The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

Elizabeth A. Malia

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the adoption of the accompanying bill:

An Act providing fair chances for employment.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
Elizabeth A. Malia	11th Suffolk
Denise Provost	27th Middlesex
Denise Andrews	2nd Franklin
Kay Khan	11th Middlesex
Cory Atkins	14th Middlesex
David M. Rogers	24th Middlesex
Karen E. Spilka	Second Middlesex and Norfolk
John J. Mahoney	13th Worcester
Brian M. Ashe	2nd Hampden

HOUSE No. 1745

By Ms. Malia of Boston, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 1745) of Elizabeth A. Malia and others for legislation to prohibit prospective employer discrimination against persons who are or have been unemployed. Labor and Workforce Development.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

An Act providing fair chances for employment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- SECTION 1. Denial of employment opportunities to individuals because they are or have been unemployed has the intent or necessary effect of burdening local economies and
- 3 commerce by reducing job opportunities and diminishing earnings and incomes, thereby:
- 4 Reducing personal consumption and undermining economic stability and growth;
- 5 Squandering human capital essential to the state's economic vibrancy and growth;
- 6 Increasing demands for state and federal unemployment insurance benefits, reducing trust
- 7 fund assets and leading to higher payroll taxes for employers, cuts in benefits for jobless
- 8 workers, or both;
- 9 Imposing additional burdens on publicly funded health and welfare programs; and
- Depressing income, property and other tax revenues that states and localities rely on to support operations and institutions essential to building and maintaining and robust economy.
- The purpose of this legislation is to eliminate the burdens imposed on the state's
- 13 economy and on families and workers in the state when individuals are excluded from job
- 14 opportunities because of their current unemployment status, and to prohibit consideration of
- 15 current employment status in screening for or filling positions.
- SECTION 2. Chapter 149 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new section:--

18	Section 189. (a) As used in this section, the term
19 20 21 22	"Affected individual," means any person who was refused consideration for employment or was not hired by an employer because of the person's current employment status, or any person who was not recruited, screened, considered or referred for employment opportunities by an employment agency because of the person's current employment status.
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242526	"Contractor," means any person that is a party to a government contract other than the government. The term contractor means the department, division, subcontractor or other unit of a person responsible for the performance under the contract.
27 28 29 30	"Contracting officer," means an individual who, by appointment in accordance with applicable regulations, has the authority to make and administer contracts and to make determinations and findings with respect to contracts, or the authorized representative of the contracting officer acting within the limits of the representative's authority.
31	"Current employment status," means that an individual is currently employed.
32	"Current unemployment status," means that an individual is currently unemployed.
33 34 35	"Employment agency," means any person regularly undertaking with compensation and for profit, to procure employees for an employer or to procure for individuals opportunities to work for an employer and includes an agent of such a person.
36 37	"Online job website," means any Internet-based website that provides online job postings, regardless of how they are acquired.
38 39	"Person," means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, legal representative, or any organized group of persons.
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41	(b) It shall be an unlawful practice for an employer to:
42 43	(1) Fail to offer employment to, or refuse to consider for employment, an individual because of the individual's current unemployment status;
44 45	(2) Publish, in print, on the Internet or in any other medium, an advertisement or announcement for any job that includes:
46 47	(i) Any provision stating or indicating that current employment status is a requirement or qualification for a job; or
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49 50	(ii) Any provision stating or indicating that an employer will not consider an applicant for employment based on the person's current unemployment status;
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52 53	(3) Direct or request that an employment agency take current employment status into account in screening or referring applicants for employment.
54	(c) It shall be an unlawful practice for an employment agency to:
55 56	(1) Fail or refuse to consider or refer an individual for employment based on the individual's current unemployment status;
57 58 59	(2) Limit, segregate or classify individuals in any manner that may limit their access to information about jobs or referral for consideration of jobs because of their current unemployment status;
60 61	(3) Publish, in print, on the Internet or in any other medium, an advertisement or announcement for any job vacancy that includes:
62 63	(i) Any provision stating or indicating that current employment status is a requirement or qualification for a job; or
64 65	(ii) Any provision stating or indicating that an employer will not consider individuals for employment based on current unemployment status.
66 67	(d) It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an online job website to publish any advertisement or announcement for any job vacancy that includes:
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69 70	(1) Any provision stating or indicating that current employment status is a requirement or qualification for a job; or
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72 73	(2) Any provision stating or indicating that an employer will not consider individuals for employment based on current unemployment status.
74	(e) It shall be unlawful for any employer or employment agency to:
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76 77	(1) interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of or the attempt to exercise, any right provided under this section; or
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79 (2) to refuse to hire, to discharge, or in any other manner to discriminate against any 80 individual for opposing any practice made unlawful by this section. 81 (f) It shall be unlawful for any person to discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any individual because such individual: 82 83 84 (1) has filed any charge, or has instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding, under 85 or related to this section; 86 (2) has given, or is about to give, any information in connection with any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right provided under this section; or 87 88 (3) has testified, or is about to testify, in any inquiry or proceeding relating to any right 89 provided under this section. 90 (g) Nothing in this section is intended to preclude an employer or employment agency 91 from considering an individual's employment history, or from examining the reasons underlying an individual's employment status, in assessing an individual's ability to perform a job or otherwise making employment decisions about that individual. 93 94 (h) To ensure compliance with the provisions of this title or any regulation or order 95 issued under this title, the Attorney General shall have the investigative authority to enter 96 employer workplaces and examine all employer records related to allegations of violations of subsections (b) through (d), inclusive. Any employer or employment agency shall make, keep, 98 and preserve records pertaining to compliance with this section. 99 (i) Any employer or employment agency that violates subsection (b) or (c) shall be liable to any affected individual: 100 101 102 (1) for actual damages equal --103 (i) the amount of 104 (A) any wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation denied 105 or lost to such individual by reason of the violation; or 106 (B) in a case in which wages, salary, employment benefits, or other 107 compensation have not been denied or lost to the individual, any actual monetary losses sustained by the individual as a direct result of the violation or damages in the amount of \$1000 108 per violation per day, whichever is greater; and 109 110

111	prevailing rate; and
113 114 115 116 117 118 119	(iii) an additional amount as liquidated damages equal to the sum of the amount of compensation and interest described in subparagraphs (i) and (ii), except that if an employer or employment agency that has violated subsection (b) or (c) proves to the satisfaction of the court that the act or omission that violated subsection (b) or (c) was in good faith and that the employer had reasonable grounds for believing that the act or omission was not a violation of subsection (b) or (c), the court may, in its discretion, reduce the amount of the liability to the amount and interest determined under subparagraphs (i) and (ii); and
121 122	(2) for such equitable relief as may be appropriate, including employment and compensatory and punitive damages.
123 124 125 126	An action to recover the damages or equitable relief prescribed in this subsection may be maintained against any employer or employment agency in any state court of competent jurisdiction by any one or more persons for and in behalf of the affected individual, or the affected individual and other individuals similarly situated.
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128 129 130	The court in such an action shall, in addition to any judgment awarded to the plaintiff, allow a reasonable attorney's fee, reasonable expert witness fees, and other costs of the action to be paid by the defendant.
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132 133 134	The right provided by this subsection to bring an action by or on behalf of any affected individual shall terminate on the filing of a complaint by the Attorney General in an action under subsection (j).
135 136 137	(j) The Attorney General shall receive, investigate, and attempt to resolve complaints of violations of subsections (b) through (f), inclusive. The Attorney General may bring an action in any state court of competent jurisdiction:
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139 140	(1) to enjoin violations of this title and seek other relief going forward necessary to prevent future violations;
141	(2) to recover the damages described in subsection (i);
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143 (3) in the case of a violation of subsections (d) through (f), inclusive, a civil penalty of not less than \$250 per violation; or 144 145 (4) any other equitable relief the Court deems appropriate. 146 147 Any sums recovered by the Attorney General shall be held in a special deposit account 148 and shall be paid directly to each affected individual. 149 150 (k) An action under subsection (i) or (j) may be brought not later than 3 years after the date of the last event constituting the alleged violation for which the action is brought, provided that the limitations for filing an action shall be tolled during the period that the Attorney General 153 is considering a complaint against any defendant named in a complaint filed with under subsection (i). 154 155 156 (1) Payment under a contract awarded by the state, may be terminated and the contractor 157 who made the contract with the state agency may be debarred in accordance with the requirements of section 29F of chapter 29, governing government contracts, if the contractor is 158 found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have engaged in the any of the prohibited acts 160 enumerated in this section.