SENATE No.

The Co	nmonwealth of Alassachusetts	
	PRESENTED BY: Adam Gomez	
To the Honorable Senate and House of F Court assembled:	epresentatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in Gene	ral
	or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accomp	, ,
An Act to implement recomme	ndations of the commission on structural racism in the process.	e parole
	PETITION OF:	
Name:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:	
Adam Gomez	Hampden	

SENATE No.

[Pin Slip]

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE HOUSE, NO. 1805 OF 2023-2024.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the One Hundred and Ninety-Fourth General Court (2025-2026)

An Act to implement recommendations of the commission on structural racism in the parole process.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 4 of chapter 27 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2022
- 2 Official Edition, is hereby amended by striking out the first paragraph and inserting in place
- 3 thereof the following paragraph:-
- There shall be in the department, but not subject to its jurisdiction, a parole board,
- 5 consisting of 9 members, to be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the
- 6 council, for terms of 5 years. The governor may, with the advice and consent of the council,
- 7 remove members from the board for cause, upon a written certification of such cause; provided
- 8 that such member shall have the right to notice and the opportunity for a public hearing before
- 9 the council relative to such removal.

SECTION 2. Said section 4 of said chapter 27, as so appearing, is hereby further amended by inserting after the second paragraph the following paragraph:-

At all times, at least 3 members of the parole board shall have at least 5 years of experience in the fields of psychiatry, psychology, social work or the treatment of substance use disorders. One of those 3 members shall be a licensed mental health professional, as defined in section 1 of chapter 123. At all times, 1 of the 9 members of the board shall be someone who has been incarcerated and successfully completed the parole process; a minimum of 3 years shall have passed since the individual completed the parole process and they shall have a professional or volunteer background in at least 1 of the following areas: psychology, mental health or substance use, transitional housing, re-entry after incarceration, public safety or law. If the membership of the parole board does not comply with this paragraph, then every candidate recommended for a parole board position shall possess at least 1 of the qualifications listed above. This provision applies notwithstanding any other provision of law.

SECTION 3. Section 5 of said chapter 27, as so appearing, is hereby amended by adding the following paragraph:-

No condition of parole shall be ordered unless that condition specifically addresses the particular characteristics of the person and the crime for which they are being paroled. The parole board shall consider whether any condition ordered would have a rehabilitative effect or serve a legitimate public safety goal based on current criminal recidivism and rehabilitation research with clear and convincing evidence. SECTION 4. Said chapter 27, as so appearing, is hereby amended by adding the following section:-

- Section 8. (a) The parole board shall collect the following data for individuals
 incarcerated in or paroled from the correctional institutions of the commonwealth, jails or houses
 of correction:
 - (i) the number of parole violations by race, ethnicity, gender and type of violation;

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- (ii) the number of parole revocations, the cause of the revocation and the race, ethnicity and gender of the individual whose parole permit was revoked;
- (iii) the number of individuals who are returned to prison for a preliminary hearing on an alleged technical parole violation and the race and ethnicity of each individual;
- (iv) the number of individuals found to have violated a technical condition of parole at a final revocation hearing that are returned to prison;
- (v) the number of individuals found to have committed a disciplinary infraction after being granted a parole permit;
- (vi) the number of individuals eligible for parole who choose to forego the parole process compared to those who pursue a parole permit, by race and ethnicity;
- (vii) the average time between the date of eligibility for parole, the parole release hearing date, the date of the parole board's decision and the actual release date, disaggregated by race, ethnicity and gender, and disaggregated by house of correction inmates, inmates serving a life sentence and inmates not serving a life sentence;
- (viii) the average time between the date of the parole board's decision to grant a parole permit and the individual's release;

51 (ix) the percentage of individuals to whom the parole board decides to grant a parole 52 permit but who are not released on parole; 53 (x) the percentage of individuals taken into custody for a parole violation before they 54 have a revocation hearing; and 55 (xi) the percentage of individuals who have had their parole permit revoked and are 56 returned to custody for a technical violation not associated with criminal activity. 57 (b) The parole board shall publish in its annual statistical report the data collected 58 pursuant to subsection (a). 59 (c) The department of correction and the superintendents of the houses of correction shall 60 collect data on the race and ethnicity of their employees. The department of correction shall 61 publish this data in its annual report. 62 SECTION 5. Section 136 of chapter 127 of the General Laws, as so appearing, is hereby 63 amended by inserting after the first paragraph the following paragraph:-64 The parole board shall issue a detailed record of decision for all cases, including for 65 inmates not serving a sentence for life, which shall include individual details and facts about the 66 case that have led the board to either approve or deny parole. In the case of denial, the parole 67 board shall provide clear instructions for becoming a better candidate for parole. 68 SECTION 6. Section 133A of said chapter 127, as so appearing, is hereby amended by 69 adding the following paragraph:-70

hearing no later than 90 days before the person's parole eligibility date. The hearing shall be

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For every person who is eligible for parole, the parole board shall conduct a public

- before a panel of at least 6 members of the board for purposes of granting parole. The board shall
- 73 issue its record of decision no later than 30 days before the parole eligibility date.