new private right of action or serving as the basis for a private right of action that  
298 would not otherwise have had a basis under any other law but for the enactment of this chapter.  
299 This chapter neither relieves any party from any duties or obligations imposed nor alters any  
300 independent rights that individuals have under chapter 93A, other state or federal laws, the  
301 Massachusetts Constitution or the United States Constitution.

302 (2) The attorney general may initiate a civil action in the superior court against an entity  
303 in the name of the commonwealth or as parens patriae on behalf of individuals for a violation of  
304 this chapter. The attorney general may seek:

305 (i) against a developer of a covered model or covered model derivative for a violation  
306 that causes death or bodily harm to another human, harm to property, theft or misappropriation  
307 of property, or that constitutes an imminent risk or threat to public safety that occurs on or after  
308 January 1, 2026, a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding: (A) for a first violation, 5  
309 per cent of the cost of the quantity of computing power used to train the covered model to be  
310 calculated using the average market prices of cloud compute at the time of training;; or (B) for  
311 any subsequent violation, 15 percent of the cost of the quantity of computing power used to train  
312 the covered model as calculated herein;;

313 (ii) against a developer of a covered model or covered model derivative a violation of  
314 section 5, a civil penalty as outlined in section 185 of chapter 149;

315 (iii) against an investigator for a violation of subsection (e) of section 2, including an  
316 investigator who intentionally or with reckless disregard violates any of such investigator's  
317 responsibilities under said subsection, or for a person that operates a computing cluster in  
318 violation of section 3, a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding: (A) \$25,000 for a first offense;  
319 (B) \$50,000 for any subsequent violation; and (C) \$5,000,000 in the aggregate for related  
320 violations;

321 (iv) injunctive or declaratory relief;

322 (v) such monetary or punitive damages as the court may allow;

323 (vi) attorney's fees and costs; and

324 (vii) any other relief that the court deems appropriate.

325 (b) In determining whether a developer exercised reasonable care in the creation, use or  
326 deployment of a covered model or covered model derivative, the attorney general shall consider:

327 (i) the quality of such developer's safety and security protocol;

328 (ii) the extent to which the developer faithfully implemented and followed its safety and  
329 security protocol;

330 (iii) whether, in quality and implementation, the developer's safety and security protocol  
331 was comparable to those of developers of models trained using a comparable amount of compute  
332 resources;

333 (iv) the quality and rigor of the developer's investigation, documentation, evaluation and  
334 management of risks of critical harm posed by its model.

335 (c) (1) A provision within a contract or agreement that seeks to waive, preclude or burden



336 the enforcement of a liability arising from a violation of this chapter, or to shift such liability to  
337 any person or entity in exchange for their use or access of, or right to use or access, a developer's  
338 product or services, including by means of a contract or adhesion, shall be deemed to be against  
339 public policy and void.

340 (2) Notwithstanding any corporate formalities, the court shall impose joint and several  
341 liability on affiliated entities for purposes of effectuating the intent of this section to the  
342 maximum extent permitted by law if the court concludes that:

343 (i) the affiliated entities, in the development of the corporate structure among such  
344 affiliated entities, took steps to purposely and unreasonably limit or avoid liability; and

345 (ii) as a result of any such steps, the corporate structure of the developer or affiliated  
346 entities would frustrate recovery of penalties, damages, or injunctive relief under this section.

347 (d) Penalties collected pursuant to this section by the attorney general shall be deposited  
348 into the General Fund and subject to appropriation.

349 Section 5. (a) For purposes of this section, the following words shall have the following  
350 meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

351 "Contractor or subcontractor", a firm, corporation, partnership or association and its  
352 responsible managing officer, as well as any supervisors, managers or officers found by the  
353 attorney general or director to be personally and substantially responsible for the rights and  
354 responsibilities of employees under this chapter.

355 "Director", the director of the department of labor standards as established under section 1 of  
356 chapter 23.

357 "Employee", any person who performs services for wages or salary under a contract of  
358 employment, express or implied, for an employer, including:

359 (i) contractors or subcontractors and unpaid advisors involved with assessing, managing  
360 or addressing the risk of critical harm from covered models or covered model derivatives; and

361 (ii) corporate officers.

362 “Public body” shall have the same meaning as ascribed to it in section 185 of chapter  
363 149.

364 (b) A developer of a covered model or a contractor or subcontractor of the developer  
365 shall not:

366 (i) prevent an employee from disclosing information to the attorney general or any other  
367 public body, including through terms and conditions of employment or seeking to enforce terms  
368 and conditions of employment, if the employee has reasonable cause to believe the information  
369 indicates that:

370 (A) the developer is out of compliance with the requirements of this chapter; or

371 (B) an artificial intelligence model, including a model that is not a covered model or a  
372 covered model derivative, poses an unreasonable risk of causing or materially enabling critical  
373 harm, even if the employer is not out of compliance with any state or federal law;

374 (ii) retaliate against an employee for disclosing such information to the attorney general  
375 or any other public body; or

376 (iii) make false or materially misleading statements related to its safety and security  
377 protocol in any manner that would constitute an unfair or deceptive trade practice under chapter  
378 93A.

379 (c) An employee harmed by a violation of this section may petition the court for  
380 appropriate relief as provided in section 185 of chapter 149.

381 (d) The attorney general or director may publicly release or provide to the governor any

382 complaint, or a summary of such complaint, filed pursuant to this section if the attorney general  
383 or director concludes that doing so will serve the public interest; provided, however, that any  
384 information that is confidential, otherwise exempt from the provisions of chapter 66, qualifies as  
385 a trade secret under sections 42 to 42G, inclusive, of chapter 93 or is determined by the attorney  
386 general or director to likely pose an unreasonable risk to public safety if disclosed shall be  
387 redacted from the complaint prior to disclosure.

388 (e) A developer shall provide a clear notice to all employees working on covered models  
389 and covered model derivatives of their rights and responsibilities under this section, including the  
390 rights of employees of contractors and subcontractors to utilize the developer's internal process  
391 for making protected disclosures pursuant to subsection (f). A developer is presumed to be in  
392 compliance with the requirements of this subsection if the developer:

393 (i) at all times posts and displays within all workplaces maintained by the developer a  
394 notice to all employees of their rights and responsibilities under this section, ensures that all new  
395 employees receive equivalent notice and ensures that employees who work remotely periodically  
396 receive an equivalent notice; or

397 (ii) at least annually, provides written notice to all employees of their rights and  
398 responsibilities under this chapter and ensures that such notice is received and acknowledged by  
399 all of those employees.

400 (f) (1) A developer shall provide a reasonable internal process through which an  
401 employee, contractor, subcontractor or employee of a contractor or subcontractor working on a  
402 covered model or covered model derivative may anonymously disclose information to the  
403 developer if the employee believes, in good faith, that the developer has violated any provision  
404 of this chapter or any other general or special law, has made false or materially misleading

405 statements related to its safety and security protocol or has failed to disclose known risks to  
406 employees. The developer shall conduct an investigation related to any information disclosed  
407 through such process and provide, at a minimum, a monthly update to the person who made the  
408 disclosure regarding the status of the developer's investigation of the disclosure and the actions  
409 taken by the developer in response to the disclosure.

410 (2) Any disclosure and response created pursuant to this subsection shall be maintained  
411 for not less than 7 years from the date when the disclosure or response is created. Each disclosure  
412 and response shall be shared with officers and directors of the developer whose acts or omissions  
413 are not implicated by the disclosure or response not less than once per quarter. In the case of a  
414 report or disclosure regarding alleged misconduct by a contractor or subcontractor, the developer  
415 shall notify the officers and directors of the contractor or subcontractor whose acts or omissions  
416 are not implicated by the disclosure or response about the status of their investigation not less  
417 than once per quarter.

418 (g) This section shall not be construed to limit any rights or obligations of employees  
419 under section 185 of chapter 149 or any other state or federal law.

420 Section 6. The secretary, in consultation with the secretary of economic development and  
421 the secretary of labor and workforce development, shall file an annual report not later than  
422 January 31 with the joint committee on economic development and emerging technologies, the  
423 joint committee on advanced information technology, the internet and cybersecurity and the joint  
424 committee on labor and workforce development containing: (i) statistical information on the  
425 current workforce population: (A) in the business of the development of artificial intelligence  
426 and (B) in adjacent technology sectors as enumerated in line 7002-8070 of section 2 of chapter  
427 238 of the Acts of 2024; (ii) any known workforce shortages in the development or deployment

428 of artificial intelligence; (iii) summary information related to the efficacy of existing workforce  
429 development programs in artificial intelligence and related sectors, if any; (iv) summary  
430 information related to the availability of relevant training programs available in the  
431 commonwealth, including any known gaps in such programs generally available to members of  
432 the public; and (iv) any plans, including recommendations for legislation, if any, to remedy any  
433 such known workforce shortages.

434         Section 7. The secretary shall promulgate regulations for the implementation,  
435 administration and enforcement of this chapter; provided, however, that the secretary may  
436 convene an advisory board for the purposes of: (i) studying the impact of artificial intelligence  
437 on the commonwealth, including with respect to its employees, constituents, private business and  
438 higher education institutions; (ii) conducting outreach and collecting input from stakeholders and  
439 experts; (iii) studying current and emerging capability for critical harms made possible by  
440 artificial intelligence developed or deployed in the commonwealth; or (iv) advising the secretary,  
441 governor and general court on recommended legislation or regulations related to the growth of  
442 the artificial intelligence industry and prevention of critical harms; provided further, that not less  
443 than annually, the secretary shall: (i) update, by regulation, the initial compute threshold and the  
444 fine-tuning compute threshold that an artificial intelligence model shall meet to be considered a  
445 covered model as defined in section 1 of chapter 93M, taking into account: (A) the quantity of  
446 computing power used to train models that have been identified as being reasonably likely to  
447 cause or materially enable a critical harm; (B) similar thresholds used in federal law, guidance or  
448 regulations for the management of artificial intelligence models with reasonable risks of causing  
449 or enabling critical harms; and (C) input from stakeholders, including academics, industry, the  
450 open-source community and government entities; (ii) update, by regulation, binding investigation

451 requirements applicable to investigations conducted pursuant to subsection (e) of section 2 of  
452 chapter 93M to ensure the integrity, independence, efficiency and effectiveness of the  
453 investigation process, taking into account: (A) relevant standards or requirements imposed under  
454 federal or state law or through self-regulatory or standards-setting bodies; (B) input from  
455 stakeholders, including academic, industry and government entities, including from the open-  
456 source community; and (C) consistency with guidance issued by the National Institute of  
457 Standards and Technology, including the United States Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute;  
458 and (iii) issue guidance for preventing unreasonable risks of covered models and covered model  
459 derivatives causing or materially enabling critical harms, including, but not limited to, more  
460 specific components of, or requirements under, the duties required under chapter 93M; and  
461 provided further, that any such guidance shall be consistent with guidance issued by the National  
462 Institute of Standards and Technology, including the United States Artificial Intelligence Safety  
463 Institute.

464 SECTION 3. Section 1 of chapter 93M of the General Laws, as inserted by section 2, is  
465 hereby amended by striking the definition of “Covered model” and inserting in place thereof the  
466 following:-

467 “Covered model”, an artificial intelligence model which is: (i) trained using a quantity of  
468 computing power determined by the secretary pursuant to section 7, the cost of which exceeds  
469 \$100,000,000 when calculated using the average market prices of cloud compute at the start of  
470 training as reasonably assessed by the developer; or (ii) created by fine-tuning a covered model  
471 using a quantity of computing power that exceeds a threshold determined by the secretary  
472 pursuant to section 7, the cost of which, as reasonably assessed by the developer, exceeds  
473 \$10,000,000 if calculated using the average market price of cloud compute at the start of fine-

474 tuning; provided, however, that investment thresholds established pursuant to this section shall  
475 be adjusted for inflation annually, not later than January 31, by the growth rate of the inflation  
476 index over the preceding 12 months; and provided further, that the inflation index shall consist of  
477 the per cent change in inflation as measured by the per cent change in the consumer price index  
478 for all urban consumers for the Boston metropolitan area as determined by the bureau of labor  
479 statistics of the United States department of labor.

480 SECTION 4. Said section 1 of said chapter 93M, as so appearing, is hereby further  
481 amended by striking out, in the definition of “Covered model derivative”, clause (iii) and  
482 inserting in place thereof the following clause:-

483 (iii) has been fine-tuned using a quantity of computing power not exceeding a threshold  
484 determined by the secretary pursuant to section 7, the cost of which, as reasonably assessed by  
485 the developer, exceeds \$10,000,000 if calculated using the average market price of cloud  
486 compute at the start of fine-tuning;.

487 SECTION 5. Subsection (e) of section 2 of said chapter 93M, as so appearing, shall take effect  
488 on January 1, 2026.

489 SECTION 6. Sections 3 and 4 shall take effect on January 1, 2027.