JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE.

Thursday, June 10, 2021.

Met according to adjournment at eleven o’clock A.M., under emergency rules, with Mr. Garballey of Arlington in the Chair (having been appointed by the Speaker, under authority conferred by Rule 5, to perform the duties of the Chair).

At the request of the Chair (Mr. Garballey), the members and employees joined with him in reciting the pledge of allegiance to the flag.

Silent Prayer.

During the session, Mr. Mahoney of Worcester took the Chair, and at the request of himself, Representatives O’Day of West Boylston, Donohue of Worcester, Keefe of Worcester, LeBeouf of Worcester and Speaker Mariano of Quincy, the members and employees stood in a moment of silent tribute to the memory of Worcester Police Officer Enmanuel “Manny” Familia. Officer Familia died in the line of duty on Friday, June 4th. Worcester Police were called to Green Hill Pond in Worcester, and Officer Familia courageously dove into the waters to save a drowning teen and his two siblings. Officer Familia passed away from injuries he sustained in the rescue effort. He was 38 years old.

A five-year veteran of the force, Officer Familia was born in the Dominican Republic and came to Worcester as a young boy. Before he became a Worcester Police officer, Officer Familia worked as an officer for the Oakham Police Department, Qunsgamond Community College Police Department, and the Clark University Police Department. He also had been a Supervising Officer for the Department of Youth Services, Youth Apprehension Division. He was a member of Worcester Police’s Patrol Force, the Crisis Intervention Team, a Crisis Negotiator, and a Department Recruitment Officer.

Officer Familia leaves behind his best friend, high school sweetheart, and wife, Jennifer; their two children, son Jovan and daughter Jayla; his parents; his three siblings; and a number of extended family members and friends.

The city of Worcester and the whole Commonwealth will never forget Officer Familia’s ultimate sacrifice; he will forever leave a mark on our community.

Resolutions.

The following resolutions (filed with the Clerk) were referred, under Rule 85, to the committee on Rules:

Resolutions (filed by Ms. Hogan of Stow) congratulating Mary Ciummo for being recognized as a 2021 Commonwealth Heroine by the Massachusetts Commission on the Status of Women;

Resolutions (filed by Mr. Hill of Ipswich) congratulating John C. Hodges on receiving the Eagle Award of the Boy Scouts of America;
Resolutions (filed by Mr. Hill of Ipswich) congratulating Brandon C. Read on receiving the Eagle Award of the Boy Scouts of America;
Resolutions (filed by Mr. Hill of Ipswich) congratulating Caleb J. Spanier on receiving the Eagle Award of the Boy Scouts of America;
Resolutions (filed by Mr. Cabral of New Bedford) commemorating the one hundredth anniversary of the Martha Briggs Educational Club;
Resolutions (filed by Representatives Kerans of Danvers and Jones of North Reading) congratulating Nathan Stankus on receiving the Eagle Award of the Boy Scouts of America; and
Resolutions (filed by Mr. Lewis of Framingham) congratulating Andrew Joseph Rice on receiving the Eagle Award of the Boy Scouts of America;

Mr. Galvin of Canton, for the committee on Rules, reported, in each instance, that the resolutions ought to be adopted. Under suspension of the rules, in each instance, on motion of Mr. Wong of Saugus, the resolutions (reported by the committee on Bills in the Third Reading to be correctly drawn) were considered forthwith; and they were adopted.

Petitions.

Petitions (deposited with the Clerk previously to five o’clock in the afternoon on Friday, February 19, 2021) were presented and they were severally referred, as follows:

By Representative Peake of Provincetown and Senator Cyr, a joint petition (subject to Joint Rule 7B) of Sarah K. Peake and Julian Cyr (by vote of the town) that the town of Chatham be exempt from complying with certain labor law requirements.

By the same members, a joint petition (subject to Joint Rule 7B) of Sarah K. Peake and Julian Cyr (by vote of the town) that the town of Provincetown be authorized to impose a real estate transfer fee.

Severally, under Rule 24, to the committee on Rules.

Mr. Vieira of Falmouth presented a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3864) of David T. Vieira, Susan L. Moran and Steven G. Xiarhos (by vote of the town) that the town of Bourne be authorized to exempt the position of chief of police from civil service law; and the same was referred to the committee on Public Service. Sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Papers from the Senate.

A Bill relative to extending certain COVID-19 measures adopted during the state of emergency (Senate, No. 2472) (on Senate bill No. 2467), passed to be engrossed by the Senate, was read; and it was referred, under Rule 33, to the committee on Ways and Means.

A Bill validating the actions taken at the 2020 biennial state election held in the city known as the town of Randolph (Senate, No. 493) (on a petition) [Local Approval Received], passed to be engrossed by the Senate, was read; and it was referred, under Rule 7A, to the committee on Steering, Policy and Scheduling.

A petition (accompanied by bill, Senate, No. 2457) of Joanne M. Comerford, Michael D. Brady, Lindsay N. Sabadosa, Michael O. Moore and other members of
the General Court for legislation to create a Municipal and Public Safety Building Authority (having been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Senate prior to five o’clock P.M. on Friday, February 19, 2021) (having been transmitted the State Secretary by the Clerk of the Senate, under the provisions of Section 7 of Chapter 3 of the General Laws; and which had been returned by said secretary with memorandum relative thereto), was referred, in concurrence, to the committee on Public Safety and Homeland Security.

Reports of Committees.

By Mr. Galvin of Canton, for the committee on Rules, that Joint Rule 7B be suspended on the petition of Christopher M. Markey and Antonio F. D. Cabral (with the approval of the mayor and city council) relative to authorizing the city of New Bedford to convey certain land acquired for open space and playground purposes. Under suspension of the rules, on motion of Mr. Wong of Saugus, the report was considered forthwith. Joint Rule 7B then was suspended; and the petition (accompanied by bill) was referred to the committee on Municipalities and Regional Government. Sent to the Senate for concurrence.

By Mr. Galvin of Canton, for the committee on Rules and the committees on Rules of the two branches, acting concurrently, that Joint Rule 12 be suspended on the following petitions:

Petition (accompanied by bill) of Natalie M. Blais and others relative to the inspection of slaughter and meat inspection program. To the committee on Public Health.

Petition (accompanied by bill) of Jeffrey N. Roy for legislation to establish a sick leave bank for Bruce Young, an employee of the Worcester County Sheriff’s Office. To the committee on Public Service.

Under suspension of the rules, on motion of Mr. Wong of Saugus, the reports were considered forthwith. Joint Rule 12 then was suspended, in each instance. Severally sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Recess.

At twenty minutes after eleven o’clock A.M., on motion of Mr. Wong of Saugus (Mr. Garballey of Arlington being in the Chair), the House recessed until one o’clock P.M.; and at seventeen minutes after one o’clock, the House was called to order with Ms. Hogan of Stow in the Chair.

Quorum.

As required under the provision of Emergency Rule 2(4), a roll call was taken for the purpose of ascertaining the presence of a quorum; and on the roll call 159 members were recorded as being in attendance.

[See Yea and Nay No. 39 in Supplement.]

Therefore a quorum was present.

Orders of the Day.
Mr. Garballey of Arlington being in the Chair,—

The House Bill further regulating certain alcoholic beverage licenses in the town of Westford (House, No. 303) (its title having been changed by the committee on Bills in the Third Reading), reported by said committee to be correctly drawn, was read a third time; and it was passed to be engrossed. Sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Third reading bill.

Ms. Hogan of Stow being in the Chair,—

The House Bill relative to reprecincting (House, No. 3863), having been reported by the committee on Bills in the Third Reading to be correctly drawn, was read a third time.

After debate on the question on passing the bill to be engrossed, the sense of the House was taken by yeas and nays at the request of Mr. Ryan of Boston; and on the roll call 131 members voted in the affirmative and 29 in the negative.

[See Yea and Nay No. 40 in Supplement.]

Therefore the bill was passed to be engrossed. Sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Repincincting.

The House Bill making appropriations for the fiscal year 2021 to provide for supplementing certain existing appropriations and for certain other activities and projects (House, No. 3862), reported by the committee on Bills in the Third Reading to be correctly drawn, was read a third time.

After remarks on the question on passing the bill to engrossed, (Ms. Peake of Provincetown being in the Chair) Ms. Blais of Sunderland moved to amend it by adding the following section:

“SECTION 39. The special commission established pursuant to chapter 3 of the resolves of 2018 is hereby revived and continued to December 31, 2021. The special commission shall file its report with the clerks of the house of representatives and the senate, the joint committee on the environment, natural resources and agriculture and the joint committee on tourism, arts and cultural development not later than December 31, 2021.”.

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Ryan of Boston then moved to amend the bill by adding the following three sections:

“SECTION 40. Chapter 54 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out section 25B and inserting in place thereof the following 3 sections:—

Section 25B. (a) As used in sections 25C and 25D, the following words shall, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:
‘Application’, an application to vote early by mail.
‘Central registry’, the central registry of voters established pursuant to section 47C of chapter 51.
‘Election’, a biennial state election, as defined in section 62, or a state primary, and any city or town election held at the same time.
‘Qualified voter’, a voter qualified pursuant to section 1 of chapter 51.
‘Voter affidavit’, an affidavit to be completed by a voter at the time of early voting in person or by mail, in compliance with regulations promulgated under this chapter, and a notice of penalties under section 26 of chapter 56.

Section 25C. (a) The election officers and registrars of every city or town shall allow any qualified voter to cast a ballot for an election in person as set forth in this section.

Supplemental appropriations.
(b) No fewer than 21 days prior to each election, the state secretary shall deliver to each city or town, in quantities as the state secretary determines necessary, the following papers: (1) official early voting ballots, similar to the official ballot to be used at the election; and (2) envelopes of sufficient size to contain the ballots specified in clause (1) bearing on their reverse the voter affidavit.

(c)(1) The voting period for in person early voting for the biennial state election shall run from the third Saturday preceding the election through the close of the business on the Friday immediately preceding the election.

(2) The voting period for in person early voting for any state primary election shall run from the second Saturday preceding the election through the close of the business on the Friday immediately preceding the election.

(d)(1) Early voting in person shall be conducted during the usual business hours of each city or town clerk. A city or town may, in its discretion, provide for additional early voting hours beyond the hours required by this subsection.

(2) Early voting in person for an election shall be conducted on all weekend dates during the early voting period as follows: (i) for municipalities with fewer than 5,000 registered voters, for a period of a minimum of 2 hours each day; (ii) for municipalities with 5,000 or more registered voters but fewer than 20,000 registered voters, for a period of a minimum of 4 hours each day; (iii) for municipalities with 20,000 or more registered voters but fewer than 40,000 registered voters, for a period of a minimum of 5 hours each day; (iv) for municipalities with 40,000 or more registered voters but fewer than 75,000 registered voters, for a period of a minimum of 6 hours each day; and (v) for municipalities with 75,000 or more registered voters, for a period of a minimum of 8 hours each day. For each other day during the early voting period, early voting in person shall be conducted during the usual business hours of each city or town clerk. A city or town may, in its discretion, provide for additional early voting hours beyond the hours required by this paragraph.

(e) Each city and town shall establish an early voting site for each election that shall include the election office for the city or town; provided, however, that if the city or town determines that the office is unavailable or unsuitable for early voting, the registrars of each city or town shall identify and provide for an alternative centrally-located, suitable and convenient public building within each city or town as an early voting site. A city or town may also provide for additional early voting sites at the discretion of the registrars for that city or town. Each early voting site shall be accessible to persons with disabilities in accordance with federal law.

(f) The designation of an early voting site shall be made not less than 14 days prior to the beginning of the voting period established in subsection (b). Not less than 7 days prior to the beginning of the early voting period, and at least once during the voting period, the registrars for each city or town shall post the location of the early voting sites as well as the applicable dates and hours. Notice shall be conspicuously posted: (i) in the office of the city or town clerk or on the principal official bulletin board of each city or town; (ii) on any other public building considered necessary; (iii) on the city or town’s website, if any; and (iv) on the website of the state secretary.

(g) A qualified voter voting early in person shall be provided with a ballot and an envelope where the ballot is to be placed after voting which shall contain a voter affidavit to be filled out by the voter. A qualified voter voting early in person shall complete the voter affidavit.

(h) Prior to the beginning of early voting, the registrars for each city or town shall prepare a list for the early voting sites, containing the names and residences of all persons qualified to vote at each voting site, as the names and residences appear
upon the annual register, and shall reasonably transmit the applicable list to the
election officers at each early voting site designated by the registrars.

(i) The registrar or presiding official at the early voting site shall cause to be
placed on the voting lists opposite the name of a qualified voter who participates in
early voting the letters ‘EV’ designating an early voter.

(j) The registrars shall prepare lists of all voters casting ballots during the early
voting period pursuant to this section and update the voter list in a manner prescribed
by the state secretary.

(k) Section 72 shall not apply to this section; provided, however, that a city or
town may opt to detail a sufficient number of police officers or constables for each
early voting site for an election at the expense of the city or town to preserve order,
protect the election officers and supervisors from any interference with their duties
and aid in enforcing the laws relating to elections.

(l) The counting of early voting ballots including, but not limited to, informing
election officers and any challengers present under section 85A shall be set by
regulations promulgated under this chapter. All envelopes referred to in this section
shall be retained with the ballots cast at the election and shall be preserved and
destroyed in the manner provided by law for the retention, preservation or destruction
of official ballots.

(m)(1) The absent or early ballot of any voter who was eligible to vote at the
time the ballot was cast shall not be deemed invalid solely because the voter became
ineligible to vote by reason of death after casting the ballot. For the purposes of this
subsection, the term ‘cast’ shall mean that the voter has: (i) deposited the absentee or
early ballot in the mail for ballots mailed; (ii) returned the absentee or early ballot to
the appropriate election official either by hand or by depositing in the municipal drop
box, where available; or (iii) completed voting in person at the clerk’s office or an
early voting location.

(2) Section 100 shall not apply to any election held at the same time.

(n) Any early voting ballot cast pursuant to this section may be deposited into a
tabulator or a ballot box in a municipality or precinct that uses paper ballots, in
advance of the date of the election. All ballots received pursuant to this section may
be opened in advance of the date of the election, in accordance with regulations
promulgated by the state secretary; provided, however, that such ballots shall be kept
secured, locked and unexamined, and that no results shall be determined or announced
until after the time polls close on the date of the election. Disclosing any such result
before such time shall be punished as a violation of section 14 of chapter 56.

(o) Sections 37 and 38 of chapter 53 shall apply to unenrolled voters and voters
enrolled in political designations voting early in person. The registrar or the presiding
official at an early voting site shall cause the name of the party of the ballot being
voted to be recorded on the voting list. Once the party selection has been recorded on
the voting list, a voter cannot request or vote on the ballot of another party.

(p) The counting of early voting ballots including, but not limited to, informing
election officers and any challengers present under section 85A shall be set by 950
C.M.R. § 47.00, so far as applicable. All envelopes referred to in this section shall be
retained with the ballots cast at the election and shall be preserved and destroyed in
the manner provided by law for the retention, preservation or destruction of official
ballots.

(q) The provisions of 950 C.M.R. § 47.00 shall apply to early voting to the extent
feasible; provided, however, that the state secretary shall promulgate regulations to
implement this section, as necessary, including, but not limited to, a process for
establishing additional early voting locations and a process for applying for,
receiving, separating, compiling, recording and securing early voter ballots, and the advance depositing of ballots.

Section 25D. (a) The election officers and registrars of every city or town shall allow any qualified voter to cast an early ballot by mail for any election, as set forth in this section.

(b) Not later than 30 days prior to an election, the state secretary shall deliver to each city or town, in quantities as the state secretary determines necessary, the following papers: (i) official early ballots for voting early by mail for the election, similar to the official ballot to be used at said election; provided, however, that a sufficient quantity of such ballots are printed in the languages necessary to accommodate the selection of a bilingual ballot by voters pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (d); (ii) envelopes of sufficient size to contain the ballots specified in clause (i) bearing on their reverse the voter affidavit; (iii) return envelopes for any ballot requested for voting by mail pre-addressed to the local election official with postage guaranteed; and (iv) instructions for voting by mail to be sent to each voter who requests to cast a ballot by mail.

(c) The voting period for early voting by mail for an election shall begin as soon as all necessary early voting materials have been received by the local election official pursuant to subsection (b).

(d)(1) The state secretary shall, not later than 45 days before an election, mail to all registered voters at their residential addresses or mailing addresses if different from their residential addresses listed in the central registry an application for said voter to be permitted to vote early by mail for the election; provided, however, that the state secretary shall not send an application to any voter whose previous application for an absent or early ballot has been accepted.

(2) The election officers and registrars of every city or town shall include an application for a voter to be permitted to vote early by mail with the acknowledgement notice sent to any person registering to vote or changing their voter registration address.

(3) The applications required pursuant to this subsection shall be in a form prescribed by the state secretary in accordance with state and federal law; provided, however, that said applications shall: (i) include clear instructions for completing and returning the application; (ii) allow a voter to designate the mailing address to which the ballot shall be sent; and (iii) be pre-addressed to the local election official with postage guaranteed.

(4)(i) Each application mailed pursuant to this subsection shall be provided in any language required by the bilingual election requirements of the federal Voting Rights Act, 52 U.S.C. section 10503.

(ii) Each application mailed to a voter in the city of Boston pursuant to this subsection shall include an option, which shall appear prominently on the application, to request a ballot printed in any language available at the voter’s polling location pursuant to chapter 166 of the acts of 2014.

(5) The applications required pursuant to this subsection shall be made available on the websites of the state secretary and the elections officers and registrars of every city or town.

(e)(1) A voter wishing to vote early by mail in an election shall complete the application to vote early by mail and shall return said application to the appropriate city or town clerk. Any form of written communication evidencing a desire to have an early voting ballot be sent for use for voting for an election shall be given the same effect as an application made in the form prescribed by the state secretary. Applications to vote early by mail for an election shall be acceptable if they are signed
or submitted electronically; provided, however, that any electronic signature shall be written in substantially the same manner as a handwritten signature.

(2) No application to vote early by mail in an election shall be deemed to be seasonably filed unless it is received in the office of the local election official before 5 P.M. on the 4th business day prior to the election.

(f)(1) Early voting ballots authorized pursuant to this section shall be mailed by the city or town clerks to voters as soon as such materials are available; provided, however, that said mailing shall include: (i) instructions for early voting; (ii) instructions for completing the ballot; (iii) an inner envelope where the ballot is placed after voting which contains a voter affidavit to be filled out by the voter; and (iv) an outer envelope that is pre-addressed to the local official with postage guaranteed; provided, however, that a voter who has seasonably filed an application may receive an early voting ballot in person at the office of the city or town clerk. The state secretary shall include on the outer envelope with postage guaranteed required by this section a system which generates a postmark for determining the date upon which the envelope was mailed.

(2) Each early voting ballot authorized pursuant to this section shall be provided to the voter in the language required pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (d).

(g)(1) A voter in receipt of an early voting ballot pursuant to this section may complete and return the ballot by: (i) delivering it in person to the office of the appropriate city or town clerk; (ii) dropping it in a secured municipal drop box; or (iii) mailing it to the appropriate city or town clerk.

(2) All early voting ballots submitted by mail, delivered in person to the office of the city or town clerk or returned to a secured municipal drop box as provided by this section shall be received by the city or town clerk before the hour fixed for closing the polls on the day of the election; provided, however, that an early voting ballot cast for a presidential election that is received not later than 5 P.M. on the third day following said election and mailed on or before the day of said election shall be processed in accordance with the second paragraph of section 95. A postmark, if legible, shall be evidence of the time of mailing.

(h) A voter wishing to apply to vote early by mail in an election and who needs accommodation by reason of disability may request such accommodation from the state secretary. Upon receiving information from the voter pursuant to the application in this section either by phone or electronically, the state secretary shall grant accommodations to the voter. Accommodations shall include, but not be limited to: (i) clear and electronic accessible instructions for completion, printing and returning of the ballot; (ii) an authorized accessible blank electronic ballot that can be filled out electronically, printed and signed; provided, however, that the accessible electronic ballot marking system the voter utilizes to access their blank electronic ballot shall not collect or store any personally identifying information obtained in the process of filling out the ballot; (iii) an envelope to return the ballot to the voter’s town or city clerk; and (iv) hole punched markers in place of a wet signature required for certification. The electronic instructions and accommodations in this section shall comply with requirements contained in Title II of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act and shall conform to the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.1 AA and the National Institute of Standards and Technology report titled ‘Principles and guidelines for remote ballot marking systems.’ Upon printing the ballot, the voter shall place the ballot in the envelope provided by the state secretary. A voter with accommodations in receipt of an early voting ballot for an election pursuant to this section may complete and return the ballot by: (i) delivering it in
person to the office of the appropriate city or town clerk; (ii) dropping it in a secured municipal drop box; or (iii) mailing it to the appropriate city or town clerk.

(i) Any early voting ballot cast pursuant to this section may be deposited into a tabulator or a ballot box in a municipality or precinct that uses paper ballots, in advance of the date of the election. All ballots received pursuant to this section may be opened in advance of the date of the election, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the state secretary; provided, however, that such ballots shall be kept secured, locked and unexamined, and that no results shall be determined or announced until after the time polls close on the date of the election. Disclosing any such result before such time shall be punished as a violation of section 14 of chapter 56.

(j) Sections 37 and 38 of chapter 53 shall apply to unenrolled voters and voters enrolled in political designations voting early by mail. The registrar or the presiding official at an early voting site shall cause the name of the party of the ballot being voted to be recorded on the voting list. Once the party selection has been recorded on the voting list, a voter cannot request or vote on the ballot of another party.

(k) The counting of early voting ballots including, but not limited to, informing election officers and any challengers present under section 85A shall be set by 950 C.M.R. § 47.00, so far as applicable. All envelopes referred to in this section shall be retained with the ballots cast at the election and shall be preserved and destroyed in the manner provided by law for the retention, preservation or destruction of official ballots.

(l) The provisions of 950 C.M.R. § 47.00 shall apply to early voting to the extent feasible; provided, however, that the state secretary shall promulgate regulations to implement this section, as necessary, including, but not limited to, a process for applying for, receiving, separating, compiling, recording and securing early voter ballots and the advance depositing of ballots.

SECTION 41. Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, the state secretary shall implement a system to allow a qualified voter to request an early or absent ballot on the state secretary’s website, to be mailed to the qualified voter’s home address or a different mailing address as designated by the voter. The system shall not require the voter’s signature.

SECTION 42. The state secretary shall conduct a public awareness campaign to inform voters throughout the commonwealth of the provisions of sections 25B to 25D, inclusive, of chapter 54 of the General Laws, including, but not limited to, measures to promote public awareness of expanded early voting options in elections and the requirements and procedures for early voting by mail, including, but not limited to, information related to the ability of a voter who requests but does not return an early voting by mail ballot to vote in person on election day.”.

After debate on the question on adoption of the amendment, the sense of the House was taken by yeas and nays, at the request of the same member; and on the roll call 128 members voted in the affirmative and 32 in the negative.

[See Yea and Nay No. 41 in Supplement.]

Therefore the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Whelan of Brewster then moved to amend the bill by adding the following section:

“SECTION 43. Section 100 of Chapter 32 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2018 Official Edition, is hereby amended by inserting in line 13 after the words “in his death,” the following:— or if a police officer while in the performance of his duties and as the result of an accident that occurs while such officer is attempting to make a rescue of a member of the public or emergency personnel and sustains injuries which result in death,”.

Amendment adopted,— yea and nay No. 41.
The amendment was adopted.
On the question on passing the bill, as amended, to be engrossed, the sense of
the House was taken by yeas and nays at the request of Mr. Michlewitz of Boston;
and on the roll call 131 members voted in the affirmative and 29 in the negative.

[See Yeas and Nays No. 42 in Supplement.]

Therefore the bill, as amended, was passed to be engrossed. The bill (House, No.
3871, published as amended) then was sent to the Senate for concurrence.

**Engrossed Bill.**

Mr. Cusack of Braintree being in the Chair,—

The engrossed Bill authorizing the town of Berlin to continue the employment
of Paul Kenneth Clark (see House bill printed in House, No. 92) (which originated in
the House), having been certified by the Clerk to be rightly and truly prepared for
final passage, was passed to be enacted (more than two-thirds of the members having
agreed to pass the same), there being no objection; and it was signed by the acting
Speaker and sent to the Senate.

**Order.**

On motion of Mr. Mariano of Quincy,—

Ordered, That when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet on Monday
next at eleven o’clock A.M.

Bill enacted.

At five minutes before five o’clock P.M., on motion of Mr. Wong of Saugus
(Mr. Cusack of Braintree being in the Chair), the House adjourned, to meet the
following Monday at eleven o’clock A.M., in an Informal Session.