HIT/eHealth/Informatics Workforce – Where we are in the US

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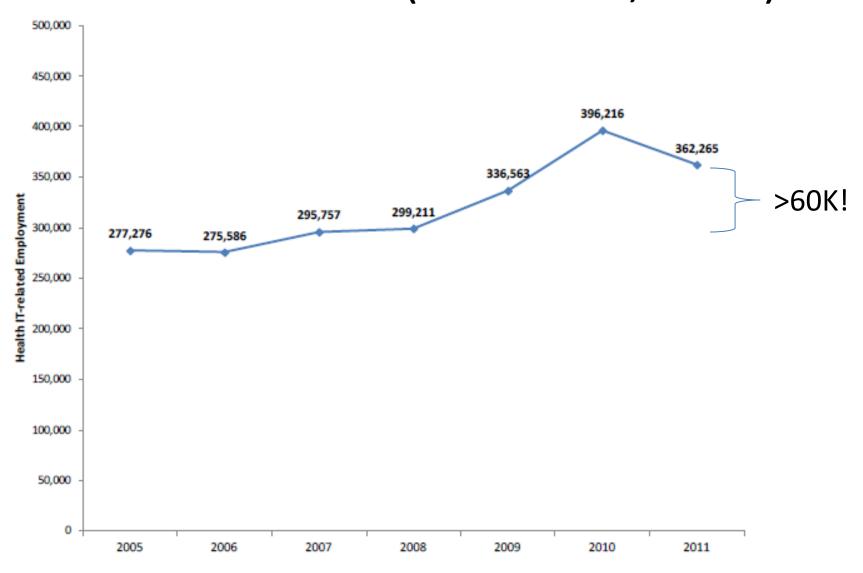
- Known needs and shortages
- "Tribes"
- Programs
- Content
- Certification
- Future directions



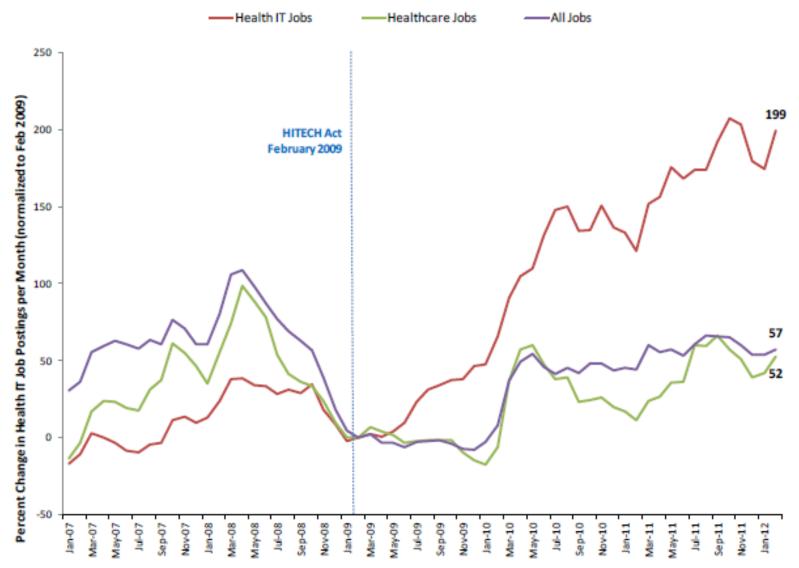
Known needs and shortages – the problem is real

- Analysis of HIMSS Analytics Database[™] estimated need of 41,000 additional HIT professionals as we moved to more advanced clinical systems (Hersh, 2008)
- ONC increased estimate of need to 50,000, leading to Workforce Development Program being part of HITECH Program (Hersh, 2012)
- Actual numbers hired have been even higher (Furukawa, 2012) – see next slide
- Despite growth of jobs and number trained, shortfalls persist (CHIME, 2012)

HIT employment growth from Bureau of Labor Statistics (Furukawa, 2012)



Percent change in online health IT job postings per month (Furukawa, 2012)



Demand still persists for experienced health IT staff (CHIME, 2012)

- 71% said IT staff shortages could jeopardize an enterprise IT project, while 58% said they would definitely or possibly affect meeting meaningful use criteria for incentive funding
- 85% also expressed concerns about being able to retain current staff
- 67% were aware of the ONC workforce programs, with 12% of those respondents reporting that they had hired graduates from them
 - Education produces for the future; these CIOs need help now
- Skills most often in demand
 - Clinical software implementation and support staff (e.g., EHR, CPOE) –
 74%
 - Infrastructure staff 47%
 - Business software implementation and support staff 45%



The "tribes" of HIT workforce – overlapping but distinct

- Informatics based in universities, educational programs usually at graduate level, likely to be affiliated with AMIA
- Health information management (HIM) based in colleges, educational programs mostly at associate and baccalaureate levels (leading to RHIT and RHIA certifications respectively), likely to be affiliated with AHIMA
- Community colleges arising out of ONC programs, some alignment with HIM, especially at the RHIT level



Programs for study in informatics

- Educational programs at growing number of institutions
 - http://www.amia.org/education/programs-and-courses
- Historically most education at graduate level
 - Informatics is inherently multidisciplinary and there is no single job description or career pathway
- Informatics problems and solutions are global in nature
 - Efforts in Europe (UKCHIP www.ukchip.org), Africa (Tierney, 2010; Hersh, 2010), South America (Otero, 2010), and elsewhere
 - Leadership by IMIA Working Group on Education ("recommendations" – Mantas, 2010)



Experience of the OHSU program (http://www.ohsu.edu/informatics/)

- Graduate level programs at Certificate, Master's, and PhD levels (Hersh, 2007)
 - "Building block" approach allows courses to be carried forward to higher levels
- Two "populations" of students
 - "First-career" students more likely to be full-time, on-campus, and from variety of backgrounds
 - "Career-changing" students likely to be part-time, distance, mostly (though not exclusively) from healthcare professions
- Many of latter group prefer "a la carte" learning
 - This has led to the successful 10x10 ("ten by ten") program that began as OHSU-AMIA partnership (Hersh, 2007; Feldman, 2008)
 - Overview and access to demo: http://www.billhersh.info/10x10.html
 - Significant minority of these adult learners do not complete a program but still use knowledge and skills gained





ONC Workforce Development Program

Investment of \$118M based on estimated need for 51,000 professionals in 12 workforce roles

Health IT Professionals \$10M Curriculum Development Centers Development of University-Community educational College Based materials Consortia Training \$32M Help train more Help more than than 10,500 new 1,500 people Health IT receive certificates Competency professionals Examination Program Basic Competency Assessment Nine universities funded, with \$70M emphasis on short-term \$6M training using distance learning

OHSU funded to enroll trainees

in existing programs

- Five universities funded to develop curricula for community college programs
- OHSU funded to develop curricula and to serve as National Training & Dissemination Center (NTDC)
- Curriculum available at www.onc-ntdc.info



Curriculum Development Centers Program

- Five universities to collaboratively develop (with community college partners) HIT curricula for 20 components (courses)
 - Oregon Health & Science University (OHSU)
 - Columbia University
 - Johns Hopkins University
 - Duke University
 - University of Alabama Birmingham
- One of the five centers (OHSU) additionally funded as National Training and Dissemination Center
- Version 2 of curriculum delivered to community colleges in May, 2011, with release to all institutions of higher education in July, 2011
 - Can be downloaded from <u>www.onc-ntdc.info</u>
- Version 3 in production and slated for delivery in March, 2012



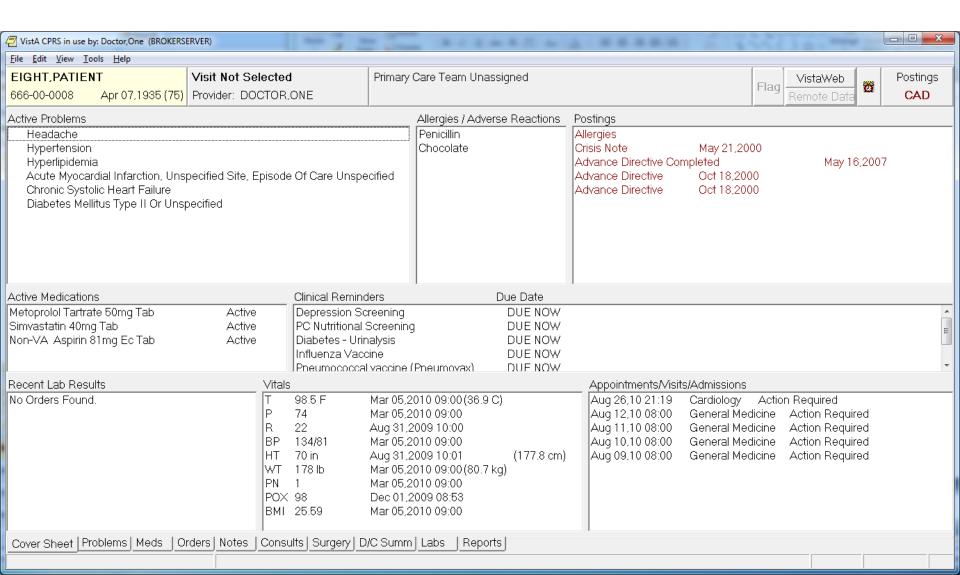
Components of the ONC HIT curriculum

- 1. Introduction to Health Care and Public Health in the U.S.
- 2. The Culture of Health Care
- 3. Terminology in Health Care and Public Health Settings
- 4. Introduction to Information and Computer Science
- 5. History of Health Information Technology in the U.S.
- 6. Health Management Information Systems
- 7. Working with Health IT Systems
- 8. Installation and Maintenance of Health IT Systems
- 9. Networking and Health Information Exchange
- 10. Fundamentals of Health Workflow Process Analysis & Redesign
- 11. Configuring EHRs
- 12. Quality Improvement
- 13. Public Health IT
- 14. Special Topics Course on Vendor-Specific Systems
- 15. Usability and Human Factors
- 16. Professionalism/Customer Service in the Health Environment
- 17. Working in Teams
- 18. Planning, Management and Leadership for Health IT
- 19. Introduction to Project Management
- 20. Training and Instructional Design

(Lab components using VA VistA EHR)



Another outcome of project: VistA for Education



Certifications

- Community colleges
 - RHIT
 - ONC competency exams
- HIM
 - RHIT and RHIA
 - Master's level in HIM and health informatics
- Informatics
 - Clinical informatics physician subspecialty professional recognition for growing number of physicians who "practice" clinical informatics, exemplified by the Chief Medical Informatics Officer (CMIO) (Shortliffe, 2011)
 - Other certifications likely to emerge for non-physician clinical informaticians at doctoral and master's levels



Future directions for US and Europe

Short-term

- Alignment of program levels, certifications,
 curricula mapping terminology across continents
- Exchanges of credentials someone trained on one continent can be credentialed on the other

Long-term

Standardization of competencies, curricular content, credentials

